### Five Years In: A Status Review of Conservation Actions from the Rare Plant Addendum to the 2015 Colorado State Wildlife Action Plan (SWAP)

Rare Plant Symposium 2020
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September 18, 2020

#### Full Colorado SWAP:

https://cpw.state.co.us/aboutus/Pages/StateWildlifeActionPlan.aspx

Appendix A, Rare Plant Addendum Only:

https://cpw.state.co.us/Documents/CNAP/Rare-Plant-SWAP-2015.pdf









#### Colorado Wildlife Action Plan Appendix A: Rare Plants



By the Colorado Natural Heritage Program

For

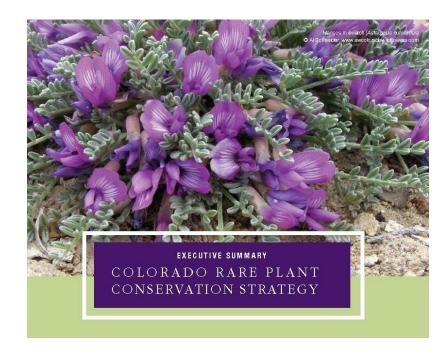
Colorado Parks and Wildlife



- Conservation roadmap, non-regulatory
- Product of CPW for all of Colorado
  - Developed with partners and stakeholders
- Outlines vulnerable habitats and species
  - Includes threats and conservation actions
- Updated every 10 years
  - 2015: 2<sup>ND</sup> version: included plants & climate change vulnerability of habitats
  - 159 vertebrate & mollusk species, 76 insects
- Allows eligibility for State Wildlife Grants

#### Introduction to the SWAP: Rare Plant Addendum

- Built on Rare Plant Conservation Strategy, 2009
  - RPCI: Partnership of 22 institutions
  - Funded by National Fish & Wildlife Foundation
  - 1<sup>st</sup> statewide strategy for rare plant conservation
- 117 Plants of Greatest Conservation Need (PGCN)
  - Tier 1: all G1, T&E (43 species)
  - Tier 2 (G2 plants)
- Includes:
  - Key Habitats
  - General and PGCN-specific threats and conservation actions
  - Important Plant Areas



Acknowledgements: We thank the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation (Native Plant Conservation Initiative) for providing primary funding for this project.

#### Colorado Rare Plant Conservation Initiative Partners

Betty Ford Alpine Gardens Bureau of Land Management Center for Native Ecosystems Colorado Department of Agriculture Colorado Department of Transportation Colorado Federation of Garden Clubs Colorado Native Plant Society Colorado Natural Areas Program Colorado Natural Heritage Program

Colorado Open Lands Colorado State University Denver Botanic Gardens Elliott Environmental Consulting National Center for Genetic Resources Preservation Natural Resources Conservation Service

Rocky Mountain Society of Botanical Artists

The Nature Conservancy University of Colorado Denver University of Colorado Herbarium University of Northern Colorado USDA Forest Service U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

We thank all of the RPCI partners for providing additional funding and/or in-kind services.

### Rare Plant Addendum: Habitats

Colorado's 2015 State Wildlife Action Plan

• 8 Key Habitats

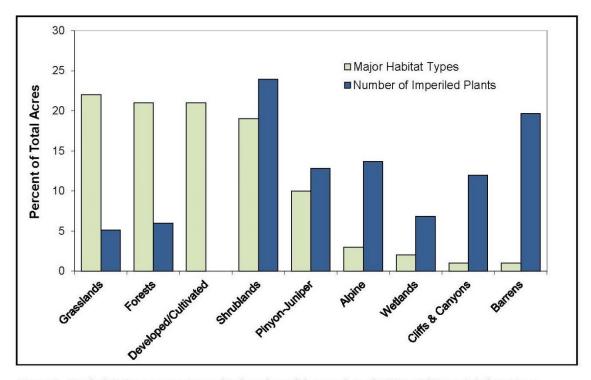


Figure 2. Key habitats as percentage of Colorado and the number of PGCN within each habitat type.

A-18

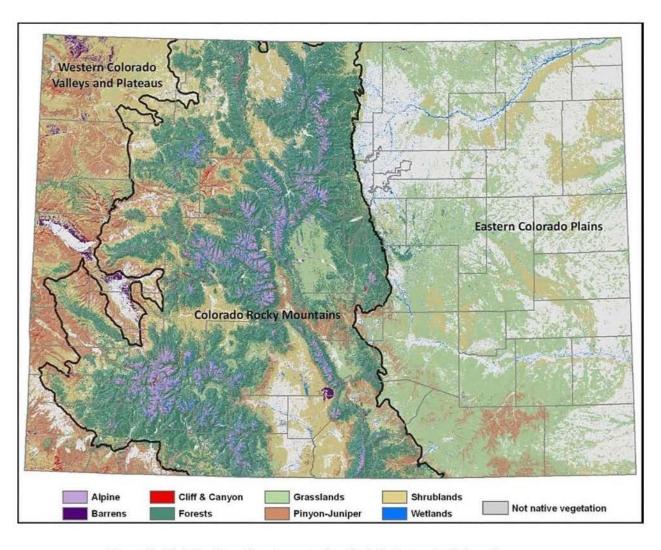


Figure 3. Distribution of major rare plant habitat types in Colorado.

### Rare Plant Addendum: Habitats

- Key Habitats
  - Shrublands
  - Barrens
  - Wetlands/Cliff & Canyon





# Rare Plant Addendum: Primary Conservation Issues

- Energy Development
- Motorized Recreation
- Residential Development
- Road Construction & Maintenance
- Climate Change
- Lack of awareness



#### Rare Plant Addendum: General Conservation Actions

- 1. Secure on-the-ground, site-specific habitat protection/management
- 2. Minimize threats from specific land uses, and develop climate change adaptation strategies
- 3. Improve scientific understanding:
  - Reproductive, pollination, habitat parameters
  - Response to climate change, disturbance, threats
  - Taxonomic work
  - Complete distribution unknown (75% PGCN)
  - Majority of locations are historical (55% PGCN)
- 4. Develop and implement a state program and policies
- 5. Facilitate stewardship: education, outreach, coordination
- 6. Ex situ (off-site) conservation



#### Rare Plant Addendum: Tools

- Important Plant Areas
  - 290 areas identified
  - Area needed to support continued existence
  - B1 and B2 PCAs
  - Non-regulatory
  - 42 designated natural areas on 39 IPAs
  - 33 IPAs have BLM ACEC/WSA, or USFS RNA

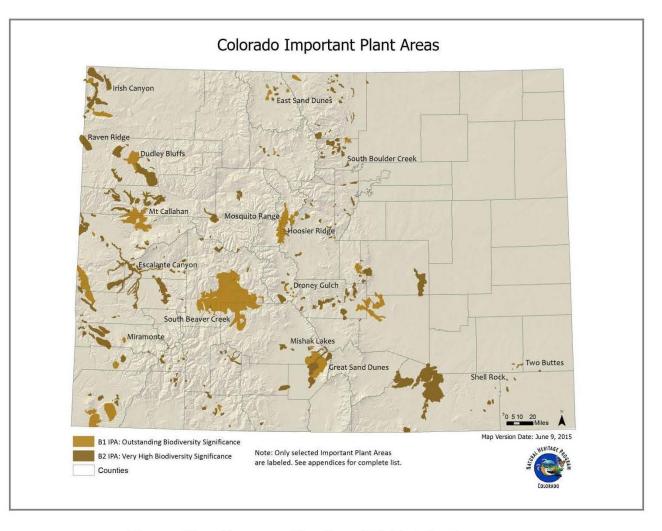


Figure 4. Map of Important Plant Areas (IPAs) in Colorado.

#### Rare Plant Addendum: Tools- 117 PGCN Tables

Table 3. Plant Species of Greatest Conservation Need – Priorities, Threats, and Conservation Actions. Sorted by priority (Tier 1 and 2), then by Taxonomic Group, then by Scientific Name.

**Plants** 

Tier 1

	IICI I	riants		
Canyonlands aletes	Population Status Population Trer	nd Distribution	Type Habitat	Primary
	Medium D Unknown	Colorado Plateau	P Cliffs and Canyons Saltbush	
Aletes latilobus			Jailbush	
Tier 1 Plants				
General Threat	Specific Threat	General Conservation Action	n Specific Conservation Action	Priority
11.1 Habitat Shifting & Alteration	Phenological response to climate change of species itself and/or inter dependent species unknown	8.0 Research & Monitoring	Conduct primary research on rare plant and pollinator responses to changing climate, and other vulnerability factors (dispersal mechanisms, mutualisms)	Н
11.1 Habitat Shifting & Alteration	Vulnerability due to movement barriers, poor dispersal capacity, and/or restriction to rare habitat features	3.4 Ex-Situ Conservation	Seed banking (incl. protocols, collection, and cultivation)	Н
06.1 Recreational Activities	Non-motorized recreation	2.1 Site/Area Management	Manage public use to minimize habitat disturbance	М
06.1 Recreational Activities	Non-motorized recreation; climbing.	2.1 Site/Area Management	Manage public use to be compatible with biodiversity	· M
11.1 Habitat Shifting & Alteration	Habitat shifting and alteration due to climate change	o 3.1 Species Management	Model potential habitat/range shifts in response to projected climate changes and prepare adaptation plan to define in situ and ex situ conservation needs	М
11.2 Droughts	Climate variability (intensification or	7.2 Alliance & Partnership	Engage in collaborative, proactive	М

### Rare Plant Addendum: Status Review

- 31 Tier 1 species
- Includes all T&E

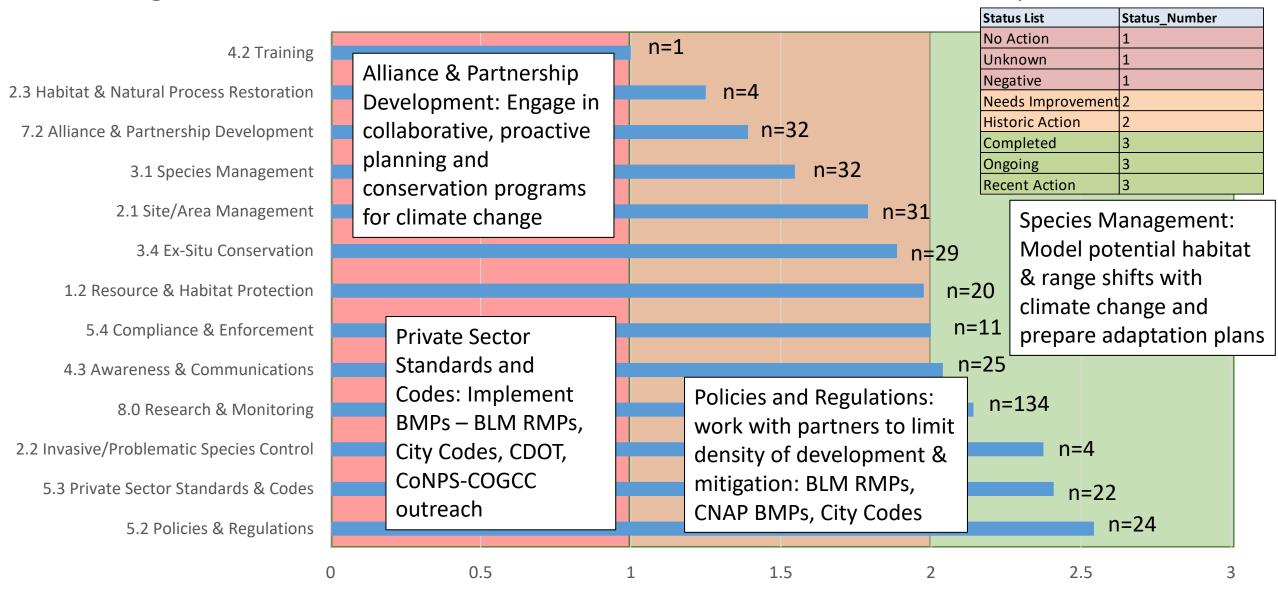
Status List	Status Number
No Action	1
Unknown	1
Negative	1
Needs Improvement	2
Historic Action	2
Completed	3
Ongoing	3
Recent Action	3

#### Specific Conservation Action Ranked

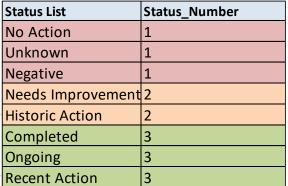
GenThreat	SpecThreatDetail	GenCons	SpecCons	Priority	Action Notes
	Urban, suburban, and ex-urban	1.2 Resource &	opeccons .	inoney	2008 acquisition of Wacker Ranch by CPW.
Development	development		Acquire conservation easement for habitat protection	н	CNAP/TNC involvement
Development	development		Acquire conservation easement for habitat protection	П	· '
		1.2 Resource &		l	2008 acquisition of Wacker Ranch by CPW,
02 Incompatible Agriculture	Conversion to cropland	Habitat Protection	Acquire conservation easement for habitat protection	Н	CNAP/TNC involvement
					not included in CNHP Roadside BMP project;
					Fairview South closed to motor vehicle use (2020);
			Implement Best Management Practices for transportation	l	Fairview north closed to motor vehicle use by
04 Transportation Corridors	maintenance	Standards & Codes		Н	fencing (~2009)
			Model potential habitat/range shifts in response to projected		
	_	3.1 Species	climate changes and prepare adaptation plan to define in situ		
Weather	climate change	Management	and ex situ conservation needs	M	No action
	Phenological response to climate		Conduct primary research on rare plant and pollinator		soil moisture and temperature probes installed by
11 Climate Change & Severe		8.0 Research &	responses to changing climate, and other vulnerability factors		BLM with rare plant monitoring; BLM CCV
Weather	,	Monitoring	(dispersal mechanisms, mutualisms)	Н	assessment: species EV to climate change
	Vulnerability due to movement				
	barriers, poor dispersal capacity.				
11 Climate Change & Severe	and/or restriction to rare habitat	3.4 Ex-Situ			CNAP funded DBG in 2009 for seed collection of
Weather	features	Conservation	Seed banking (incl. protocols, collection, and cultivation)	Н	this species
	Climate variability (intensification or	7.2 Alliance &			Fairview South grazing allotments retired (2020),
11 Climate Change & Severe	alteration of normal weather patterns	Partnership	Engage in collaborative, proactive planning and conservation		will help with resilliency; planning for range shifts
Weather	e.g., droughts, tornados, etc.)	Development	programs	M	needed
	Reproductive and/or pollination				
	biology and specific habitat	8.0 Research &			
13 Lack of knowledge	parameters unknown	Monitoring	Research critical life history/habitat components	M	No action
		8.0 Research &			BLM monitoring begain in 2012; plot added at
13 Lack of knowledge	Long term population trends unknown	Monitoring	Expand and continue long term monitoring	М	Wacker in 2015; assisted by CNAP as time allows
		8.0 Research &			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
14 Natural Factors		Monitoring	Research critical life history/habitat components	М	
		ŭ			NSO on ACEC; ROW exclusion area in ACEC; CoNPS
03 Energy Production &	Oil & gas development, pipelines, and	5.2 Policies &	Work with state and federal partners to limit density of oil/gas		advocacy to include plants in COGCC 2019
Mining		Regulations	leasing and development	M	Rulemaking, SB-191
		-			
	Fragmentation of native habitat due to		Establish and/or expand legal designation to protect habitat		
03 Energy Production &	oil/gas development & associated	1.2 Resource &	(e.g., wilderness, state Natural Area, Research Natural Area,		
Mining	infrastructure	Habitat Protection	Area of Critical Environmental Concern)	M	Fairview South ACEC expanded to 610 acres (2020)

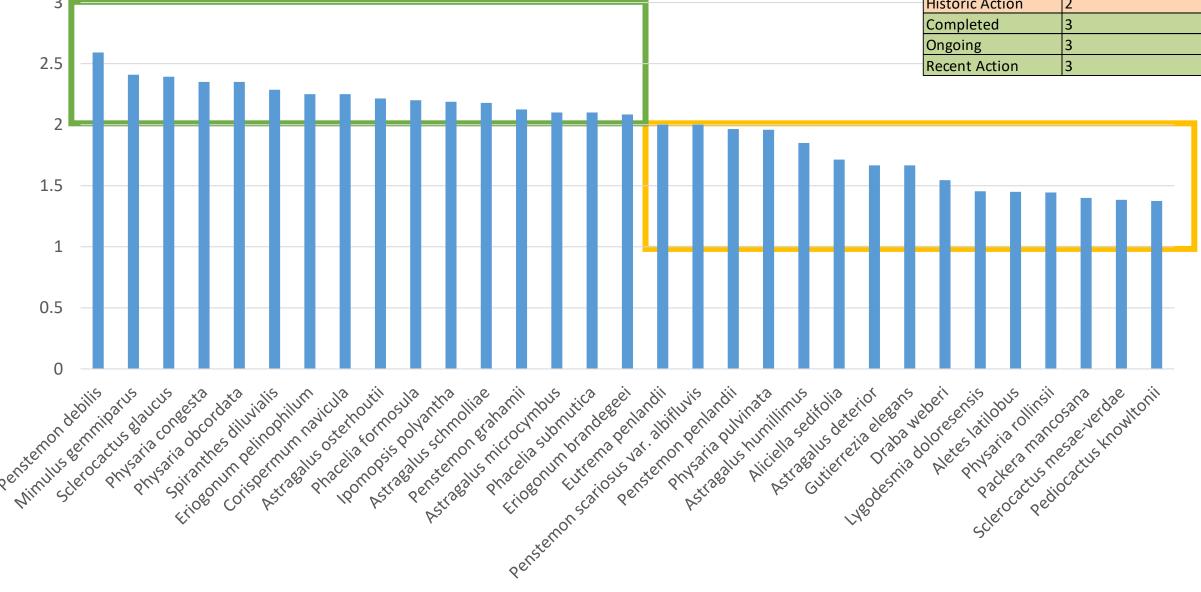
General Conservation Action Categories

#### Average of General Conservation Actions for 31 SWAP Tier 1 Species



#### Average of Conservation Actions, 31 SWAP Tier 1 Sp.





### Penstemon debilis: Parachute penstemon

GenThreat	SpecThreatDetail	GenCons	SpecCons	Priority	Action Notes
	Fragmentation of native habitat due to				
03 Energy Production &	oil/gas development & associated	5.3 Private Sector	Work with Occidental Petroleum to Implement Best		CNAP designation with Laramie Energy and
Mining	infrastructure	Standards & Codes	Management Practices for energy development	Н	OOSI
					CNAP designation with Laramie Energy and
					OOSI; BLM: NSO, mitigation for roads;
03 Energy Production &	Oil & gas development, pipelines, and	5.2 Policies &	Work with state, federal and private partners to limit		COGCC rulemaking changes with CoNPS
Mining	infrastructure	Regulations	density of oil/gas leasing and development	Н	advocacy
			Conduct primary research on rare plant and		
	Phenological response to climate change of		pollinator responses to changing climate, and other		
11 Climate Change &	species itself and/or inter-dependent	8.0 Research &	vulnerability factors (dispersal mechanisms,		
Severe Weather	species unknown	Monitoring	mutualisms)	Н	BLM CCV Assessment; Species is EV
	Vulnerability due to movement barriers,				
11 Climate Change &	poor dispersal capacity, and/or restriction to	3.4 Ex-Situ	Seed banking (incl. protocols, collection, and		DBG (CNAP funded) 2009; Betty Ford Alpine
Severe Weather	rare habitat features	Conservation	cultivation)	Н	Garden
		8.0 Research &			Logan Wash (CNHP/CNAP); Anvil Points
13 Lack of knowledge	Long term population trends unknown	Monitoring	Continue long term monitoring	Н	(BLM); Mt. Callahan (CNHP/CNAP)
	Fragmentation of native habitat due to	7.2 Alliance &			
03 Energy Production &	oil/gas development & associated	Partnership	Engage Occidental Petroleum in collaborative,		CNAP working with Laramie Energy to
Mining	infrastructure	Development	proactive planning and conservation programs	Н	conserve population
			Model potential habitat/range shifts in response to		Maxent model of likely habitat; no
11 Climate Change &	Habitat shifting and alteration due to	3.1 Species	projected climate changes and prepare adaptation		adaptation plan or potential range shifts
Severe Weather	climate change	Management	plan to define in situ and ex situ conservation needs	M	mapped
	Climate variability (intensification or	7.2 Alliance &			BMPs in natural areas designation; BLM
11 Climate Change &	alteration of normal weather patterns, e.g.,	Partnership	Engage in collaborative, proactive planning and		ACEC road closure should help resiliency;
Severe Weather	droughts, tornados, etc.)	Development	conservation programs	M	more needed
		8.0 Research &			Drone (CNHP, Aridlands, LLC, EcoloGIS,
13 Lack of knowledge	Complete distribution in Colorado unknown	Monitoring	Conduct field inventory to refine known distribution	M	National Fish & Wildlife Foundation)
		8.0 Research &			work on pollinators, genetics (McMullen
14 Natural Factors	Globally rare and/or small population size	Monitoring	Research critical life history/habitat components	M	thesis; Wolfe et al. 2015 paper)
	Reproductive and/or pollination biology and	8.0 Research &			
13 Lack of knowledge	specific habitat parameters unknown	Monitoring	Research critical life history/habitat components	L	USFWS SSA

# Aletes latilobus: Canyonlands aletes

GenThreat	SpecThreatDetail	GenCons	SpecCons	Priority	Action Notes
			Conduct primary research on rare plant and		
	Phenological response to climate		pollinator responses to changing climate,		
11 Climate Change &	change of species itself and/or inter-	8.0 Research &	and other vulnerability factors (dispersal		BLM CCV Assessment: Species is EV to
Severe Weather	dependent species unknown	Monitoring	mechanisms, mutualisms)	Н	CC; more details on response needed
	Vulnerability due to movement				
	barriers, poor dispersal capacity,				
11 Climate Change &	and/or restriction to rare habitat	3.4 Ex-Situ	Seed banking (incl. protocols, collection, and		
Severe Weather	features	Conservation	cultivation)	Н	seed and tissue collection in 2010
			Model potential habitat/range shifts in		
			response to projected climate changes and		
11 Climate Change &	Habitat shifting and alteration due to	3.1 Species	prepare adaptation plan to define in situ and		
Severe Weather	climate change	Management	ex situ conservation needs	M	No action
	Climate variability (intensification or	7.2 Alliance &			
11 Climate Change &	alteration of normal weather patterns,	·	Engage in collaborative, proactive planning		populations are in National Monument
Severe Weather	e.g., droughts, tornados, etc.)	Development	and conservation programs	M	and NCA designations
	Globally rare and/or small population	8.0 Research &	Research critical life history/habitat		
14 Natural Factors	size	Monitoring	components	M	No action
06 Human Intrusions		2.1 Site/Area	Manage public use to be compatible with		
& Disturbance	Non-motorized recreation; climbing.	Management	biodiversity	M	Unknown
06 Human Intrusions		2.1 Site/Area	Manage public use to minimize habitat		
& Disturbance	Non-motorized recreation	Management	disturbance	M	Unknown
	Complete distribution in Colorado	8.0 Research &	Conduct field inventory to refine known		2009 surveys by CNHP paid for by
13 Lack of knowledge	unknown	Monitoring	distribution	L	CNAP
		8.0 Research &			
13 Lack of knowledge	Long term population trends unknown	Monitoring	Implement demographic monitoring	L	No action
			Publish educational material/sponsor		Online Rare Plant Guide Entry; Need
06 Human Intrusions		4.3 Awareness &	educational programs to raise public		education to address recreational
& Disturbance	Non-motorized recreation	Communications	awareness	L	effects

### Corispermum navicula: boat-shaped bugseed

GenThreat	SpecThreatDetail GenCons S		SpecCons	Priority	Action Notes
					BLM RMP: manage North Sand Hills ACEC
					for protection: fence, restore, sign the area;
06 Human Intrusions &		2.1 Site/Area	Manage public use to minimize surface		close routes and limit to desingated OHV
Disturbance	Motorized recreation	Management	disturbance and off trail use	Н	routes
			Conduct primary research on rare plant and		
	Phenological response to climate change of		pollinator responses to changing climate,		
11 Climate Change &	species itself and/or inter-dependent		and other vulnerability factors (dispersal		BLM CCV Assessment; Species is EV to CC;
Severe Weather	species unknown	8.0 Research & Monitoring	mechanisms, mutualisms)	Н	more details on response needed
	Vulnerability due to movement barriers,				
11 Climate Change &	poor dispersal capacity, and/or restriction		Seed banking (incl. protocols, collection,		
Severe Weather	to rare habitat features	3.4 Ex-Situ Conservation	and cultivation)	Н	DBG collected 2009 (CNAP funded)
			Conduct field inventory to refine known		
13 Lack of knowledge	Complete distribution in Colorado unknown	8.0 Research & Monitoring	distribution	Н	UNC surveys as part of genetic research
13 Lack of knowledge	Long term population trends unknown	8.0 Research & Monitoring	Implement demographic monitoring	Н	BLM monitoring at North Sand Dunes
			Publish educational material/sponsor		Online Rare Plant Guide; specific education
06 Human Intrusions &		4.3 Awareness &	educational programs to raise public		in habitat area for recreational users
Disturbance	Motorized recreation	Communications	awareness	M	unknown
					CPW manages East Sand Dunes as no access
06 Human Intrusions &		5.4 Compliance &			for motorized vehicles; BLM RMP calls for
Disturbance	Motorized recreation	Enforcement	Enforce off-road travel restrictions	M	fencing and closing North Sand Dunes
			Model potential habitat/range shifts in		
			response to projected climate changes and		
11 Climate Change &	Habitat shifting and alteration due to		prepare adaptation plan to define in situ		
Severe Weather	climate change	3.1 Species Management	and ex situ conservation needs	M	No action
	Climate variability (intensification or				
11 Climate Change &	alteration of normal weather patterns, e.g.,	7.2 Alliance & Partnership	Engage in collaborative, proactive planning		
Severe Weather	droughts, tornados, etc.)	Development	and conservation programs	М	unknown
					recent taxanomic work by DBG (CNAP/BLM
			Research critical life history/habitat		funded), and genetics (UNC, USFWS
14 Natural Factors	Globally rare and/or small population size	8.0 Research & Monitoring	components	М	funded)

### Eriogonum pelinophilum: clay-loving wild buckwheat

GenThreat	SpecThreatDetail	GenCons	SpecCons	Priority	Action Notes
01 Residential & Commercial	Urban, suburban, and ex-urban	1.2 Resource &			2008 acquisition of Wacker Ranch by CPW,
Development	development	Habitat Protection	Acquire conservation easement for habitat protection	Н	CNAP/TNC involvement
		1.2 Resource &			2008 acquisition of Wacker Ranch by CPW,
02 Incompatible Agriculture	Conversion to cropland	Habitat Protection	Acquire conservation easement for habitat protection	Н	CNAP/TNC involvement
					not included in CNHP Roadside BMP project;
					Fairview South closed to motor vehicle use (2020);
	Fragmentation and/or ROW		Implement Best Management Practices for transportation		Fairview north closed to motor vehicle use by
04 Transportation Corridors	maintenance	Standards & Codes		H	fencing (~2009)
			Model potential habitat/range shifts in response to projected		
11 Climate Change & Severe	Habitat shifting and alteration due to	· ·	climate changes and prepare adaptation plan to define in situ		No satisfact
Weather	climate change	Management	and ex situ conservation needs	M	No action
	Phenological response to climate		Conduct primary research on rare plant and pollinator		soil moisture and temperature probes installed by
11 Climate Change & Severe	change of species itself and/or inter-		responses to changing climate, and other vulnerability factors		BLM with rare plant monitoring; BLM CCV
Weather	dependent species unknown	Monitoring	(dispersal mechanisms, mutualisms)	Н	assessment: species EV to climate change
	Vulnerability due to movement				
11 Climate Change & Severe	barriers, poor dispersal capacity, and/or restriction to rare habitat	3.4 Ex-Situ			CNAP funded DBG in 2009 for seed collection of
Weather	features		Seed banking (incl. protocols, collection, and cultivation)	н	this species
vvcatner		7.2 Alliance &	Seed banking (mei. protocois, concetion, and cultivation)	''	Fairview South grazing allotments retired (2020),
11 Climate Change & Severe	alteration of normal weather patterns,		Engage in collaborative, proactive planning and conservation		will help with resilliency; planning for range shifts
Weather	e.g., droughts, tornados, etc.)	1	programs	М	needed
	Reproductive and/or pollination	·			
	biology and specific habitat	8.0 Research &			
13 Lack of knowledge	parameters unknown	Monitoring	Research critical life history/habitat components	M	No action
		8.0 Research &			BLM monitoring begain in 2012; plot added at
13 Lack of knowledge	Long term population trends unknown		Expand and continue long term monitoring	M	Wacker in 2015; assisted by CNAP as time allows
	Globally rare and/or small population	8.0 Research &			
14 Natural Factors	size	Monitoring	Research critical life history/habitat components	M	
0.5 0.1 0					NSO on ACEC; ROW exclusion area in ACEC; CoNPS
03 Energy Production &	Oil & gas development, pipelines, and		Work with state and federal partners to limit density of oil/gas		advocacy to include plants in COGCC 2019
Mining	infrastructure	Regulations	leasing and development	M	Rulemaking, SB-191
	Fragmentation of native habitat due to		Establish and/or expand legal designation to protect habitat		
03 Energy Production &	oil/gas development & associated		(e.g., wilderness, state Natural Area, Research Natural Area,		
Mining	infrastructure		Area of Critical Environmental Concern)	M	Fairview South ACEC expanded to 610 acres (2020)
	1	!			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

## Mimulus gemmiparus: budding monkeyflower

C. You Edition CLE (Principles					
GenThreat	SpecThreatDetail SpecThreatDetail	GenCons	SpecCons	Priority	Action Notes
06 Human		2.4.611.44	NA		Desire of SIL Const. Falls to the contest belief
Intrusions &		2.1 Site/Area	Manage public trail use to avoid surface disturbance		Design of Elk Creek Falls trail to protect habitat,
Disturbance	Non-motorized recreation	Management	and fragmentation of habitat	H	CNAP Natural Areas Designation aided in awareness
06 Human		_			
Intrusions &		4.3 Awareness &	Publish educational material/sponsor educational		
Disturbance	Non-motorized recreation	Communications	programs to raise public awareness	Н	Interpretive signs, Staunton State Park
			Conduct primary research on rare plant and		
	Phenological response to climate change of		pollinator responses to changing climate, and other		2014 EcoMetrics study of habitat condition
11 Climate Change	species itself and/or inter-dependent species	8.0 Research &	vulnerability factors (dispersal mechanisms,		assessment in relation to plant density (CNAP
& Severe Weather	unknown	Monitoring	mutualisms)	Н	funded)
	Vulnerability due to movement barriers, poor				2017 bulbil collection, propagation, and research
11 Climate Change	dispersal capacity, and/or restriction to rare	3.4 Ex-Situ	Seed banking (incl. protocols, collection, and		into cold storage by EcoMetrics, CSU; no genetic
& Severe Weather	habitat features	Conservation	cultivation)	Н	material has been stored in a long-term bank.
					EcoMetrics Inventory with population viability and
13 Lack of		8.0 Research &	Conduct field inventory to refine known		updated EOs for each population, 2017 (CNAP, USFS,
knowledge	Current population status unknown	Monitoring	distribution, abundance, and threat status	Н	USFWS funding)
13 Lack of		8.0 Research &			surveys at known locations by EcoMetrics, funded by
knowledge	Long term population trends unknown	Monitoring	Continue long term monitoring	Н	CNAP, USFS, USFWS
			Model potential habitat/range shifts in response to		CNHP Maxent model of likely habitat (unknown
_		3.1 Species	projected climate changes and prepare adaptation		funding); no adaptation plan or potential range shifts
& Severe Weather	· ·	Management	plan to define in situ and ex situ conservation needs	М	mapped
	Climate variability (intensification or alteration of				
11 Climate Change	normal weather patterns, e.g., droughts,	Partnership	Engage in collaborative, proactive planning and		
& Severe Weather	tornados, etc.)	Development	conservation programs	M	No action
					EcoMetrics Inventory and surveys, 2015-2017, 3 new
13 Lack of		8.0 Research &			populations (one with estimated over 3 million
knowledge	Complete distribution in Colorado unknown	Monitoring	Conduct field inventory to refine known distribution	M	plants), funded by CNAP, USFS, USFWS
		8.0 Research &			2018, 2019 Genetics Work: UNC and Miami
14 Natural Factors	Globally rare and/or small population size	Monitoring	Research critical life history/habitat components	M	University
13 Lack of		8.0 Research &	Research species/habitat response to management		
knowledge	Threats are poorly understood	Monitoring	or disturbance	L	No Action

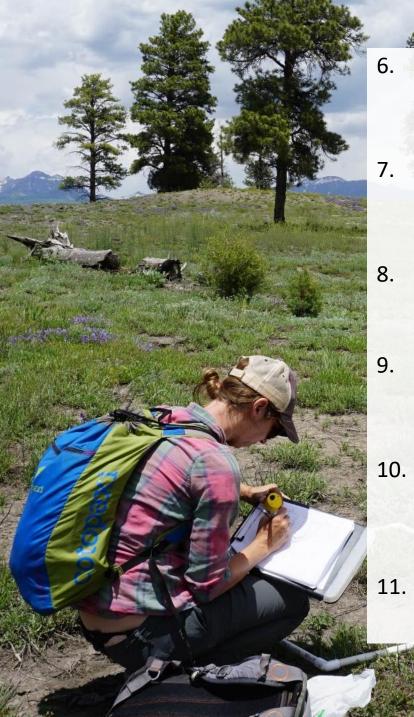
### Spiranthes diluvialis: Ute ladies'-tresses

GenThreat	SpecThreatDetail	GenCons	SpecCons	Priority	Action Notes
04 Transportation		5.2 Policies &	Establish mitigation requirements for developments and		OSMP 2013- current mitigation for US 36; City of Fort
•			other projects that impact species/habitats	н	Collins Land Use Code
04 Transportation		5.3 Private Sector	Implement Best Management Practices for	-	Commis Land OSC Code
1			transportation projects	u	OSMP 2013- current mitigation for US 36
06 Human Intrusions and		2.1 Site/Area	transportation projects		OSIVIF 2013- Culterit mitigation for OS 30
			Manage publicues to be compatible with hindiversity	u	Leffee fencing off regrestion uses OSMB visitor use plan
Disturbance	Non motorized recreation	Management	Manage public use to be compatible with biodiversity	H	Jeffco fencing off recreation use; OSMP visitor use plan
OZ Natronal Creatains		2.2.1bitat 0. Natural		A	Leffe and the kind by dual asia national Rithin County
-	, , , ,	2.3 Habitat & Natural	Destructive la la la cia de ci	<b>4</b> .,	Jeffco protecting hydrologic regime; Pitkin County
Modification	aquifer)	Process Restoration	Restore natural hydrologic regime	H	protecting late summer river flows; restoration unknown
				A	South Boulder population threatened by flood mitigation
-	, , ,	5.4 Compliance &			project; highway expansion impacts; enforcement occurs
	- '		Enforce 404 wetlands regulations	H	sometimes
l .	Phenological response to climate change of		Conduct primary research on rare plant and pollinator	A	
_	1.	8.0 Research &	responses to changing climate, and other vulnerability	A	SWAP CCV Assessment completed; Species EV to climate
		Monitoring	factors (dispersal mechanisms, mutualisms)	Н	change; more needed
I	Vulnerability due to movement barriers,				
1	poor dispersal capacity, and/or restriction to				
Severe Weather	rare habitat features	3.4 Ex-Situ Conservation	Seed banking (incl. protocols, collection, and cultivation)	Н	
		8.0 Research &			OSMP monitoring ongoing; population status checks:
13 Lack of knowledge			Continue long term monitoring	Н	BLM, Jeffco, NPS, City of Fort Collins
01 Residential &	<u> </u>	1.2 Resource & Habitat	continue iong term monitoring		2016 Conservation Easements, Aspen Valley Land Trust
Commercial Development			Acquire conservation easement for habitat protection	М	& CPW
·	·			IVI	
06 Human Intrusions and			Publish educational material/sponsor educational	A	CNHP Rare Plant Guide; specific education in habitat area
Disturbance	Non motorized recreation	Communications	programs to raise public awareness	M	unknown
			Model potential habitat/range shifts in response to	A	CNHP developed maxent model (USFWS/CNAP Sec 6
11 Climate Change &	Habitat shifting and alteration due to	İ	projected climate changes and prepare adaptation plan		funded); no adaptation plan or potential range shifts
			to define in situ and ex situ conservation needs	M	mapped
	-	7.2 Alliance &			
	, · ·	Partnership	Engage in collaborative, proactive planning and	A	multi-agency collaboration, uncertain on climate change
		•	conservation programs	М	planning
		•			
40 Leady of least value days		8.0 Research &			field inventory expanded known occurrences: Gypsum
13 Lack of knowledge	Complete distribution in Colorado unknown	-	Conduct field inventory to refine known distribution	M	Ponds SWA (2017), BLM (2019)
		8.0 Research &		4	
14 Natural Factors	Globally rare and/or small population size	Monitoring	Research critical life history/habitat components	M	1998 genetics investigations (Arft & Ranker)

### Review of Selected Short Term Goals

- 1. Select targeted PGCN for site-specific conservation action each year (*No Action*)
- 2. Prioritize the 33 Important Plant Areas ranked (B1)
  - Convene working groups, develop and implement conservation action plans (7 IPAs done prior to 2015, No recent action)
  - Add Natural Areas, ACEC, or RNA in B1 Important Plant Areas. (At least 3 since 2015: Troublesome Creek ACEC; Pagosa Skyrocket NA, Laramie River ACEC)
  - Develop multi-species proposals to fund habitat protection of imperiled plant species across Colorado.
- 3. Work with public agencies to promote consideration of PGCN in land use planning (*Updated BLM*, *USFS Resource Management Plans*)
- 4. Develop and implement BMPs; pursue special agency designations. (CNHP/CNAP project on BMPs for roadside rare plants; CNHP/Dept. Ag BMPs for weed management in rare plants populations)
- 5. Educate development industries about avoiding and/or mitigating impacts to PGCN; raise public awareness of PGCN. (CoNPS outreach to COGCC, Online Rare Plant Guide, Rare Plant Symposium)





- 6. Develop a plant policy for the CO DNR, General Assembly, and Governor's executive order; Develop a bill for a state plant statute (No Action)
- 7. Integrate the PGCN into other statewide conservation planning and protection efforts (*Unknown*)
- 8. Improve scientific understanding (Average score of 2.13 for PGCN reviewed for the Research and Monitoring General Conservation Action \*would be lower if included Tier 2 species
- 9. Adopt measures for ex situ (off site) conservation (High priority for all PGCN) (~60% of PGCN reviewed had seed collection at some point)
- 10. Research on rare plant and pollinator responses to changing climate (Needs Improvement: BLM & SWAP Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment gives a cursory look; Some rare plant monitoring including soil moisture and temperature data collection, few pollinator studies)
- 11. Conduct taxonomic and/or genetic research (2017 work on Packera mancosana confirmed species; genetics research on 14 of 31 species reviewed)



#### To provide feedback on species reviewed, contact Jessica Smith: jp.smith@colostate.edu

- Aletes latilobus
- Aliciella sedifolia
- Astragalus deterior
- Astragalus humillimus
- Astragalus microcymbus
- Astragalus osterhoutii
- Astragalus schmolliae
- Corispermum navicula
- Draba weberi
- Eriogonum brandegeei
- Eriogonum pelinophilum
- Eutrema penlandii

- Gutierrezia elegans
- Ipomopsis polyantha
- Lygodesmia doloresensis
- Mimulus gemmiparus
- Packera mancosana
- Pediocactus knowltonii
- Penstemon debilis
- Penstemon grahamii
- Penstemon penlandii
- Penstemon scariosus var. albifluvis
- Phacelia formosula

- Phacelia submutica
- Physaria congesta
- Physaria obcordata
- Physaria pulvinata
- Physaria rollinsii
- Sclerocactus glaucus
- Sclerocactus mesae-verdae
- Spiranthes diluvialis

check out all the PGCN here:

https://cpw.state.co.us/Docu ments/CNAP/Rare-Plant-SWAP-2015.pdf









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