

## README

**Author:** Julieta F. Juncosa Calahorrano

**Contact:** [jjuncosa@rams.colostate.edu](mailto:jjuncosa@rams.colostate.edu) & [evf@rams.colostate.edu](mailto:evf@rams.colostate.edu)

**Format of files:** .csv

**Title:** Cross-Track Infrared Sounder (CrIS) Peroxyacetyl Nitrate (PAN) and Carbon Monoxide (CO) retrievals for the 2018 wildfire season over the western U.S.

**Description:** This dataset includes processed data from Cross-Track Infrared Sounder (CrIS) Peroxyacetyl Nitrate (PAN) and Carbon Monoxide (CO) retrievals from 24 July 2018 – 13 September 2018 coinciding with the wildfire season of 2018 and the Western wildfire Experiment for Cloud chemistry, Aerosol absorption, and Nitrogen (WE-CAN) for the western U.S. (35° N - 50° N lat, 127° W – 101° W lon). There are 50 days of data represented in 50 different .csv files (there is not August 22 and September 3 in the files). Not a Number (Nan) values are left blank.

### Data sources:

Payne, V. H., S. S. Kulaiwk, E. V. Fischer, J. Brewer, L. G. Huey, K. Miyazaki, J. R. Worden, K. W. Bowman, S. Wofsy, J. Elkins, E. Hintsa and F. Moore, Satellite measurements of peroxyacetyl nitrate from the Cross-track. Infrared Sounder: Comparisons with ATom aircraft measurements, in prep, to be submitted to Atmos. Meas. Tech.

Fu, D., Bowman, K. W., Worden, H. M., Natraj, V., Worden, J. R., Yu, S., Veefkind, P., Aben, I., Landgraf, J., Strow, L., & Han, Y. (2016). High-resolution tropospheric carbon monoxide profiles retrieved from CrIS and TROPOMI. *Atmospheric Measurement Techniques*, 9(6), 2567–2579. <https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-9-2567-2016>

**Location:** Western U.S. (35° N - 50° N lat, 127° W – 101° W lon).

**Time period:** July 24, 2018 – September 13, 2018

### Description of acronyms:

PAN: Peroxyacetyl nitrate

CO: Carbon Monoxide

HMS: Hazard Mapping System

### Variable Information:

**Longitude:** longitude of retrieval

**Latitude:** latitude of the retrieval

**X\_CO:** CO average between the surface and the tropopause (180 hPa).

**CO\_680hPa:** CO at the 680 hPa level

**CO\_510hPa:** CO at the 510 hPa level

**XPAN:** PAN average between the surface and the tropopause (180 hPa).

**HMS\_flag:** corresponding smoke designation for each CrIS retrieval based on the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Hazard Mapping Systems (HMS).

0: no smoke

5: light smoke

16: moderate smoke

27: dense smoke

**Desert\_flag:** Desert Flag for X\_PAN.

Desert\_flag > 0.95 indicated data that has interferences due to bare soil.

**Point:** CrIS retrieval's latitude, longitude pair.

**Closest:** closest HMS smoke designation location.

**Smoke\_flag:** same as HMS\_flag (see above)

**GEO\_Flag:** areas were removed due to their bare surface characteristic and its interference with PAN retrieval.

1: retrieval inside areas removed (remove these retrievals!)

0: retrieval outside areas removed (keep these retrievals!)

**Methods:** The CrIS PAN retrievals rely on the PAN absorption feature at  $790\text{ cm}^{-1}$ ; and the retrieval algorithm uses the Multi-Species, Multi-Spectral, Multi-Satellite (MUSES) retrieval software (Fu et al., 2016). CrIS PAN retrievals are performed from NASA v2 Level 1B radiances (Revercomb and Strow, 2018) on the 15 km individual fields of view (FOVs).

**Limitations to reuse:** There is interferences of bare surfaces (e.g., deserts, rocks, etc.) to the PAN signal that is currently under revision. The areas where this problem was identifies are tagged with the GEO\_Flag

**Date dataset was last modified**

March 16, 2021