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*D. B. Simons*

# SEDIMENTATION STUDY OF THE YAZOO RIVER BASIN

USER'S MANUAL FOR THE  
YAZOO DATA STORAGE AND RETRIEVAL SYSTEM  
VOLUME II

CONTRACT NO. DACW 38-76-C-0193

Prepared for

U. S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS  
VICKSBURG DISTRICT

Vicksburg, Mississippi



Prepared by

Civil Engineering Department  
Engineering Research Center  
Colorado State University  
Fort Collins, Colorado

D. B. Simons  
R. M. Li  
N. Duong

October 1978

CER78-79DBS-RML-ND20

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## AUTHORIZATION

This user's manual and the Yazoo Data Storage and Retrieval System (YAZDB) was devised for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Vicksburg District, Lower Mississippi Division, under Modification No. P00001, Supplemental Agreement to Contract No. DACW38-76-C-0193. Larry Banks was the authorized Project Manager for the Vicksburg District, and Daryl B. Simons and Ruh-Ming Li were the Principal Investigators for Colorado State University. The purpose of this manual is to assist personnel in the utilization of the YAZDB.

## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Several people assisted in preparing Volume II of the User's Manual for the Yazoo Data Storage and Retrieval System. The authors extend their thanks to Larry Banks, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, for his cooperation throughout the entire Yazoo Study.

In addition, the authors wish to thank Glenn Brown for reviewing this manual; and Laurie Ernst and Gary Edelen for providing valuable comments during the preparation of the manual. Appreciation is also extended to Annette Ward, Tammy McFall and Kittie Hook for editing the manual.



# YAZOO DATA STORAGE AND RETRIEVAL SYSTEM

## VOLUME II

This manual describes the Yazoo Data Storage and Retrieval System (YAZBD). This system was developed as part of the Phase I - Sedimentation Study of the Yazoo River Basin. The system enables users with varying amounts of computer experience to efficiently access, retrieve, store, and analyze large amounts of hydraulic and hydrological data from the Yazoo Basin. Volume I of this manual is designed for general users. It concentrates on accessing, retrieving, and analyzing data.

Volume II is intended for the system analysts and/or data managers. Included are details of program execution, input and output, data updating, flowcharts, variable definitions, and hardware and software requirements.

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## I. INTRODUCTION

The Yazoo Data Storage and Retrieval System (YAZDB) manages stage-discharge, discharge, river stage, sediment, channel cross-section, precipitation, control structure, and reservoir data. Eventually the program can be expanded to include watershed information and water quality data as well as detailed reservoir and control structures information.

The objectives of developing the YAZDB is to: 1) design an efficient data system that will store and retrieve data to analyze the evolution of the basin system; 2) expedite the daily duties of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers; 3) provide a system that can be utilized by persons not proficient with the computer; and 4) develop a system with a flexible structure to enable improvements or expansions without major modifications.

Volume II of this manual was prepared to assist systems analysts and/or data managers in maintaining and upgrading YAZDB. The manual is organized in six sections. General system information is contained in Section II; Section III describes the purpose and use of the command language; program coordination for data management is explained in Section IV; data retrieval and processing operations are described in Sections V and VI, respectively; Section VII covers the information display and plotting requirements, and data updating operations are covered in Section VIII. The appendices contain information on data formats, flowcharts of program operation, definitions of variables, and a program listing.

## II. GENERAL INFORMATION

YAZDB consists of two main elements as shown in Figure 1. The data bank stores all the data files and the data base management system, YAZDB, which allows users to retrieve and process the data to obtain useful information.

The data bank consists of magnetic tapes that store all the data files of the various categories. These tapes are mounted on the computer system whenever is required. The only data file stored permanently in the computer is the river system descriptive data file (DESCRIP) that contains information regarding the status of various data categories at all the gaging stations in the Yazoo Basin along with a node system describing the river system network. If a data category is used frequently, a permanent file can be created from the corresponding data tape to minimize expense and accelerate data retrieval and processing.

The YAZDB consists of four overlay programs and a library of utility subroutines to manage the data. This overlay structure and modular concept aims at increasing the flexibility of the data management system in changing component elements and reducing computer memory requirements. The general structure of the YAZDB is given in Figure 2.

### DATA STORAGE

To reduce computer time, and facilitate data updating the Yazoo data base is designed to use ten different data files. The structure of the Yazoo data base is shown in Figure 3. The first file which should always be on the system, DESCRIP, contains the status or inventory of the data contained on the nine other files along with the numbers

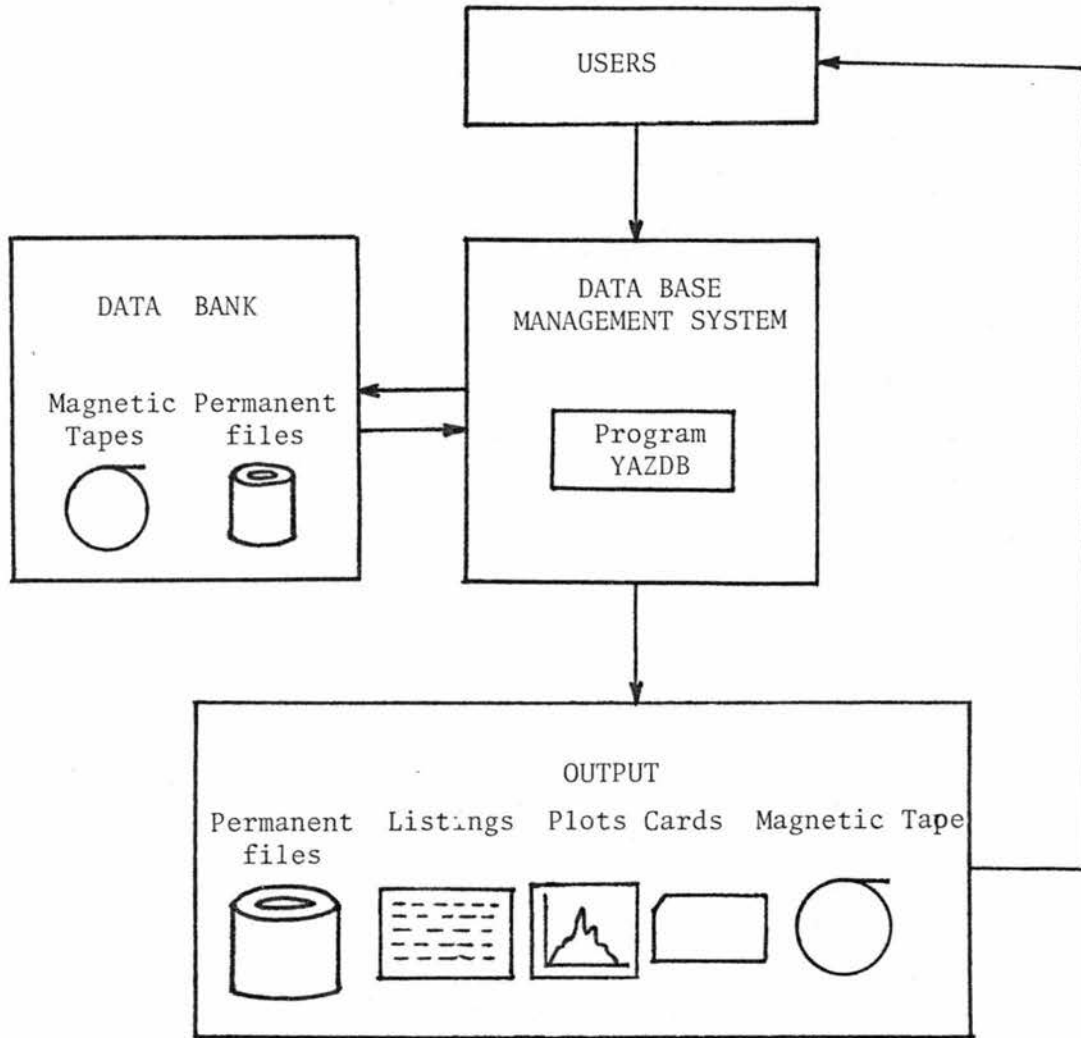


Figure 1. CONCEPTUAL DESIGN OF THE YAZOO DATA STORAGE & RETRIEVAL SYSTEM.

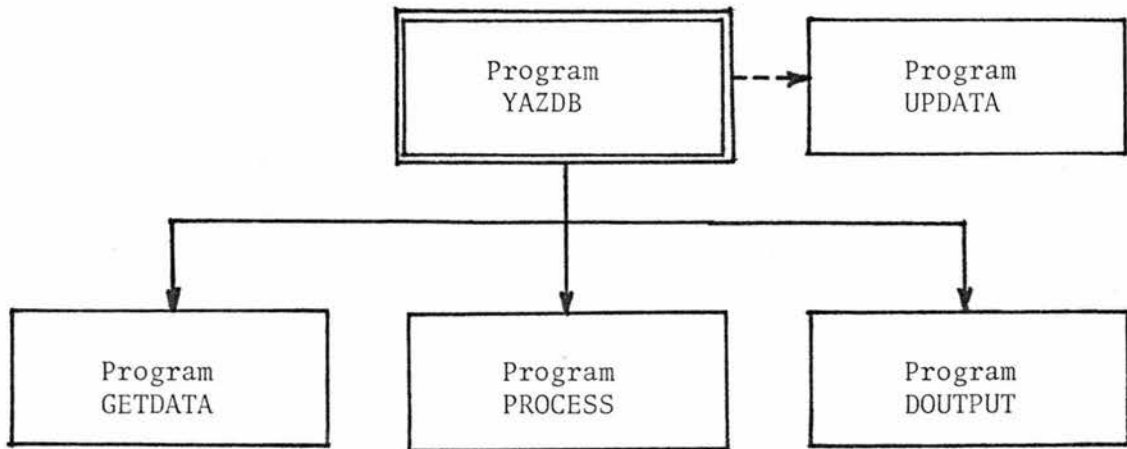
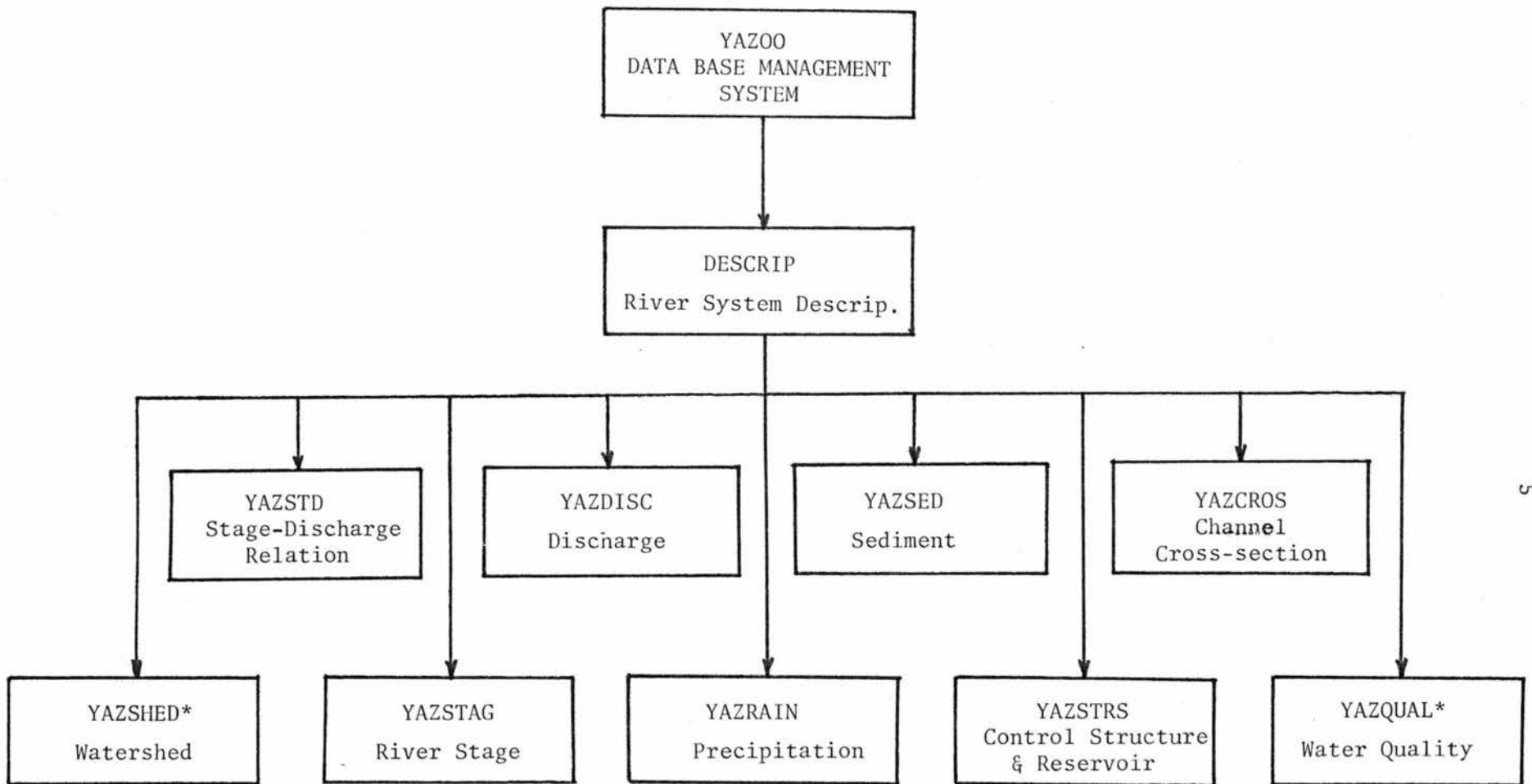


Figure 2. STRUCTURE OF THE YAZOO DATA MANAGEMENT



5

\* Not presently in system

Figure 3. STRUCTURE OF THE YAZOO DATA BASE.



of the magnetic tapes where the data is kept. The last nine files contain the actual data. The different data is divided among the nine by data category. These files need not be maintained on the system at all times. The files can easily be created from the magnetic tapes when needed.

#### DATA RETRIEVAL

Retrieval of data is accomplished through the sequential access of keys based on a node system developed according to the structure of the Yazoo River system. Retrieval is executed through a simple command language described in Volume I.

Several data specification options are available in the YAZDB. These different options make the program more convenient for the user. The different options, which are presented in Table 1, include three levels of information, the general gaging station information and data status, the data value, and all information available. The four types of location information are basin, river, segment of a river and gaging station. There are five alternative ways of locating a gaging station, which are station name, station number, geographical coordinates, river name (or node) with a river-mile. There are six types of time specification available; calendar year, water year, date, calendar year to calendar year, water year to water year, and from date to date.

#### DATA PROCESSING

Several data processing options are available in the YAZDB. They include regression analysis, frequency distribution analysis, determination of minimum and maximum, calculation of sample basic statistics, channel

TABLE 1. DATA SPECIFICATION OPTIONS FOR YAZDB.

LEVEL OF INFORMATION	LOCATION	GAGING STATION LOCATION	TIME
Data Status	Basin	Station Name	Calendar Year
Data Value	River	Station Number	Water Year
Gaging Station Information and data value	River Segment	Geographical Coordinates	Date
	Gaging Station	River Name and River-mile	From Cal. Yr (X) to (Y)
		Node Number and River-mile	From Wat. Yr (X) to (Y)
			From Date (X) to (Y)

deformation analysis, sediment concentration analysis, cumulative rainfall analysis and reservoir and control structure surveys.

#### INFORMATION DISPLAY

Two modes of information display are offered in the YAZDB. The user can select to output the retrieved information on a Tektronix screen by using a Tektronix 4010A01, or on paper through a 130 line printer.

#### DATA UPDATING

Since data file creation has to go through many verification steps, it is assumed that only minor changes are needed to be made in the various data files from time to time. The updating program described in this manual is designed to satisfy this demand.

III. COMMAND LANGUAGE

## COMMAND LANGUAGE SPECIFICATIONS

A user-oriented command language was developed to help users understand the computer programming language that retrieves and processes a desired data set from the Yazoo Data Bank. Each data retrieval and processing operation required the use of a command group consisting of two or more command statements. A command group always begins with a GET command and is terminated by a PROCESS command or an OUTPUT command. The structure of each type of command statement is described below.

GET command (GET, < data category >< information level >< sub-level >)

Data category consists of:

ALL (categories)  
STAGE-DISCHARGE  
SUSPENDED SEDIMENT  
BED MATERIAL  
CROSS SECTION  
CONTROL STRUCTURE  
RESERVOIR  
DISCHARGE  
RIVER STAGE  
PRECIPITATION

Information level can be:

STATUS  
DATA  
ALL INFORMATION

Information sub-levels are available for reservoir and precipitation data only.

For reservoir data:

RULE CURVE

CAPACITY CURVE

SPILLWAY CURVE

For precipitation data:

HOURLY

DAILY

LOCATION command (LOCATION, < location type >< attribute > )

Location type consists of

ALL (locations)

BASIN

RIVER

SEGMENT (of a river)

STATION (gaging station)

Location attributes are used only to specify the location of a station or to delimit a segment of a river. For a station, the following attributes are available:

LOCATED AT/NR (station name)

NUMBER (station number)

COORDINATES (latitude, longitude)

ON (river name)/AT (river mile)

NODE (node number)/AT (river mile)

For a segment of a river, the following attributes are available:

(river name)/FROM (river mile)/TO (river mile)

(node number)/FROM (river mile)/TO (river mile)

TIME command (TIME, < time-period specifications >)

Time period specifications used in the YAZDB are:

ALL (time periods)

YEAR (xxxx)

DATE (DYMOYR)

FROM YEAR (xxxx) TO (xxxx)

FROM DATE (DYMOYR) TO (DYMOYR)

WATER YEAR (xxxx)

FROM WATER YEAR (xxxx) TO (xxxx)

PROCESS command (PROCESS, < output type > < processing type >)

Output type can be one of the following:

LIST

PLOT

DISPLAY (list and plot)

SAVE

In this version of the YAZDB (version 1), the following processing types are implemented:

CUM FREQUENCY (list/plot cumulative frequency CDF)

HISTOGRAM (list/plot relative frequency histogram PDF)

FREQUENCY ANALYSIS (list range, mid-range, PDF, CDF)

THALWEG LEVEL (list/plot river bed profile for a given date)

CHANGING STAGE FOR Q = (a given discharge in CFS)

(list/plot the yearly average values of river stage for a given Q)

CUM RAINFALL (list/plot daily cumulative rainfall)

REGRESSION ANALYSIS (list results of a curve fitting to a power function)

DISCHARGE HYDROGRAPH (list/plot a generated discharge hydrograph from a given stage hydrograph based on stage-discharge relationship)

STAGE HYDROGRAPH (list/plot a generated stage hydrograph from a given discharge hydrograph based on stage-discharge relationship)

MIN VALUE (list minimum value)

MAX VALUE (list maximum value)

MIN-MAX (list minimum and maximum values)

BASIC STATISTICS (list minimum, maximum, sample mean and standard deviation)

OUTPUT command (< output type >)

#### COMMAND LANGUAGE OPERATIONS

The GET command is used to specify the data category type, information level and sub-level desired; the LOCATION command specifies the location type and location attribute, and the TIME command specifies the time period desired. These three command statements define the desired data set to be retrieved from the Yazoo Data Bank and are used to activate the operations of various subprograms in the program GETDATA.

The PROCESS command is used to specify the type of data-processing operation and the type of output desired. This command directs the operations of various subprograms in the program PROCESS. The OUTPUT command is used to specify the type of output desired for displaying the data retrieval

results. This command directs the operations of various subprograms in program GETDATA to list information or activate the plotting subprograms PLOTS and DPLOTS in the program DOUTPUT. The information is displayed by a line printer or on a Tektronix screen.



#### IV. PROGRAM COORDINATION FOR DATA MANAGEMENT

The YAZDB is an overlay computer program package, written in FORTRAN IV language. The main overlay, OVERLAY (0,0), consists of program YAZDB and all utility subroutines which are commonly used by other programs and subprograms in the package. The overall coordination of operations related to data retrieval, processing and display is the main task of the program YAZDB. Its structure is summarized by a flowchart in Figure 4. The following is a comprehensive description of programs and subprograms in the main overlay, including their interrelationships and internal operations. Detailed explanations of data retrieval, processing, display, and updating operations will be covered in Sections V, VI, VII, and VIII, respectively.

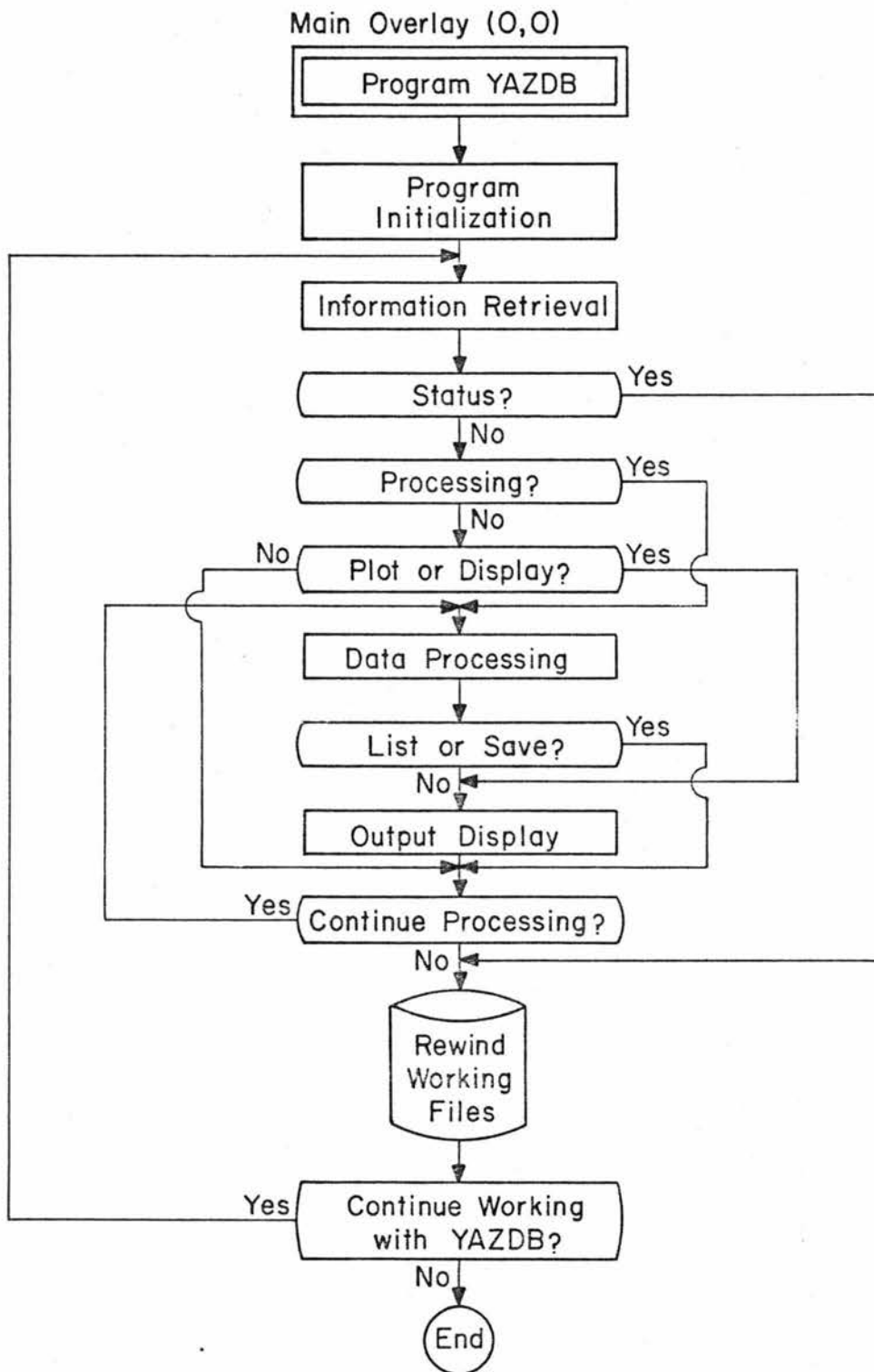


Figure 4. FLOWCHART OF THE MAIN OVERLAY OF THE YAZDB.

Program YAZDB

PROGRAM YAZDB  
 (INPUT=64, OUTPUT=64, TAPE5=INPUT, TAPE6=OUTPUT, TAPE1=64, TAPE2=64,  
 TAPE3=64, TAPE11=64, TAPE12=64, TAPE13=64, TAPE14=64, TAPE15=64,  
 TAPE16=64, TAPE17=64, TAPE18=64)

This program constitutes the main OVERLAY of the YAZDB package.  
 It coordinates all the data management operations, ranging from data  
 retrieval and processing to information display.

Program(s) and Subprogram(s) Called By This Program:

SUBROUTINE INITT

SUBROUTINE OUTFLAG

SUBROUTINE PROFLAG

PROGRAM GETDATA

PROGRAM PROCESS

PROGRAM DOUTPUT

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	working array NTEMP	ICOM, ICOMD
/ELEM/	none	LEVEL, DF, JCOMWD
/LOCATE/	not currently used here	
/TIME/	not currently used here	
/WORK/	working variable NX working array ITEMP	IN, W, WF1, WF2, WF3
/OUTPUT/	none	IOUT, X, Y, MTIT, IPR ITER, NRECORD
/PLOT/	none	MO
/RIVSED/	not currently used here	
/RIVCRO/	not currently used here	
/RIVSTR/	not currently used here	

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/RIVRES/	not currently used here	
/STADIS/	none	NDAY
/SUB/	none	NNAME, NNODE, NSUB

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, WF2, WF3, DF, STNA, STNO, TYPE, YEAR, DATE, CONC,  
 CTYP, PCEN1, PCEN2, PCEN3, PCEN4, PCEN5, PCEN6, SNAME,  
 SUBLEVL, XTIT, YTIT  
 REAL MWSL, MXEL, MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ICOM	identifiable part of a command statement
ICOMD	index for helping in setting-up command statements (ICOMD=YES)
LEVEL	information level index
DF	data file
JCOMWD	array containing a command statement
IN	input file
W	output file
WF1, WF2, WF3	working files
IOUT	output type index
IPR	data processing index
X	array containing abscissa of points to be plotted
Y	array containing ordinates of points to be plotted

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
MTIT	array containing title of the graph
ITEK	Tektronix plotting index (ITEK=YES)
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved
MO	array containing months of the year
NDAY	array containing numbers of days in a month for a year
NNAME	array containing names of rivers in the system
NNODE	array containing node numbers in the system
NSUB	total number of rivers and tributaries in the Yazoo basin

Operation(s):

1. Initialize all working arrays and indices.
2. Write headings and print-out instructions if the user wishes to be helped (ICOMD=YES).
3. Call program GETDATA to activate data retrieval operations.
4. If display of the retrieval information is desired, call program DOUTPUT.
5. If data processing operations are desired, call program PROCESS.
6. For multiple processing of the retrieval data set, subroutines OUTFLAG and PROFLAG are called to assign the proper values to output type and data processing type indices, respectively, before going back to call program PROCESS.
7. Print ending message if no further data management operations are desired.

Subroutine RANGE

SUBROUTINE RANGE (X, JI, KN, XHIGH, IPMAX, XLOW, IPMIN)

This subroutine gets the maximum and minimum values for a given subset X of a data set S.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

SUBROUTINE STDVAL

SUBROUTINE CDFPDF

SUBROUTINE PLOTS

SUBROUTINE DLOTS

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE XMAX

SUBROUTINE XMIN

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
-------------------	---	---

none

Declarations:

DIMENSION X(1)

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	a given subset of values
JI	starting position in a set S
KN	ending position in a set S

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
XHIGH	maximum value in subset X

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IPMAX	position of the maximum in set S
XLOW	minimum value in subset X
IPMIN	position of the minimum in set S

Operation(s):

1. Call subroutine XMAX to get XHIGH and IPMAX.
2. Call subroutine XMIN to get XLOW and IPMIN.

Subroutine XMAX

SUBROUTINE XMAX (X, JI, KN, XHIGH, IPMAX)

This subroutine finds the maximum XHIGH and its position IPMAX in a given subset X of a data set S.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RANGE

SUBROUTINE YXMAX

SUBROUTINE DSTAT

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
none		

Declarations:

DIMENSION X(1)

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	a given subset of values
JI	starting position in a set S
KN	ending position in a set S

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
XHIGH	maximum value in subset X
IPMAX	position of the maximum in Set S

Operation(s):

1. Compare values of elements in subset X to find the maximum.
2. Return this value and its position.



Subroutine XMIN

SUBROUTINE XMIN (X, JI, KN, XLOW, IPMIN)

This subroutine finds the minimum XLOW and its position IPMIN in a given subset X of a data set S.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RANGE

SUBROUTINE YXMIN

SUBROUTINE DSTAT

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
-------------------	---	---

none

Declarations:

DIMENSION X(1)

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	a given subset of values
JI	starting position in a set S
KN	ending position in a set S

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
XLOW	minimum value in subset X
IPMIN	position of the minimum in Set S

Operation(s):

1. Compare values of elements in subset X to find the minimum.
2. Return this value and its position.

Subroutine YXMAX

SUBROUTINE YXMAX (YXHIGH, MYEAR, IPYMAX)

This subroutine finds the maximum value and its position in NYEAR records.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE DREAD

SUBROUTINE XMAX

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG, SUBLEVL	none
/WORK/	WF1	none
/OUTPUT/	X, NPTS, NYEAR	NDATA

Declarations:

INTEGER WF1, DF

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
WF1	working file
ICATEG	data category index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
X	a given set of data
NPTS	number of points in the set X
NYEAR	total number of years retrieved

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
YXHIGH	maximum value in NYEAR records

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
MYEAR	year having the maximum
IPYMAX	position of the maximum in year MYEAR
NDATA	total number of points considered

Operation(s):

1. Read-in data from file WF1 by calling subroutine DREAD.
2. Find the maximum and its position in each yearly data set by calling subroutine XMAX.
3. Sort the maximum in NYEAR records and its position by comparing the yearly maxima obtained.

Subroutine YXMIN

SUBROUTINE YXMIN (YXLOW, MYEAR, IPYMIN)

This subroutine finds the minimum value and its position in NYEAR records.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE DREAD

SUBROUTINE XMIN

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG, SUBLEVL	none
/WORK/	WF1	none
/OUTPUT/	X, NPTS, NYEAR	NDATA

Declarations:

INTEGER WF1, DF

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
WF1	working file
ICATEG	data category index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
X	a given set of data
NPTS	number of points in the set X
NYEAR	total number of years retrieved

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
YXLOW	minimum value in NYEAR records

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
MYEAR	year having the minimum
IPYMIN	position of the minimum in year MYEAR
NDATA	total number of points considered

Operation(s):

1. Read-in data from file WF1 by calling subroutine DREAD.
2. Find the minimum and its position in each yearly data set by calling subroutine XMIN.
3. Sort the minimum in NYEAR records and its position by comparing the yearly minima obtained.

Subroutine DSTAT

SUBROUTINE DSTAT (YXLOW, YXHIGH, XMEAN, XSTDV)

This subroutine calculates the basic statistics of a given set X containing NPTS data points.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE DREAD

SUBROUTINE XMIN

SUBROUTINE XMAX

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG, SUBLEVL	none
/WORK/	WF1	none
/OUTPUT/	X, NPTS, NDATA, NYEAR	none

Declarations:

INTEGER WF1

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
WF1	working file
X	a given set of values
NPTS	number of points in the set
NDATA	total number of data points considered
NYEAR	total number of years considered
ICATEG	data category index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
YXLOW	minimum value in the set X
YXHIGH	maximum value in the set X
XMEAN	sample mean
XSTDV	sample standard deviation

Operation(s):

1. Read-in data from file WF1 by calling subroutine DREAD.
2. Find the minimum and the maximum elements by calling subroutines XMIN and XMAX, respectively.
3. Calculate the sample mean and standard deviation.

Subroutine DCONVRT

SUBROUTINE DCONVRT (JYEAR, NDT, IMO, IDAY)

This subroutine converts the order of a given date in a year into a date for display.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE LEAPYR

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/STADIS/	NDAY	none

Declarations:

none

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
JYEAR	year of a given data set
NDT	order of a given date in JYEAR

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IMO	month of the data element considered
IDAY	day of the data element considered

Operation(s):

1. Check whether JYEAR is a leap year by calling subroutine LEAPYR.
2. Find the corresponding month and day of the order of the given date and return the results.



Subroutine LEAPYR

SUBROUTINE LEAPYR (YEAR, LEAP)

This subroutine identifies whether a given year is a leap year or not.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE DCONVRT

SUBROUTINE DORDER

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

SUBROUTINE RSTD

SUBROUTINE PRESTA

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:Block NameVariables Obtained  
From Common BlockVariables Placed In  
Common Block

none

Declarations:

INTEGER YEAR

Input:NameDescription

YEAR

year to be identified

Output:NameDescription

LEAP

leap year index (LEAP=1)

Operation(s):

1. Check whether the given year is divisible by 4. If this is the case, then LEAP=1.

Subroutine PROFLAG

SUBROUTINE PROFLAG (W, IPRO, IPR)

This subroutine sets flags for data processing operations.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM YAZDB

PROGRAM GETDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:Block NameVariables Obtained  
From Common BlockVariables Placed In  
Common Block

none

Declarations:

none

Input:NameDescription

W

output file

IPRO

identifiable part of the PROCESS command

Output:NameDescription

IPR

data processing type index

Operation(s):

1. Set values for the data processing type index (IPR).

Subroutine OUTFLAG

SUBROUTINE OUTFLAG (W, IOUPT, IOU)

This subroutine sets flags for information outputting operations.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM YAZDB

PROGRAM GETDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
-------------------	---	---

none

Declarations:

none

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
IOUPT	identifiable part of the OUTPUT command

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IOU	output type index

Operation(s):

1. Set values for the output type index (IOU).

Subroutine DREAD

SUBROUTINE DREAD (IFILE, ICATEG, SUBLEVL)

This subroutine reads data from file IFILE.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE YXMIN

SUBROUTINE YXMAX

SUBROUTINE DSTAT

SUBROUTINE PPLOTS

SUBROUTINE DPLOTS

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called by This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE SWITCH

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/RIVSED/	none	CONC, XSECT, SIZE1, PCEN1, SIZE2, PCEN2, SIZE3, PCEN3, SIZE4, PCEN4, SIZE5, PCEN5, SIZE6, PCEN6
/OUTPUT/	IOUT, IPR, ITEK	X, Y, YEAR, NPTS, IDATE

Declarations:

INTEGER YEAR, SUBLEVL, CONC, PCEN1, PCEN2, PCEN3, PCEN4, PCEN5, PCEN6

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IFILE	working file
ICATEG	data category index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
IOUT	output type index

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IPR	data processing type index
ITEK	Tektronix plotting index

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	array containing data read from IFILE
Y	array containing data read from IFILE
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of points in the data set
IDATE	date of the data set
CONC	sediment concentration (ppm)
XSECT	transversal distance in a cross-section
SIZE1	sediment size = .062 mm
PCEN1	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE1
SIZE2	sediment size = .125 mm
PCEN2	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE2
SIZE3	sediment size = .250 mm
PCEN3	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE3
SIZE4	sediment size = .500 mm
PCEN4	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE4
SIZE5	sediment size = 1.0 mm
PCEN5	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE5
SIZE6	sediment size = 2.0 mm
PCEN6	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE6

Operation(s):

1. Read data from file IFILE according to formats specified by data category index (ICATEG).

Subroutine DWRITE

SUBROUTINE DWRITE (IFILE, ICATEG, SUBLEVL)

This subroutine writes data to file IFILE.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE HYDSTA

SUBROUTINE SEDDAT

SUBROUTINE RIVGEO

SUBROUTINE GEOSTA

SUBROUTINE RIVRES

SUBROUTINE STADISC

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

SUBROUTINE PRESTA

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/RIVSED/	CONC, XSECT, SIZE1, PCEN1, SIZE2, PCEN2, SIZE3, PCEN3, SIZE4, PCEN4, SIZE5, PCEN5, SIZE6, PCEN6	none
/STADIS/	STAG, DISC, HVALUE	none
/OUTPUT/	X, Y, YEAR, NPTS, IDATE	none

Declarations:

INTEGER YEAR, CONC, PCEN1, PCEN2, PCEN3, PCEN4, PCEN5, PCEN6, SUBLEVL

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IFILE	working file
ICATEG	data category index

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
CONC	sediment concentration (ppm)
XSECT	transversal distance in a cross-section
SIZE1	sediment size = .062 mm
PCEN1	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE1
SIZE2	sediment size = .125 mm
PCEN2	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE2
SIZE3	sediment size = .250 mm
PCEN3	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE3
SIZE4	sediment size = .500 mm
PCEN4	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE4
SIZE5	sediment size = 1.0 mm
PCEN5	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE5
SIZE6	sediment size = 2.0 mm
PCEN6	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE6
STAG	array containing stage values
DISC	array containing discharge values
HVALUE	array containing hourly rainfall in a year
X	array containing data to be written to file IFILE
Y	array containing data to be written to file IFILE
YEAR	year of the data set



<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
NPTS	number of points in the data set
IDATE	date of the data set

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Write data to file IFILE according to formats specified by data category index (ICATEG).

Subroutine MULPLOT

SUBROUTINE MULPLOT (ISYMBOL, IPLOT, MOST, XL, SH, YL, YH)

This subroutine plots multiple curves using a line printer.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CDFPDF

SUBROUTINE PPLOTS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/WORK/	W, IYEAR	none
/OUTPUT/	X, Y, XTIT, YTIT, NPTS, working arrays IPOSX, IPOSY	none
/PLOT/	MO, XUNIT, YUNIT, LINES IOPT	none

Declarations:

INTEGER W, XTIT, YTIT, XUNIT, YUNIT  
 DIMENSION ZX(12), IGRAPH(111), IPOINITS(3)

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
ISYMBOL	symbol used for graph plotting
IPLOT	graph number
MOST	maximum number of graphs to be plotted (MOST=3)
XL	minimum value of abscissa desired
XH	maximum value of abscissa desired
YL	minimum value of ordinate desired
YH	maximum value of ordinate desired

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IYEAR	array containing years to be printed
X	array containing abscissa of points to be plotted
Y	array containing ordinates of points to be plotted
XTIT	title to be printed on X-axis
YTIT	title to be printed on Y-axis
NPTS	total number of points to be plotted
MO	array containing months of the year
XUNIT	unit to be printed on X-axis
YUNIT	unit to be printed on Y-axis
LINES	total number of lines to be used by the line printer
IOPT	plotting option, i.e., = 0: regular plot = 1: X-axis will be labeled with alphabetic names = 2: X-axis will plot time in ascending order

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Calculate scale parameters XSCALE and YSCALE.
2. Store plotting positions in working arrays IPOSX and IPOSY.
3. Check plotting option.
4. If IOPT=2, write title on X-axis.
5. Begin plotting and, at the same time, write title on Y-axis.
6. If IOPT $\neq$ 2, write title on X-axis.

## V. DATA RETRIEVAL

All data retrieval operations are carried out in OVERLAY (1,0) which consists of the program GETDATA and related subroutines. Program GETDATA reads and executes the PROCESS, LOCATION, and TIME commands. From PROCESS command, it uses subroutine SETFLAG to determine the data category to be assessed. Then, with information in LOCATION and TIME commands, interpreted through subroutines SETLOC and SETTIM, it directs the retrieval of the correct information element(s) in the data file. The retrieval operation actually occurs at each retrieval component dealing with one particular data category. At these components, the retrieved information is also reformatted and stored in a working file (WF1), ready for processing or display. These latter functions will be explained in detail in Sections VI and VII.

The data retrieval process can be summarized by the flowchart in Figure 5 and a comprehensive description of the program GETDATA and related subroutines follows.

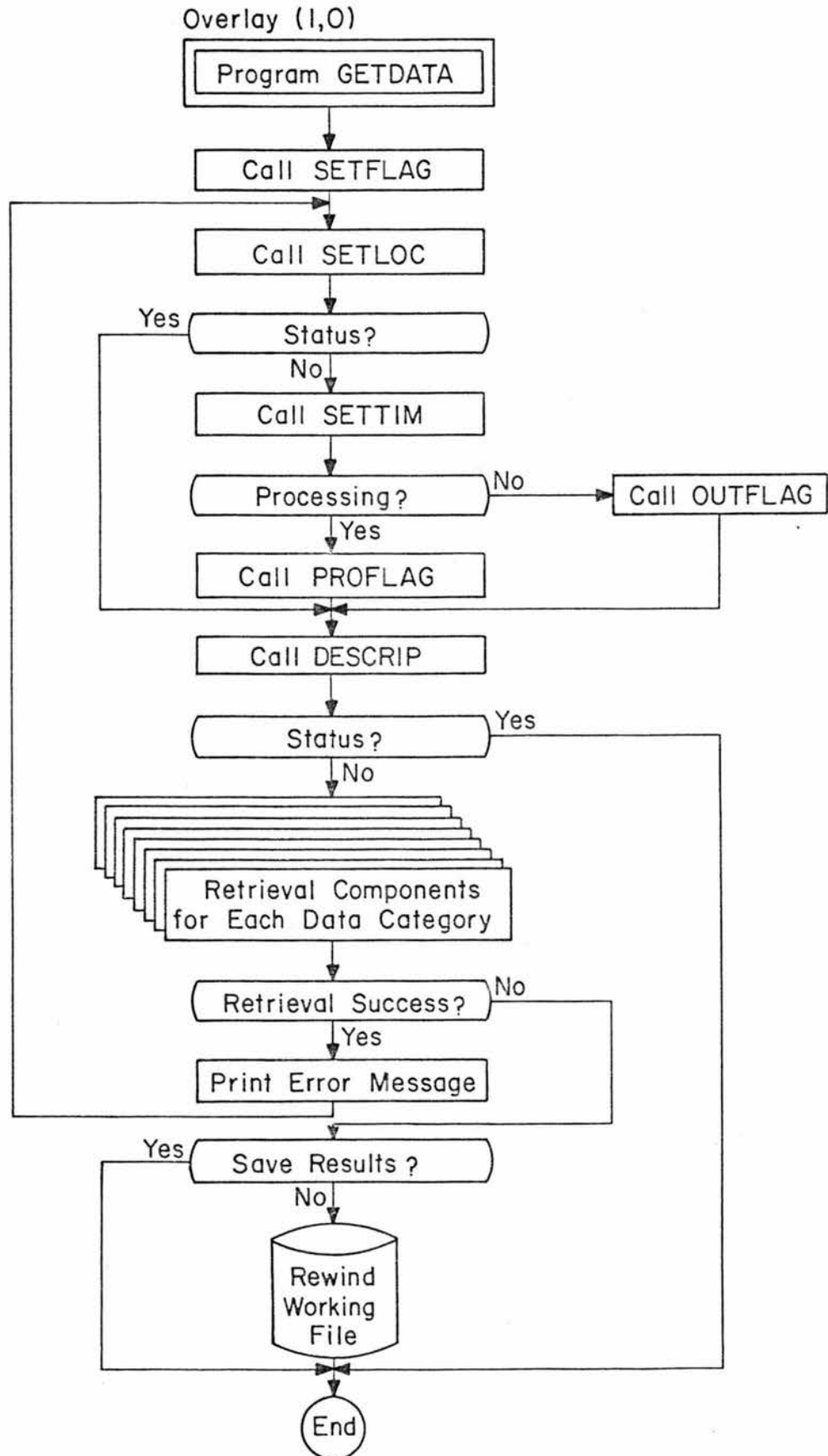


Figure 5. FLOWCHART OF DATA RETRIEVAL PROCESS

Program GETDATA

## PROGRAM GETDATA

This program interprets all command statements and coordinates the sequential operation of various data retrieval subroutines.

Program(s) Calling This Program:

PROGRAM YAZDB

Subprogram(s) Called by This Program:

SUBROUTINE SETFLAG

SUBROUTINE SETLOC

SUBROUTINE SETTIM

SUBROUTINE OUTFLAG

SUBROUTINE PROFLAG

SUBROUTINE DESCRIP

SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

SUBROUTINE RIVHYD

SUBROUTINE RIVSED

SUBROUTINE RIVGEO

SUBROUTINE RIVSTR

SUBROUTINE RIVRES

SUBROUTINE STADISC

SUBROUTINE PRECIP

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variable Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	none	ICOM,ICOMD
/ELEMNT/	working array JCOMWD	ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,DF

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/LOCATE/	None	LFLAG
/TIME/	None	JFLAG
/WORK/	IN, W, WF1	ISET, ILOC, ITIM, IRETRIV, IPRO, IOUTP, ICAT, ISUBL, NYR
/OUTPUT/	None	IOUT, IPR, NYEAR
/PLOT/	Not currently used here	
/RIVSED/	Not currently used here	
/RIVCRO/	Not currently used here	
/RIVRES/	Not currently used here	
/STADIS/	Not currently used here	
/SUB/	Not currently used here	

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, DF

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IN	input file
W	output file
WF1	working file

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ICOM	command type
ICOMD	YES-NO command
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
SUBLEVEL	information sublevel
DF	data file

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
LFLAG	location type index
JFLAG	time-period type index
ISET	flag for setting data category index
ILOC	flag for setting location type index
ITIM	flag for setting time-period type index
IRETRIV	flag for data retrieval operation
IPRO	identifiable part of process command
IOUTP	identifiable part of output command
ICAT	array containing data category types
ISUBL	array containing information sublevels
NYR	array containing numbers of years having records
IOUT	output type index
IPR	data processing type index
NYEAR	total number of years to be retrieved

Operation (s):

1. Assign value to data category index by calling subroutine SETFLAG.
2. Assign value to location type index by calling subroutine SETLOC.
3. Assign value to time-period type index by calling subroutine SETTIM.
4. Identify data processing command by calling subroutine PROFLAG.
5. Identify output command by calling subroutine OUTFLAG.
6. Get the desired retrieval keys by calling subroutine DESCRIP.
7. Activate the corresponding retrieval component to get the desired data set.



Subroutine SETFLAG

## SUBROUTINE SETFLAG

This subroutine sets flags for data categories and information levels and sublevels.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFØRM/	working arrays JTEMP, KTEMP	none
/ELEMNT/	none	ICATEG, LEVEL, SUBLEVL
/WØRK/	W, working arrays IY, IZ, ITEMP working variables NX, NY, NZ	ISSET

Declarations:

INTEGER W, SUBLEVL

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IY	array containing closures of the GET-command

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ICATEG	flag for data category identification, i.e., = 1: all (categories) = 2: stage-discharge = 3: suspended sediment = 4: bed material = 5: cross-section = 6: control structure = 7: reservoir = 8: discharge = 9: river stage = 10: precipitation

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
LEVEL	flag for information level, i.e., = 1: status = 2: data = 3: all information
SUBLEVL	flag for information sub-level, i.e., for <u>reservoir data</u> : = all = spillway curve = capacity curve = rule curve for <u>precipitation data</u> : = hourly = daily
ISSET	index for success or failure in the identification of the GET-command, i.e., = 1: success = 0: failure

Operation(s):

1. Decode the information contained in the GET-command.
2. Assign value(s) to ICATEG, LEVEL, and SUBLEVL.

Subroutine SETLOC

SUBROUTINE SETLOC

This subroutine sets flags for data locations.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFØRM/	working arrays JTEMP, KTEMP, LTEMP	none
/LOCATE/	none	LFLAG, INODE, INAME, NAMST, NUMST, ILAT, ILONG, DIST1, DIST2
/WØRK/	W, working arrays IY, ITEMP working variables, NX, NY, NZ	ILØC

Declarations:

INTEGER W

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IY	array containing closures of the LOCATION-command

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
LFLAG	flag for data location identification, i.e., = 1: all (locations) = 2: basin = 3: river = 4: segment (of a river) = 5: station located at/nr (station name) = 6: station number = 7: station coordinates (latitude, longitude) = 8: station on (river name)/at (river-mile) = 9: station node (node number)/at (river-mile)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ILØC	index for success or failure in the identification of the LOCATION-command, i.e., = 1: success = 0: failure
INODE	node number of the desired river
INAME	name of the desired river
NAMST	name of the desired gaging station
NUMST	station number of the desired gaging station
ILAT	latitude of the desired gaging station
ILONG	longitude of the desired gaging station
DIST1	desired starting river-mile
DIST2	desired ending river-mile

Operation(s):

1. Decode the information contained in the LOCATION-command.
2. Assign value(s) to LFLAG.
3. Get the desired information for INAME, NAMST, NUMST, ILAT, ILONG, INODE, DIST1, and DIST2.

Subroutine SETTIM

SUBROUTINE SETTIM

This subroutine sets flag for time-period

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE DØRDER

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFØRM/	working arrays JTEMP, KTEMP	none
/TIME/	none	JFLAG, JSTART, JEND, ND1, JYR1, ND2, JYR2
/WØRK/	W, working arrays IY, IZ, ITEMP working variables NX, NY	ITIM

Declarations:

INTEGER W

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IY	array containing closures of the TIME-command

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
JFLAG	flag for time-period identification, i.e., = 1: all (time-periods) = 2: year (....) = 3: date (DYMOYR) = 4: from year (....) to (....) = 5: from date (DYMOYR) to (DYMOYR) = 6: water year (....) = 7: from water year (....) to (....)

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ITIM	index for success or failure in the identification of the TIME-command, i.e., = 1: success = 0: failure
JSTART	desired starting year or date, alphanumeric
JEND	desired ending year or date, alphanumeric
JYR1	desired starting year (.....), integer
JYR2	desired ending year (.....), integer
ND1	order of the desired starting date in a given year
ND2	order of the desired ending date in a given year

Operation(s):

1. Decode the information contained in the TIME-command.
2. Assign value(s) to JFLAG.
3. Get the desired information for JSTART, JEND, JYR1, JYR2, ND1, and ND2.

Subroutine DDATE

SUBROUTINE DDATE (JDATE, IDD)

This subroutine checks the date of a data element with the desired time-period.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE HYDSTA

SUBROUTINE GEOSTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/TIME/	JSTART, JEND	none

Declarations:

none

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
JDATE	date of a given data element
JSTART	desired starting date
JEND	desired ending date

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IDD	index for acceptance or rejection of a given date, i.e., = 1: accepted = 0: rejected

Operation(s):

1. Check the date of a data element with the desired time-period and return the value of IDD.

Subroutine DYEAR

SUBROUTINE DYEAR (IYR, JYD)

Description:

This subroutine checks the year of a data set with the desired time-period.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RIVHYD

SUBROUTINE HYDSTA

SUBROUTINE SEDSTA

SUBROUTINE RIVGEO

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

SUBROUTINE PRESTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/TIME/	JSTART, JEND	none

Declarations:

none

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IYR	a given year
JSTART	desired starting year
JEND	desired ending year

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
JYD	index for acceptance or rejection of a given year, i.e.,



<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
JYD	= 1: accepted = 0: rejected

Operation(s):

1. Check the year of a data set with the desired time-period and return the value of JYD.

Subroutine DESCRIP

## SUBROUTINE DESCRIP

This subroutine retrieves data status and get key(s) for data retrieval.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PRØGRAM GETDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE STNID

SUBROUTINE HEADING

SUBROUTINE SUBSYS

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFØRM/	working variables ICOM, JTEMP	none
/ELEM/	ICATEG, LEVEL, DF	none
/LØCATE/	LFLAG, INAME, INODE, NAMST, NUMST, ILAT, ILONG, DIST1, DIST2	none
/TIME/	working variable JNAME	none
/WORK/	W, working variables NX, ITEMP	IRETRIV, STNA, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, TYPE NYRS, NODE, NAME,
/SUB/	NSUB	KEY, NNAME

Declarations:

INTEGER W, DF, STNA, STNØ, TYPE

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
DF	data file

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
LFLAG	location index
INAME	name of the desired river
INØDE	node number of the desired river
NAMST	desired gaging station name
NUMST	desired gaging station number
ILAT	desired gaging station latitude
ILONG	desired gaging station longitude
DIST1	starting river-mile
DIST2	ending river-mile
NSUB	total number of subsystems in the Yazoo river basin system (39)

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IRETRIV	index indicating success or failure of the data retrieval process, i.e., = 1: success = 0: failure
STNA	station name
STNO	station number
DIST	river-mile
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
TYPE	data type
NYRS	number of years having records
NODE	river node
NAME	array containing river name

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
KEY	retrieval key
NNAME	array containing all desired river names

Operation(s):

1. Read file DESCRIP through tape 11 (DF=11).
2. Check location index, LFLAG, and switch the retrieval of data status to various components.
3. Find the correct station location by calling subroutine STNID.
4. Switch to the desired data category.
5. Print status heading by calling subroutine HEADING.
6. Print data status and store retrieval keys by calling subroutine SUBSYS.

Subroutine HEADING

## SUBROUTINE HEADING

This subroutine writes headings for displaying data status.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

## SUBROUTINE DESCRIP

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG	none
/WØRK/	W	none

Declarations:

INTEGER W

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
ICATEG	data category index

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Write heading on file W according to data category index.

Subroutine SUBSYS

## SUBROUTINE SUBSYS

This subroutine displays data status.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

## SUBROUTINE DESCRIP

Subprogram(s) Called by This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEMT/	ICATEG, LEVEL, DF	none
/SUB/	KEY	NKEYS, IKEY
/LOCATE/	LFLAG, DIST1, DIST2	none
/WORK/	W, NODE, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, STNA, NYRS, TYPE	IYEAR, GELEV, NCR
/OUTPUT/		DATE

Declarations:

INTEGER W, DF, STNA, STNØ, TYPE

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
LFLAG	location index
DIST1	starting river-mile
DIST2	ending river-mile
KEY	retrieval key

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
NODE	river node
STNO	station number
DIST	river-mile
LATI	latitude
LONG	longitude
STNA	station name
NYRS	number of years having records
TYPE	data type

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
NKEYS	total number of retrieval keys
IKEY	array containing retrieval keys
IYEAR	array containing years having records
GELEV	mean elevation, in FT, above MSL
NCR	number of dates having records
DATE	array containing dates having records

Operation(s):

1. Display data status on file W according to data category index.

Subroutine RIVSYS

## SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

This subroutine is used to retrieve data of all categories.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RIVHYD

SUBROUTINE RIVSED

SUBROUTINE RIVGEO

SUBROUTINE RIVSTR

SUBROUTINE RIVRES

SUBROUTINE STADISC

SUBROUTINE PRECIP

Common Blocks

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFØRM/	not currently used here	
/ELEMØT/	not currently used here	
/LOCATE/	not currently used here	
/TIME/	not currently used here	
/WORK/	not currently used here	
/OUTPUT/	not currently used here	
/PLOT/	not currently used here	
/RIVSED/	not currently used here	
/RIVCRØ/	not currently used here	
/RIVSTR/	not currently used here	
/RIVRES/	not currently used here	
/STADIS/	not currently used here	



<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/SUB/	not currently used here	

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, WF2, WF3, DF, STNA, STNO, TYPE, YEAR, DATE, CONC,  
 CTYP, PCEN1, PCEN2, PCEN3, PCEN4, PCEN5, PCEN6, SNAME,  
 SUBLEVL, XTIT, YTIT  
 REAL MWSL, MXEL, MØAVG, MØMIN, MØMAX

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Call the other subroutines to retrieve data of all categories.

Subroutine RIVHYD

SUBROUTINE RIVHYD

This subroutine manages stage-discharge relationship data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CATEG

SUBROUTINE WSTD

SUBROUTINE DYEAR

SUBROUTINE HYDDAT

SUBROUTINE HYDSTA

Common Blocks

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	LEVEL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	LFLAG	none
/TIME/	JFLAG	none
/WORK/	W, NAME working arrays IY, ITEMP	IRETRIV, STNA, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, TYPE, NYRS, SNAME
/ØOUTPUT/	none	YEAR, NPTS, DATE, NRECORD
/STADIS/	none	DISC, STAG
/PLØT/	not currently used here	
/SUB/	not currently used here	

Declarations:

INTEGER W, DF, STNA, STNØ, TYPE, YEAR, DATE, SNAME

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
DF	data file
LEVEL	level of information
LFLAG	location index
JFLAG	time-period index
NAME	array containing river name

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IRETRIV	index indicating success or failure of the data retrieval process
STNA	station name
STNO	station number
DIST	river-mile
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
GAGO	gage -zero elevation (in FT.)
TYPE	data type
NYRS	number of years having records
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of data points in the set
DATE	array containing dates
NRECORD	number of retrieved records
DISC	array containing discharge data
STAG	array containing corresponding river stage data

Operation(s):

1. Read file YAZSTD through tape 12 (DF=12).
2. Check the correctness of the data file by calling subroutine CATEG.
3. If data for a particular gaging station is desired, call subroutine HYDSTA.
4. Otherwise, call subroutine WSTD to write headings.
5. Read data year by year and call subroutine DYEAR to check for the desired year.
6. Call subroutine HYDDAT to display stage-discharge data.

Subroutine HYDSTA

## SUBROUTINE HYDSTA

This subroutine retrieves stage-discharge data for one particular gaging station.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RIVHYD

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CHKEY

SUBROUTINE WSTD

SUBROUTINE HYDDAT

SUBROUTINE DWRITE

SUBROUTINE DYEAR

SUBROUTINE DDATE

Common Blocks

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG, LEVEL, SUBLEVL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	not currently used here	
/TIME/	JFLAG, JSTART, JEND	none
/WORK/	W, WF1, NAME working arrays IY, ITEMP	STNA, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, TYPE, NYRS, SNAME
/OUTPUT/	IOUT, IPR	MTIT, XTIT, YTIT, YEAR, NPTS, NYEAR, DATE, NRECORD
/PLOT/	none	XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT
/STADIS/	none	STAG, DISC
/SUB/	NKEYS	KEY

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, DF, STNA, STNO, TYPE, YEAR, DATE, SNAME, SUBLEVL,  
 XTIT, YTIT, XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1	working file
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
JFLAG	time-period index
JSTART	starting time-period
JEND	ending time-period
IOUT	output-type index, i.e., = 1: list = 2: plot = 3: display (list and plot) = 4: save
IPR	data processing type index
NKEYS	number of keys to be retrieved

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
STNA	array containing gaging station name
STNO	station number
DIST	river-mile
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
GAGO	gage-zero elevation (in FT.)
TYPE	data type
NYRS	number of years having records
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display
MTIT	array containing title of the graph
XTIT	title on the X-axis
YTIT	title on the Y-axis
XUNIT	unit to be printed on the X-axis
YUNIT	unit to be printed on the Y-axis
TUNIT	time-unit to be printed below the graph title
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of data points in the set
NYEAR	total number of years to be retrieved
DATE	array containing dates
NRECORD	number of records retrieved
STAG	array containing river stage data
DISC	array containing corresponding discharge data
KEY	retrieval key

Operation(s):

1. Read stage-discharge data from file DF.
2. Check for the desired location by calling subroutine CHKEY.
3. Write headings by calling subroutine WSTD.
4. Retrieve data according to the selected time-period.
5. Check the desired year (by calling subroutine DYEAR) or the desired date (by calling subroutine DDATE).
6. Display stage-discharge data by calling subroutine HYDDAT
7. Write the retrieved data set on file WF1 by calling subroutine DWRITE.

Subroutine CHKEY

SUBROUTINE CHKEY (IDENT)

This subroutine checks retrieval key(s).

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE HYDSTA

SUBROUTINE SEDSTA

SUBROUTINE GEOSTA

SUBROUTINE RIVSTR

SUBROUTINE RIVRES

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

SUBROUTINE PRESTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common BlocksBlock NameVariables Obtained  
From Common BlockVariables Placed In  
Common Block

/SUB/

IKEY, NKEYS, KEY

none

Declarations:

none

Input:NameDescription

IKEY

array containing retrieval keys

NKEYS

total number of retrieval keys

KEY

a key used to identify a gaging station

Output:NameDescription

IDENT

key identification index, i.e.,  
= 1: correct key  
= 0: incorrect key



Operation(s):

1. Compare the identification key of a gaging station with the set of desired keys and return a value for the key identification index.

Subroutine WSTD

## SUBROUTINE WSTD

This subroutine is used to write headings for displaying stage/discharge or sediment data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RIVHYD

SUBROUTINE HYDSTA

SUBROUTINE RIVSED

SUBROUTINE SEDSTA

SUBROUTINE STADISC

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/WORK/	SNAME, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, TYPE, NYRS, W	none

Declarations:

INTEGER W, SNAME, STNO, TYPE

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
SNAME	array containing gaging station name
STNO	station number
DIST	river-mile
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
GAGO	gage -zero elevation (in FT.)
TYPE	data type
NYRS	number of years having records

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Write headings for displaying stage/discharge or sediment data on file W.

Subroutine HYDDAT

SUBROUTINE HYDDAT (W, LEVEL)

This subroutine is used to display stage-discharge data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RIVHYD

SUBROUTINE HYDSTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/STADIS/	STAG, DISC	none
/OUTPUT/	YEAR, NPTS, DATE	none

Declarations:

INTEGER W

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
LEVEL	information level
STAG	array containing river stage data
DISC	array containing corresponding discharge data
DATE	array containing corresponding dates
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of data points in the year

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Write stage-discharge data on file W.

Subroutine RIVSED

SUBROUTINE RIVSED

This subroutine is used to retrieve sediment data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CATEG

SUBROUTINE WSTD

SUBROUTINE SEDDAT

SUBROUTINE SEDSTA

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	not currently used here	
/ELEM/	ICATEG, LEVEL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	LFLAG	none
/TIME/	not currently used here	
/WORK/	W, WF1, NAME working arrays IY, ITEMP	IRETRIV, STNA, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, SNAME, NYRS, TYPE
/OUTPUT/	IOUT	YEAR, NPTS, IDATE, NRECORD
/PLOT/	not currently used here	
/RIVSED/	not currently used here	
/SUB/	not currently used here	

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, DF, STNA, STNO, TYPE, YEAR, SNAME

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WFI	working file
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
LFLAG	location-type index
NAME	array containing river name
IOUT	output-type index

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IRETRIV	index indicating success or failure of the data retrieval process
STNA	array containing gaging station name
STNO	station number
DIST	river-mile
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
GAGO	gage -zero elevation (in FT.)
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display
NYRS	number of years having records
TYPE	data type
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of data points in the set
IDATE	date of a particular data point
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved

Operation(s):

1. Read sediment data from file YAZSED through tape 15(DF=15).
2. Check the correctness of the data file by calling subroutine CATEG.
3. If sediment data for a particular station is desired, call subroutine SEDSTA.
4. Otherwise, write headings by calling subroutine WSTD.
5. Write sediment data on output file W and store the retrieved information on file WF1 by calling subroutine SEDDAT.

Subroutine SEDSTA

SUBROUTINE SEDSTA

This subroutine retrieves sediment data for a particular gaging station.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RIVSED

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CHKEY

SUBROUTINE WSTD

SUBROUTINE SEDDAT

SUBROUTINE DYEAR

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	not currently used here	
/ELEM/	ICATEG, LEVEL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	not currently used here	
/TIME/	JFLAG	none
/WORK/	W, WF1, NAME working variable NX working arrays IY, ITEMP	STNA, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, SNAME, NYRS, TYPE
/OUTPUT/	IOUT	MTIT, XTIT, YTIT, YEAR, NPTS, NYEAR, IDAT, NRECORD
/PLOT/	not currently used here	
/RIVSED/	not currently used here	
/SUB/	NKEYS	KEY

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, DF, STNA, STNO, TYPE, YEAR, SNAME, XTIT, YTIT



Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1	working file
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
JFLAG	time-period type index
NAME	array containing river name
IOUT	output-type index
NKEYS	number of retrieval keys

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
STNA	array containing gaging station name
STNO	station number
DIST	river-mile
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
GAGO	gage -zero elevation (in FT.)
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display
NYRS	number of years having records
TYPE	data type
MTIT	array containing title of the graph
XTIT	title to be printed on the X-axis
YTIT	title to be printed on the Y-axis
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of data points in the set

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
NYEAR	total number of years retrieved
IDATE	date of a particular data point
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved
KEY	retrieval key

Operation(s):

1. Read sediment data from file DF.
2. Check for the desired station by calling subroutine CHKEY.
3. Write headings by calling subroutine WSTD.
4. Check for the desired year by calling subroutine DYEAR.
5. Write sediment data on output file W and store the retrieved information on file WF1 by calling subroutine SEDDAT.

Subroutine SEDDAT

SUBROUTINE SEDDAT (W, DF, IDENT, IOUT, NPTS, ICATEG, LEVEL, WF1, IDATE,  
NRECORD)

This subroutine reads and writes sediment data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RIVSED

SUBROUTINE SEDSTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE DWRITE

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/RIVSED/	none	CONC, XSECT, SIZE1, SIZE2, SIZE3, SIZE4, SIZE5, SIZE6, PCEN1, PCEN2, PCEN3, PCEN4, PCEN5, PCEN6

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, DF, CONC, PCEN1, PCEN2, PCEN3, PCEN4, PCEN5, PCEN6

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
DF	data file
IDENT	station identification index
IOUT	output-type index
NPTS	number of data points in the set
ICATEG	data-category index
LEVEL	information level index
WF1	working file

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IDATE	date of a particular data point
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved
CONC	sediment concentration (ppm)
XSECT	transversal distance in a cross-section
SIZE1	sediment size = .062 mm
SIZE2	sediment size = .125 mm
SIZE3	sediment size = .250 mm
SIZE4	sediment size = .500 mm
SIZE5	sediment size = 1.0 mm
SIZE6	sediment size = 2.0 mm
PCEN1	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE1
PCEN2	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE2
PCEN3	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE3
PCEN4	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE4
PCEN5	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE5
PCEN6	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE6

Operation(s):

1. Write sediment data on file W.
2. Store the retrieved information on file WF1 by calling subroutine DWRITE.

Subroutine RIVGEO

SUBROUTINE RIVGEO

This subroutine is used to retrieve cross-section data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CATEG

SUBROUTINE NAMNOD

SUBROUTINE DYEAR

SUBROUTINE GEODAT

SUBROUTINE DWRITE

SUBROUTINE GEOSTA

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variable Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	working array KTEMP	none
/ELEM/	ICATEG, LEVEL, SUBLEVL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	LFLAG	none
/TIME/	JFLAG	none
/WORK/	W, WF1 working variable NZ working array IY	IRETRIV
/OUTPUT/	IOUT, IPR	X, Y, YEAR, NPTS, IDATE, NRECORD
/PLOT/	not currently used here	
/RIVCRO/	none	XDIS, YELEV
/SUB/	none	KEY

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, DF, YEAR

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1	working file
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
LFLAG	location type index
JFLAG	time-period type index
IOUT	output type index
IPR	data processing type index

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IRETRIV	index indicating success or failure of the data retrieval process
X	array containing transversal distances from a reference line
Y	array containing cross-section elevations
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of points on cross-section
IDATE	date of a cross-section
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved
XDIS	array containing transversal distances from a reference line

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
YELEV	array containing cross-section elevations
KEY	retrieval key

Operation(s):

1. Read cross-section data from file YAZCROS through tape 16 (DF=16).
2. Check the correctness of the data file by calling subroutine CATEG.
3. If cross-section data at a location is desired, call subroutine GEOSTA.
4. Read key and write headings on output file W by calling subroutine NAMNOD.
5. Check the desired year by calling subroutine DYEAR.
6. Write cross-section data on output file W by calling subroutine GEODAT.
7. Store the retrieved information on file WF1 by calling subroutine DWRITE.

Permeameter No. 3

Q & CK ARE STANDARDIZED TO 60.0 DEGREE F

TEST	TIME (HR)	Q (CC/MIN)	CK (CM/SEC)	PRESSURE DROP (CM)			
1	2.00	508.82	.00522661	24.60	21.10	15.00	9.00
2	5.50	442.74	.00447510	25.00	21.10	15.50	9.30
3	8.30	400.73	.00405039	25.00	21.40	15.10	9.00
4	13.80	388.61	.00392797	25.00	21.70	15.30	9.00
5	18.50	355.31	.00357703	25.10	21.50	14.70	8.50
6	25.20	323.98	.00324871	25.20	22.10	14.70	8.50
7	49.10	340.94	.00347384	24.80	21.20	13.60	7.80
8	72.80	335.27	.00340243	24.90	22.00	13.30	7.40
9	97.80	335.27	.00337532	25.10	21.80	14.00	7.90
10	121.50	249.76	.00253464	24.90	21.60	11.90	7.10
11	145.50	216.40	.00218733	25.00	21.50	11.60	6.00
12	169.20	277.65	.00278413	25.20	21.80	12.00	5.50
13	193.50	117.68	.00122378	24.30	23.10	7.60	3.70
14	242.00	147.04	.00145713	25.50	23.20	7.00	3.50
15	269.00	112.23	.00112090	25.30	22.70	6.70	2.40
16	313.00	193.71	.00197378	24.80	20.10	12.90	5.90
17	337.30	82.85	.00085104	24.60	21.00	8.70	3.80
18	361.30	70.24	.00070434	25.20	21.60	7.50	3.40
19	385.50	69.78	.00069968	25.20	20.40	9.90	4.40
20	433.60	57.09	.00057705	25.00	20.70	11.30	4.20
21	479.40	33.58	.00034217	24.80	21.40	9.60	3.70
22	505.20	46.90	.00047031	25.20	22.20	8.50	3.40
23	529.70	36.66	.00037203	24.90	21.80	6.80	3.00
24	557.00	16.46	.00016568	25.10	22.10	3.80	1.40
25	648.80	16.90	.00017150	24.90	23.50	5.50	1.50
26	672.80	30.28	.00030008	25.50	22.40	5.30	1.90
27	720.60	28.45	.00029827	24.10	22.50	3.50	1.50
28	793.00	63.82	.00065031	24.80	24.10	11.60	2.60
29	816.50	17.06	.00017458	24.70	24.40	4.40	2.10
30	863.40	23.99	.00024055	25.20	25.10	3.20	.90
31	888.00	31.57	.00031914	25.00	23.00	8.40	2.30
32	984.00	16.36	.00016535	25.00	24.10	4.40	1.40
33	1056.00	15.07	.00015172	25.10	24.30	4.80	.90

Permeameter No. 4

Q & CK ARE STANDARDIZED TO 60.0 DEGREE F

TEST	TIME (HR)	Q (CC/MIN)	CK (CM/SEC)	PRESSURE DROP (CM)			
1	2.00	568.72	.00572549	25.10	20.10	14.30	7.50
2	5.50	546.66	.00554767	24.90	19.80	13.90	7.20
3	8.30	511.49	.00517000	25.00	20.60	14.10	7.40
4	13.80	465.86	.00465290	25.30	21.20	14.30	7.70
5	18.50	421.42	.00425961	25.00	20.70	14.20	7.60
6	25.20	388.04	.00390651	25.10	20.70	14.00	7.50
7	49.10	375.11	.00376139	25.20	21.20	13.80	7.00
8	72.80	280.24	.00284395	24.90	20.30	13.00	5.90
9	97.80	287.86	.00287510	25.30	18.70	13.60	6.50
10	121.50	259.07	.00263976	24.80	17.10	11.00	4.80
11	145.50	264.92	.00267768	25.00	19.80	9.50	4.30
12	169.20	171.55	.00174799	24.80	19.30	8.30	3.20
13	193.50	131.32	.00134887	24.60	18.90	5.00	2.00
14	242.00	115.32	.00115636	25.20	16.60	4.40	1.90
15	269.00	85.58	.00089358	24.20	17.40	7.90	3.00
16	313.00	274.48	.00275237	25.20	19.10	11.60	5.60
17	337.30	112.86	.00112720	25.30	19.70	7.30	3.00
18	361.30	66.30	.00065954	25.40	19.90	5.80	2.10
19	385.50	77.44	.00079220	24.70	17.80	7.80	2.80
20	433.60	82.08	.00083968	24.70	16.90	9.00	4.10
21	479.40	37.68	.00038233	24.90	13.70	6.00	2.30
22	505.20	25.41	.00025278	25.40	10.70	4.70	.90
23	529.70	33.27	.00033233	25.30	10.30	4.50	1.40
24	557.00	24.98	.00031401	20.10	10.40	4.30	1.40
25	648.80	22.09	.00022603	24.70	16.60	4.90	1.80
26	672.80	34.20	.00034986	24.70	19.80	5.30	1.60
27	720.60	14.82	.00014916	25.10	20.00	5.20	1.70
28	793.00	69.47	.00069381	25.30	19.20	8.10	2.70
29	816.50	21.93	.00022076	25.10	17.60	5.60	1.30
30	863.40	25.56	.00025831	25.00	19.40	4.10	.90
31	888.00	41.96	.00041098	25.80	21.80	8.80	1.60
32	984.00	14.79	.00015073	24.80	22.40	8.20	2.00
33	1056.00	16.68	.00020968	20.10	17.00	4.80	1.30



Subroutine GEOSTA

SUBROUTINE GEOSTA

This subroutine retrieves cross-section data for a particular location along the river channel.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RIVGEO

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE NAMNOD

SUBROUTINE CHKEY

SUBROUTINE DDATE

SUBROUTINE GEODAT

SUBROUTINE DWRITE

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	working array KTEMP	none
/ELEMNT/	ICATEG, LEVEL, SUBLEVL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	LFLAG, DIST1, DIST2	none
/TIME/	JFLAG	none
/WORK/	W, WF1, WF2, DIST, NAME	SNAME, NCR
/OUTPUT/	IOUT, IPR	X, Y, MTIT, XTIT, YTIT, NPTS, NYEAR, IDATE, NRECORD
/PLOT/	none	XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT
/RIVCRO/	none	XDIS, YELEV
/SUB/	NKEYS, KEY	none

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, WF2, DF, SNAME, SUBLEVL, XTIT, YTIT, XUNIT, YUNIT,  
TUNIT

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1, WF2	working files
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
LFLAG	location-type index
DIST	river-mile
DIST1	starting river-mile
DIST2	ending river-mile
JFLAG	time-period type index
NAME	array containing river name
IØUT	output type index
IPR	data processing type index
NKEYS	total number of retrieval keys
KEY	retrieval key

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display
NCR	number of cross-sections retrieved
X	array containing transversal distances from a reference line

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
Y	array containing cross-section elevations
MTIT	array containing title of the graph
XTIT	title to be printed on the X-axis
YTIT	title to be printed on the Y-axis
NPTS	total number of data points
NYEAR	total number of years retrieved
IDATE	date of a cross-section
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved
XUNIT	unit to be printed on the X-axis
YUNIT	unit to be printed on the Y-axis
TUNIT	time-unit to be printed below the graph title
XDIS	array containing transversal distances from a reference line
YELEV	array containing cross-section elevations

Operation(s):

1. Read cross-section data from file DF.
2. Read key and write headings on output file W by calling subroutine NAMNOD.
3. Check for the desired location by calling subroutine CHKEY.
4. Check for the desired date by calling subroutine DDATE.
5. Write cross-section data on output file W by calling subroutine GEODAT.
6. Store the retrieved information on file WF1 by calling subroutine DWRITE.

Subroutine GEODAT

SUBROUTINE GEODAT (W, LEVEL, IOUT, IPR, NRECORD, IDATE, NPTS)

This subroutine writes channel cross-section data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RIVGEO

SUBROUTINE GEOSTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/RIVCRO/	XDIS, YELEV	none

Declarations:

INTEGER W

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
LEVEL	information level index
IOUT	output type index
IPR	data processing type index
IDATE	date of a data element
NPTS	number of points in a data set
XDIS	array containing transversal distances from a reference line
YELEV	array containing cross-section elevations

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved

Operation(s):

1. Write channel cross-section data on output file W.

Subroutine RIVSTR

SUBROUTINE RIVSTR

This subroutine is used to retrieve river control structure data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CATEG

SUBROUTINE CHKEY

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	not currently used here	
/ELEM/	LEVEL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	not currently used here	
/TIME/	not currently used here	
/WORK/	W, working array IY	IRETRIV, STNA, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, SNAME
/OUTPUT/	IOUT	YEAR NPTS, NRECORD
/RIVSTR/		STAGE, AREA
/SUB/	NKEYS	KEY

Declarations:

INTEGER W, DF, STNA, STNO, CTYP

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
DF	data file
LEVEL	information level index

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IOUT	output type index
NKEYS	total number of retrieval keys

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IRETRIV	index indicating success or failure of the data retrieval process
STNA	array containing station name
STNO	station number
DIST	river-mile
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of points in a data set
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved
STAGE	array containing stage values
AREA	array containing flow areas
KEY	retrieval key

Operation(s):

1. Read control structure data from file YAZSTRS through tape 18 (DF=18).
2. Check the correctness of the data file by calling subroutine CATEG.
3. Check for the desired location by calling subroutine CHKEY.
4. Write headings and the retrieved information on output file W.

Subroutine RIVRES

SUBROUTINE RIVRES

This subroutine is used to retrieve reservoir information.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CATEG

SUBROUTINE CHKEY

SUBROUTINE DWRITE

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	working array JTEMP	none
/ELEMT/	ICATEG, LEVEL, SUBLEVL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	not currently used here	
/TIME/	not currently used here	
/WORK/	W, WF1 working array IY	IRETRIV, NODE, DIST, LATI, LONG, NAME
/OUTPUT/	IOUT	X, Y, MTIT, XTIT, YTIT, YEAR, NPTS, NYEAR, DATE, FDATE, NRECORD
/PLOT/	none	XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT
/RIVRES/	none	GAHT, NRCP, SPIQ, NSCP, QVOL, NCCP, NXG, NXS, NXQ
/SUB/	NKEYS	KEY

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, DF, YEAR, DATE, SUBLEVL, XTIT, YTIT  
REAL MWSL, MXEL



Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1	working file
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
IOUT	output type index
NKEYS	total number of retrieval keys

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IRETRIV	index indicating success or failure of the data retrieval process
NODE	river node
DIST	river-mile
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
NAME	array containing reservoir name
X	array containing values of either dates, SPIQ, or QVOL
Y	array containing gate height values
MTIT	array containing title of the graph
XTIT	title to be put on X-axis
YTIT	title to be put on Y-axis
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of points in the data set
NYEAR	total number of years retrieved

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
DATE	array containing retrieved dates
FDATE	array containing floating values of retrieved dates
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved
XUNIT	unit to be printed on X-axis
YUNIT	unit to be printed on Y-axis
TUNIT	time-unit to be printed below graph title
GAHT	array containing gate height values
NRCP	number of data points on reservoir rule curve
SPIQ	array containing spillway discharge values (in CFS)
NSCP	number of data points on reservoir spillway curve
QVOL	array containing reservoir water volume, in cubic feet
NCCP	number of data points on reservoir capacity curve
NXG	working array for gate height data
NXS	working array for spillway discharge data
NXQ	working array for reservoir water volume data
KEY	retrieval key

Operation(s):

1. Read reservoir data from file YAZSTRS through tape 18 (DF=18).
2. Check the correctness of the data file by calling subroutine CATEG.
3. Check for the desired location by calling subroutine CHKEY.
4. Write headings for displaying reservoir data.
5. Read and write "rule curve" data if SUBLEVL = RULE CURVE.
6. Read and write "spillway curve" data if SUBLEVL = SPILLWAY CURVE.

7. Read and write "capacity curve" data if SUBLEVL = CAPACITY CURVE.
8. Write the retrieved information on file WF1 by calling subroutine DWRITE.

Subroutine STADISC

SUBROUTINE STADISC

This subroutine manages river stage/discharge data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CATEG

SUBROUTINE WSTD

SUBROUTINE RSTD

SUBROUTINE STDVAL

SUBROUTINE DWRITE

SUBROUTINE WSTDS

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG, LEVEL, SUBLEVL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	LFLAG	none
/TIME/	not currently used here	
/WORK/	W, WF1, NAME working array IY	IRETRIV, STNA, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, SNAME, NYRS, TYPE
/OUTPUT/	IOUT, IPR	NPTS, NRECORD
/PLOT/	not currently used here	
/STADIS/	not currently used here	
/SUB/	not currently used here	

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, DF, STNA, STNO, TYPE, SNAME, SUBLEVL  
 REAL MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1	working file
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
LFLAG	location type index
NAME	array containing river name
IOUT	output type index
IPR	data processing type index

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IRETRIV	index indicating success or failure of the data retrieval process
STNA	array containing station name
STNO	station number
DIST	river-mile
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
GAGO	gage -zero elevation (in FT.)
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display
NYRS	number of years having records
TYPE	data type

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
NPTS	number of points in a data set
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved

Operation(s):

1. Check data category index. If ICATEG = 8 (discharge), read discharge data from file YAZDISC through tape 14 (DF=14). If ICATEG = 9 (river stage), read river stage data from file YAZSTAG through tape 13 (DF=13).
2. Check the correctness of the data file by calling subroutine CATEG.
3. If data for a particular location is desired, call subroutine STDSTA. Otherwise, write headings for information display by calling subroutine WSTD.
4. Continue reading stage/discharge data from file DF by calling subroutine RSTD.
5. Process the information to get monthly mean, minimum and maximum values by calling subroutine STDVAL.
6. Write the retrieved information on file WF1 by calling subroutine DWRITE.
7. Display stage/discharge information with summary statistics on output file W by calling subroutine WSTDS.

Subroutine STDSTA

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

This subroutine retrieves river stage/discharge data for one particular gaging station.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE STADISC

Subprogram(s) Called by This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CHKEY

SUBROUTINE WSTD

SUBROUTINE RSTD

SUBROUTINE STDVAL

SUBROUTINE DWRITE

SUBROUTINE WSTDS

SUBROUTINE DYEAR

SUBROUTINE RANGE

SUBROUTINE LEAPYR

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG, LEVEL, SUBLEVL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	not currently used here	
/TIME/	JFLAG, JSTART, JEND, ND1 JYR1, ND2, JYR2	none
/WORK/	W, WF1, NAME working variable NX working arrays IY, ITEMP	STNA, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, SNAME, NYRS, TYPE, LEAP
/OUTPUT/	IOUT, IPR	X, Y, XTIT, YTIT, YEAR NPTS, NYEAR, NRECORD
/PLOT/	MØ	XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/STADIS/	none	MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX, DVALUE, NDAY, FVALUE
/SUB/	NKEYS	KEY

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, DF, STNA, STNO, TYPE, YEAR, SNAME, SUBLEVL, XTIT,  
YTIT, XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT  
REAL MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1	working file
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
JFLAG	time-period type index
JSTART	starting time desired
JEND	ending time desired
ND1	order of a starting date in a given year
JYR1	corresponding year for a given starting date
ND2	order of an ending date in a given year
JYR2	corresponding year for a given ending date
NAME	array containing river name
IOUT	output type index
IPR	data processing type index



<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
MØ	array containing months of the year
NKEYS	total number of retrieval keys

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
STNA	array containing station name
STNO	station number
DIST	river-mile
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
GAGO	gage -zero elevation (in FT.)
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display
NYRS	number of years having records
TYPE	data type
LEAP	leap year index
X	array containing stage/discharge data
Y	array containing stage/discharge data
XTIT	title to be printed on X-axis
YTIT	title to be printed on Y-axis
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of points in a data set
NYEAR	total number of years retrieved
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved
XUNIT	unit to be printed on X-axis
YUNIT	unit to be printed on Y-axis
TUNIT	time-unit to be printed below the graph title

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
MØAVG	array containing monthly average stage/discharge value
MØMIN	array containing monthly minimum stage/discharge value
MØMAX	array containing monthly maximum stage/discharge value
DVALUE	array containing daily values in a year
NDAY	array containing numbers of days in a month for a year
FVALUE	array containing daily values in a month
KEY	retrieval key

Operation(s):

1. Read stage/discharge data from file DF.
2. Check for the desired location by calling subroutine CHKEY.
3. Write headings for displaying stage/discharge information by calling subroutine WSTD.
4. Continue reading stage/discharge data by calling subroutine RSTD.
5. Begin data retrieval process according to time-period type index.
6. Process the information to get monthly mean, minimum and maximum values by calling subroutine STDVAL.
7. Write the retrieved information on file WF1 by calling subroutine DWRITE.
8. Display stage/discharge information with summary statistics on output file W by calling subroutine WSTD.

Subroutine RSTD

SUBROUTINE RSTD (DF)

This subroutine reads stage/discharge data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE STADISC

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE LEAPYR

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/STADIS/	NDAY	DVALUE
/WORK/	working variable NX working arrays IY, ITEMP	LEAP
/OUTPUT/	none	X, YEAR, NPTS

Declarations:

INTEGER DF, YEAR

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
DF	data file
NDAY	array containing numbers of days in a month for a year

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
DVALUE	array containing daily values in a year
LEAP	leap year index
X	array containing stage/discharge values
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of points in a data set

Operation(s):

1. Check whether the given year is a leap year or not by calling subroutine LEAPYR.
2. Read the whole year of daily stage/discharge values and store in the array DVALUE.

Subroutine STDVAL

SUBROUTINE STDVAL (W, ICATEG, LEVEL, DISTOT, FLOWH, MAXMO, MAXDAY,  
FLOWL, MINMO, MINDAY, NMON, MSTART)

This subroutine retrieves and processes stage/discharge data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE STADISC

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE RANGE

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/STADIS/	DVALUE, NDAY	MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX FVALUE
/PLOT/	MO	none
/OUTPUT/	YEAR	X, NPTS

Declarations:

INTEGER W  
REAL MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
NMON	number of months
MSTART	starting month
NDAY	array containing numbers of days in a month for a year
MO	array containing months of the year

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
YEAR	year of the data set
DVALUE	array containing daily values in a year

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
DISTOT	yearly total
FLOWH	maximum discharge/stage in a year
MAXMO	month having maximum discharge/stage
MAXDAY	day having maximum discharge/stage
FLOWL	minimum discharge/stage in a year
MINMO	month having minimum discharge/stage
MINDAY	day having minimum discharge/stage
MOAVG	array containing monthly average discharge/stage
MOMIN	array containing monthly minimum discharge/stage
MOMAX	array containing monthly maximum discharge/stage
FVALUE	array containing daily values in a month
X	array containing stage/discharge values
NPTS	number of points in a data set

Operation(s):

1. Write table headings if display option is desired.
2. Process stage/discharge data to get MINMO, MINDAY, FLOWL, MAXMO, MAXDAY, FLOWH and DISTOT.
3. Call subroutine RANGE to get MOMIN and MOMAX.

Subroutine WSTDS

SUBROUTINE WSTDS (W, ICATEG, IOUT, NPTS, DISTOT, FLOWH, MAXMO, MAXDAY,  
FLOWL, MINMO, MINDAY)

This subroutine displays stage/discharge information with summary statistics.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE STADISC

SUBROUTINE STDSTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/STADIS/	MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX, DVALUE	none
/PLOT/	MO	

Declarations:

INTEGER W  
REAL MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
ICATEG	data category index
IOUT	output type index
NPTS	number of points in a data set
DISTOT	yearly total
FLOWH	maximum stage/discharge in a year
MAXMO	month having maximum stage/discharge
MAXDAY	day having maximum stage/discharge
FLOWL	minimum stage/discharge in a year

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
MINMO	month having minimum stage/discharge
MINDAY	day having minimum stage/discharge
MOAVG	array containing monthly average stage/discharge
MOMIN	array containing monthly minimum stage/discharge
NOMAX	array containing monthly maximum stage/discharge
DVALUE	array containing daily values in a year
MO	array containing months of the year

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Write daily stage/discharge values on output file W, in a table format.
2. Write summary statistics of stage/discharge data for that year.



Subroutine PRECIP

## SUBROUTINE PRECIP

This subroutine manages precipitation data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM GETDATA

SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CATEG

SUBROUTINE PREDAT

SUBROUTINE PRESTA

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG, LEVEL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	LFLAG	none
/TIME/	not currently used here	
/WORK/	W, NAME working array IY	IRETRIV, STNA, STNO, LATI, LONG, GELEV, NYRS, TYPE, SNAME
/OUTPUT/	none	NRECORD
/PLOT/	MO	none
/STADIS/	none	JVAL
/SUB/	not currently used here	

Declarations:

INTEGER W, DF, STNA, STNO, TYPE, SNAME, SUBLEVL  
REAL MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
DF	data file

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
LFLAG	location type index
NAME	basin name
MO	array containing months of the year

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IRETRIV	index indicating success or failure of the data retrieval process
STNA	array containing station name
STNO	station number
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
GELEV	station mean elevation (in FT.) above MSL
NYRS	number of years having records
TYPE	data type
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved
JVAL	array containing hourly values for a day

Operation(s):

1. Read precipitation data from file YAZRAIN through tape 17 (DF=17).
2. Check the correctness of the data file by calling subroutine CATEG.
3. If data for a particular station is desired, call subroutine PRESTA.
4. Write headings for displaying precipitation information on output file W by calling subroutine PREDAT.
5. Calculate daily total from hourly data.
6. Write hourly data and daily total value on output file W.
7. Return value of retrieval index (IRETRIV).

Subroutine PRESTA

SUBROUTINE PRESTA

This subroutine retrieves precipitation data for one particular station.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE PRECIP

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CHKEY

SUBROUTINE PREDAT

SUBROUTINE LEAPYR

SUBROUTINE DORDER

SUBROUTINE DWRITE

SUBROUTINE WHRAIN

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG, LEVEL, SUBLEVL, DF	none
/LOCATE/	not currently used here	
/TIME/	JFLAG, JSTART, JEND, ND1, JYR1, ND2, JYR2	none
/WORK/	W, WF1, working variable NX working array IY	STNA, SNAME, STNO, LATI, LONG, TYPE, NYRS, GELEV, LEAP
/OUTPUT/	IOUT	X, MTIT, XTIT, YTIT, YEAR, NPTS, NYEAR NRECORD
/PLOT/	MO	XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT
/STADIS/	NDAY	MOAVG, DVALUE, FVALUE, JVAL, HVALUE
/SUB/	NKEYS	KEY

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, DF, STNA, STNO, TYPE, YEAR, SNAME, SUBLEVEL, GELEV,  
 XTIT, YTIT, XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT  
 REAL MOAVG

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1	working file
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
LEVEL	information level index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
JFLAG	time-period type index
JSTART	starting time desired
JEND	ending time desired
ND1	order of the starting date in a given year
JYR1	corresponding year for a given starting date
ND2	order of the ending date in a given year
JYR2	corresponding year for a given ending date
IOUT	output type index
MO	array containing months of the year
NDAY	array containing numbers of days in a month for a year
NKEYS	total number of retrieval keys

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
STNA	array containing station name
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
STNO	station number
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
TYPE	data type
NYRS	number of years having records
GELEV	station mean elevation (in FT.) above MSL
LEAP	leap year index
X	array containing daily precipitation values
MTIT	array containing title of the graph
XTIT	title to be printed on X-axis
YTIT	title to be printed on Y-axis
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of points in a data set
NYEAR	total number of years retrieved
NRECORD	total number of records retrieved
XUNIT	unit to be printed on X-axis
YUNIT	unit to be printed on Y-axis
TUNIT	time-unit to be printed below the graph title
MOAVG	array containing monthly totals
DVALUE	array containing daily values in a year
FVALUE	array containing daily values in a month
JVAL	array containing hourly values in a day
HVALUE	array containing hourly values in a year
KEY	retrieval key

Operation(s) :

1. Read precipitation data from file DF.

2. Check for the desired location by calling subroutine CHKEY.
3. Write headings for displaying precipitation information on output file W by calling subroutine PREDAT.
4. Check for leap year by calling subroutine LEAPYR.
5. Retrieve precipitation data according to time-period type index.
6. Write the retrieved information on file WF1 by calling subroutine DWRITE.
7. If hourly values are desired for display, call subroutine WHRAIN. Otherwise write daily values and monthly summary on output file W.

Subroutine PREDAT

SUBROUTINE PREDAT

This subroutine writes headings for displaying precipitation information.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE PRECIP

SUBROUTINE PRESTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/WORK/	W, SNAME, STNO, LATI, LONG, GELEV, TYPE, NYRS	none

Declarations:

INTEGER W, TYPE, GELEV

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
SNAME	array containing complete station name for display
STNO	station number
LATI	station latitude
LONG	station longitude
GELEV	station mean elevation (in FT.) above MSL
TYPE	data type
NYRS	number of years having records

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Write headings for displaying precipitation information on output file W.



Subroutine WHRAIN

SUBROUTINE WHRAIN (I, W, IYR, NPTS)

This subroutine writes hourly values and monthly total for a month.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE PRESTA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/STADIS/	MOAVG, NDAY, HVALUE	none
/PLOT/	MO	none

Declarations:

INTEGER W

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
I	index for month I
W	output file
IYR	year of the data set
NPTS	number of points in the data set
MOAVG	array containing monthly totals
NDAY	array containing numbers of days in a month for a year
HVALUE	array containing hourly values in a year
MO	array containing months of the year

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Write hourly values and monthly total for month I on output file W.

## VI. DATA PROCESSING

The task of data processing operations is to extract useful information from the raw data which are stored in the data bank. Thus data retrieval and processing are two closely related operations. The first retrieves the desired data set and prepares it for further manipulation by the second.

Data processing operations are carried out by various processing components and coordinated by the program PROCESS. All these program and subprograms constitute OVERLAY (2,0) of the YAZDB package. A flowchart of the overall structure of this overlay is presented in Figure 6. The following is a comprehensive description of the program PROCESS and related subroutines. Flowcharts of various data processing operations are also given in Appendix B.

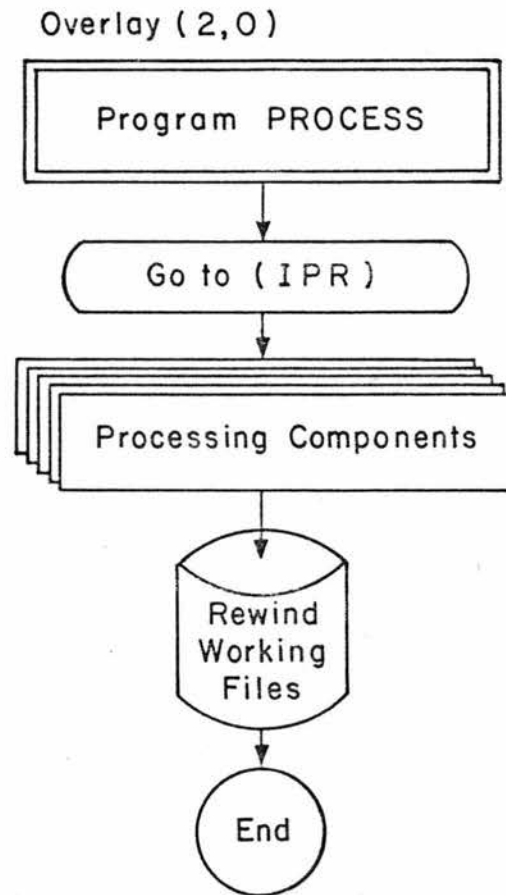


Figure 6. FLOWCHART FOR DATA PROCESSING.

Program PROCESS

## PROGRAM PROCESS

This program executes data processing commands and coordinates the operations of related subprograms.

Program(s) Calling This Program;

PROGRAM YAZDB

Subprogram(s) Called By This Program:

SUBROUTINE DREAD

SUBROUTINE RANGE

SUBROUTINE CDFPDF

SUBROUTINE XMIN

SUBROUTINE PINV

SUBROUTINE DWRITE

SUBROUTINE LEAPYR

SUBROUTINE SWITCH

SUBROUTINE PLSQ

SUBROUTINE PEVAL

SUBROUTINE YXMIN

SUBROUTINE YXMAX

SUBROUTINE DCONVRT

SUBROUTINE DSTAT

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG, SUBLEVL	none
/INFORM/	not currently used here	
/TIME/	JFLAG	none

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/WORK/	W, WF1, WF2, WF3, DIST GAGO, FIXQ, IYEAR, NCR, LEAP working variables NX,NY, NZ, IZ	none
/OUTPUT/	IOUT, YEAR, NPTS, NYEAR NDATA, IPR	X, Y, MTIT, XTIT, YTIT, CA, CB
/PLOT/	MO	XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT
/STADIS/	NDAY	DVALUE
/RIVCRO/	XDIS, YELEV	

Declarations

INTEGER W, WF1, WF2, WF3, YEAR, SUBLEVL, XTIT, YTIT, XUNIT, YUNIT,  
TUNIT

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1, WF2, WF3	working files
ICATEG	data category index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
JFLAG	time-period type index
DIST	river-mile
GAGO	gage -zero elevation (in FT.)
FIXQ	a given discharge (in CFS.)
IYEAR	array containing retrieved years
NCR	number of retrieved cross-sections
LEAP	leap year index
IOUT	output type index
YEAR	year of a data set
NPTS	number of points in a data set

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
NYEAR	total number of years retrieved
NDATA	total number of data points
IPR	data processing type index
MO	array containing months of the year
NDAY	array containing numbers of days in a month for a year
XDIS	array containing transversal distances from a reference line
YELEV	array containing cross-section elevations

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	array containing abscissa of points to be plotted
Y	array containing ordinates of points to be plotted
MTIT	array containing title of the graph
XTIT	title to be printed on X-axis
YTIT	title to be printed on Y-axis
XUNIT	unit to be printed on X-axis
YUNIT	unit to be printed on Y-axis
TUNIT	time-unit to be printed below the graph title
CA	arrays containing regression coefficients in a power function curve fitting
CB	arrays containing regression coefficients in a power function curve fitting
DVALUE	array containing daily cumulative rainfall in a year

Operation(s):

1. Activate data processing operations according to the value of IPR index.
2. For frequency analysis, call subroutine DREAD first to get the data from working file WF1, then call subroutines RANGE and CDFPDF to get the desired information.
3. For thalweg level computation, use subroutine XMIN to get the lowest point XLOW in each cross-section, then store DIST and XLOW in arrays X and Y respectively.
4. To investigate the changes in river stage for a given discharge FIXQ over years, a regression analysis of stage-discharge data is carried out first. In this operation, subroutine PLSQ is called to get the coefficients A1 and B1 of a power function giving the best fit to the given data set of each year. Values of A1 and B1 are then stored in the two arrays CA and CB. An inverse operation is then carried out by subroutine PINV to get a value of the stage for a given FIXQ for each year, based on each pair of values of CA and CB. The various values of the stage over the years are stored in the array Y and the corresponding years are saved in the array X.
5. To get cumulative daily rainfall from daily rainfall data, each year of records is read-in first by subroutine DREAD, a summation operation is then carried out, and finally the result is saved in file WF2 by calling subroutine DWRITE. Additional operations are also provided to display the result on output file W.
6. For regression analysis, subroutines DREAD and PLSQ are called successively to read-in stage-discharge data and perform a power function curve fitting operation for each year.
7. To generate discharge hydrograph from stage hydrograph, subroutines DREAD and PEVAL are called to successively read-in the stage data from file WF1 and solve the power function which were obtained previously through a regression analysis operation performed on the corresponding stage-discharge data set. Subroutine DWRITE is then called to save the result on file WF3. An exchange of data files is finally performed to have the result stored on file WF1.
8. To generate stage hydrograph from discharge hydrograph, similar operations as described in (7) are used. But in this case, subroutine PEVAL is replaced by subroutine PINV to solve the inverse problem.
9. To find minimum/maximum value for a given data set, subroutine YXMIN or YXMAX is called and subroutine DCONVRT is used to convert an order in a year into a date before displaying the result on output file W.



10. To calculate the basic statistics of a given data set, subroutine DSTAT is called.

Subroutine CDFPDF

SUBROUTINE CDFPDF (MULT, IPLT, XMAX, XMIN)

This subroutine computes a discrete probability density function and its corresponding cumulative density function for a given sample X of size NDATA. The result will be printed or plotted according to value of IPLT index.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/WORK/	W, WF1	none
/OUTPUT/	IOUT, MTIT, XTIT, IPR, NPTS, NYEAR, NDATA	YTIT
/PLOT/	LINES	XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT

Declarations:

```
INTEGER W, WF1, XTIT, YTIT, XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT
DIMENSION PDFX(50), CDFX(50), V(50), OFEQ(50), IXT(8), IYT(8)
```

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1	working file
IOUT	output type index
IPR	data processing type index
MTIT	array containing title of the graph
XTIT	title to be printed on X-axis
NPTS	number of points in a data set

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
NYEAR	total number of years used in the analysis
NDATA	total number of data points
LINES	number of lines used to plot by a line printer
MULT	year number
IPLT	plotting index
XMAX	maximum value in the data set
XMIN	minimum value in the data set

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
YTIT	title to be printed on Y-axis
XUNIT	unit to be printed on X-axis
YUNIT	unit to be printed on Y-axis
TUNIT	time-unit to be printed below the graph title

Operation(s):

1. Calculate the observed frequency and store the result in array OFEQ.
2. Calculate the discrete cumulative frequency function and the relative frequency histogram, and store the results in arrays CDFX and PDFX respectively.
3. Prepare for plotting by plotting subroutines.

Subroutine PLSQ

SUBROUTINE PLSQ(A1, B1, RC, SBAR)

This subroutine conducts a least-squares curve fitting of power function  $Y = A1*(X**B1)$ .

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/OUTPUT/	X, Y, NPTS	none

Declarations:

none

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
X	array containing values of the independent variable
Y	array containing values of the dependent variable
NPTS	total number of points

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
A1, B1	regression coefficients obtained for the power function
RC	correlation coefficient
SBAR	standard error

Operation(s):

1. Check for non-null values of X and Y and take logarithms of all values obtained.

2. Fit a linear equation to the transformed data: get  $B_1$  and  $\log(A_1)$ .  
Thus  $A_1 = e^{\log(A_1)}$ .
3. Calculate the correlation coefficient  $RC$  and the standard error  $SBAR$ .

Subroutine PEVAL

SUBROUTINE PEVAL (XX, YY, A1, B1, ANEW, BNEW)

This subroutine evaluates YY from XX by the power function

$$YY = A1*(XX**B1)$$

and return the coefficients of the inverse function

$$XX = ANEW*(YY**BNEW).$$

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
none		

Declarations:

none

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
XX	a given value of the independent variable
A1, B1	a set of coefficients of the power function for a given year

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
YY	calculated value of the dependent variable
ANEW, BNEW	a set of coefficients of the inverse function

Operation(s):

1. Evaluate YY from XX by the relation:  $YY = A1*(XX**B1)$ .

2. Calculate ANEW AND BNEW:

$$BNEW = 1./B1 \quad , \quad ANEW = (1./A1)**BNEW.$$

Subroutine PINV

SUBROUTINE PINV(XX, YY, A1, B1, ANEW, BNEW)

This subroutine evaluates XX from YY by the inverse of the power function  $YY = A1*(XX**B1)$ .

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM PROCESS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
-------------------	---	---

none

Declarations:

none

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
YY	a given value of the "dependent" variable
A1, B1	a set of coefficients of a given power function

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
XX	calculated value of the "independent" variable
ANEW, BNEW	a set of coefficients of the inverse function

Operation(s):

1. Calculate ANEW and BNEW:

$$BNEW = 1./B1 \quad , \quad ANEW = (1./A1)**BNEW.$$

2. Calculate XX from YY by the relation:

$$XX = ANEW*(YY**BNEW).$$

## VII. INFORMATION DISPLAY

The Yazoo Data Storage and Retrieval System has options for two types of plotting. One option allows plotting on Tektronix graphics terminals while the second allows for page printer plots. The user can select between two options on retrieval operations. When processing is done on a data management job, only the Tektronix option is available.

The Tektronix plotting option uses the Tektronix 4010A01 Plot-10 Level 1 and the 4010A02 Plot-10 Advanced Graphing II Level 1 plotting packages. These packages were written by Tektronix for their graphics terminals and are maintained on user libraries at the Boeing Computer Center, Seattle, Washington. The library must be linked to the base program if any Tektronix plotting is desired. To obtain graphs with the best possible appearance, the program uses those Plot 10 subroutines that are designed for a Tektronix model 4014-1 terminal with the Enhanced Graphics option installed. Plotting on other Tektronix terminals will still be possible, but graph quality will be somewhat less. A users manual describing the individual subroutines of the plotting package may be obtained from the Boeing Computer Center Consulting Group.

The page plot option uses program internal subroutines, therefore no external libraries are required. The only hardware required for the page plotting is a 130 line printer.

The information display component constitutes OVERLAY (3,0) of the YAZDB package. Figure 7 presents a flowchart of the overall structure of this component. Following is a comprehensive description of program DOUTPUT and related subroutines, excluding those already described by the Boeing Computer Manual.



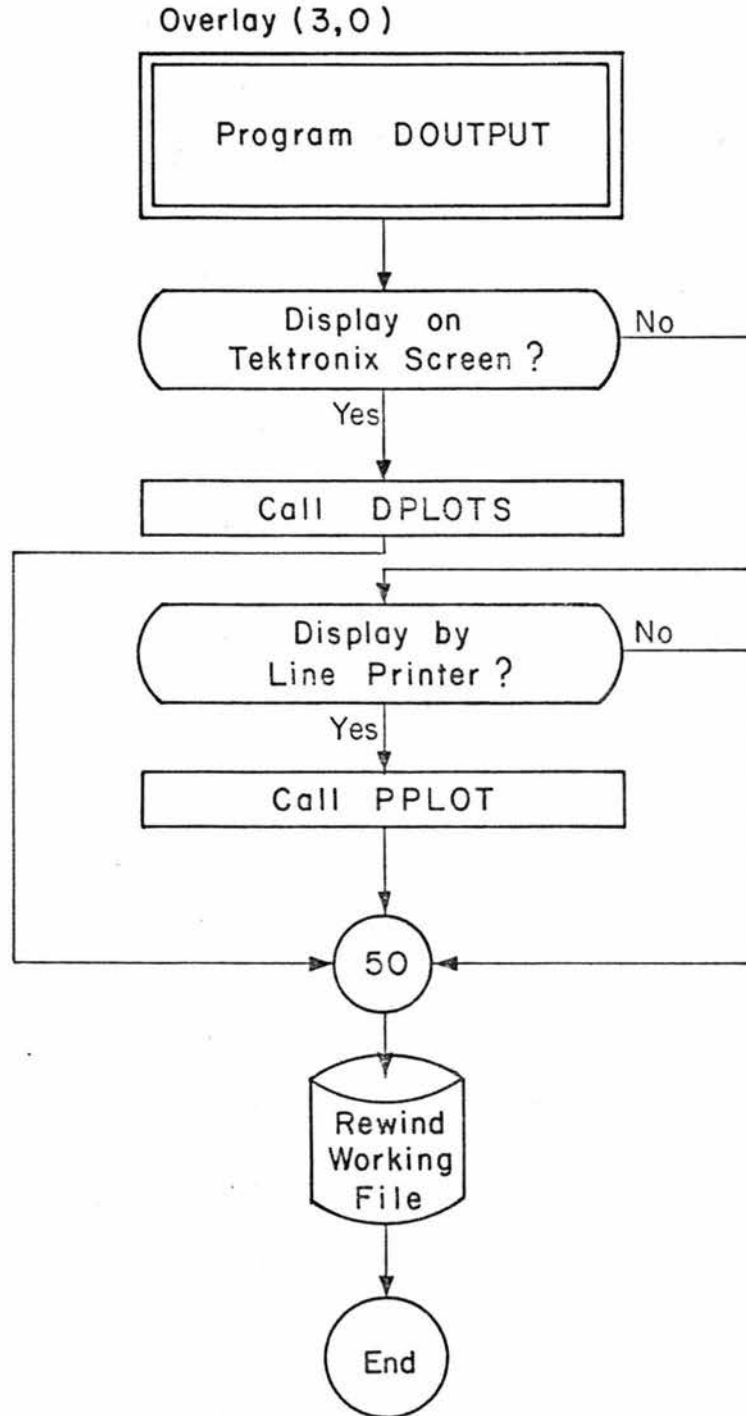


Figure 7. FLOWCHART FOR INFORMATION DISPLAY.

Program DOUTPUT

## PROGRAM DOUTPUT

This program activates the operations of two plotting routines: DPLOTS for displaying the result on a Tektronix screen, and PPLOTS for displaying the result by a line printer.

Program(s) Calling This Program:

PROGRAM YAZDB

Subroutine(s) Called By This Program:

SUBROUTINE PPLOTS

SUBROUTINE DPLOTS

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	working variable ICOM	none
/ELEM/	not currently used here	
/WORK/	W, WF1	none
/OUTPUT/	none	ITEK
/PLOT/	not currently used here	
/RIVCRO/	not currently used here	
/STADIS/	not currently used here	

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1	working file

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ITEK	Tektronix plotting flag (ITEK=YES)

Operation(s):

1. Flag plotting operation to one of the two subroutines: DLOTS or PLOTS.

Subroutine PLOTS

## SUBROUTINE PLOTS

This subroutine displays the information by a line printer.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM DOUTPUT

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE DREAD

SUBROUTINE RANGE

SUBROUTINE AXISTL

SUBROUTINE SWITCH

SUBROUTINE PLTITL

SUBROUTINE MULPLOT

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	not currently used here	
/ELEM/	ICATEG, SUBLEVL	none
/WORK/	W, WF1, GAGO	none
/OUTPUT/	X, Y, MTIT, NPTS, NYEAR IPR	none
/PLOT/	not currently used here	
/RIVCRO/	not currently used here	
/STADIS/	not currently used here	

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
W	output file
WF1	working file

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ICATEG	data category index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
GAGO	gage -zero elevation (in FT.)
X	array containing abscissa of data points to be plotted
Y	array containing ordinates of data points to be plotted
MTIT	array containing title of the graph
NPTS	total number of points to be plotted
NYEAR	total number of years of data to be plotted
IPR	data processing type index

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
MOST	maximum number of graphs (limited to 3)
ISYMBOL	symbol used for each graph

Operation(s):

1. Read-in data from file WF1 by calling subroutine DREAD.
2. Call subroutine RANGE to determine lower and upper bounds on the values of X and Y for automatic frame scaling.
3. Call subroutine AXISTL to define units of measure on the axes.
4. Call subroutine PLTITL to write title of the graph.
5. Call subroutine MULPLOT to plot the desired curves.

Subroutine AXISTL

SUBROUTINE AXISTL (ICATEG)

This subroutine defines units of measure on the axes.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE PLOTS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Block:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/PLOT/	none	LINES, XUNIT, YUNIT IOPT

Declarations:

none

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ICATEG	data category index

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
LINES	number of lines to be plotted by a line printer
XUNIT	unit on the X-axis
YUNIT	unit on the Y-axis
IOPT	plotting option

Operation(s):

1. Define and return the values of the variables LINES, XUNIT, YUNIT, IOPT.

Subroutine PLTITL

SUBROUTINE PLTITL (ICATEG, IPLOT, ISYMBOL)

This subroutine writes title of the graph.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE PPLOTS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/WORK/	W	none
/OUTPUT/	IPR, YEAR, IDATE, NPTS	none

Declarations:

INTEGER W, YEAR

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ICATEG	data category index
IPLOT	plot number
ISYMBOL	symbol used for plotting
W	output file
YEAR	year of the data set
IDATE	date of the data set
NPTS	number of points in the data set

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Write title of the graph on output file W.

Subroutine DPLOTS

SUBROUTINE DPLOTS

This subroutine coordinates plotting operations on a Tektronix screen.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM DOUTPUT

Subprogram(s) Called by This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE DREAD

SUBROUTINE RANGE

SUBROUTINE ERASE

SUBROUTINE BINITT

SUBROUTINE TERM

SUBROUTINE SLIMX

SUBROUTINE SLIMY

SUBROUTINE TOUTPT

SUBROUTINE GETINFO

SUBROUTINE TOASCII

SUBROUTINE CHRISZ

SUBROUTINE MOVABS

SUBROUTINE HLABEL

SUBROUTINE VLABEL

SUBROUTINE NPTS

SUBROUTINE DLIMX

SUBROUTINE DLIMY

SUBROUTINE CHECK

SUBROUTINE DSPLAY

SUBROUTINE DRWABS



SUBROUTINE CPLOT  
 SUBROUTINE TINPUT  
 SUBROUTINE AHMODE  
 SUBROUTINE TSEND

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/INFORM/	not currently used here	
/ELEM/	ICATEG, SUBLEVL	none
/WORK/	W, WF1, GAGO	none
/OUTPUT/	X, Y, MTIT, XTIT, YTIT YEAR, NPTS, NYEAR, IDATE, IPR	none
/PLOT/	XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT	none
/RIVCRO/	not currently used here	
/STADIS/	not currently used here	

Declarations:

INTEGER W, WF1, YEAR, SUBLEVL, XTIT, YTIT, XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT  
 DIMENSION HEADER (10), IOUT (100), IDASH (5)

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ICATEG	data category index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
W	output file
WF1	working file
GAGØ	gage -zero elevation (in FT.)
X	array containing abscissa of data points to be plotted
Y	array containing ordinates of data points to be plotted

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
MTIT	array containing title of the graph
XTIT	title to be printed on X-axis
YTIT	title to be printed on Y-axis
YEAR	year of the data set
NPTS	total number of points to be plotted
NYEAR	total number of years to be plotted
IDATE	date of the data set
IPR	data processing type index
XUNIT	unit on the X-axis
YUNIT	unit on the Y-axis
TUNIT	time-unit to be printed below the graph title

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Operation(s):

1. Read-in data from file WF1 by calling subroutine DREAD.
2. Call subroutine RANGE to determine lower and upper bounds on the values of X and Y for automatic frame scaling.
3. Read-in headings by calling subroutine GETINFO.
4. Set printer positions and character sizes for plotting horizontal and vertical graph titles.
5. Plot the first graph and write vertical and horizontal title, and headings.
6. Plot subsequent graphs.

Subroutine GETINFO

SUBROUTINE GETINFO (IPR, HEADER)

This subroutine provides headings for Tektronix display.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE DPLOTS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	ICATEG, SUBLEVL	none
/WORK/	FIXQ	none

Declarations:

INTEGER SUBLEVL  
DIMENSION HEADER(3)

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IPR	data processing type index
ICATEG	data category index
SUBLEVL	information sublevel
FIXQ	a given discharge value (in CFS.)

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
HEADER	array containing headings of the graph

Operation(s):

1. Define headings for various graph plottings and return the results.

Subroutine TOASCII

SUBROUTINE TOASCII (IARY, NCHAR, NEW)

This subroutine provides suitable character code for display on Tektronix screen.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE DPLOTS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
none		

Declarations:

```
INTEGER X
DIMENSION ITABL(52), IARY(10), NEW(NCHAR)
```

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IARY	array of characters to be displayed
NCHAR	number of characters to be converted

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
NEW	array of new character codes

Operation(s):

1. Convert titles of the graph to suitable codes for display and return the results.

### VIII. DATA UPDATING

Data updating operations consist of the deletion of some existing information elements in a data file, additions of some new data values, or changes in the contents of some data sets. The Cyber 175 computer system operated by the Boeing Company already has a very powerful text editor to help data managers carry out the above operations. However, the development of a data updating component for the quick editing of some specific information elements in the various data files of the Yazoo data base is still needed. This component consists of the program UPDATA and related subroutines, each of which deals with one particular data category. The overall structure of the data updating program package is presented in Figure 8. To start the data updating operations, the procedure file -YAZUP is used. The response of the computer will be as follows:

```

                                YAZOO DATA UPDATING PACKAGE
TO USE, FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS

KEY-IN THE COMMAND WORD "UPDATE" WITH THE DESIRED DATA CATEGORY TO BE UPDATED

The user then keys in the desired data category (i.e., data file name)
to be updated and follows the instructions appearing on the Tektronix
screen. Following are some examples to illustrate the various features
of the program UPDATA.
```

EXAMPLE 1: Correct a river name in the Descriptive Data File.

(Change LT TALLAHATCHIE RIVER to TALLAHATCHIE RIVER)

(a) Interactive Inputs:

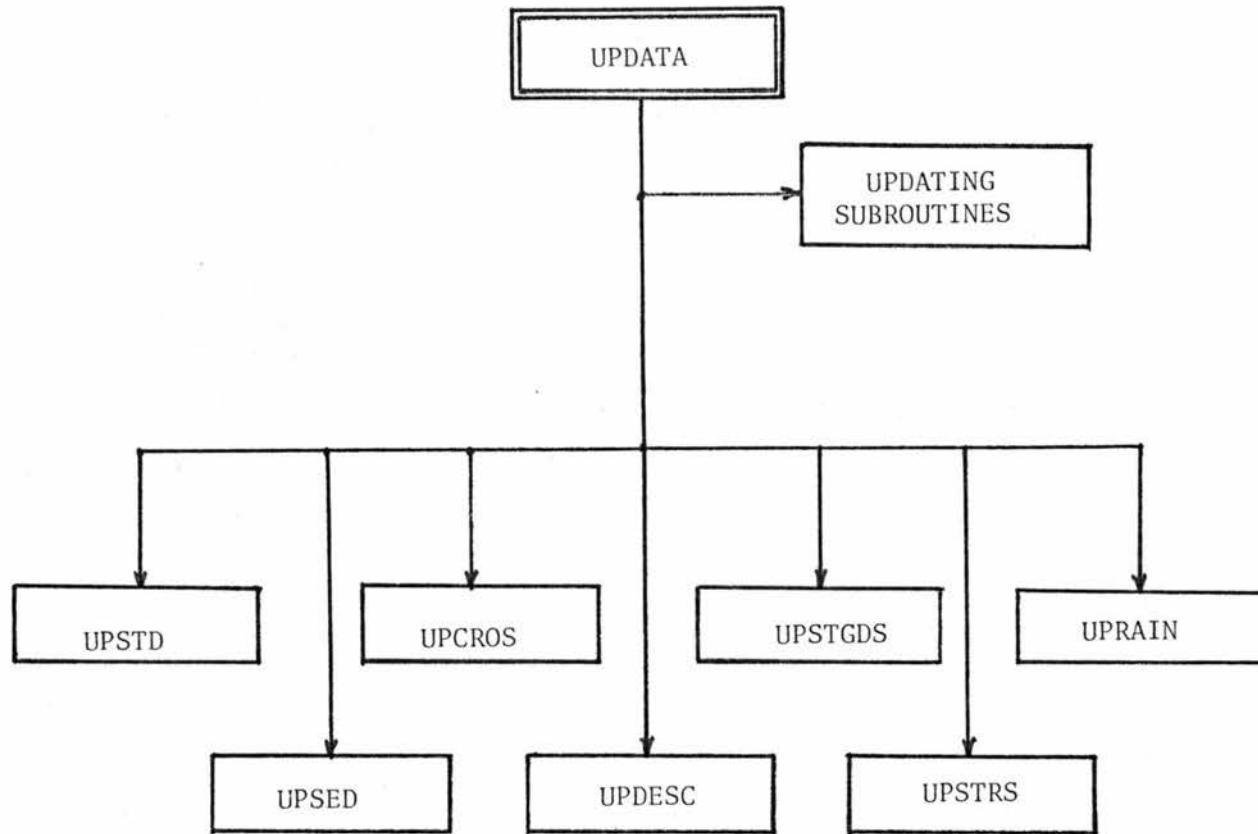


Figure 8. OVERALL STRUCTURE OF THE DATA UPDATING PROGRAM

```

I>UPDATE,RIVER DESCRIPTION
KEY-IN LOCATION COMMAND

I>LOCATION,RIVER,LT TALLAHATCHIE RIVER
RIVLT TALLAHATCHIE RIVER                                102
EDIT ANY INFORMATION ON THIS CARD IMAGE (0-NO, 1-YES)
I>1
SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS:
  1--DELETE
  2--ADD
  3--CHANGE
I>3
ENTER THE INFORMATION ELEMENT NUMBER TO BE UPDATED
  1--RIVER CODE
  2--RIVER NAME
  3--RIVER NODE
  4--ALL
I>2
ENTER THE DESIRED RIVER NAME (3A10)
I>TALLAHATCHIE RIVER
DO YOU WISH TO
  1--RE-EDIT
  2--GO ON
  3--STOP
I>3
DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE UPDATING THE INFORMATION IN THIS DATA BANK (0-NO,1-YES)
I>0
.822 CP SECONDS EXECUTION TIME
C>-UPDESC

```

(b) Result:

```

RIVTALLAHATCHIE RIVER                                102

```

EXAMPLE 2: Correct a gaging station name in the Stage-Discharge Data File.(Change AT BELZONI to NR BELZONI by editing the whole location description card).

(a) Interactive Inputs:

```

I>UPDATE,STAGE DISCHARGE
KEY-IN LOCATION COMMAND

I>LOCATION,STATION LOCATED AT BELZONI
IST4 AT BELZONI                                353 116.1033 10 02 90 29 35 76.023INTER 10
EDIT ANY INFORMATION ON THIS CARD IMAGE (0-NO, 1-YES)
I>1
SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
  1--DELETE
  2--ADD
  3--CHANGE
I>3

```

```

THE WHOLE CARD IMAGE (0-NO, 1-YES)
I>1
ENTER THE CONTENT OF THE CARD IMAGE
I>IST4 NR BELZONI          353 116.1033 10 02 90 29 35 76.023INTER 10
DO YOU WISH TO
  1--RE-EDIT
  2--GO ON
  3--STOP
I>3
DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE UPDATING THE INFORMATION IN THIS DATA BANK (0-NO,1-YES)
I>0
  1.017 CP SECONDS EXECUTION TIME
C>-UPSTB

```

(b) Result:

```

IST4 NR BELZONI          353 116.1033 10 02 90 29 35 76.023INTER 10

```

EXAMPLE 3: Correct a gaging station name in the Stage-Discharge Data File. (Change NR BELZONI to AT BELZONI by replacing only the location name).

(a) Interactive Inputs:

```

I>UPDATE,STAGE DISCHARGE
KEY-IN LOCATION COMMAND
I>LOCATION,STATION NUMBER 353
IST4 NR BELZONI          353 116.1033 10 02 90 29 35 76.023INTER 10
EDIT ANY INFORMATION ON THIS CARD IMAGE (0-NO, 1-YES)
I>1
SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
  1--DELETE
  2--ADD
  3--CHANGE
I>3
THE WHOLE CARD IMAGE (0-NO, 1-YES)
I>0
ENTER NUMBER OF INFORMATION ELEMENT TO BE UPDATED
  1--STATION NAME
  2--STATION NUMBER
  3--RIVER MILE
  4--LATITUDE
  5--LONGITUDE
  6--GAGE-ZERO
  7--DATA TYPE
  8--NUMBER OF YEARS HAVING RECORDS
I>1

```



```

ENTER STATION NAME (3A10)
I>AT BELZONI
IST4 AT BELZONI          353 116.1033 10 02 90 29 35 76.023INTER 10

DO YOU WISH TO
  1--RE-EDIT
  2--GO ON
  3--STOP
I>3

DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE UPDATING THE INFORMATION IN THIS DATA BANK (0-NO,1-YES)
I>0
  1.042 CP SECONDS EXECUTION TIME
C>-UPSTD

```

(b) Result:

```

IST4 AT BELZONI          353 116.1033 10 02 90 29 35 76.023INTER 10

```

EXAMPLE 4: Add a new cross-section to the one specified in the  
Cross-section Data File.

(a) Interactive Inputs:

```

I>UPDATE,CROSS-SECTION
  KEY-IN LOCATION COMMAND
I>LOCATION,STATION ON YAZOO RIVER
  AT I>3.2
EDIT ANY PERMANENT RANGE INFORMATION (0-NO, 1-YES)
I>0
EDIT ANY CROSS SECTIONS (0-NO, 1-YES)
I>1
SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
  1--DELETE
  2--ADD
  3--CHANGE
  4--GO ON
I>2
ENTER DATE OF CROSS SECTION (MM, DD, YY)
I>8,30,62
ADD NEW CROSS SECTION AFTER 8 30 62 (0-NO, 1-YES)
I>1
ENTER DATE: MO,DAY,YEAR
I>99,99,99
ENTER COMMENT(47 CHAR OR LESS)
I>FICTIOUS CROSS-SECTION
ENTER NUMBER OF POINTS
I>5
ENTER 5 PAIRS OF POINTS (HORIZONTAL, VERTICAL), ONE PAIR PER LINE

```

I>200,10  
 I>220,15  
 I>225,18  
 I>232,16  
 I>250,11

CROSS SECTION ADDED

SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

- 1--DELETE
- 2--ADD
- 3--CHANGE
- 4--GO ON

I>4

SELECT ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

- 1--NEXT PERMANENT RANGE
- 2--NEXT RIVER
- 3--EDITING COMPLETED

I>3

DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE UPDATING THE INFORMATION IN THIS DATA BANK (0-NO,1-YES)  
 I>0

.100 CP SECONDS EXECUTION TIME

C>-UPCROS

(b) Result:

CS 16	0.00	8 30 62	CORPS OF ENG.X-SECT.PLOTS									
PT	-710.	80.0	-690.	84.0	-670.	81.0	-633.	61.0	-580.	43.0	-522.	32.0
PT	-496.	37.0	-480.	35.0	-405.	34.0	-141.	48.0	-85.	56.0	-20.	70.0
PT	0.	71.0	50.	79.0	127.	79.0	270.	86.0				
CS 5	0.00	99 99 99	FICTIOUS CROSS-SECTION									
PT	200.	10.0	220.	15.0	225.	18.0	232.	16.0	250.	11.0		
CS 9	0.00	8 11 72	CORPS OF ENG.X-SECT.PLOTS									
PT	-650.	63.0	-520.	58.0	-570.	44.0	-520.	36.0	-475.	34.0	-430.	35.0
PT	-230.	50.0	-137.	55.0	-85.	62.0						

Following is the detail description of each component subroutine  
 in the program UPDATA.

Program UPDATA

PROGRAM UPDATA (INPUT=64, OUTPUT=64, TAPE5=INPUT, TAPE6=OUTPUT, TAPE1=64,  
 TAPE2=64, TAPE3=64, TAPE11=64, TAPE12=64, TAPE13=64,  
 TAPE14=74, TAPE15=64, TAPE15=64, TAPE17=64, TAPE18=64)

This program coordinates the operations of all updating subroutines  
 and subprograms.

Program(s) and Subprogram(s) Called By This Program:

SUBROUTINE SETFLAG

SUBROUTINE UPDESC

SUBROUTINE UPSTD

SUBROUTINE UPSED

SUBROUTINE UPCROS

SUBROUTINE UPSTRS

SUBROUTINE UPSTGDS

SUBROUTINE UPRAIN

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	working variable NX	IN, OUT, WF1, WF2, WF3, DF, ICATEG, NDAY
/WORK/	not currently used here	
/CROS/	not currently used here	

Declarations:

INTEGER OUT, DF, WF1, WF2, WF3, DATE, STNA, STNO, YEAR, XN, ZN, GAGO

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
none	

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IN	input file
OUT	output file

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
WF1,WF2,WF3	working files
DF	data file
ICATEG	data category index
NDAY	array containing numbers of days in a month for a year

Operation(s):

1. Identify data category to be updated by calling subroutine SETFLAG.
2. Activate the desired updating subroutine according to the value of the data category index (ICATEG).

Subroutine SETFLAG

SUBROUTINE SETFLAG (IN, OUT, ICATEG, DF)

This subroutine sets flags for data category identification.

Subprogram(s) Calling this Subroutine:

PROGRAM UPDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Command Block</u>
-------------------	---	--

none

Declarations:

INTEGER DF, OUT

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IN	input file
OUT	output file

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
ICATEG	data category index
DF	data file

Operation(s):

1. Read-in UPDATE command.
2. Set values for parameters ICATEG and DF.

Subroutine CATEG

## SUBROUTINE CATEG

This subroutine identifies the desired data category.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE UPSTD

SUBROUTINE UPSED

SUBROUTINE UPCROS

SUBROUTINE UPSTRS

SUBROUTINE UPSTGDS

SUBROUTINE UPRAIN

SUBROUTINE UPDESC

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

none

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	OUT, DF, WF1, ICATEG working variable NX	INFO

Declarations:

INTEGER OUT, DF, WF1

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
OUT	output file
DF	data file
WF1	working file
ICATEG	data category index

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
INFO	array containing data category name

Operation(s):

1. Identify data category file and return the result.

Subroutine LEAPYR

SUBROUTINE LEAPYR ( YEAR, LEAP)

This subroutine identifies wheather a given year is a leap year or not.

Subprogram(s) Calling this Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE UPSTGDS

Subprogram(s) Called by this Subroutine:

None

Common Blocks:Block NameVariables Obtained  
From Common BlockVariables Placed In  
Common Block

None

Declarations:

INTEGER YEAR

Input

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
YEAR	Year to be identified

Output

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
LEAP	Leap year index (LEAP = 1)

Operation(s)

1. Check whether the given year is divisible by 4. If this is the case, then LEAP = 1.



Subroutine STAHEAD

SUBROUTINE STAHEAD (IDENT, IREAD)

This subroutine updates station information card.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE UPSTD

SUBROUTINE UPSED

SUBROUTINE UPSTGDS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE UPCARD

SUBROUTINE PTHEAD

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	IN, OUT, WF1, ICATEG, ISTN, Working variable NX, Working arrays INFO, LY	None
/WORK/	None	STNA, STNO, IDIST, LAT, LONG, GAGO, ITYPE, NYRS

Declarations:

INTEGER OUT, DF, WF1, STNA, STNO, GAGO, DATE, YEAR

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IN	Input File
OUT	Output File
WF1	Working File
ICATEG	Data Category Index
ISTN	Station Identification Key

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IDENT	Identification Index
IREAD	Card Reading Index
STNA	Array Containing Station Name
IDIST	River Mile
LAT	Station Latitude
LONG	Station Longitude
GAGO	Guage-zero Elevation (In Feet)
ITYPE	Data Type
NYRS	Number of Years having Records

Operations:

1. Decode and identify each element in the station information card
2. Check for updating option desired
3. If updating the whole card is desired, call subroutine UPCARD
4. If updating one information element is desired, call subroutine PTHEAD

Subroutine UPCARD

SUBROUTINE UPCARD (IOP, IN, WF1, IREAD, IY)

This subroutine updates the whole card image.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE STAHEAD

SUBROUTINE UPSTD

SUBROUTINE UPSTGDS

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

None

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
-------------------	---	---

None

Declarations:

INTEGER WF1

DIMENSION IY (8)

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IOP	Updating Option Selected
IN	Input File
WF1	Working File

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IREAD	Card Reading index
IY	Array Containing all information in the card image

Operation(s):

1. Read-in all information in a crad image
2. Update the information and write the new card image on file WF1.

Subroutine PTHEAD

SUBROUTINE PTHEAD

This subroutine updates one particular information element in the station information card.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE STAHEAD

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

None

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	IN, OUT	none
/WORK/	none	STNA, STNO, IDIST, LAT, LONG, GAGO, ITYPE, NYRS

Declarations:

INTEGER OUT, STNA, STNO, GAGO

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IN	Input File
OUT	Output File

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
STNA	Array containing station name
STNO	Station Number
IDIST	River Mile
LAT	Station Latitude
LONG	Station Longitude
GAGO	Guage-zero elevation (in feet)

ITYPE	Data type
NYRS	Number of years having records

Operations:

1. Read number of information elements to be updated (IANS)
2. Update the desired information element and return the result.

Subroutine UPSTD

SUBROUTINE UPSTD

This subroutine coordinates the updating operations related to stage-discharge data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM UPDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CATEG

SUBROUTINE STAHEAD

SUBROUTINE UPCARD

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM /	IN, OUT, DF, WF1, Working Array ITEMP	IYEAR, NDATA, YEAR INFO, DATE, IY, ISTN
/WORK/	none	XN, ZN

Declarations:

INTEGER OUT, DF, WF1. DATE, STNA, STNO, XN, ZN, GAGO, YEAR

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IN	Input File
OUT	Output File
DF	Data File
WF1	Working File

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IYEAR	Year of the data set
NDATA	Number of data points in the set

YEAR	Desired year
INFO	Array containing information to be updated
DATA	Date of the data set
ISTN	Station indentification key
IY	Array containing all information in the card image
XN	Array containing updated values of river stage
ZN	Array containing updated values of discharge

Operation(s):

1. Identify data category file by calling subroutine CATEG.
2. Read in the desired station name and year of record to be updated
3. Check the station information card (IST card) by calling subroutine STAHEAD
4. Check the data card (HST card)
5. If updating the whole card image is desired, call subroutine UPCARD

Subroutine UPSTGDS

## SUBROUTINE UPSTGDS

This subrotuine coordinates the updating operations related to stage or discharge hydrograph data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM UPDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By this Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CATEG

SUBROUTINE STAHEAD

SUBROUTINE LEAPYR

SUBROUTINE UPCARD

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEMNT/	IN, OUT, DF, WF1, Working Array ITEMP	IYEAR, NDATA, YEAR, INFO, DATE, IY, ISTN
/WORK/	none	XN

Declarations:

INTEGER OUT, DF, WF1, DATE, STNA, STNO, XN, GAGO, YEAR

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IN	Input file
OUT	Output File
DF	Data file
WF1	Working file

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IYEAR	Year of the data set



NDATA	Number of data points in the set
YEAR	Desired year
INFO	Array containing information to be updated
DATE	Date of the data set
IY	Array containing all information in the card image
ISTN	Station identification key
XN	Array containing updated values of river stage or discharge

Operation(s):

1. Identify data category file by calling subroutine CATEG
2. Read-in the desired station name and year of record to be updated
3. Check the station information card (DST card for discharge, STA card for stage) by calling subroutine STAHEAD
4. Check the data card (DVL card for discharge, STV card for stage)
5. If updating the whole card image is desired, call subroutine UPCARD.

Subroutine UPCROS

SUBROUTINE UPCROS

This subroutine coordinates the updating operations related to channel corss-section data.

Subprogram(s) Calling This Subroutine:

PROGRAM UPDATA

Subprogram(s) Called By This Subroutine:

SUBROUTINE CATEG

SUBROUTINE PRED

Common Blocks:

<u>Block Name</u>	<u>Variables Obtained From Common Block</u>	<u>Variables Placed In Common Block</u>
/ELEM/	IN, OUT, DF, WF1.	INFO
/WORK/	Working Arrays XN,ZN X, Z	MO, IDY, IYR
/CROS/	Working Arrays ICOM, JCOM	PR, NPTS, L, NCS, RM

Declarations:

none

Input:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
IN	Input file
OUT	Output file
DF	Data file
WF1	Working file

Output:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Description</u>
INFO	Array Containing information to be updated

MO	Array containing months of all corss-section measurements at a location
IDY	Array containing days of all cross-section measurements at a location
IYR	Array containing years of all cross-section measurements at a location
PR	Array containing river-mile of all cross-sections having the same PR
NPTS	Array containing numbers of data points of these cross-sections
L	Array containing latitude and longitude
NCS	Number of cross-section
RM	River mile

Operation(s):

1. Read-in river name and river-mile of the cross-section to be updated
2. Read-in the old cross-section data set from file DF
3. Find the desired river and PR in the file
4. Determine if user wishes to update PR card information. If yes is the answer, (IANS) , call subroutine PRED to update the PR card
5. Select updating option to edit cross-section data
6. Find the correct measurement date and update the desired data point in that cross-section
7. Update all cross-section information for new change.
8. Store the updated cross-section information in file WF1.

APPENDIX A  
DATA FORMATS

DESCRIPTIVE DATA FILE (DESCRIP)

STAGE-DISCHARGE DESCRIPTIVE DATA FILE

EXAMPLE: Gaging station at Vicksburg.

CARD 1: (station description)

USDAT VICKSBURG										128	0.0032	19	5290	53	46	46.230	20101	IST1		
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	
Data category key (A3)	Station name (2A10,A5)									Sta. No. (A4)	River mile (F7.2)	Lat. (A8)	Long. (A8)	Gage-elev. (F7.3)	Node (A9)			Ident. key (A6)		
											No. of years having records (I3)									

CARD 2: (year identification)

ISD1	1945	1946	1948	1949	1950	1951	1953	1955	1956	1957	1958	1964	1969	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76
77	78	79	80															
Tape I.D. (A8)	Years having records (18I4)																	

If the third card is required to input the years having records it should have the same format as the second card, except the tape identification key is no longer required, i.e.,

CARD 3:

1975																			1976
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	
39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	
58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	
77	78	79	80																
Blank (8X)			Years having records (18I4)																















CARD 1: (station description)

```

1ST1 AT WICKSBURG      128      0.0032 19 52 90 53 46  46.230 WINTER 20
|    | |   | |
|    | |   | |
|    | |   | |
0 00000 0 0000 0 00000000000000000000000000000000000000000000 00 0000
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

```

```

Sta.              Station name          Sta. River   Lat.   Long.   Gage-0 Data No.
Ident.            (3A10)           No. mile    (A9)   (A9)   elev. type of
key               (A6)               (A4) (F7.2) (F7.3) (A5) (I3)
(I(A6))

```

CARD 2: (year identification)

```

1ST1 1945      5
|
|
|
0 000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000 00 0000
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

```

```

Data Year No. of
Group (I4) data
I.D.    points
(A6)    (I5)

```

CARD 3: (data card)

```

130145 27.30 36600.240245 21.90 30300.160345 41.10 24600.170345 41.70 27800.
|          |           |           |           |           |           |           |
00 0000000000 0000 000 0006000000 00 0 000 0000000000 0000 000 0000000000 0000 0
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80

```

```

Date Stage Discharg
(I16) (F7.2) (F7.0)

```

```

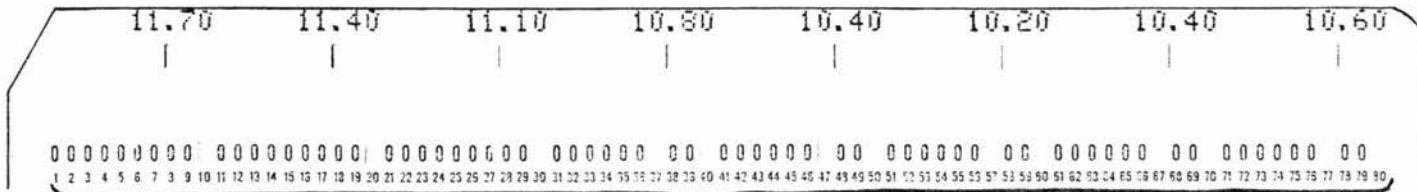
First data point      Second data point      Third data point      Fourth data point

```

If some additional cards are required to input stage-discharge data points, they should have the same format as used for the third card. i.e.,



CARD 3: (or subsequent data cards)



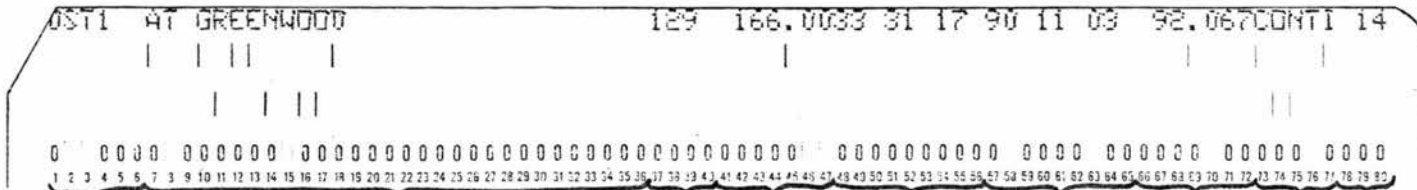
Stage-hydrograph data  
(8F10.2)

DISCHARGE-HYDROGRAPH DATA FILE (YAZDISC)

The discharge-hydrograph data file is coded in a similar way to the stage-hydrograph data file but with different identification keys.

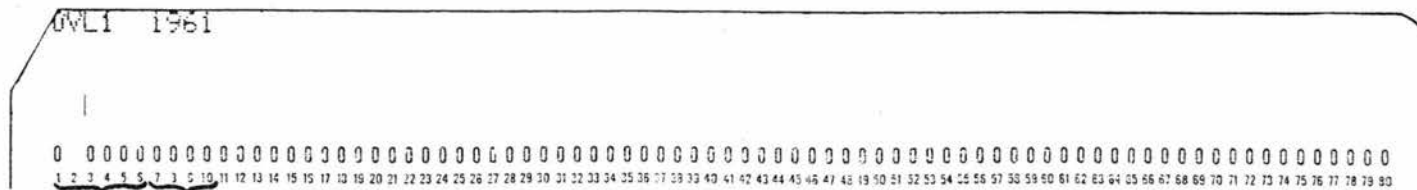
EXAMPLE: Discharge-hydrograph data for the Yazoo River at Greenwood (1961)

CARD 1: (station description)



Sta. Ident. key (A6)	Station name (3A10)	Sta. No. (A4)	River mile (F7.2)	Lat. (A9)	Long. (A9)	Gage-elev. (F7.3)	Data No. type of years (A5) (I3)
----------------------	---------------------	---------------	-------------------	-----------	------------	-------------------	----------------------------------

CARD 2: (year identification)



Data year Group (I4)  
I.D. (A6)



CARD 3: (or subsequent data cards)

```

830473      85      .062      69 1.00      85
      |
00 0000000000000000| 000000000000 00000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80
Date Concen-      Size Cum Size Cum
(I6)tration      #1 concn #2 concn
      (I6)      (F5.0)tra- (F5.0) tra-
              (F5.0)tra- (F5.0) tra-
              tion      tion
Blank          (I5)      (I5)
(3X)

```

EXAMPLE: Bed material data for the Yazoo River at river mile 5. (1976).

CARD 1: (station description)

```

ST1              5.00              INTER 1
      |
0 0000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80
Sta. Blank          River Lat. Long. Blank Data No.
Ident. (34X)          mile (A9) (A9) (7X) type of
key (A6)             (F7.2) (A5) years
                      (I3)

```

CARD 2: (year identification)

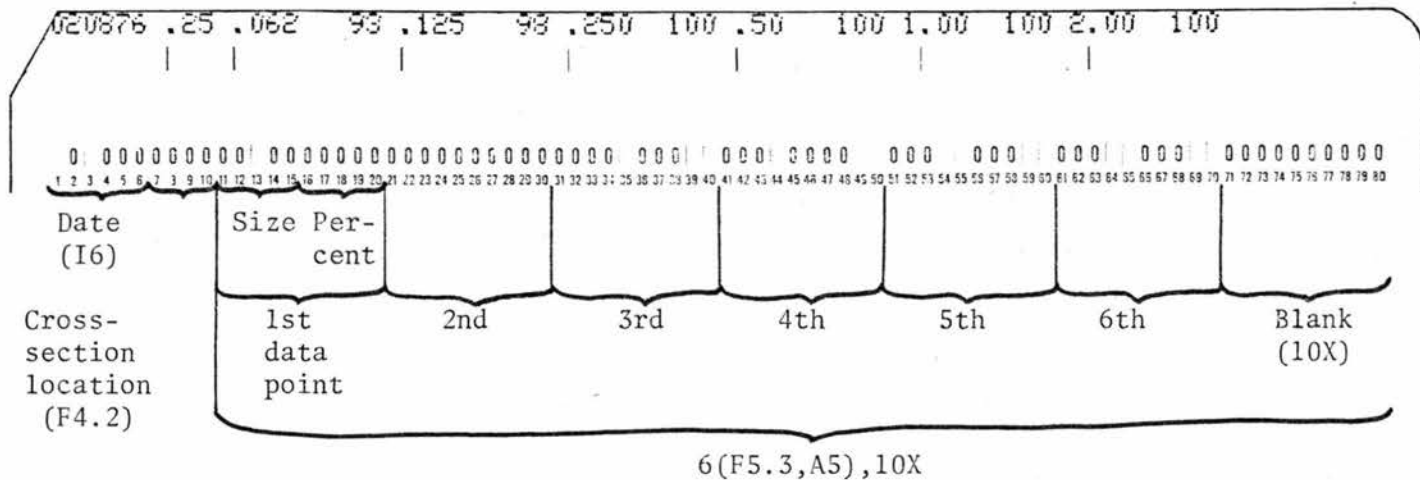
```

ST1 1976      3      6
      |
0 0000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80
Data year No. No.
group (I4) of of
I.D. data particle
(A6) pts. sizes
      (I5) (I5)

```



CARD 3: (or subsequent data cards)

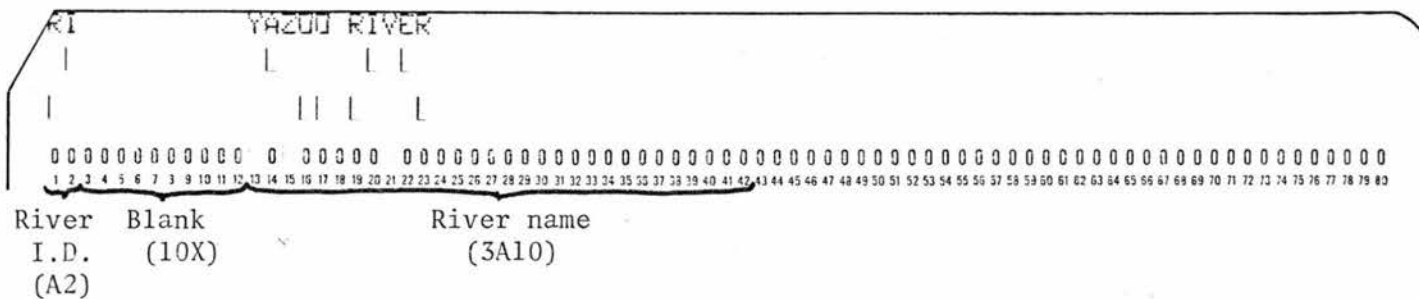


CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION DATA FILE (YAZCROS)

These types of data cards are used to code channel cross-section information. The RI-card is used to read all cross-sectional data of one particular river, the PR-card describes the location of the cross-section, and the CS-card identifies the data card related to the date.

EXAMPLE: Cross-section of the Yazoo River at river mile 3.2 (measured on October 1, 1942).

CARD 1: (river description)



CARD 2: (location description)

PK 3	3.20	32 23 24	90 54 11	CSX1																																																																											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Location I.D. (A2)	Blank (9X)	River mile (F7.2)	Lat. (A8)	Long. (A8)	Blank (33X)			Ident. key (A6)																																																																							
No. of measurement dates (I3)	Blank (2X)	Blank (2X)																																																																													

CARD 3: (data identification)

CS 14	10	1 42	CORPS OF ENG. X-SECT. PLOTS																																																																												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Data I.D. (A2)	Blank (10X)	Date (I8)	Blank (2X)	Comment (5A10, A5)																																																																											
No. of points measured																																																																															

CARD 4: (or subsequent data cards)

	-750.	84.0	-700.	85.0	-645.	55.0	-573.	35.0	-550.	34.0	-400.	36.0																																																																			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
Blank (8X)	X-dist (F6.0)		Elev. (F6.1)																																																																												
1st data point		2nd data point		3rd data point		4th data point		5th data point		6th data point																																																																					
6(F6.0, F6.1)																																																																															

RIVER CONTROL STRUCTURE AND RESERVOIR DATA FILE (YAZSTRS)

This file is the combination of two small data files: the River Control Structure Data File and the Reservoir Data File. Coding of the information in these two files is totally different. In the Reservoir Data File, each group of data cards belonging to the particular reservoir is headed by two cards: a location description card and a reservoir characteristic summary card.

EXAMPLE: Reservoir data of Arkabutla Reservoir.

CARD 1: (location description)

```

RES1  AT ARKABUTLA RESERVOIR           103       325.5034.75722290.124167
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
00 0000 000000 000000 00 00000000000000000000000000000000 00000000000000 000000000000 00000000
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80
Sta.      Station name              Node   River-  Lat.   Long.
Ident.    (4A10)                        (A9)   mile    (A9)    (A9)
key
(A6)                                (F7.2)

```

CARD 2: (reservoir characteristics summary)

```

RES1  7  18  10  209.3  238.3  256.3  ARKABUTLA RESERVOIR
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
0 000000000000000000000000 00 0000000000000000000000 000000 00 00000000000000000000000000000000
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80
Data No. of No. No. Min. Spill- Max. Reservoir name
Group points of of of water way elev. elev.
I.D. on pts. pts. sur- elev. (F6.1)
(A6) rule on on face (F6.1)
curve spill capac.level
(I5) -way curve(F6.1)
curve (I5)
Blank
(I5) (1X)

```







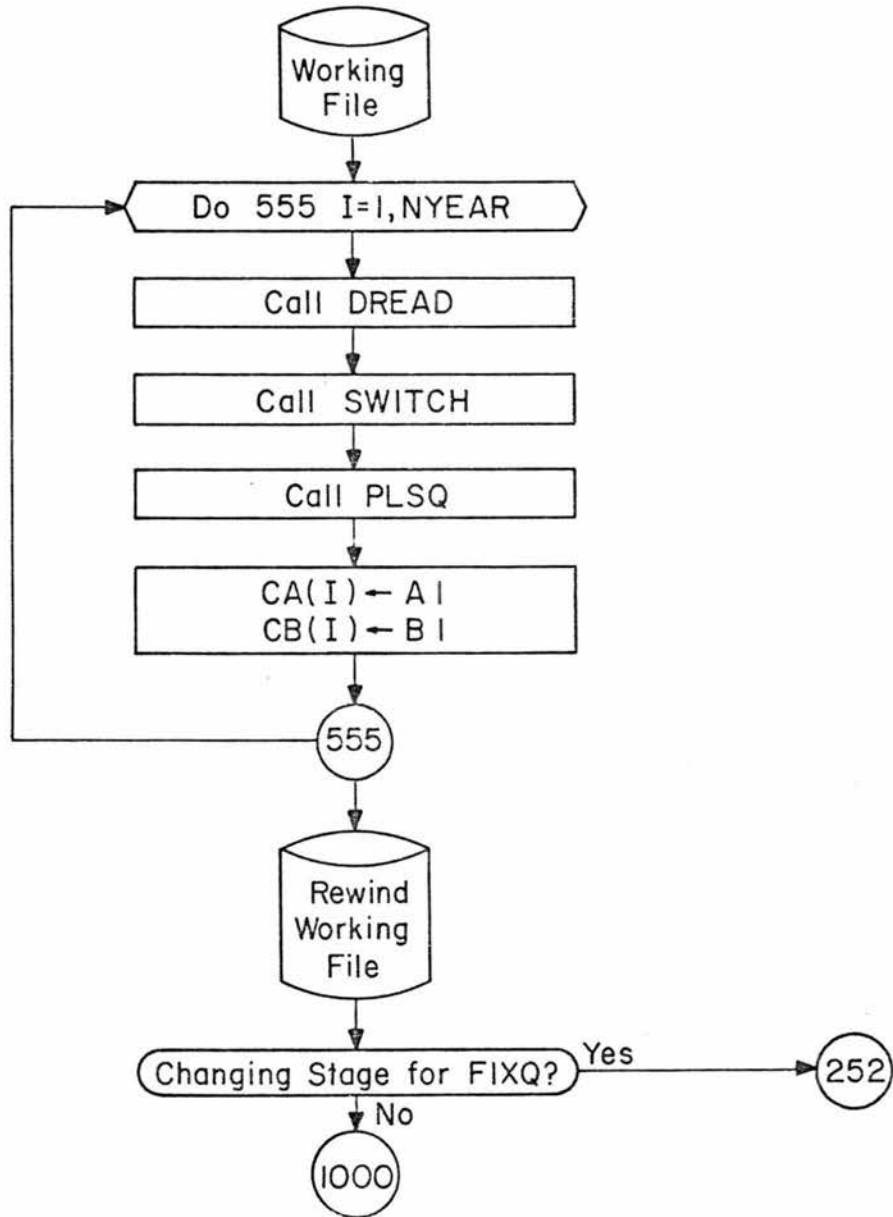


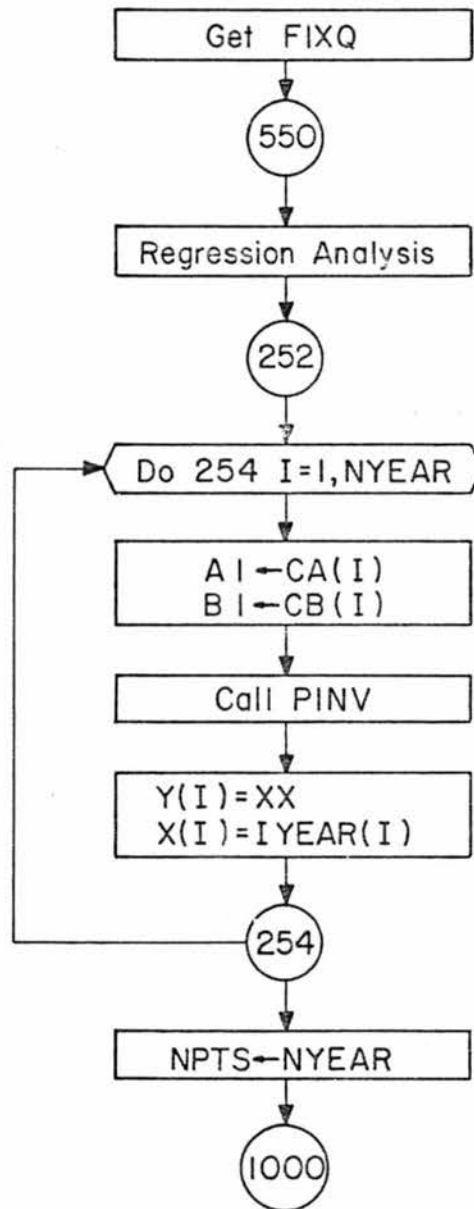
APPENDIX B

FLOWCHARTS OF PROGRAM OPERATION

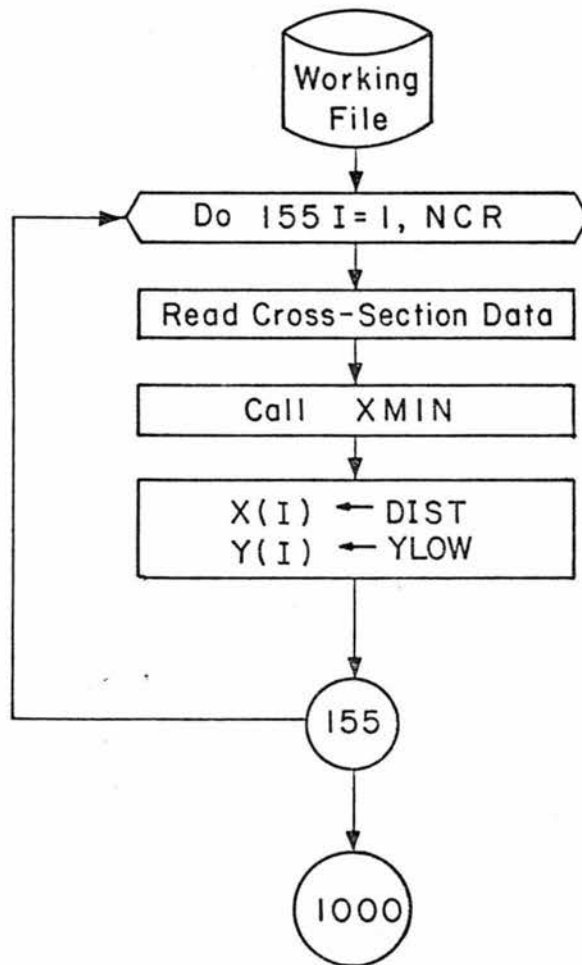


REGRESSION ANALYSIS

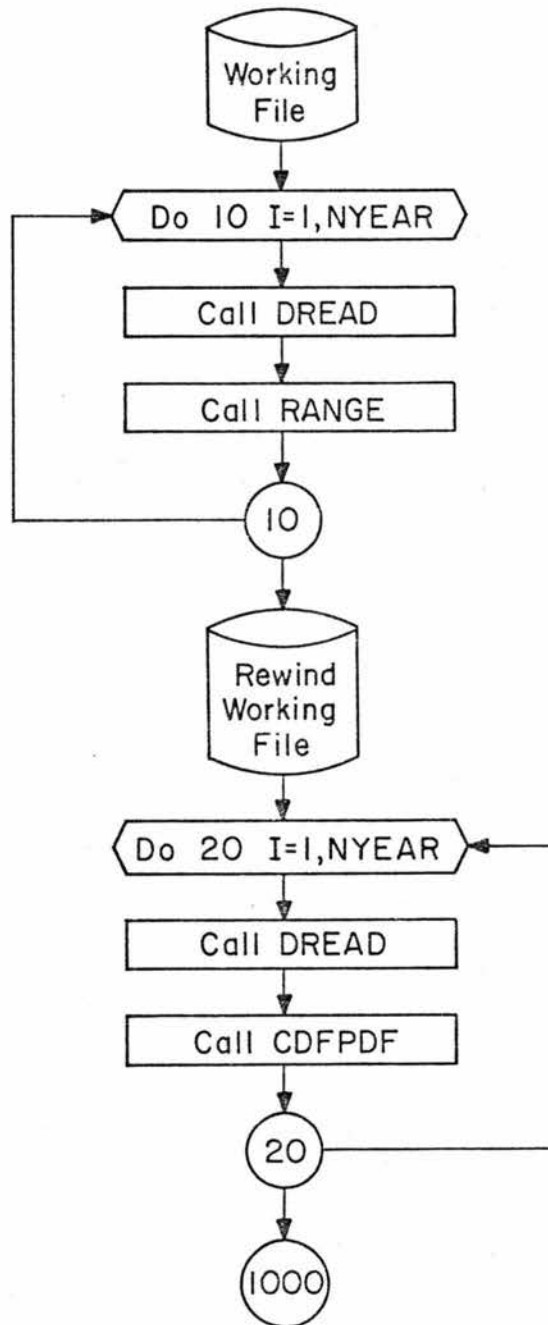


CHANGING STAGE FOR A GIVEN DISCHARGE (FIXQ)

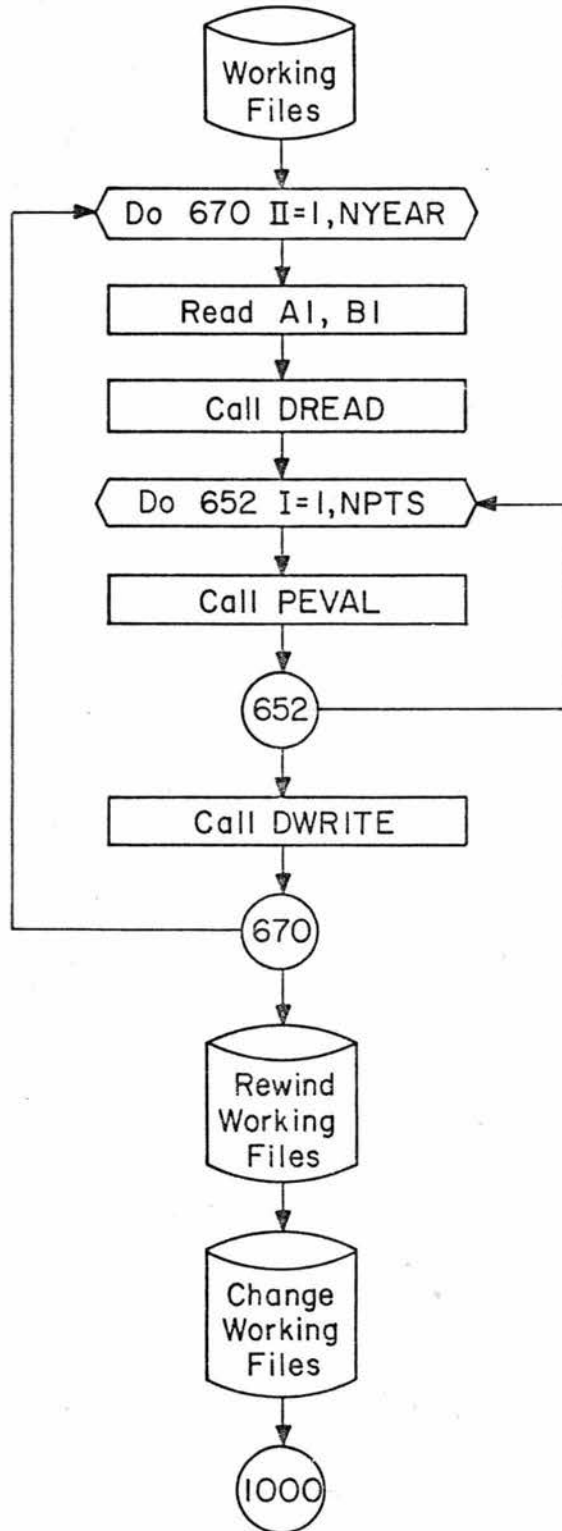
THALWEG LEVEL

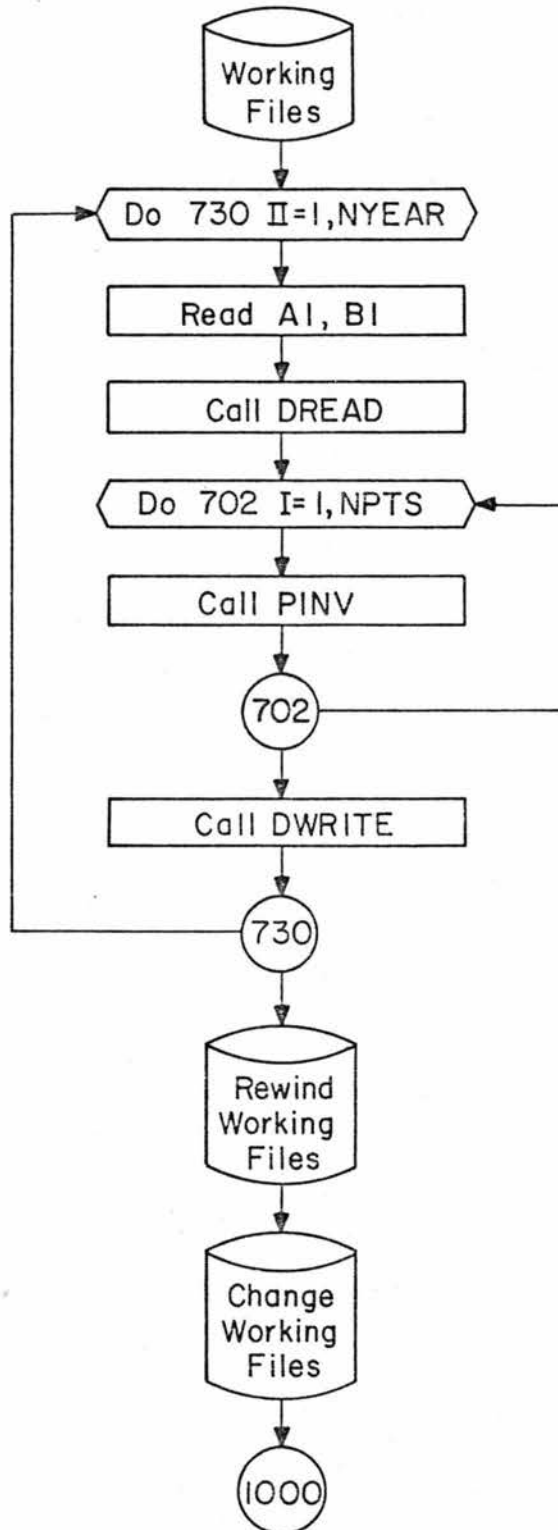


FREQUENCY ANALYSIS

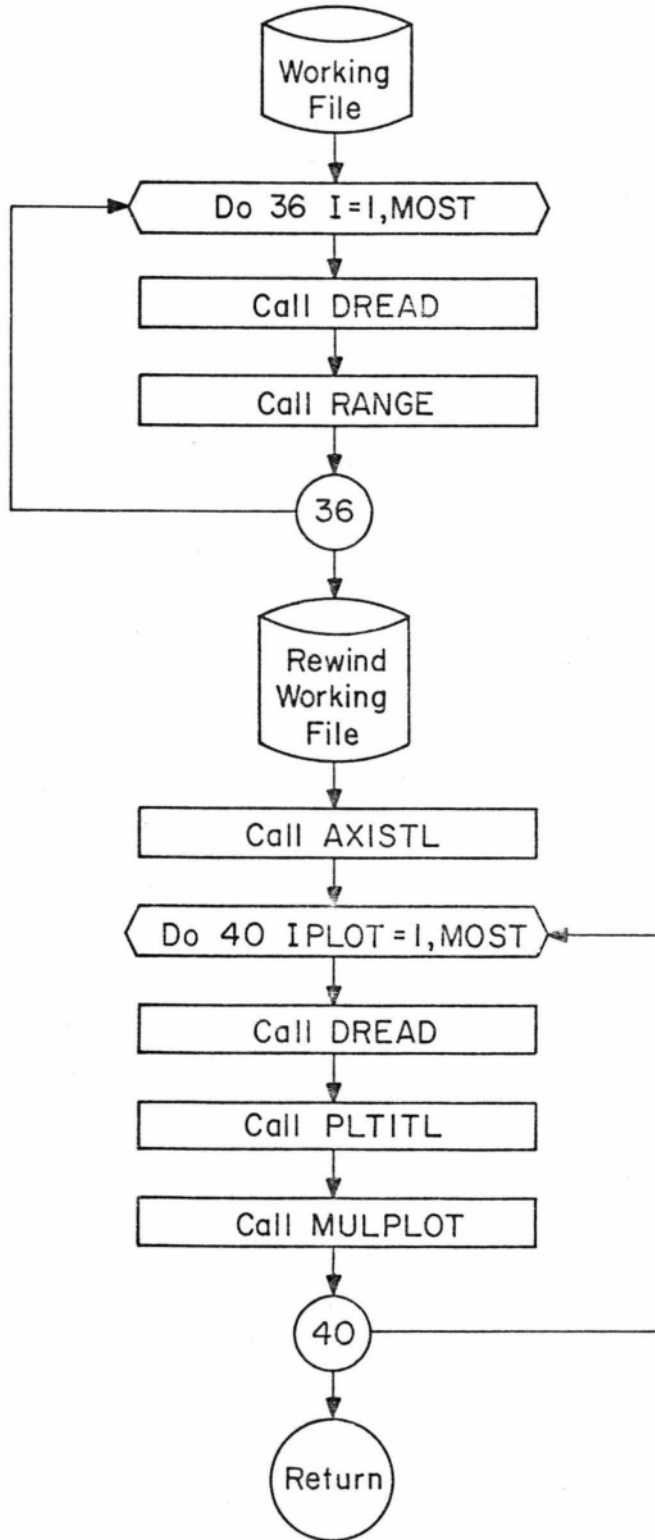


DISCHARGE HYDROGRAPH GENERATION



STAGE HYDROGRAPH GENERATION

INFORMATION DISPLAY BY A LINE PRINTER



APPENDIX C  
DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES



DEFINITIONS OF VARIABLES USED IN PROGRAM YAZDB

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
CA(150)	arrays containing regression coefficients in a power function curve fitting
CB(150)	arrays containing regression coefficients in a power function curve fitting
CØNC	sediment concentration (ppm)
DATE(150)	array containing dates (integer) in a given data set
DF	data file
DISC(150)	array containing discharge values
DIST	river-mile, from downstream node, in the data file
DIST 1	starting river-mile desired
DIST 2	ending river-mile desired
DVALUE(12,31)	array containing daily values in a year
FDATE(150)	array containing dates (floating) in a given data set
FIXQ	a given discharge value, in CFS
FVALUE(31)	array containing daily values in a month
GAGØ	gage-zero elevation
GAHT(50)	array containing gate height values
GELEV	mean basin elevation, ft above MSL
GVØL(50)	array containing reservoir water volume, in cubic ft
HVALUE(366,25)	array containing hourly values in a year
ICAT(10)	array containing data category indices
ICATEG	output, flag for data category identification

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
ICØM	identifiable parts of a command statement
ICØMD	identifiable parts of a command statement
IDATE	a given date (DYMØYR)
IFILE	a file name
IKEY(300)	array containing keys to be used in data retrieval
ILAT	location latitude desired
ILØC	checking parameter for location identification
ILØNG	location longitude desired
IN	input file
INAME	identification part of river name in the data file
INØDE	river node desired
IØUT	output, flag for output type selection
IØUTP	input, output type desired
IPR	output, flag for data processing operation
IPRØ	input, processing operation desired
IRETRIV	checking parameter for data retrieval operation
ISSET	checking parameter for set flag operation
ISUBL(10)	array containing sublevels of information
ITEK	flag index for Tektronix plotting
ITEMP(7)	working arrays
ITIM	checking parameter for time-period identification
IY(8)	working arrays

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
1YEAR(100)	array containing years of data to be retrieved
IZ(2)	working arrays
JCØMWD(4)	array containing identifiable words in a statement
JEND	ending time desired
JFLAG	output, flag for time period type selection
JNAME	river name desired
JSTART	starting time desired
JTEMP(6)	working arrays
JVAL(24)	array containing hourly values in a day
JYR1	corresponding year for a given starting date
JYR2	corresponding year for a given ending date
KEY	a retrieval key
KKEY	number of retrieved keys
KTEMP(5)	working arrays
LATI	location latitude in the data file
LEAP	index for leap year (LEAP=1)
LEVEL	level of information desired
LFLAG	output, flag for location type selection
LINES	number of lines to be printed by the line printer
LØNG	location longitude in the data file
LTEMP(4)	working arrays
LTIT(8)	title of the data category file
MØAVG(12)	array containing monthly average values

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
MØMIN(12)	array containing monthly minimum values
MØMAX(12)	array containing monthly maximum values
MØ(12)	array containing months of the year
MØST	maximum number of graphs to be plotted
MTIT(8)	title of a graph
NAME(4)	river name in the data file
NAMST	station name desired
NCCP	number of data points on reservoir capacity curve
NCR	number of cross-sections retrieved for a given location
NCRØS	number of cross-sections for a given location in the data file
ND1	order of a starting date in a given year
ND2	order of an ending date in a given year
NDATA	number of data points
NDAY(12)	array containing numbers of days in a month
NKEYS	number of keys to be used in data retrieved
NNAME(50,3)	array containing station names to be retrieved
NNØDE(50)	array containing river nodes to be retrieved
NØDE	river node in the data file
NPTS	number of points in the retrieved data set
NRCP	number of data points on reservoir rule curve
NRECORD	number of retrieved records

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
NSCP	number of data points on reservoir spillway curve
NSUB	number of rivers and tributaries in Yazoo basin
NTEMP (2)	working arrays
NUMST	station number desired
NWØRD	number of words in a statement
NX	working parameters
NXG (50)	working array for gate height data
NXQ (50)	working array for reservoir water volume data
NXS (50)	working array for spillway discharge data
NY	working parameters
NYEAR	number of years of data to be retrieved
NYR (10)	array containing numbers of years to be retrieved
NYRS	number of years having records
NZ	working parameters
PCEN1	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE1
PCEN2	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE2
PCEN3	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE3
PCEN4	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE4
PCEN5	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE5
PCEN6	cumulative concentration, in percent, for sediment size, SIZE6

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
SIZE1	sediment size = .062 mm
SIZE2	sediment size = .125 mm
SIZE3	sediment size = .250 mm
SIZE4	sediment size = .500 mm
SIZE5	sediment size = 1.0 mm
SIZE6	sediment size = 2.0 mm
SNAME(4)	location name
SPIQ(50)	array containing spillway discharge values, in CFS
STAG(150)	array containing river stage values
STNA(3)	station name in the data file
STNØ	station number in the data file
SUBLEVL	sub-level of information desired
TEMP(366)	arrays containing retrieved data
TUNIT	time-unit to be printed below the graph title
TYPE	data type
W	output file
WF1	working file, also used to save the results
WF2	working file
WF3	working file
X(366)	arrays containing retrieved data
XDIS(100)	array containing transversal distances from a reference line
XSECT	transversal distance in a cross-section
XTIT	title on the X-axis
XUNIT	unit to be printed on X-axis

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
Y(366)	arrays containing retrieved data
YEAR	year of a data set in a data file
YELEV(100)	array containing cross-section elevations
YTIT	title on the Y-axis
YUNIT	unit to be printed on Y-axis

APPENDIX D  
PROGRAM LISTING



## PROGRAM YAZDB

```

OVERLAY (TEST,0,0)
PROGRAM YAZDB
1 (INPUT=64,OUTPUT=64,TAPE5=INPUT,TAPE5=OUTPUT,TAPE1=64,TAPE2=64,
2TAPE3=64,TAPE11=64,TAPE12=64,TAPE13=64,TAPE14=64,TAPE15=64,
3TAPE16=64,TAPE17=64,TAPE18=64)
C
C *****
C *
C *          YAZDB DATA BASE MANAGEMENT          *
C *          PACKAGE                                *
C *          -- VERSION 1 --                        *
C *
C *****
C
INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,CONC,CTYP,
1PCEN1,PCEN2,PCEN3,PCEN4,PCEN5,PCEN6,SNAME,SUBLEVL,XTIT,YTIT
REAL MWSL,MXEL,MOAVG,MOMIN,MOMAX
COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,UNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
1NODE,STNO,DIST,LAI,LONG,GAG,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(6),
2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
3,IENU,LEAP,TEMP(366)
COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MIT(8)
1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IUATE,DATE(150),
2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),IFEK
COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOUT
COMMON/RIVSED/CONC,XSECT,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2,SIZE3,PCEN3,
1SIZE4,PCEN4,SIZE5,PCEN5,SIZE6,PCEN6
COMMON/RIVCRU/XDIS(100),YELEV(100),NCRCS
COMMON/RIVSTR/STAGE(50),AREA(50)
COMMON/RIVRES/GAHT(50),NRCP,SPIQ(50),NSCP,QVOL(50),NCCP,NAG(50),
1NXS(50),NXQ(50)
COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),UVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
1,FVALUE(31),UVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUH,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
C --- INPUT INFORMATION AND PROGRAM INITIALIZATION ---
C
DATA (NDAY(I),I=1,12)/31,28,31,30,31,30,31,31,30,31,30,31/
DATA (MO(I),I=1,12)/3HJAN,3HFEB,3HMAR,3HAPR,3HMAY,3HJUN,3HJUL,
13HAUG,3HSEP,3HOCT,3HNOV,3HDEC/
IN=5 $ W=6 $ WF1=1 $ WF2=2 $ WF3=3
NTIME=0
NSUB=39
CALL INITT(30)
DF=11
UU 45 I=1,NSUB
READ (DF,40) (NNAME(I,J),J=1,3),NNODE(I)
40 FORMAT(3X,3A10,32X,A9,6X)
45 CONTINUE
500 CONTINUE
REWIND DF
REWIND WF1
REWIND WF2
REWIND WF3
IOUT=IPR=0

```

```

IFEK=3H
DO 10 I=1,360
X(I)=Y(I)=J.
10 CONTINUE
DO 20 I=1,6
20 MIIT(I)=10H
C
C --- SWITCH CONTROL TO VARIOUS OVERLAYS FOR DATA MANAGEMENT ---
C
IF(NTIME.GT.0) GO TO 30
WRITE(W,1000)
1000 FORMAT(//,26X,*YAZOO RIVER SYSTEM DATA BANK*/,* TO USE, ANSWER THE
1 QUESTIONS*/)
30 WRITE(W,1001)
1001 FORMAT(* DO YOU WISH TO BE HELPED IN SETTING UP THE INPUT COMMAND
1 STATEMENTS*/)
READ(IN,2000) ICUMD
2000 FORMAT(A3)
IF(ICUMD.EQ.3HNO ) GO TO 50
WRITE(W,1002)
1002 FORMAT(/,* ALL DATA RETRIEVALS BEGIN WITH "GET" COMMAND*/,
1 * DATA CATEGORIES IN THE YAZOO RIVER SYSTEM DATA BANK CONSIST OF*/
2,20X,*ALL*/,20X,*STAGE-DISCHARGE*/,20X,*DISCHARGE */,20X,*RIVER ST
3 AGE*/,20X,*SUSPENDED SEDIMENT*/,20X,*BED MATERIAL*/,20X,*CROSS-SEC
4 TION*/,20X,*CONTROL STRUCTURE */,20X,*RESERVOIR */,20X,*RESERVOIR
5 DATA ,ALL*/,35X,*SPILLWAY CURVE*/,35X,*CAPACITY CURVE */
6,35X,*RULE CURVE */,20X,*PRECIPITATION */,15X,*AND PRECIPITATION
7 DATA ,HOURLY*/,39X,*DAILY*/ * EACH DATA ELEMENT CAN BE RETRIEVED
8 ACCORDING TO ONE OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF*/,* INFORMATION*/
9,20X,*STATUS*/,20X,*DATA*/,15X,*OR ALL INFORMATION*)
WRITE(W,1102)
1102 FORMAT(* KEY-IN THE COMMAND WORD "GET" WITH THE APPROPRIATE DATA C
1 ATEGORY AND TYPE OF */,* INFORMATION DESIRED; EXAMPLE: GET,RIVER S
2 TAGE,DATA*/)
C
C --- START DATA RETRIEVAL PROCESS ---
C
50 CALL OVERLAY(4HTEST,1,0,0)
IF(LEVEL.EQ.1) GO TO 220
IF(IPR.NE.0) GO TO 60
IF(IOUT.EQ.2.OR.IOUT.EQ.3) GO TO 70
GO TO 75
C
C --- START DATA PROCESSING ---
C
60 CALL OVERLAY(4HTEST,2,0,0)
IF(IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 75
IF(IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 220
C
C --- START DATA PRESENTATION ---
C
70 CALL OVERLAY(4HTEST,3,0,0)
IFEK=3H
75 WRITE(W,1010)
1010 FORMAT(/,* DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE PROCESSING THE RETRIEVED DATA S
1 E1*/)
READ(IN,2000) ICUMD
IF(ICUMD.EQ.3HNO ) GO TO 220
REWIND WF1
REWIND WF2

```

```

REWIND WF3
READ(IN,1011) IOUTP,(ITEMP(I),I=1,7)
1011 FORMAT(8X,A3,6A10,A9)
CALL OUTFLAG(IOUTP,IOUT)
IF(IOUT.EQ.3) GO TO 92
IF(IOUT.EQ.5) GO TO 94
DECODE(69,90,ITEMP) NX,IPRO,(JCOMWD(I),I=1,4),(NIEMP(J),J=1,2)
90 FORMAT(A2,6A10,A7)
GO TO 96
92 DECODE(69,93,ITEMP) NX,IPRO,(JCOMWD(I),I=1,4),(NIEMP(J),J=1,2)
93 FORMAT(A5,6A10,A4)
GO TO 96
94 DECODE(69,95,ITEMP) NX,IPRO,(JCOMWD(I),I=1,4),(NIEMP(J),J=1,2)
95 FORMAT(A3,6A10,A6)
96 CALL PROFLAG(IPRO,IPR)
GO TO 60
220 WRITE(W,230)
230 FORMAT(/,* DO YOU WISH TO CONTINUE WORKING WITH DATA IN THIS DATA
BASE*/ )
READ(IN,2000) ICOM
IF(ICOM.EQ.3HNO ) GO TO 80
NIME=NIME+1
GO TO 500
80 WRITE(W,85)
85 FORMAT(5X,*END OF THE DATA MANAGEMENT JOB*)
C
STOP
END

```

SUBROUTINE MULPLOT (ISYMBOL, IPLOT, MOST, XL, XH, YL, YH)

```

SUBROUTINE MULPLOT (ISYMBOL, IPLOT, MOST, XL, XH, YL, YH)
C
C   PLOT MULTIPLE CURVES ON PAPER
C
  INTEGER W, WF1, WF2, WF3, YEAR, DATE, STNA, STNO, XTIT, YTIT, XUNIT,
  YUNIT, SNAME
  DIMENSION ZX(12), IGRAPH(111), TPOINTS(3)
  COMMON/WORK/IN, W, WF1, WF2, WF3, ISET, ILOC, ITIM, IRETRIV, IPRC, IOUTP,
  INODE, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, NAME(4), STNA(3), SNAME(4), LTIT(8),
  2IY(8), ITEMP(7), IZ(2), NX, NY, NZ, FIX0, NYRS, TYPE, IYEAR(100), GELEV, NCR
  3, IEND, LEAP, TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT, X(366), Y(366), IPOSX(366,3), IPOSY(366,3), MTIT(8)
  1, XJIT, YTIT, YEAR, NPTS, JA(10), NYEAR, NDATA, IDATE, DATE(150),
  2NRECORD, CA(150), CB(150), IPR, IPROC, FDATE(150), ITFK
  COMMON/PLOT/MO(12), XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT, LINES, IOPT
C
C   IF(LINES.GT.366) GO TO 999
  DECODE(10,3, YTIT) (IA(I), I=1,10)
  3  FORMAT(10A1)
  IPPOINTS(IPLOT)=ISYMBOL
  IF(IPLOT.GT.1) GO TO 5
  TBORDER=1HI
  IBLANK=1H
  XSCALE=(XH-XL)*(1./110.)
  A=LINES-1
  YSCALE=(YH-YL)/A
  DO 200 I=1,366
  DO 200 J=1,3
  IPOSX(I,J)=IPOSY(I,J)=0
200 CONTINUE
  5  DO 15 I=1,NPTS
    IF(XH-X(I)) 15,11,11
  11 IF(X(I)-XL) 15,12,12
  12 IF(YH-Y(I)) 15,13,13
  13 IF(Y(I)-YL) 15,14,14
  14 JX=(X(I)-XL)/XSCALE+.5
    JY=(Y(I)-YL)/YSCALE+.5
    JY=LINES-JY
    IPOSX(I,IPLOT)=JX
    IPOSY(I,IPLOT)=JY
  15 CONTINUE
  IF(IPLOT=MOST) 20,30,20
20 RETURN
30 DO 40 K=1,12
  ZX(K)=10.*FLOAT(K-1)*XSCALE+XL
40 CONTINUE
C   IF IOPT=0, REGULAR PLOT
C   =1, X-AXIS WILL BE LABELED WITH ALPHARETTIC NAMES
C   =2, X-AXIS WILL PLOT TIME IN ASCENDING ORDER
  MID=LINES/2
  MID5=MID-5
  MID10=MID5+9
  IF(IOPT.NE.2) GO TO 41
  WRITE(W,8) XTIT
  WRITE(W,7) (ZX(K),K=1,12), XUNIT
  WRITE(W,72)
  GO TO 43
41 WRITE(W,2) YUNIT
43 IF(IOPT.EQ.2) GO TO 42
  YES=YH+YSCALE
  GO TO 44

```

```

42 YES=YI-YSCALE
   K=LINES+1
44 DO 70 JY=1,LINES
   IF (IOPT.EQ.2) GO TO 46
   YES=YES-YSCALE
   K=JY
   GO TO 48
46 YES=YES+YSCALE
   K=K-1
48 ZY=YES
   IGRAPH(1)=IGRAPH(111)=IBORDER
   DO 50 I=2,110
50 IGRAPH(I)=IBLANK
   DO 60 J=1,MOST
   DO 60 I=1,NPTS
   IF (IPOSX(I,J).NE.JY) GO TO 60
   JX=IPOSX(I,J)
   IF (JX.EQ.0) GO TO 60
   IGRAPH(JX)=IPOINTS(J)
60 CONTINUE
   IF ((JY.LT.MID5).OR.(JY.GT.MID10)) GO TO 62
   J=JY-MID5+1
   WRITE(W,76) IA(J),ZY,(IGRAPH(I),I=1,111)
   GO TO 70
62 WRITE(W,4) ZY,(IGRAPH(I),I=1,111)
70 CONTINUE
   IF (IOPT.EQ.2) GO TO 74
   WRITE(W,6)
   IF (IOPT.EQ.0) WRITE(W,7) (ZX(K),K=1,12),XUNIT
   IF (IOPT.EQ.1) GO TO 80
   WRITE(W,8) XIIT
   RETURN
80 WRITE(W,9) (MU(K),K=1,12),(IYEAR(K),K=1,12)
   RETURN
74 WRITE(W,76) YUNIT
   RETURN

```

C  
C  
C

--- FORMAT STATEMENTS ---

```

2 FORMAT(7X,A5,2X,11(10H|-----),1H|)
4 FORMAT(1H ,2X,F9.2,2X,111A1)
6 FORMAT(1H ,13X,11(10H|-----),1H|)
7 FORMAT(7X,12(2X,F8.2),A5)
8 FORMAT(/,60X,A10/)
9 FORMAT(1H ,6X,12(7X,A3),/,6X,12(6X,74))
78 FORMAT(1H ,1X,A1,F9.2,2X,111A1)
72 FORMAT(14X,11(10H|-----),1H|)
76 FORMAT(1H ,6X,A5,2X,11(10H|-----),1H|)
999 PRINT 100
100 FORMAT(1H ,5X,*DIMENSION IS NOT ENOUGH TO SET LINES*)
   RETURN

```

C

END

SUBROUTINE RANGE (X, J1, KN, XHIGH, IPMAX, XLOW, IPMIN)

```
C      SUBROUTINE RANGE(X,J1,KN,XHIGH,IPMAX,XLOW,IPMIN)
          GET MAX AND MIN VALUES OF A GIVEN SET X.
      DIMENSION X(1)
      CALL XMAX(X,J1,KN,XHIGH,IPMAX)
      CALL XMIN(X,J1,KN,XLOW,IPMIN)
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE XMAX (X, JI, KN, XHIGH, IPMAX)

```
C      SUBROUTINE XMAX(X,JI,KN,XHIGH,IPMAX)
          FIND THE MAXIMUM VALUE AND ITS POSITION IN A GIVEN SET X
      DIMENSION X(1)
      J2=JI+1  $  XHIGH=X(JI)  $  IPMAX=JI
      DO 10 I=J2,KN
      IF (XHIGH-X(I)) 5,10,10
      5  XHIGH=X(I)  $  IPMAX=I
      10 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE XMIN (X, JI, KN, XLOW, IPMIN)

```
C      SUBROUTINE XMIN(X,JI,KN,XLOW,IPMIN)
          FIND THE MINIMUM VALUE AND ITS POSITION IN A GIVEN SET X
      DIMENSION X(1)
      J2=JI+1  >  XLOW=X(JI)  >  IPMIN=JI
      DO 10 I=J2,KN
      IF (XLOW-X(I)) 10,10,5
      5  XLOW=X(I)  >  IPMIN=I
      10 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```



SUBROUTINE YXMAX (YXHIGH, MYEAR, IPYMAX)

```

SUBROUTINE YXMAX(YXHIGH,MYEAR,IPYMAX)
C
C - SEARCH FOR THE MAXIMUM VALUE AND ITS POSITION IN NYEAR RECORDS
C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SURLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,TSET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPROC,IOUTP,
  INDEF,STNO,DTST,LATI,LANG,CAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAMF(4),LTIT(8),
  2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FXG,MYHS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LFAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
  1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,TA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
  2NRECORD,CA(150),CR(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
C
  NDATA=0 $ YXHIGH=0. $ IPYMAX=0
  DO 100 I=1,NYEAR
  CALL DREAD(WF1,ICATEG,SURLEVL)
  NDATA=NDATA+NPTS
  CALL XMAX(X,I,NPTS,XHIGH,IPMAX)
  IF (XHIGH.LE.YXHIGH) GO TO 100
  YXHIGH=XHIGH $ MYEAR=I $ IPYMAX=IPMAX
100 CONTINUE
  REWIND WF1
C
  RETURN
  END

```

SUBROUTINE YXMIN (YXLOW, MYEAR, IPYMIN)

```

SUBROUTINE YXMIN(YXLOW,MYEAR,IPYMIN)
  SEARCH FOR THE MINIMUM VALUE AND ITS POSITION IN NYEAR RECORDS
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF
  COMMON/ELEM1/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
  INODE,STNO,UIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIF(8),
  ZIY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTI1(8)
  1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IUATE,DATE(150),
  2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK

C
  NDATA=0 $ YXLOW=100000000. $ IPYMIN=0
  DO 100 I=1,NYEAR
  CALL DREAD(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
  NDATA=NDATA+NPTS
  CALL XMIN(X,I,NPTS,XLOW,IPMIN)
  IF (XLOW.GE.YXLOW) GO TO 100
  YXLOW=XLOW $ MYEAR=I $ IPYMIN=IPMIN
100 CONTINUE
  REWIND WF1
  RETURN
  END

```

SUBROUTINE DCONVRT (JYEAR, NDT, IMO, IDAY)

```

C      SUBROUTINE DCONVRT(JYEAR,NDT,IMO,IDAY)
C
C          CONVERT AN ORDER IN A YEAR INTO A DATE
C
COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MUMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
C
CALL LEAPYR(JYEAR,LEAP)
IF(LEAP.EQ.1) NND=366
IF(LEAP.EQ.0) NND=365
IF(NDT.LE.NND) GO TO 5
JYEAR=JYEAR+1      NDT=NDT-NND
5 CALL LEAPYR(JYEAR,LEAP)
IF(LEAP.EQ.1) NDAY(2)=29
IF(LEAP.EQ.0) NDAY(2)=28
DO 10 I=1,12
  IMU=1
  ND=NDAY(I)
  IF(ND.GE.NDT) GO TO 20
  NDT=NDT-ND
10 CONTINUE
20 IUAY=NDT
RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE LEAPYR (YEAR, LEAP)

```

SUBROUTINE LEAPYR (YEAR, LEAP)
C
C   IDENTIFY WHETHER A GIVEN YEAR IS A LEAP YEAR, LEAP=1
C
C   INTEGER YEAR
C
C   LEAP=0
C   IF ((YEAR.EQ.1900).OR.(YEAR.EQ.2000)) GO TO 10
C   MYR=YEAR/4
C   IDIF=YEAR-(4*MYR)
C   IF (IDIF.EQ.0) LEAP=1
10 RETURN
END
```

SUBROUTINE DSTAT (YXLOW, YXHIGH, XMEAN, XSTDV)

```

SUBROUTINE DSTAT(YXLOW,YXHIGH,XMEAN,XSTDV)
C   CALCULATE THE BASIC STATISTICS OF A GIVEN SET X
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISSET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRU,IOUTP,
  INODE,STNO,DIS1,LATI,LONG,GAGU,NAME(4),SINA(3),SNAME(4),LIT(8),
  ZIY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIHQ,NYKS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MII(8)
  1,XII,YII,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),NRECORD,
  2CA(150),CB(150),IFR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITER

C
  YXLOW=10000000.  $  YXHIGH=0.
  NDATA=0
  SUM=SSQ=0.
  DO 100 J=1,NYEAR
    CALL DHEAD(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
    NDATA=NDATA+NPTS
    CALL XMIN(X,1,NPTS,XLOW,IPMIN)
    IF (XLOW.LT.YXLOW) YXLOW=XLOW
    CALL XMAX(X,1,NPTS,XHIGH,IPMAX)
    IF (XHIGH.GT.YXHIGH) YXHIGH=XHIGH
    DO 10 I=1,NPTS
      SUM=SUM+X(I)
10  SSQ=SSQ+X(I)*X(I)
100 CONTINUE
  REWIND WF1
  FN=FLOAT(NDATA)  $  FN1=FN-1.
  XMEAN=SUM/FN
  SSQ=SSQ/FN
  XSTDV=SQRT((SSQ-XMEAN*XMEAN)*(FN/FN1))
  RETURN
  END

```

SUBROUTINE DREAD (IFILE, ICATEG, SUBLEVL)

```

SUBROUTINE DREAD(IFILE, ICATEG, SUBLEVL)
C   READ DATA FROM FILE IFILE
   INTEGER YEAR, CONC, PCEN1, PCEN2, PCEN3, PCEN4, PCEN5, PCEN6, SUBLEVL
   COMMON/RIVSED/CONC, XSECT, SIZE1, PCEN1, SIZE2, PCEN2, SIZE3, PCEN3,
1  SIZE4, PCEN4, SIZE5, PCEN5, SIZE6, PCEN6
   COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT, X(366), Y(366), IPOSX(366,3), IPOSY(366,3), MT11(8)
1, X111, Y111, YEAR, NPTS, IA(10), NYEAR, NDATA, IDATE, DATE(150),
2 NRECORD, CA(150), CB(150), IPR, IPROC, FDATE(150), ITEK

C   GO TO(100,20,30,40,50,100,20,80,86,90), ICATEG
20 READ(IFILE,22) YEAR,NPTS
22 FORMAT(214)
   READ(IFILE,24) (Y(I),X(I),I=1,NPTS)
24 FORMAT(F7.2,F7.0)
   RETURN
30 READ(IFILE,32) IDATE, CONC, SIZE1, PCEN1, SIZE2, PCEN2
32 FORMAT(2I6,F5.3,15,F5.2,15)
   RETURN
40 READ(IFILE,42) IDATE, XSECT, SIZE1, PCEN1, SIZE2, PCEN2, SIZE3, PCEN3
1, SIZE4, PCEN4, SIZE5, PCEN5, SIZE6, PCEN6
42 FORMAT(16,F4.2,6(F5.3,A5))
   RETURN
50 READ(IFILE,52) IDATE, NPTS
52 FORMAT(16,14)
   READ(IFILE,54) (X(I),Y(I),I=1,NPTS)
54 FORMAT(F6.0,F6.1)
   RETURN
80 READ(IFILE,22) YEAR,NPTS
   READ(IFILE,83) (X(I),I=1,NPTS)
83 FORMAT(F7.0)
   IF(IOUT.EQ.1) RETURN
   IF(IPR.EQ.1.OR.IPR.EQ.2) RETURN
   DO 85 I=1,NPTS
85 Y(I)=FLOAT(1)
   IF(ITEK.EQ.3HYES) GO TO 84
   RETURN
86 READ(IFILE,22) YEAR,NPTS
   READ(IFILE,88) (X(I),I=1,NPTS)
88 FORMAT(F7.2)
   IF(IOUT.EQ.1) RETURN
   IF(IPR.EQ.1.OR.IPR.EQ.2) RETURN
   DO 89 I=1,NPTS
89 Y(I)=FLOAT(1)
   IF(ITEK.NE.3HYES) RETURN
84 CALL SWITCH
   RETURN
90 READ(IFILE,22) YEAR,NPTS
   IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HDAILY) GO TO 92
   NPTS=NPTS*24
92 READ(IFILE,94) (X(I),I=1,NPTS)
94 FORMAT(F5.2)
   IF(IOUT.EQ.1) RETURN
   IF(IPR.EQ.1.OR.IPR.EQ.2) RETURN
   DO 96 I=1,NPTS
96 Y(I)=FLOAT(1)
   IF(ITEK.EQ.3HYES) GO TO 84
100 RETURN
   END

```

SUBROUTINE DWRITE ( IFILE, ICATEG, SUBLEVL)

```

SUBROUTINE DWRITE(IFILE,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
C   WRITE DATA ON IFILE
   INTEGER YEAR,CUNC,PCEN1,PCEN2,PCEN3,PCEN4,PCEN5,PCEN6,SUBLEVL,
1  W,F1,WF2,WF3,STNO,STNA,SNAME,TYPE
   COMMON/RIVSED/CUNC,XSECT,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2,SIZE3,PCEN3,
1 SIZE4,PCEN4,SIZE5,PCEN5,SIZE6,PCEN6
   COMMON/RIVCRU/XDIS(100),YELEV(100),NCRUS
   COMMON/RIVSTR/STAGE(50),AREA(50)
   COMMON/RIVRES/GAHI(50),NRCP,SPIN(50),NSCP,QVOL(50),NCCP,NAG(50),
1 NX5(50),NXQ(50)
   COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MUMIN(12),MOMAX(12),UVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
1 ,FVALUE(31),UVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
   COMMON/OUTPUT/IOU,X(366),Y(366),IPUSX(366,3),IPUSY(366,3),MII(8)
1 ,X1IT,Y1IT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
2 NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEN

C   GO TO(100,20,30,40,50,100,70,80,86,90),ICATEG
20 WRITE(IFILE,22) YEAR,NPTS
22 FORMAT(2I4)
   WRITE(IFILE,24) (STAG(I),DISC(I),I=1,NPTS)
24 FORMAT(F7.2,F7.0)
   RETURN
30 WRITE(IFILE,32) IDATE,CUNC,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2
32 FORMAT(2I6,F5.3,15,F5.2,15)
   RETURN
40 WRITE(IFILE,42) IDATE,XSECT,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2,SIZE3,PCEN3
1 ,SIZE4,PCEN4,SIZE5,PCEN5,SIZE6,PCEN6
42 FORMAT(16,F4.2,6(F5.3,A5))
   RETURN
50 WRITE(IFILE,52) IDATE,NPTS
52 FORMAT(16,14)
   WRITE(IFILE,54) (X(I),Y(I),I=1,NPTS)
54 FORMAT(F6.0,F6.1)
   RETURN
70 WRITE(IFILE,22) YEAR,NPTS
   WRITE(IFILE,24) (Y(I),X(I),I=1,NPTS)
   RETURN
80 WRITE(IFILE,22) YEAR,NPTS
   WRITE(IFILE,84) (X(I),I=1,NPTS)
84 FORMAT(F7.0)
   RETURN
86 WRITE(IFILE,22) YEAR,NPTS
   WRITE(IFILE,88) (X(I),I=1,NPTS)
88 FORMAT(F7.2)
   RETURN
90 WRITE(IFILE,22) YEAR,NPTS
   IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.SHDAILY) GO TO 92
   DO 91 I=1,NPTS
   DO 91 J=1,24
   WRITE(IFILE,94) HVALUE(I,J)
91 CONTINUE
   GO TO 100
92 WRITE(IFILE,94) (X(I),I=1,NPTS)
94 FORMAT(F5.2)
100 RETURN
   END

```

SUBROUTINE PROFLAG (IPRO, IPR)

```

SUBROUTINE PROFLAG(JPRO,IPR)
C
C
C
C
      GET DATA PROCESSING TYPE
      IF(IPRO.EQ.10HCUM FREQHE) GO TO 310
      IF(IPRO.EQ.10HHISTOGRAM ) GO TO 320
      IF(JPRO.EQ.10HTHALWEG LE) GO TO 330
      IF(IPRO.EQ.10HCHANGING S) GO TO 340
      IF(IPRO.EQ.10HCUM RAINFA) GO TO 350
      IF(IPRO.EQ.10HREGRESSION) GO TO 360
      IF(JPRO.EQ.10HCORRELATIO) GO TO 370
      IF(IPRO.EQ.10HDISCHARGE ) GO TO 380
      IF(JPRO.EQ.10HSTAGE HYDR) GO TO 390
      IF(IPRO.EQ.10HMIN VALUE ) GO TO 400
      IF(IPRO.EQ.10HMAX VALUE ) GO TO 410
      IF(JPRO.EQ.10HRASJC STAT) GO TO 420
      IF(IPRO.EQ.10HMIN-MAX ) GO TO 430
      IF(IPRO.EQ.10HFREQUENCY ) GO TO 440
      GO TO 300
310 IPR=1 $ GO TO 28
320 IPR=2 $ GO TO 28
330 IPR=3 $ GO TO 28
340 IPR=4 $ GO TO 28
350 IPR=5 $ GO TO 28
360 IPR=6 $ GO TO 28
370 IPR=7 $ GO TO 28
380 IPR=8 $ GO TO 28
390 IPR=9 $ GO TO 28
400 IPR=10 $ GO TO 28
410 IPR=11 $ GO TO 28
420 IPR=12 $ GO TO 28
430 IPR=13 $ GO TO 28
440 IPR=14
      28 RETURN
300 WRITE(6,305)
305 FORMAT(1H0,5X,*ERROR IN THE DATA PROCESSING CARD --- OPTION SELECT
IED IS NOT AVAILABLE AT%,6X,*THE PRESENT TIME*)
C
      STOP
      END

```



SUBROUTINE OUTFLAG (IOUTP, IOUT)

```
C SUBROUTINE OUTFLAG (IOUTP, IOUT)
C
C   GET OUTPUT TYPE
C
C   IF (IOUTP.EQ.3HLIS) IOUT=1
C   IF (IOUTP.EQ.3HPLO) IOUT=2
C   IF (IOUTP.EQ.3HDIS) IOUT=3
C   IF (IOUTP.EQ.3HSAV) IOUT=4
C   IF (IOUTP.EQ.3HPUN) IOUT=5
C   RETURN
C
C   END
```

SUBROUTINE SWITCH

```
      SUBROUTINE SWITCH
C
      COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTII(8)
      1,XIIT,YIIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATE,DATE(150),NRECORD,
      ZCA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
C
      DO 10 I=1,NPTS
      XX=X(I)
      X(I)=Y(I)
      Y(I)=XX
10 CONTINUE
      RETURN
      END
```

## PROGRAM GETDATA

```
OVERLAY (TEST,1,0)
PROGRAM GETDATA
```

C  
C  
C

```
GET THE DESIRED INFORMATION ELEMENTS
```

```
INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,CONC,CTYP,
1PCEN1,PCEN2,PCEN3,PCEN4,PCEN5,PCEN6,SNAME,SUBLEVL,XTI1,YTI1
REAL MWSL,MXL,MOAVG,MOMIN,MOMAX
COMMON/INFURM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
COMMON/LUCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JY1,ND2,JY2
COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISE1,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
1INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGU,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTI(8),
2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXQ,NYRS,TYPE,1YEAR(100),GELEV,NCH
3,IEND,LEAF,TEMP(366)
COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTI(8)
1,XI1,YI1,YEAR,NPTS,1A(10),NYEAR,NDATA,DATE,DATE(150),
2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPH,IPROCF,DATE(150),ITEK
COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOPT
COMMON/RIVSEU/CONC,ASECT,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2,SIZE3,PCEN3,
1SIZE4,PCEN4,SIZE5,PCEN5,SIZE6,PCEN6
COMMON/RIVCRU/XDIS(100),YELEV(100),NCROS
COMMON/RIVSTR/STAGE(50),AREA(50)
COMMON/RIVRES/GAHT(50),NRCP,SP1Q(50),NSCP,QVOL(50),NCCP,NXG(50),
1NXS(50),NXQ(50)
COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
```

C  
C

```
--- GET DATA CATEGORY AND INFORMATION LEVEL ---
```

```
2 READ(IN,10) ICOM,(IY(I),I=1,8)
10 FORMAT(A3,7A10,A7)
IF(ICOM.EQ.3)HEND) STOP
IF(ICOM.NE.3)HGET) GO TO 250
5 CALL SETFLAG
IF(ISE1.EQ.0) GO TO 12
IF(ICOMD.EQ.3)HNO) GO TO 12
WRITE(W,1003)
1003 FORMAT(/,* DATA LOCATION CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES*,20X*ALL
1*,20X,*BASIN*,20X,*RIVER*,20X,*SEGMENT OF A RIVER*,16X,*OR ST
2ATION*,* BY USING THE FOLLOWING COMMANDS*,10X,*BASIN,(RIVER NAME
3) --- FOR A BASIN*,10X,*RIVER,(RIVER NAME) --- FOR A RIVER*/
4,10X,*SEGMENT,(RIVER NAME),FROM (RM1) TO (RM2) --- FOR A SEGMENT
5OF A RIVER*,10X,*SEGMENT,(RIVER NAME),NODE (X),FROM (XRM) TO (YRM
6)*,10X,*STATION,LOCATED (AT/NR LOCATION NAME) --- FOR A LOCATION
7*,10X,*STATION,NUMBER(STATION NUMBER) --- FOR A GAGING STATION*/
8,10X,*STATION,COORDINATES(LAT,LONG) --- FOR A GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION
9 IN THE *,45X,*BASIN*)
WRITE(W,1004)
1004 FORMAT(10X,*STATION,ON(RIVER NAME) AT (RM) --- FOR A STATION ALON
1G A RIVER *,10X,*STATION,NODE(NODE NUMBER) AT (RM) --- FOR A ST
2ATION ALONG A RIVER */,* KEY-IN THE COMMAND WORD "LOCATION" WITH
3THE APPROPRIATE COMMAND STATEMENTS AS*,* DESCRIBED ABOVE; EXAMPLE
4: LOCATION,STATION COORDINATES 33 10 02,90 29 35*/)
12 READ(IN,10) ICOM,(IY(I),I=1,8)
IF(ICOM.EQ.3)HEND) STOP
IF(ISE1.EQ.0) GO TO 5
IF(ICOM.EQ.3)HLOC) GO TO 14
IF(ICOM.EQ.3)HTIM) GO TO 16
```

```

      GO TO 200
C --- GET LOCATION INFORMATION LEVEL ---
14 CALL SETLOC
   IF(ILOC.EQ.0) GO TO 12
   IF(LEVEL.EQ.1) GO TO 402
   IF(ICOMD.EQ.3HNO ) GO TO 12
   WRITE(W,1005)
1005 FORMAT(/,* TIME-PERIOD CAN BE OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES*/,20X,*ALL */
1,20X,*YEAR (X) */,20X,*DATE (X) */,20X,*FROM YEAR (X) TO (Y)*/,20X
2,*FROM DATE (X) TO (Y) */,20X,*WATER YEAR */,20X,*FROM WATER YEAR
3(X) TO (Y)*/,* KEY-IN THE COMMAND WORD "TIME" WITH THE APPROPRIATE
4 TIME-PERIOD AS DESCRIBED*/,* ABOVE; EXAMPLE: TIME,YEAR 1974*/)
   GO TO 12
C --- GET TIME PERIOD ---
16 CALL SETTIM
   IF(IITM.EQ.0) GO TO 12
   IOUTP=3H          $      IPROC=5H          $      IPRU=10H
   DO 15 I=1,4
15 JCOMWD(I)=10H
   IF(ICOMD.EQ.3HNO ) GO TO 17
   WRITE(W,1007)
1007 FORMAT(/,* OUTPUT OPTIONS CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES*/,20X,
1*LIST*/,20X,*PLOT*/,20X,*DISPLAY*/,20X,*SAVE*/,* OR IF YOU WANT TO
2 PROCESS THE DATA INSTEAD, THE FOLLOWING OPTIONS ARE AVAILABLE */
3,* AT THE PRESENT TIME*/,20X,*CUM FREQUENCY */,20X,*HISTOGRAM */
4,20X,*FREQUENCY ANALYSIS*/,20X,*MIN VALUE*/,20X,*MAX VALUE*
5*/,20X,*MIN-MAX */,20X,*BASIC STATISTICS */,20X,
6*REGRESSION ANALYSIS*/,20X,*CUM RAINFALL */,20X,*STAGE HYDROGRAPH*
7*/,20X,*DISCHARGE HYDROGRAPH */,20X,*THALWEG LEVEL */,15X,*AND CHA
NGING STAGE FOR Q=(A GIVEN DISCHARGE IN CFS)*/)
   WRITE(W,1006)
1006 FORMAT(* KEY-IN THE SELECTED OUTPUT OPTION OR THE COMMAND WORD "PR
OCESS" WITH THE*/,* SELECTED OUTPUT OPTION AND THE DESIRED PROCESS
2ING OPERATION; */,* EXAMPLE: PROCESS,LIST,MIN VALUE*/)
17 READ(IN,10) IOUTP,(IY(I),I=1,8)
   IF(IOUTP.EQ.3HPRU) GO TO 18
   IPR=0
   CALL OUTFLAG(IOUTP,IOUT)
   GO TO 400
18 DECODE(77,19,IY) NX,ICOM ,(ITEMP(I),I=1,7)
19 FORMAT(A5,A3,6A10,A9)
   CALL OUTFLAG(ICOM,IOUT)
   IF(IOUT.EQ.3) GO TO 24
   IF(IOUT.EQ.5) GO TO 26
   DECODE(69,22,ITEMP) NX,IPRO,(JCOMWD(I),I=1,4),(IZ(J),J=1,2)
22 FORMAT(A2,A10,4A10,A10,A7)
   GO TO 28
24 DECODE(69,25,ITEMP) NX,IPRO,(JCOMWD(I),I=1,4),(IZ(J),J=1,2)
25 FORMAT(A5,A10,4A10,A10,A4)
   GO TO 28
26 DECODE(69,27,ITEMP) NX,IPRO,(JCOMWD(I),I=1,4),(IZ(J),J=1,2)
27 FORMAT(A3,A10,4A10,A10,A6)
28 CALL PROFLAG(IPRU,IPR)
400 IF(LEVEL.GI.1.AND.LFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 410
402 CALL DESCRIP
   REWIND DF
   IF(IRETRIV.EQ.0) GO TO 140
   IF(LEVEL.EQ.1) GO TO 300
C --- START THE RETRIEVAL PROCESS ---
410 CONTINUE

```

```
      GO TO(20,30,40,40,60,70,80,85,85,95),ICATEG
20  CALL HIVSYS
    GO TO 100
30  CALL HIVHYD
    GO TO 100
40  CALL HIVSED
    GO TO 100
60  CALL HIVGEU
    GO TO 100
70  CALL HIVSTR
    GO TO 100
80  CALL HIVRES
    GO TO 100
85  CALL STADISC
    GO TO 100
95  CALL PRECIP
100 IF(IRETRIV.EQ.0) GO TO 140
    IF(IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 300
    ENDFILE WF1
    REWIND WF1
    GO TO 300
140 WRITE(W,35b)
35b FORMAT(/,* COULD NOT FIND THE DESIRED DATA SET --- CHECK LOCATIO
    IN AND TIME COMMAND */,*STATEMENTS*/ )
    GO TO 12
200 WRITE(W,210)
210 FORMAT(/,* ERROR IN THE CARD HEADING --- TRY AGAIN*/ )
    GO TO 12
250 WRITE(W,255)
255 FORMAT(* THE FIRST COMMAND CARD SHOULD BE GET THE SPECIFIC DATA EL
    EMENT*/ )
    GO TO 2
300 CONTINUE
C
    END
```

SUBROUTINE SETFLAG

```

SUBROUTINE SETFLAG
C
C   SET FLAG FOR DATA CATEGORY AND INFORMATION LEVEL
C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,SURLVL
  COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),ITEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SURLVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,TSFT,ILOC,ITIM,IPETHIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
  INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGC,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
  2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FXQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
C
  ISET=1
  DECODE(77,10,IY) NY,NX,(ITEMP(I),I=1,7),NZ
10  FORMAT(A1,A3,6A10,A9,44)
  IF(NX.EQ.3HALL) GO TO 30
  IF(NX.EQ.3HSTA) GO TO 40
  IF(NX.EQ.3HSUS) GO TO 50
  IF(NX.EQ.3HRED) GO TO 60
  IF(NX.EQ.3HCR0) GO TO 70
  IF(NX.EQ.3HCON) GO TO 80
  IF(NX.EQ.3HPRES) GO TO 90
  IF(NX.EQ.3HUIS) GO TO 94
  IF(NX.EQ.3HRIV) GO TO 400
  IF(NX.EQ.3HPHE) GO TO 500
  GO TO 200
30  ICATEG=1
  LEVEL=1
  RETURN
40  ICATEG=2
  DECODE(69,42,ITEMP) (IZ(I),I=1,2),NY,(JTEMP(J),J=1,6)
42  FORMAT(A10,2A3,5A10,A3)
  GO TO 100
50  ICATEG=3
  DECODE(69,52,ITEMP) (IZ(I),I=1,2),NY,(KTEMP(J),J=1,5)
52  FORMAT(A10,A6,A3,5A10)
  GO TO 100
60  ICATEG=4
  DECODE(69,62,ITEMP) NX,NY,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
62  FORMAT(A10,A3,5A10,A6)
  GO TO 100
70  ICATEG=5
  DECODE(69,72,ITEMP) (IZ(I),I=1,2),NY,(JTEMP(J),J=1,6)
72  FORMAT(A10,A1,A3,5A10,A5)
  GO TO 100
80  ICATEG=6
  DECODE(69,82,ITEMP) (IZ(I),I=1,2),NY,(JTEMP(J),J=1,6)
82  FORMAT(A10,A5,A3,5A10,A1)
  GO TO 100
90  ICATEG=7
  DECODE(69,92,ITEMP) NX,NY,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
92  FORMAT(A7,A3,5A10,A9)
  GO TO 100
94  ICATEG = 8
  DECODE(69,96,ITEMP)NX,NY,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
96  FORMAT(A7,A3,5A10,A9)
  GO TO 100
400 ICATEG=9
  DECODE(69,410,ITEMP) NX,NY,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
410 FORMAT(A9,A3,5A10,A7)
  GO TO 100
500 ICATEG=10
  DECODE(69,510,ITEMP) (IZ(I),I=1,2),NY,(JTEMP(J),I=1,6)
510 FORMAT(A10,A1,A3,5A10,A5)
100 IF(NY.EQ.3HALL) GO TO 110
  IF(NY.EQ.3HDAT) GO TO 130
  IF(NY.EQ.3HSTA) GO TO 105
  GO TO 300
105 LEVEL=1

```

```
      RETURN
110 LEVEL=3  $  SURLEVL=5HALL
      RETURN
130 LEVEL=2
      IF (ICATEG.EQ.7) GO TO 132
      IF (ICATEG.EQ.10) GO TO 136
      RETURN
132 DECODE(59,134,JTEMP) NX,SURLEVL,(KTEMP(I),I=1,5),NY
134 FORMAT(A2,A5,5A10,A2)
      RETURN
136 DECODE(55,138,JTEMP) NX,SURLEVL,(KTEMP(I),I=1,5)
138 FORMAT(A2,A5,4A10,A8)
      RETURN
200 WRITE(W,210)
210 FORMAT(1H0,5X,*COULD NOT IDENTIFY THE DATA CATEGORY TO BE RETRIEVE
      1D --- CHECK THE DATA CATEGORY FORMAT*)
      GO TO 350
300 WRITE(W,310)
310 FORMAT(/,5X,*ERROR IN THE ELEMENT CARD --- CHECK INFORMATION TYPE
      10F THE DATA ELEMENT*)
350 ISET=0
C
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE SETLOC

SUBROUTINE SETLOC

C  
C  
C

SET FLAG FOR DATA LOCATION

```

INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,SINA
COMMON/INFORM/ICUM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICUMD,IFILE
COMMON/LUCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISFT,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPTU,IOUTP,
INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LANG,GAGU,NAME(4),SINA(3),SNAME(4),LT11(8),
2I1(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FXQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY

```

C

```

NAMST=10H          5  NUMST=4H
ILUC=1
DECODE(77,10,IY) NX,LCATEG,(ITEMP(I),I=1,7)
10 FORMAT(A6,A3,6A10,A8)
IF(LCATEG.EQ.3HALL) GO TO 20
IF(LCATEG.EQ.3HBAS) GO TO 30
IF(LCATEG.EQ.3HRIV) GO TO 40
IF(LCATEG.EQ.3HSEG) GO TO 50
IF(LCATEG.EQ.3HSTA) GO TO 55
GO TO 100
20 LFLAG=1
RETURN
30 LFLAG=2
DECODE(68,32,ITEMP) NX,INAME,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
32 FORMAT(A3,A10,5A10,A5)
RETURN
40 LFLAG=3
DECODE(68,32,ITEMP) NX,INAME,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
RETURN
50 LFLAG=4
DECODE(68,52,ITEMP) NX,INAME,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
52 FORMAT(A5,A10,5A10,A3)
PRINT*, "FROM",
READ*,DIST1
PRINT*, "TO",
READ*,DIST2
RETURN
55 DECODE(68,56,ITEMP) NX,IST,(JTEMP(J),J=1,6)
56 FORMAT(A5,A3,6A10)
IF(IST.EQ.3HLOC) GO TO 60
IF(IST.EQ.3HNUM) GO TO 70
IF(IST.EQ.3HCOO) GO TO 80
IF(IST.EQ.3HUN ) GO TO 90
IF(IST.EQ.3HNOD) GO TO 95
GO TO 100
60 LFLAG=5
DECODE(60,61,JTEMP) NX,NAMST,(KTEMP(K),K=1,5)
61 FORMAT(A5,A10,4A10,A5)
RETURN

```



```
70 LFLAG=6
   DECODE(60,71,JTEMP) NX,NUMST,NY,(KTEMP(K),K=1,5)
71 FORMAT(A4,A4,A2,5A10)
   RETURN
80 LFLAG=7
   DECODE(60,81,JTEMP) NX,ILAT,NY,ILONG,(LTEMP(K),K=1,4)
81 FORMAT(A9,A8,A1,A6,3A10,A4)
   RETURN
90 LFLAG=8
   DECODE(60,91,JTEMP) INAME,(KTEMP(K),K=1,5)
91 FORMAT(A10,5A10)
92 PRINT*,"AT",
   READ*,DIST1
   RETURN
95 LFLAG=9
   DECODE(60,96,JTEMP) NX,INODE,(KTEMP(K),K=1,5)
96 FORMAT(A2,A9,4A10,A9)
   GO TO 92
100 WRITE(W,82)
82 FORMAT(/,5X,"*COULD NOT IDENTIFY THE INPUT STATION LOCATION --- TRY
1 AGAIN*")
```

C

```
   ILUC=0
   RETURN
END
```

SUBROUTINE SETTIM

SUBROUTINE SETTIM

C  
C  
C

SET FLAG FOR TIME-PERIOD

```

INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,STNA
COMMON/INFORM/ICUM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICUMD,IFILE
COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,IIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LT11(8),
2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FLAG,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
3,IEND,LEAF,TEMP(366)

```

C

```

IIM=1
DECODE(77,100,IY) NX,ITIME,(ITEMP(I),I=1,7)
100 FORMAT(A2,A5,7A10)
IF(ITIME.EQ.5HALL ) GO TO 110
IF(ITIME.EQ.5HYEAR ) GO TO 120
IF(ITIME.EQ.5HWATER) GO TO 126
IF(ITIME.EQ.5HDATE ) GO TO 130
IF(ITIME.EQ.5HFROM ) GO TO 140
GO TO 170
110 JFLAG=1
RETURN
120 JFLAG=2
DECODE(70,125,ITEMP) IYR1,NX,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
125 FORMAT(A4,A6,6A10)
JSTART=IYR1 $ ND1=1
JEND=4H
DECODE(4,122,IYR1) JYR1
122 FORMAT(14)
RETURN
126 JFLAG = 6
DECODE(70,128,ITEMP)NX,IYR1,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
128 FORMAT(A6,A4,6A10)
JSTART=IYR1 $ JEND=4H

```

```

      DECODE(4,127,IYR1) NX,IYR
127  FORMAT(2A2)
      ENCODE(6,129,IDATE1) IYR
129  FORMAT(* 110°,A2)
      CALL DORDER(IDATE1,ND1,JYR1)
      RETURN
130  JFLAG=3
      DECODE(70,135,IEMP) IDATE1,NX,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
135  FORMAT(A6,A4,6A10)
      JSTART=IDATE1
      JEND=6M
      CALL DORDER(JSTART,ND1,JYR1)
      RETURN
140  DECODE(70,145,IEMP) IDATE1,NX,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
145  FORMAT(2A5,6A10)
      IF(IDATE1.EQ.5HYEAR) GO TO 150
      IF(IDATE1.EQ.5HDATE) GO TO 160
      IF(IDATE1.EQ.5HWATER) GO TO 160
      GO TO 170
150  JFLAG=4
      DECODE(70,155,IEMP) NX,IYR1,NY,IYR2,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6)
155  FORMAT(A5,3A+,5A10,A3)
      JSTART=IYR1 $ ND1=1
      JEND=IYR2
      DECODE(4,122,IYR1) JYR1
      RETURN
160  JFLAG=5
      DECODE(70,165,IEMP) NX,IDATE1,NY,IDATE2,(KTEMP(I),I=1,5)
165  FORMAT(A5,A6,A4,A6,4A10,A9)
      JSTART=IDATE1
      JEND=IDATE2
      CALL DORDER(JSTART,ND1,JYR1)
      CALL DORDER(JEND,ND2,JYR2)
      RETURN
166  JFLAG=7
      DECODE(70,168,IEMP) (I2(I),I=1,2),IYR1,NY,IYR2,(KTEMP(J),J=1,5)
168  FORMAT(A10,A1,3A4,4A10,A7)
      JSTART=IYR1 $ JEND=IYR2
      DECODE(4,127,IYR1) NX,IYR
      ENCODE(6,129,IDATE1) IYR
      CALL DORDER(IDATE1,ND1,JYR1)
      RETURN
170  WRITE(W,175)
175  FORMAT(/,5X,*COULD NOT IDENTIFY THE INPUT TIME-PERIOD --- TRY AGAIN
      IN*)
      I1IM=0
C
      RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE DDATE (JDATE, IDD)

```

C      SUBROUTINE DDATE(JDATE,IDD)
C      CHECK THE DESIRED DATE WITH DATA AVAILABILITY
C      COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
C
      DECODE(6,10,JDATE) IDAY,IMON,IYR
10  FORMAT(3(I2))
      DECODE(6,10,JSTART) IDAY1,IMON1,IYR1
      JYEAR=1900+IYR1
      IF(JEND.EQ.64 ) GO TO 20
      DECODE(6,10,JEND) IDAY2,IMON2,IYR2
      GO TO 30
20  IDAY2=IDAY1
      IMON2=IMON1
      IYR2=IYR1
30  IF((IYR.LT.IYR1).OR.IYR.GT.IYR2) GO TO 40
      IF((IYR.EQ.IYR1).AND.(IMON.LT.IMON1)) GO TO 40
      IF((IYR.EQ.IYR2).AND.(IMON.GT.IMON2)) GO TO 40
      IF((IYR.EQ.IYR1).AND.(IMON.EQ.IMON1).AND.(IDAY.LT.IDAY1)) GO TO 40
      IF((IYR.EQ.IYR2).AND.(IMON.EQ.IMON2).AND.(IDAY.GT.IDAY2)) GO TO 40
      IDD=1
      RETURN
40  IDD=0
      RETURN
C
      END

```

SUBROUTINE DYEAR (IYR, JYD)

```
      SUBROUTINE DYEAR(IYR,JYD)
C
C      CHECK THE DESIRED YEAR WITH DATA AVAILABILITY
C
      COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,UNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
C
      DECODE(4,10,JSTART) IYR1
10  FORMAT(I4)
      IF(JEND.EQ.4# ) GO TO 20
      DECODE(4,10,JEND) IYR2
      GO TO 30
20  IYR2=IYR1
30  IF(IYR.LT.IYR1.OR.IYR.GT.IYR2) GO TO 40
      JYD=1
      RETURN
40  JYD=0
      RETURN
C
      END
```

SUBROUTINE DORDER (IDATE, NDT, IYR)

```

SUBROUTINE DORDER(IDATE,NDT,IYR)
C
C   GET THE ORDER OF A DATE IN A YEAR
C
COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
C
DECODE(6,10,IDATE) IDAY,IMO,IYR
10 FORMAT(3I2)
IYR=1900+IYR
IF(IMO.GT.1) GO TO 15
NDT=IDAY $ RETURN
15 CALL LEAPYR(IYR,LEAP)
IF(LEAP.EQ.1) NDAY(2)=29
IF(LEAP.EQ.0) NDAY(2)=28
IM1=IMO-1
NSUM=0
DO 20 I=1,IM1
20 NSUM=NSUM+NDAY(I)
NDT=NSUM+IDAY
RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE CATEG

```

SUBROUTINE CATEG
C
C      DATA CATEGORY IDENTIFICATION
C
      INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,SURLEVL
      COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SURLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
      COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISFT,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
      INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
      2IY(8),ITFMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXQ,NYPS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
      3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
C
      GO TO(250,10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90),ICATEG
10  NAMCAT=6HRIVHYD   $  GO TO 200
20  NAMCAT=6HRIVSSD  $  GO TO 200
30  NAMCAT=6HRIVBED  $  GO TO 200
40  NAMCAT=6HRIVGEO  $  GO TO 200
50  NAMCAT=6HRIVSTR  $  GO TO 200
60  NAMCAT=6HRIVRES  $  GO TO 200
70  NAMCAT=6HRDTSCH  $  GO TO 200
80  NAMCAT=6HRSTAGE  $  GO TO 200
90  NAMCAT=6HPRCIP   $  GO TO 200
200 READ(DF,210) NX,(LTIT(I),I=1,8)
210  FORMAT(A6,7A10,A4)
      IF(FOF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 300
      IF(NX.NE.NAMCAT) GO TO 200
      IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 250
      WRITE(W,12)(LTIT(I),I=1,8)
12  FORMAT(1H1,/,/,46X,*YAZOO RIVER SYSTEM DATA BANK*/,/,46X,7A10,A4/)
250 RETURN
300 WRITE(W,310) NAMCAT
310  FORMAT(1H0,5X,*COULD NOT FIND THE *,A6,* DATA CATEGORY*)
C
      STOP
      END

```

SUBROUTINE NAMNOD (LEVEL, LFLAG, KEY)

```

SUBROUTINE NAMNOD(LEVEL,LFLAG,KEY)
  INTEGER W,STNA
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISE1,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
  INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTI(8),
  ZIY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIHQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,LEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/RIVCRU/XDIS(100),YELEV(100),NCRUS
C
  DECODE(78,8,1Y) NCRUS,NX,DIST,NY,LATI,NZ,LONG,(STNA(1),1=1,3),IX,
  1KEY
  8 FORMAT(13,A9,F7.2,2(A2,A8),3A10,A3,A6)
  IF(LFLAG.GI.1) GO TO 100
  IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 100
  WRITE(W,5)
  5 FORMAT(/,1X,132(1H-))
  WRITE(W,24)
  24 FORMAT(/,16X,*RIVER NAME*,15X,*RIVER-MILE*,10X,*LATITUDE*,10X,
  1*LONGITUDE*,10X,*NUMBER OF CROSS-SECTION*)
  WRITE(W,26) DIST,LATI,LONG,NCRUS
  26 FORMAT(/,14X,*MAIN STEM YAZOO*,13X,F7.2,12X,A8,11X,A8,17X,13)
  WRITE(W,5)
100 CONTINUE
  RETURN
  END

```



SUBROUTINE STNID (IDENT)

```

SUBROUTINE STNID (IDENT)
C
C      GAGING STATION IDENTIFICATION
C
      INTEGER STNA,STNO,STFLAG
      COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
      COMMON/WORK/1N,W,W1,W2,W3,TSET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
      INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
      ZIY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FXQ,NYRS,TYPE,1YEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
      3,IEND,LFAP,TEMP(366)
      COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
C
      IDENT=0  $  STFLAG=LFLAG-4
      GO TO(10,20,30,40,50),STFLAG
10  IF (STNA(1).EQ.NAMST) IDENT=1
      GO TO 200
20  IF (STNO.EQ.NUMST) IDENT=1
      GO TO 200
30  IF ((LATI.EQ.ILAT).AND.(LONG.EQ.ILONG)) IDENT=1
      GO TO 200
40  IF ((JNAME.EQ.INAME).AND.(DIST.EQ.DIST1)) IDENT=1
      GO TO 200
50  IF ((NODE.EQ.INODE).AND.(DIST.EQ.DIST1)) IDENT=1
200 RETURN
C
      END

```

SUBROUTINE DESCRIP

```

SUBROUTINE DESCRIP
C
C      RETRIEVE DATA STATUS AND GET KEY(S) FOR DATA RETRIEVAL
C
      INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,DATE,TYPE,YEAR
      COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMU,IFILE
      COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
      COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
      COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
      COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
      INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LT1(8),
      ZIY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIHQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
      3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
      COMMON/OUTPUT/IOU1,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
      1,XIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),NRECORD,
      ZCA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
      COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
      KOUNT1=KOUNT2=KOUNT3=KOUNT4=KOUNT5=KOUNT6=KOUNT7=KOUNT8=0
      KOUNT9=0
      NKEYS=0
      IRETRIV=0
      DF=11
      REWIND DF
      KOUNT=0
      IF(LFLAG.GT.4.AND.LFLAG.NE.8) GO TO 104
20  READ(DF,10) ICOM,JNAME,(JTEMP(I),I=1,6),JNODE,NX
10  FORMAT(A3,A10,5A10,A2,A9,A6)
      IF(EUF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 600
      KOUNT=KOUNT+1
      IF(ICOM.EQ.3HDAT) GO TO 550
      DECODE(9,12,JNODE) JND1
12  FORMAT(I9)
      IF(LFLAG.EQ.8) GO TO 300
      GO TO(100,200,300,300),LFLAG
C  --- GET THE STATUS OF ALL DATA CATEGORIES IN THE DATA BASE ---
100 IF(ICOM.NE.3HALL) GO TO 20
      IF(LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 104
      WRITE(*,101) (NNAME(KOUNT,J),J=1,3)
101  FORMAT(/,45X,'DATA STATUS FOR ALL ',3A10)
      GO 610 J=1,3

```

```

610 NAME(J)=NNAME(KOUNT,J)
    GO TO 104
C --- GET DATA STATUS AND RETRIEVAL KEYS FOR A BASIN ---
200 IF(JNAME.NE.INAME) GO TO 20
    DO 620 J=1,3
620 NAME(J)=NNAME(KOUNT,J)
    IF(LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 16
    WRITE(W,14)(NNAME(KOUNT,J),J=1,3)
14 FORMAT(/,45X,*DATA STATUS FOR BASIN OF THE *,3A10)
16 IF(ICOM.EQ.3HRIV) GO TO 210
    IF(ICOM.EQ.3HTR1) GO TO 220
    IF(ICOM.EQ.3HTR2) GO TO 230
    IF(ICOM.EQ.3HTR3) GO TO 240
    GO TO 20
210 JND2=JND1+999999
    GO TO 104
220 JND2=JND1+9999
    GO TO 104
230 JND2=JND1+99
    GO TO 104
240 JND2=JND1
104 READ(DF,106) ICOM,(ITEMP(I),I=1,7),NODE,KEY
106 FORMAT(A3,6A10,A2,A9,A6)
    IF(EOF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 600
    IF(ICOM.EQ.3HALL) GO TO 104
    IF(ICOM.EQ.3HRIV.OR.ICOM.EQ.3HTR1.OR.ICOM.EQ.3HTR2.OR.ICOM.EQ.
13HTR3) GO TO 104
    IF(ICOM.EQ.3MDAT) GO TO 104
    IF(LFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 108
    IF(LFLAG.EQ.2) GO TO 109
    IF(LFLAG.GE.4) GO TO 107
    IF(NODE.NE.JNODE) GO TO 104
    GO TO 108
C --- GET DATA STATUS AND RETRIEVAL KEY(S) FOR A STATION ---
107 DECODE(62,111,ITEMP)(STNA(J),J=1,3),SINO,DIST,LATI,LONG,TYPE,NYRS
111 FORMAT(2A10,A5,A4,F7.2,2A8,A7,13)
    CALL STNID(IDENT)
    IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 104
    IF(KOUNT.GT.0) GO TO 108
    DO 103 I=1,NSUB
    IF(NODE.NE.NNODE(I)) GO TO 103
    K1=I
    GO TO 105
103 CONTINUE
105 IF(LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 102
    IF(ICATEG.NE.10) GO TO 624
    WRITE(W,622)(STNA(K),K=1,3)
622 FORMAT(/,45X,*DATA STATUS *,2A10,A5)
    GO TO 626
624 WRITE(W,112)(NNAME(K1,J),J=1,3),(STNA(K),K=1,3)
112 FORMAT(/,45X,*DATA STATUS FOR *,3A10,2A10,A5)
626 KOUNT=KOUNT+1
102 DO 630 J=1,3
630 NAME(J)=NNAME(K1,J)
    GO TO 108
109 DECODE(9,12,NODE) INOD
    IF(INOD.LT.JND1.OR.INOD.GT.JND2) GO TO 104
108 CONTINUE
C --- RETRIEVAL ACCORDING TO SELECTED DATA CATEGORY ---
    GO TO(110,120,130,140,150,160,170,180,185,190),ICATEG

```

```

C --- GET DATA STATUS OF ALL CATEGORIES IN THE BASIN ---
110 IF (ICOM.EQ.3HDSU) GO TO 30
    IF (ICOM.EQ.3HDDI) GO TO 35
    IF (ICOM.EQ.3HDSG) GO TO 40
    IF (ICOM.EQ.3HDS5) GO TO 45
    IF (ICOM.EQ.3HDBU) GO TO 50
    IF (ICOM.EQ.3HDCR) GO TO 55
    IF (ICOM.EQ.3HDPK) GO TO 60
    IF (ICOM.EQ.3HDRE) GO TO 65
    IF (ICOM.EQ.3HDST) GO TO 70
    GO TO 104
30 IF (KOUNT1.GT.0) GO TO 34
    IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 34
    CALL HEADING
    WRITE(W,32)
32 FORMAT(/,50X,*STAGE-DISCHARGE DATA STATUS*)
    KOUNT1=KOUNT1+1
34 CALL SUBSYS
    GO TO 104
35 IF (KOUNT2.GT.0) GO TO 34
    IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 34
    CALL HEADING
    WRITE(W,36)
36 FORMAT(/,50X,*RIVER DISCHARGE DATA STATUS*)
    KOUNT2=KOUNT2+1
    GO TO 34
40 IF (KOUNT3.GT.0) GO TO 34
    IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 34
    CALL HEADING
    WRITE(W,42)
42 FORMAT(/,50X,*RIVER STAGE DATA STATUS*)
    KOUNT3=KOUNT3+1
    GO TO 34
45 IF (KOUNT4.GT.0) GO TO 34
    IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 34
    CALL HEADING
    WRITE(W,46)
46 FORMAT(/,50X,*SUSPENDED SEDIMENT DATA STATUS*)
    KOUNT4=KOUNT4+1
    GO TO 34
50 IF (KOUNT5.GT.0) GO TO 34
    IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 34
    CALL HEADING
    WRITE(W,52)
52 FORMAT(/,50X,*BED MATERIAL DATA STATUS*)
    KOUNT5=KOUNT5+1
    GO TO 34
55 IF (KOUNT6.GT.0) GO TO 34
    IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 34
    CALL HEADING
    WRITE(W,56)
56 FORMAT(/,50X,*CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION DATA STATUS*)
    KOUNT6=KOUNT6+1
    GO TO 34
60 IF (KOUNT7.GT.0) GO TO 34
    IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 34
    CALL HEADING
    WRITE(W,62)
62 FORMAT(/,50X,*PRECIPITATION DATA STATUS*)
    KOUNT7=KOUNT7+1

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```

        GO TO 34
65 IF (KUUNT8.GT.0) GO TO 34
   IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 34
   CALL HEADING
   WRITE(W,66)
66 FORMAT(/,50X,*RESERVOIR DATA STATUS*)
   KUUNT8=KUUNT8+1
   GO TO 34
70 IF (KUUNT9.GT.0) GO TO 34
   IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 34
   CALL HEADING
   WRITE(W,72)
72 FORMAT(/,50X,*RIVER CONTROL STRUCTURE DATA STATUS*)
   KUUNT9=KUUNT9+1
   GO TO 34
120 IF (ICOM.NE.3HDSU) GO TO 192
   GO TO 30
130 IF (ICOM.NE.3HDSS) GO TO 192
   GO TO 45
140 IF (ICOM.NE.3HDBD) GO TO 192
   GO TO 50
150 IF (ICOM.NE.3HDCH) GO TO 192
   GO TO 55
160 IF (ICOM.NE.3HDST) GO TO 192
   GO TO 70
170 IF (ICOM.NE.3HDRE) GO TO 192
   GO TO 65
180 IF (ICOM.NE.3HDDI) GO TO 192
   GO TO 35
185 IF (ICOM.NE.3HDSG) GO TO 192
   GO TO 40
190 IF (ICOM.NE.3HDPK) GO TO 192
   GO TO 60
192 IF (IRETHIV.EQ.1) GO TO 600
   GO TO 104
C --- GET DATA STATUS AND RETRIEVAL KEYS FOR A RIVER ---
300 IF (JNAME.NE.INAME) GO TO 20
   DO 640 J=1,3
640 NAME(J)=NNAME(KUUNT,J)
   IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 104
   IF (LFLAG.EQ.6) GO TO 104
   IF (LFLAG.EQ.4) GO TO 400
   WRITE(W,301)(NNAME(KUUNT,J),J=1,3)
301 FORMAT(/,45X,*DATA STATUS FOR *,3A10)
   GO TO 104
C --- GET DATA STATUS AND RETRIEVAL KEYS FOR A SEGMENT OF A RIVER
400 WRITE(W,401)(NNAME(KUUNT,J),J=1,3)
401 FORMAT(/,45X,*DATA STATUS FOR SEGMENT OF *,3A10)
   GO TO 104
550 WRITE(W,552)
552 FORMAT(1H0,5X,*ERROR IN SUBSYSTEM LOCATION NAME*)
600 IF (LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 750
   WRITE(W,700)
700 FORMAT(/,1X,130(1H-),//)
750 RETURN
   END

```

SUBROUTINE HEADING

```

SUBROUTINE HEADING
C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SURLEV,LCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISFT,ILOC,ITIM,IPETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
  INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(2),
  2IY(2),ITEMP(7),I7(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXO,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
C
  WRITE(W,10)
  10 FORMAT(/,1X,130(1H-))
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.10) GO TO 35
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.5) GO TO 25
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.6.OR.ICATEG.EQ.7) GO TO 30
  WRITE(W,15)
  15 FORMAT(/,12X,*LOCATION*,12X,*STA.NO.*,4X,*NODE*,4X,*RIVER MILE*,
  14X,*LATITUDE*,4X,*LONGITUDE*,4X,*GAGE-0 (FT (MSL))* ,4X,*NO. YEARS*,
  25X,*TAPE I.D.*)
  GO TO 50
  25 WRITE(W,26)
  26 FORMAT(/,12X,*LOCATION*,12X,*STA.NO.*,4X,*NODE*,4X,*RIVER MILE*,
  14X,*LATITUDE*,4X,*LONGITUDE*,4X,*GAGE-0 (FT (MSL))* ,4X,*NO. DATES*,
  25X,*TAPE I.D.*)
  GO TO 50
  30 WRITE(W,32)
  32 FORMAT(/,12X,*LOCATION*,12X,*STA.NO.*,4X,*NODE*,4X,*RIVER MILE*,
  14X,*LATITUDE*,4X,*LONGITUDE*,4X,*TYPE*,11X,*NO. YEARS*,5X,*TAPE I.D
  2*)
  GO TO 50
  35 WRITE(W,36)
  36 FORMAT(/,12X,*LOCATION*,12X,*STA.NO.*,12X,*LATITUDE*,4X,
  1*LONGITUDE*,12X,*MEAN FLEV (FT)*,8X,*NO. YEARS*,5X,*TAPE I.D.*)
  50 WRITE(W,10)
C
  RETURN
  END

```

## SUBROUTINE SUBSYS

SUBROUTINE SUBSYS

```

C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,DATE,YEAR,TYPE
  COMMON/ELFMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SIHLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/SUB/NNAMF(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
  COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,TSET,ILOC,ITIX,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
  1NODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGD,NAMF(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
  2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,MCP
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
  1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,JA(10),NYEAR,NDATE,IDATE,DATE(150),NRECORD,
  2CA(150),CR(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
C
  IF(LFLAG.GT.4) GO TO 10
  DECODE(62,20,ITEMP)(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,TYPE,NYRS
20  FORMAT(2A10,A5,A4,F7.2,2A8,A7,I3)
  10 IF(ICATEG.EQ.5) GO TO 22
  READ(DF,30) ITAPE,(IYEAR(J),J=1,NYRS)
30  FORMAT(A8,18I4/(8X,18I4))
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.10) GO TO 38
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.7) GO TO 35
  GO TO 32
22  NCR=NYRS
  READ(DF,31) ITAPE,(DATE(I),I=1,NCR)
31  FORMAT(A8,12I6/(8X,12I6))
32  IF(LFLAG.NE.4) GO TO 35
  IF(DIST.LT.DIST1.OR.DIST.GT.DIST2) RETURN
35  DECODE(9,36,NODE) INOD
36  FORMAT(I9)
38  IRETRIV=1
  IF(LEVEL.GT.1) GO TO 56
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.10) GO TO 42
  WRITE(W,40)(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,INOD,DIST,LATI,LONG,TYPE,NYRS
  1,ITAPE
40  FORMAT(/,5X,2A10,A5,3X,A4,3X,I9,3X,F7.2,5X,A8,5X,A8,8X,A7,10X,I3,
  110X,A8)
  GO TO 46
42  DECODE(7,33,TYPE) GELEV
33  FORMAT(F7.2)
  WRITE(W,44)(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,LATI,LONG,GELEV,NYRS,ITAPE
44  FORMAT(/,5X,2A10,A5,3X,A4,14X,A8,5X,A8,13X,F7.2,15X,I3,10X,A8)
46  IF(ICATEG.EQ.6.OR.ICATEG.EQ.7) GO TO 55
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.5) GO TO 52
  WRITE(W,50)(IYEAR(J),J=1,NYRS)
50  FORMAT(I6(4X,I4))
  GO TO 55
52  WRITE(W,51)(DATE(J),J=1,NCR)
51  FORMAT(16(2X,I6))
55  IF(LEVEL.EQ.1) RETURN
56  IF(LFLAG.EQ.1) RETURN
  NKEYS=NKEYS+1
  IKEY(NKEYS)=KEY
C
  RETURN
  END

```

SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

## SUBROUTINE RIVSYS

```

C
INTFGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPF,YEAR,DATE,CONC,CTYP,
1PCEN1,PCEN2,PCEN3,PCEN4,PCEN5,PCEN6,SNAME,SURLEVL,XTIT,YTIT
REAL MWSL,MXEL,MOAVG,MOMIN,MOMAX
COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SURLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,UNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISFT,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
2IY(8),ITEMP(7),I7(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYFAR(100),GELEV,NCR
3,IEND,LFAP,TEMP(366)
COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPDSX(366,3),IPDSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),TPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITFK
COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOP
COMMON/RIVSED/CONC,XSECT,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2,SIZE3,PCEN3,
1SIZE4,PCEN4,SIZE5,PCEN5,SIZE6,PCEN6
COMMON/RIVCRD/XDTS(100),YFLV(100),NCR0S
COMMON/RIVSTR/STAGE(50),AREA(50)
COMMON/RIVRES/GAHT(50),NRCP,SP10(50),NSCP,QVOL(50),NCCP,NXG(50),
1NXS(50),NXQ(50)
COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
COMMON/SUR/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUR,IKEY(300),NKFYS,KEY

```

```

C
CALL RIVHYD
CALL RIVSED
CALL RIVGED
CALL RIVSTR
CALL RIVRES
CALL STADISC
CALL PRECIP

```

```

C
RETURN
END

```



## SUBROUTINE RIVHYD

```

SUBROUTINE RIVHYD
C
C     RIVER HYDRAULICS DATA MANIPULATION
C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,SNAME,SUBLEVL,
  1XIT,YTIT
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMS1,1LAT,1LONG,DIS1,DIS2
  COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
  1NODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LIT(4),
  2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIX0,NYRS,ITYE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/LOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
  1,XIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IUATE,DATE(150),
  2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEX
  COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IUPT
  COMMON/STATUS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
  1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
  COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
C --- CHECK DATA CATEGORY ---
  DF=12
  IRETRIV=1
  CALL CATEG
  IF(LFLAG.GT.1) GO TO 350
C --- RETRIEVE ALL HYDRAULICS DATA ---
  50 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
  14 FORMAT(A3,7A10,A7)
  IF(EOF(DF).NE.0) RETURN
  IF(IX.EQ.3HIS1) GO TO 25
  IF(IX.EQ.3HHST) GO TO 35
  RETURN
C --- READ AND WRITE STATION INFORMATION ---
  25 DECODE(77,24,IY) IX,(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,
  1GAGO,TYPE,NYRS
  24 FORMAT(A3,3A10,A4,F7.2,2A9,F7.3,A5,I3)
  IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 50
  SNAME(1)=NAME(1) $ SNAME(2)=NAME(2)
  SNAME(3)=STNA(1) $ SNAME(4)=STNA(2)
  CALL WSTD
  GO TO 50
C --- READ AND WRITE HYDRAULIC DATA ---
  35 DECODE(77,30,IY) IX,YEAR,NPTS,(ITEMP(I),I=1,7)
  30 FORMAT(A3,I4,I5,6A10,A5)
  READ(DF,34) (DATE(I),STAG(I),DISC(I),I=1,NPTS)
  34 FORMAT(4(I0,F7.2,F7.0))
  IF(JFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 31
  CALL DYEAR(YEAR,JYD)
  IF(JYD.EQ.0) GO TO 50
  31 CALL HYDAT(W,LEVEL)
  GO TO 50
C --- RETRIEVE HYDRAULIC DATA AT A GAGING STATION ---
  350 CALL HYDSTA
  IF(NRECORD.EQ.0) IRETRIV=0
  RETURN
  END

```

## SUBROUTINE HYDSTA

```

SUBROUTINE HYDSTA
C
C   GET HYDRAULICS DATA FOR ONE PARTICULAR GAGING STATION
C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,SNAME,SURLEVL,
1XTIT,YTIT
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SURLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
  COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IRFTRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
1NODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAMF(4),LTIT(8),
2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXD,NYRS,TYPE,IYFAR(100),GELEV,NCR
3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
  COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOPT
  COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
  COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNOE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
  NRECORD=0 $ KKEY=0
500 NYEAR=0
356 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
  14 FORMAT(A3,7A10,A7)
  IF(FOF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 16
  IF(IX.EQ.3HHST) GO TO 360
  IF(IX.EQ.3HHST) GO TO 380
  16 REWIND DF
  RETURN
C --- READ AND WRITE STATION INFORMATION ---
360 DECODE(77,362,IY) NX,(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,
1GAGO,TYPE,NYRS
362 FORMAT(A3,3A10,A4,F7.2,2A9,F7.3,A5,I3)
  ENCODE(6,363,KEY) NX
363 FORMAT(*IST*,A3)
  CALL CHKEY(IDENT)
  IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 356
  KKEY=KKEY+1
  SNAME(1)=NAME(1) $ SNAME(2)=NAME(2)
  SNAME(3)=STNA(1) $ SNAME(4)=STNA(2)
  MTIT(5)=SNAME(1) % MTIT(6)=SNAME(2)
  MTIT(7)=SNAME(3) % MTIT(8)=SNAMF(4)
  XTIT=10HDISCHARGE $ YTIT=10HGAGE STAGE
  XUNIT=6HIN CFS $ YUNIT=6HIN FT. $ TUNIT=4HYEAR
  IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 356
  CALL WSTD
  GO TO 356
C --- READ AND WRITE STAGE-DISCHARGE DATA ---
380 DECODE(77,30,IY) JX,YEAR,NPTS,(ITEMP(I),I=1,7)
  30 FORMAT(A3,I4,I5,6A10,A5)
  READ(DF,34)(DATE(I),STAG(I),DISC(I),I=1,NPTS)
  34 FORMAT(4(I6,F7.2,F7.0))
  IF(IDENT.EQ.1) GO TO 400
  IF(NRECORD.EQ.0) GO TO 356
  GO TO 450
400 CONTINUE
C --- RETRIEVE DATA ACCORDING TO THE SELECTED TIME OPTION ---
  GO TO(382,384,386,392,394),JFLAG
C --- RETRIEVE ALL DATA AT A STATION ---
382 IF(IPR.NE.0) GO TO 41
  IF(IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.EQ.2.OR.IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 41

```

```

CALL HYDDA(W,LEVEL)
41 NRECORD=NRECORD+1
CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
NYEAR=NYEAR+1
IF(JFLAG.EQ.2) GO TO 450
GO TO 356
C --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A PARTICULAR YEAR ---
384 DECODE(4,385,JSTART) JYEAR
385 FORMAT(14)
IF(YEAR.NE.JYEAR) GO TO 356
GO TO 382
C --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A PARTICULAR DATE ---
386 DO 390 I=1,NPTS
DECODE(6,391,JSTART) JDATE
391 FORMAT(16)
IF(DATE(I).NE.JDATE) GO TO 390
NRECORD=NRECORD+1
IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 387
WRITE(W,388)
388 FORMAT(31X,*DATE*,3X,*GAGE STAGE*,2X,*DISC.*/)
387 WRITE(W,389) DATE(I),STAG(I),DISC(I)
389 FORMAT(30X,10,3X,F7.2,3X,F7.0)
GO TO 450
390 CONTINUE
GO TO 356
C --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A NUMBER OF YEARS ---
392 CALL DYEAR(YEAR,JYD)
IF(JYD.EQ.0) GO TO 356
GO TO 382
C --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A PARTICULAR TIME-PERIOD ---
394 KOUNT=0
DO 398 I=1,NPTS
JDD=DATE(I)
ENCODE(6,395,JDATE) JDD
395 FORMAT(16)
CALL DDATE(JDATE,IDD)
IF(IDD.EQ.0) GO TO 398
NRECORD=NRECORD+1
IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 396
KOUNT=KOUNT+1
IF(KOUNT.GI.1) GO TO 396
WRITE(W,388)
396 WRITE(W,389) DATE(I),STAG(I),DISC(I)
398 CONTINUE
GO TO 356
450 IF(KKEY.EQ.NKEYS) GO TO 16
GO TO 500
C
END

```

SUBROUTINE CHKEY (IDENT)

```
C      SUBROUTINE CHKEY(IDENT)
C          CHECK RETRIEVAL KEY
C
C      COMMON/SUR/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUR,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
C      IDENT=1
C      DO 10 I=1,NKEYS
C      KI=IKEY(I)
C      IF(KI.EQ.KEY) GO TO 20
10 CONTINUE
C      IDENT=0
C      20 RETURN
C
C      END
```

SUBROUTINE WSTD

```

SUBROUTINE WSTD
C
C      WRITE STAGE / DISCHARGE DATA
C
      INTEGER W,SNAME,STNO,TYPE
      COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
      1NODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTI(8),
      2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FXG,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCH
      3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
C
C      WRITE(W,5)
      5 FORMAT(/,1A,132(1H-))
      WRITE(W,22)
      22 FORMAT(/,16X,*STATION NAME*,14X,*STAIN NO*,2X,*DIST FR NODE*,
      12X,*LATITUDE*,2X,*LONGITUDE*,2X,*GAGE ZERO(MSL)*,3X,*DATA TYPE*,
      24X,*NO YEARS*)
      WRITE(W,26) (SNAME(I),I=1,4),STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,TYPE,NYRS
      26 FORMAT(/,2X,4A10,2X,A4,4X,F7.2,* (M1)*,1X,2(2X,A9),3X,F7.3,
      1*(F7)*,6X,A5,8X,I3)
      WRITE(W,5)
C
      RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE HYDDAT (W, LEVEL)

```

C      SUBROUTINE HYDDAT(W,LEVEL)
C
C          WRITE STAGE-DISCHARGE DATA
C
          INTEGER W
          COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
          1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
          COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPUSX(366,3),IPUSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
          1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),NRECORD,
          2CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),LIEK
C
          IF (LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 29
          WRITE(W,26)
          28 FORMAT(/,10X,'*YEAR*',10X,'*NO. DATA POINTS*')
          29 WRITE(W,32) YEAR,NPTS
          32 FORMAT(10X,14,15X,15/)
          IF (LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 37
          WRITE(W,36)
          36 FORMAT(2X,'*DATE*',3X,'*GAGE STAGE*',2X,'*DISCH.*',9X,'*DATE*',3X,'*GAGE ST
          1AGE*',2X,'*DISCH.*',9X,'*DATE*',3X,'*GAGE STAGE*',2X,'*DISCH.*',9X,'*DATE*',
          23X,'*GAGE STAGE*',2X,'*DISCH.*',/,12X,'*(F1)*',5X,'*(CFS)*',20X,'*(FT)*',5X,
          3*(CFS)*',20X,'*(FT)*',5X,'*(CFS)*',20X,'*(F1)*',5X,'*(CFS)*'/)
          37 WRITE(W,38) (DATE(I),STAG(I),DISC(I),I=1,NPTS)
          38 FORMAT(4(1X,16,3X,F7.2,3X,F7.0,7X))
          WRITE(W,39)
          39 FORMAT(//)
C
          RETURN
          END

```

SUBROUTINE RIVSED

```

SUBROUTINE RIVSED
C
C      RIVER SEDIMENT DATA MANIPULATION
C
      INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,CONC,SNAME,
1SUBLEVL,PCEN1,PCEN2,PCEN3,PCEN4,PCEN5,PCEN6,XTIT,YTIT
      COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
      COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SURLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
      COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
      COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
      COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPROC,IOUTP,
1NODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
2IY(8),JTEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXO,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
      COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,JA(16),NYEAR,NDATE,IDATE,DATE(150),
2NRECORD,CA(150),CH(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITFK
      COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOP
      COMMON/RIVSED/CONC,XSFCT,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2,SIZE3,PCEN3,
1SIZE4,PCEN4,SIZE5,PCEN5,SIZE6,PCEN6
      COMMON/SUR/NNAME(50,3),NNOE(50),NSUR,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
      DF=15
      IRETRIV=1
      CALL CATEG
      IF(LFLAG.GT.1) GO TO 350
      IDENT=1 $ NRECORD=0
50 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
14 FORMAT(A3,7A10,A7)
      IF(FOF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 400
      IF(ICATEG.EQ.4) GO TO 15
      IF(IX.EQ.3HRST) GO TO 25
      IF(IX.EQ.3HSST) GO TO 35
      GO TO 400
15 IF(IX.EQ.3HRST) GO TO 25
      IF(IX.EQ.3HRST) GO TO 35
      GO TO 400
C --- READ AND WRITE STATION INFORMATION ---
25 DECODE(77,24,IY) IX,(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,
1GAGO,TYPE,NYRS
24 FORMAT(A3,3A10,A4,F7.2,2A9,F7.3,A5,I3)
      IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 50
      SNAME(1)=NAME(1) $ SNAME(2)=NAME(2)
      SNAME(3)=STNA(1) $ SNAME(4)=STNA(2)
      CALL WSTD
      GO TO 50
C --- READ AND WRITE SUSPENDED SEDIMENT DATA ---
35 DECODE(77,30,IY) IX,YEAR,NPTS,(JTEMP(I),I=1,7)
30 FORMAT(A3,14,15,6A10,A5)
      IF(IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 26
      IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 33
26 WRITE(W,28)
28 FORMAT(/,10X,*YEAR*,10X,*NO. DATA POINTS*)
33 WRITE(W,32) YEAR,NPTS
32 FORMAT(10X,14,15X,I5/)
      CALL SEDDAT(W,DF,IDENT,IOUT,NPTS,ICATEG,LEVEL,WF1,IDATE,NRECORD)
      GO TO 50
C --- RETRIEVE SEDIMENT DATA AT A GAGING STATION ---
350 CALL SEDSTA
400 IF(NRECORD.EQ.0) IRETRIV=0
      REWIND DF
C
      RETURN
      END

```

## SUBROUTINE SEDSTA

```

SUBROUTINE SEDSTA
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,CONC,SNAME,
  1SUBLEVL,PCEN1,PCEN2,PCEN3,PCEN4,PCEN5,PCEN6,XIIT,YTII
  COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCUMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/LUCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
  COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTAR1,JEND,UNAME,ND1,JYK1,ND2,JYK2
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IKRETRIV,IPRU,IOUTP,
  INODE,STNO,DIST,LAT1,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTI1(8),
  2IY(8),LTEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOU1,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MFI1(8)
  1,XIIT,YTII,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
  2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
  COMMON/PLUT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,IUN1,LINES,IOP1
  COMMON/RIVSEU/CONC,ASECT,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2,SIZE3,PCEN3,
  1SIZE4,PCEN4,SIZE5,PCEN5,SIZE6,PCEN6
  COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
  NRECORD=0 $ KKEY=0
500 NYEAR=0
356 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
  14 FORMAT(A3,7A10,A7)
  IF(EOF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 16
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.4) GO TO 300
  IF(IX.EQ.3HJST) GO TO 360
  IF(IX.EQ.3HSSST) GO TO 380
  GO TO 16
300 IF(IX.EQ.3HLSST) GO TO 360
  IF(IX.EQ.3HBSST) GO TO 360
  16 RETURN
C --- READ AND WRITE STATION INFORMATION ---
360 DECODE(77,362,IY) NX,(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,DIST,LAT1,LONG,
  1GAGO,TYPE,NYRS
362 FORMAT(A3,3A10,A4,F7.2,2A9,F7.3,A5,IJ)
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.4) GO TO 40
  ENCODE(6,363,KEY) NX
363 FORMAT(*JST*,A3)
  GO TO 365
  40 ENCODE(6,42,KEY) NX
  42 FORMAT(*LST*,A3)
365 CALL CHKKEY(IDENT)
  IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 356
  KKEY=KKEY+1
  SNAME(1)=NAME(1) $ SNAME(2)=NAME(2)
  SNAME(3)=STNA(1) $ SNAME(4)=STNA(2)
  MFI1(5)=SNAME(1) $ MFI1(6)=SNAME(2)
  MFI1(7)=SNAME(3) $ MFI1(8)=SNAME(4)
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.4) GO TO 43
  XIIT=10HSIZE $ YTII=10HCONCENTRAT
  GO TO 44
  43 XIIT=10HSIZE $ YTII=10HPERCENTAGE
  44 IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 356
  CALL WSTD
  GO TO 356
C --- READ AND WRITE SEDIMENT DATA ---
380 DECODE(77,30,IY) IX,YEAR,NPTS,(ITEMP(I),I=1,7)
  30 FORMAT(A3,I4,I5,6A10,A5)
  IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 510
  GO TO(382,384,400,400,400),JFLAG

```



```
382 IF (IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 35
    IF (LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 37
35 WRITE (w,28)
28 FORMAT(/,10X,*YEAR*,10X,*NO. DATA POINTS*)
37 WRITE (w,32) YEAR,NPIS
32 FORMAT(10X,14,15X,15/)
510 CALL SEDDAT (w,DF,IDENT,IOUT,NPIS,ICATEG,LEVEL,wf1,IDATE,NRECORD)
    NYEAR=NYEAR+1
    IF (JFLAG.EQ.2) GO TO 450
    GO TO 356
384 DECODE (4,385,JUSTART) JYEAR
385 FORMAT(14)
    IF (YEAR.NE.JYEAR) GO TO 356
    GO TO 382
450 IF (KKEY.EQ.NKEYS) GO TO 16
    GO TO 500
400 CONTINUE
    GO TO 16
END
```

SUBROUTINE SEDDAT (W, DF, IDENT, IOUT, NPTS, ICATEG,  
LEVEL, WF1, IDATE, NRECORD)

SUBROUTINE SEDDAT(W,DF,IDENT,IOUT,NPTS,ICATEG,LEVFL,WF1,IDATE,  
NRECORD)

C

C

C

READ AND WRITE SEDIMENT DATA

INTFGFP W,WF1,DF,CONC,PCEN1,PCEN2,PCEN3,PCEN4,PCEN5,PCEN6  
COMMON/RIVSFD/CONC,XSECT,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2,SIZE3,PCEN3,  
1SIZE4,PCEN4,SIZE5,PCEN5,SIZE6,PCEN6

C

C

```

IF(ICATEG.EQ.4) GO TO 50
IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 131
IF(IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 150
IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 131
150 WRITE(W,130)
130 FORMAT(/,20X,*DATE*,12X,*CONCENTRATION*,10X,*SIZE*,5X,*CUM CONC*
1,10X,*SIZE*,5X,*CUM CONC*/.39X,* (PPM)*.15X,* (MM)*.7X,* (PPM)*,
212X,* (MM)*.7X,* (PPM)*/)
131 DO 136 I=1,NPTS
READ(DF,132) IDATE,CONC,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2
132 FORMAT(2I6,3X,2(F5.0,I5),45X)
IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 136
IF(IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.EQ.2.OR.IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 135
WRITE(W,134) IDATE,CONC,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2
134 FORMAT(19X,16,12X,16,15X,F5.3,6X,15,12X,F5.2,6X,I5)
135 NRECORD=NRECORD+1
CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SURLEV1)
136 CONTINUE
GO TO 60
50 IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 54
IF(IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 65
IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 54
65 WRITE(W,52)
52 FORMAT(/,7X,*DATE*,5X,*X-SECT LOC*,5X,*SIZE*,3X,*PCENT*,5X,
1*SIZE*,3X,*PCENT*,5X,*SIZE*,3X,*PCENT*,5X,*SIZE*,3X,*PCENT*,
25X,*SIZE*,3X,*PCENT*,5X,*SIZE*,3X,*PCENT*/.19X,* (FT)*.8X,* (MM)*,
313X,* (MM)*.13X,* (MM)*.13X,* (MM)*.13X,* (MM)*.13X,* (MM)*.13X,* (MM)*/)
54 DO 56 I=1,NPTS
READ(DF,55) IDATE,XSECT,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2,SIZE3,PCEN3,
1SIZE4,PCEN4,SIZE5,PCEN5,SIZE6,PCEN6
55 FORMAT(I6,F4.2,6(F5.3,A5))
IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 56
IF(IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.EQ.2.OR.IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 58
WRITE(W,57) IDATE,XSECT,SIZE1,PCEN1,SIZE2,PCEN2,SIZE3,PCEN3,
1SIZE4,PCEN4,SIZE5,PCEN5,SIZE6,PCEN6
57 FORMAT(6X,16,6X,F4.2,4X,6(4X,F5.3,3X,A5))
58 NRECORD=NRECORD+1
CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SURLEV1)
56 CONTINUE
C
60 RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE RIVGEO

```

SUBROUTINE RIVGEO
C
C RIVER CROSS-SECTION DATA MANIPULATION
C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,SNAME,SURLEVL,
  XTIT,YTIT
  COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVFL,SURLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
  COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
  COMMON/WOPK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,TSET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
  INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
  2IY(8),ITEMP(7),I7(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXD,NYRS,TYPE,JYFAR(100),GELEVV,NCR
  3,IEND,LFAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),NTIT(8)
  1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
  2NRECORD,CA(150),CH(150),JPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
  COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOP
  COMMON/RIVCRO/XDIS(100),YELEV(100),NCRS
  COMMON/SUP/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUR,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
C --- CHECK DATA CATEGORY ---
  DF=16
  IRETRIV=1
  CALL CATEG
  IF(LFLAG.GT.1) GO TO 350
  NRECORD=0
C
C --- RETRIEVE ALL RIVER GEOMETRY DATA ---
50 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
14 FORMAT(A2,7A10,A8)
  IF(EOF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 400
  IF(IX.EQ.2HRI) GO TO 50
  IF(IX.EQ.2HPR) GO TO 15
  IF(IX.EQ.2HCS) GO TO 35
  GO TO 400
15 CALL NAMNOU(LEVFL,LFLAG,KFY)
  GO TO 50
35 DECODE(78,30,IY) NPTS,NX1,IMO,NX2,IDAY,NX3,IYR,NX4,(KTEMP(I),I=1,5
  1),NX5
30 FORMAT(I3,A10,I2,A1,I2,A1,I2,A2,4A10,A7,A8)
  READ(DF,34) (XDIS(I),YELEV(I),I=1,NPTS)
34 FORMAT((8X,6(F6.0,F6.1)))
  YEAR=1900+IYR
  IF(JFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 31
  CALL DYEAR(YEAR,JYD)
  IF(JYD.EQ.0) GO TO 50
31 ENCODE(6,29,NZ) IDAY,IMO,IYR
29 FORMAT(3I2)
  DECODE(6,27,NZ) IDATE
27 FORMAT(I6)
  CALL GEODAT(W,LEVEL,IOUT,IPR,NRECORD,IDATE,NPTS)
  DO 40 I=1,NPTS
  X(I)=XDIS(I)
  Y(I)=YELEV(I)
40 CONTINUE
  CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SURLEVL)
  GO TO 50
C
C --- RETRIEVE RIVER GEOMETRY DATA AT ONE PARTICULAR STATION ---
350 CALL GEOSTA
400 IF(NRECORD.EQ.0) IRETRIV=0
  REWIND DF
C
  RETURN
  END

```

## SUBROUTINE GEOSTA

```

SUBROUTINE GEOSTA
C
C   GET RIVER GEOMETRY DATA FOR ONE PARTICULAR STATION
C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,SINA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,SNAME,SUBLEVL,
  1XIIIT,YFIT
  REAL LAII,LONG
  COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMSI,NUMSI,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
  COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,UNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
  1INODE,STNO,DIST,LAII,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),SINA(3),SNAME(4),LIIIT(6),
  2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FXU,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPUSX(366,3),IPUSY(366,3),MII(8)
  1,XIIIT,YFIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
  2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITER
  COMMON/PL01/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,IUNIT,LINES,IOUT
  COMMON/RIVCRU/XD1S(100),YELEV(100),NCR0S
  COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY

  NRECORD=0  >  KKEY=0
  NCR=0
  REWIND WF2
  IF (IPR.NE.3) GO TO 500
  IF (LFLAG.EQ.3) GO TO 400
  ENCODE(40,52,SNAME)(NAME(I),I=1,2),DIST1,DIST2
  52 FORMAT(2A10,*FR RM*,F6.2,* 10*,F6.2)
  GO TO 500
  400 SNAME(1)=SNAME(4)=10H
  SNAME(2)=NAME(1)  >  SNAME(3)=NAME(2)
  500 NYEAR=0
  356 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
  14 FORMAT(A2,7A10,A8)
  IF (EOF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 16
  IF (IX.EQ.2HR1) GO TO 356
  IF (IX.EQ.2MPK) GO TO 300
  IF (IX.EQ.2HCS) GO TO 380
  16 REWIND WF2
  RETURN
  300 CALL NAMNOJ(LEVEL,LFLAG,KEY)
  CALL CHKEY(IDENT)
  IF (IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 450
  KKEY=KKEY+1
  GO TO 356

```

```

380 DECODE (78,30,1Y) NPTS,NX1,IM0,NX2,IDAY,NX3,IYR,NX4,(KTEMP(1),I=1,5
    1),NX5
30 FORMAT (13,A10,A2,A1,A2,A1,A2,A2,4A10,A7,A8)
  READ (DF,34) (XDIS(I),YELEV(I),I=1,NPTS)
34 FORMAT ((8X,6(F6.0,F6.1)))
  IF (IDENT.EQ.1) GO TO 25
  IF (NRECORD.EQ.0) GO TO 350
  GO TO 450
C --- RETRIEVE RIVER GEOMETRY DATA OF THAT STATION ---
25 ENCODE (6,29,JDATE) IDAY,IM0,IYR
29 FORMAT (3A2)
  IF (JFLAG.EQ.1) GO TO 26
  CALL UDATE (JDATE,IDD)
  IF (I00.EQ.0) GO TO 350
26 DECODE (6,27,JDATE) IDATE
27 FORMAT (16)
  IF (IPR.EQ.3) GO TO 54
  XTIT=10MX-DISTANCE $ YTIT=10MELEVATION
  XUNIT=YUNIT=6HIN FT. $ TUNIT=4HDATE
  ENCODE (40,33,SNAME) (NAME(I),I=1,2),DIST
33 FORMAT (2A10,*AT RIVER-MILE*,F7.2)
54 M1IT(5)=SNAME(1) $ M1I1(6)=SNAME(2)
  M1IT(7)=SNAME(3) $ M1I1(8)=SNAME(4)
  CALL GEODAT (*,LEVEL,I00I,IPR,NRECORD,IDATE,NPTS)
  DO 60 I=1,NPTS
  X(I)=XDIS(I)
  Y(I)=YELEV(I)
60 CONTINUE
  CALL DWRITE (WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
  IF (IPR.NE.3) GO TO 48
  NCR=NCR+1
  WRITE (WF2,45) NPTS,DIST
45 FORMAT (I3,F7.2)
  WRITE (WF2,46) (XDIS(I),YELEV(I),I=1,NPTS)
46 FORMAT (F6.0,F6.1)
48 NYEAR=NYEAR+1
  IF (JFLAG.EQ.3) GO TO 450
  GO TO 350
450 IF (KKEY.EQ.NKEYS) GO TO 16
  GO TO 500
C
  END

```

SUBROUTINE GEODAT (W, LEVEL, IOUT, IPR, NRECORD, IDATE, NPTS)

```

C      SUBROUTINE GEODAT(W,LEVEL,IOUT,IPR,NRECORD,IDATE,NPTS)
C
C          WRITE RIVER CROSS-SECTION DATA
C
C          INTEGER W
C          COMMON/RIVCRU/XDIS(100),YELEV(100),NCROS
C
C          IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 37
C          WRITE(W,28)
C          28 FORMAT(/,10X,'DATE',10X,'NO. DATA POINTS')
C          WRITE(W,32) IDATE,NPTS
C          32 FORMAT(9X,16,15X,13/)
C          WRITE(W,36)
C          36 FORMAT(2X,'XDIST',2X,'YELEV',5X,'XDIST',2X,'YELEV',5X,'XDIST',2X,
C          1'YELEV',5X,'XDIST',2X,'YELEV',5X,'XDIST',2X,'YELEV',5X,'XDIST',2X,
C          2'YELEV',5X,'XDIST',2X,'YELEV',5X,'XDIST',2X,'YELEV',/,2X,'(FT)',
C          33X,'(FT)',6X,'(FT)',3X,'(FT)',6X,'(FT)',3X,'(FT)',6X,'(FT)',3X,
C          4'(FT)',6X,'(FT)',3X,'(FT)',6X,'(FT)',3X,'(FT)',6X,'(FT)',3X,
C          5,6X,'(FT)',3X,'(FT)'/)
C          37 IF(IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.EQ.2.OR.IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 41
C          IF(IPR.NE.0) GO TO 41
C          WRITE(W,38) (XDIS(I),YELEV(I),I=1,NPTS)
C          38 FORMAT(8(1X,F6.0,F6.1,4X))
C          WRITE(W,42)
C          42 FORMAT(//)
C          41 NRECORD=NRECORD+1
C
C          RETURN
C          END

```

## SUBROUTINE RIVSTR

```

SUBROUTINE RIVSTR
C
C      RIVER CONTROL STRUCTURE DATA MANIPULATION
C
      INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,CTYP,SNAME,
1SUBLEVL,XIIT,YIIT
      COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICUMD,IFILE
      COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCUMWD(4),NWORD,DF
      COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
      COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
      COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,IIM,IKRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
1NODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTI(8),
2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIHQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
      COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPDSX(366,3),IPDSY(366,3),MIIT(8)
1,XIIT,YIIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
      COMMON/RIVSTR/STAGE(50),AREA(50)
      COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUR,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
      DF=18
      IKRETRIV=1
      NRECORD=NKEYS=0
      CALL CATEG
50 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
14 FORMAT(A3,7A10,A7)
      IF (EOF(DF),NE.0) RETURN
      IF (IX.EQ.3HSIR) GO TO 50
      IF (IX.EQ.3HMSI) GO TO 425
      RETURN
425 DECODE(77,424,IY) IX,(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,
1CTYP,YEAR,NPTS
424 FORMAT(A3,3A10,A4,F7.2,2A9,A7,214)
      READ(DF,426)(STAGE(I),AREA(I),I=1,NPTS)
426 FORMAT(6(F6.1,F7.0),2X)
      ENCODE(6,20,KEY) IX
20 FORMAT(*MST*,A3)
      CALL CHKEY(IDENT)
      IF (IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 350
      KKEY=NKEYS+1
      IF (LEVEL.EQ.3) GO TO 15
      IF (LEVEL.EQ.2.AND.IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 10
      GO TO 431
15 WRITE(W,5)
5 FORMAT(/,1X,132(1H-))
      WRITE(W,422)
422 FORMAT(/,16X,*STATION NAME*,14X,*STATION NO.*,5X,*RIVER MILE*,
1 3X,*LATITUDE*,2X,*LONGITUDE*,2X,*STRUCTURE TYPE*,2X,*YEAR*,

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```

22X,*NO DATA POINTS*)
  SNAME(1)=STNA(1)  $  SNAME(2)=STNA(2)
  SNAME(3)=STNA(3)  $  SNAME(4)=10H
  WRITE(W,426)(SNAME(I),I=1,4),SINU,DISI,LATI,LONG,CTYP,YEAR,NPTS
426 FORMAT(/,2X,4A10,3X,A4,9X,F7.2,2X,2(3X,A8),6X,A/,6X,14,
17X,13/)
  WRITE(W,5)
10 WRITE(W,430)
430 FORMAT(2X,*STAGE*,4X,*AREA*,7X,*STAGE*,4X,*AREA*,7X,*STAGE*,4X,
1*AREA*,7X,*STAGE*,4X,*AREA*,7X,*STAGE*,4X,*AREA*,7X,*STAGE*,4X,
2*AREA*/,3X,*(FT)*,3X,*(SQFT)*,7X,*(FT)*,3X,*(SQFT)*,7X,*(FT)*,3X,
3*(SQFT)*,7X,*(FT)*,3X,*(SQFT)*,7X,*(FT)*,3X,*(SQFT)*,7X,*(FT)*,3X,
4*(SQFT)*/)
431 WRITE(W,432)(STAGE(I),AREA(I),I=1,NPTS)
432 FORMAT(6(1X,F6.1,2X,F7.1,4X))
  NRECORD=NRECORD+1
  IF(LEVEL.EQ.3) WRITE(W,5)
350 IF(KKEY.EQ.NKEYS) GO TO 400
  GO TO 50
400 IF(NRECORD.EQ.0) IRETRIV=0
C
  RETURN
  END

```



SUBROUTINE RIVRES

```

SUBROUTINE RIVRES
C
C   RESERVOIR DATA MANIPULATION
C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,SNAME,SUBLEVL,
  IX,IIT,YIIT
  REAL MWSL,MXEL
  COMMON/INFURM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),RTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
  COMMON/ELEM1/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMMND(4),NWORK,DF
  COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
  COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILUC,IITM,IRETRIV,IPRU,IOUPT,
  INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAG0,INAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LIIT(8),
  2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FLXQ,NYKS,TYPE,YEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSA(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MII(8)
  1,XIIT,YIIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
  2NRECORD,CA(150),Cb(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITER
  COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOP
  COMMON/RIVRES/GAHI(50),NRCP,SPIQ(50),NSCP,QVOL(50),NCCP,NXG(50),
  INXS(50),RXQ(50)
  COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
  DF=18
  IRETRIV=1
  NYEAR=1
  NRECORD=NKEYS=0
  CALL CATEG
  50 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
  14 FORMAT(A3,7A10,A7)
  IF(EOF(DF).NE.0) RETURN
  IF(IX.EQ.3HRM5) GO TO 515
  IF(IX.EQ.3HRST) GO TO 525
  RETURN
  515 DECODE(77,518,IY) IX,(NAME(I),I=1,4),NODE,RMIL,LATI,LONG
  518 FORMAT(A3,4A10,A9,F7.2,2A9)
  ENCODE(6,60,KEY) IX

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60  FORMAT(*RES*,A3)
    CALL CHKEY(IDENT)
    IF (IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 350
    KKKEY=KKKEY+1
    M11(5)=NAME(1)   $   M11(6)=NAME(2)
    M11(7)=NAME(3)   $   M11(8)=NAME(4)
    NRECORD=NRECORD+1
    IF (LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 50
    WRITE(W,5)
    5  FORMAT(/,1X,132(1H-))
    WRITE(W,516)
516  FORMAT(/,16X,*RESERVOIR NAME*,22X,*NODE*,7X,*RIVER-MILE*,8X,*LATI
    TITUDE*,8X,*LONGITUDE*)
    WRITE(6,520) (NAME(I),I=1,4),NODE,RMIL,LAT1,LONG
520  FORMAT(/,5X,4A10,3X,18,8X,F7.2,1X,2(8X,A9))
    WRITE(W,5)
    GO TO 50
525  DECODE(77,524,IY) 1X,NRCP,NSCP,NCCP,MWSL,SPEL,MXEL,(JTEMP(I),I=1,5
    1)
524  FORMAT(A3,3I5,3F6.1,4A10,A1)
    IF (IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 527
    IF (LEVEL.EQ.3) GO TO 62
    GO TO 527
    62  WRITE(W,522)
522  FORMAT(/,10X,*NO.OF POINTS*,10X,*NO.OF POINTS*,10X,*NO.OF POINTS*
    1,12X,*MINIMUM*,12X,*SPILLWAY*,10X,*MAXIMUM*/,10X,*ON RULE CURVE*,
    28X,*ON SPILL CURVE*,8X,*ON CAPAC. CURVE*,5X,*WATER SURFACE LEVEL*,
    36X,*ELEVATION*,8X,*ELEVATION*)
    WRITE(W,526) NRCP,NSCP,NCCP,MWSL,SPEL,MXEL
526  FORMAT(/,12X,I5,17X,I5,17X,I5,17X,F6.1,*(FT)*,10X,F6.1,*(FT)*,8X,
    1F6.1,*(FT)*
    WRITE(W,5)
527  READ(DF,528) (DATE(I),NXG(I),I=1,NRCP)
528  FORMAT(16I5)
    IF (IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 533
    DO 529 I=1,NRCP
    FDATE(I)=FLOAT(DATE(I))/10.
529  GAHT(I)=FLUAT(NXG(I))/10.
    IF (SUBLEVL.NE.5SMALL .AND. SUBLEVL.NE.5HRULE ) GO TO 533
    IF (LEVEL.EQ.3) GO TO 20
    IF (LEVEL.EQ.2.AND.10UT.EQ.1) GO TO 20
    GO TO 531
    20  WRITE(W,530)
530  FORMAT(/,50X,*--- RULE CURVE ---*/,2X,*DATE*,1X,*GATE HGHT*,2X,
    1*DATE*,1X,*GATE HGHT*,2X,*DATE*,1X,*GATE HGHT*,2X,*DATE*,1X,*GATE
    2HGHT*,2X,*DATE*,1X,*GATE HGHT*,2X,*DATE*,1X,*GATE HGHT*,2X,*DATE*,
    31X,*GATE HGHT*/)
531  WRITE(W,532) (FDATE(I),GAHT(I),I=1,NRCP)
532  FORMAT(8(1X,F5.1,2X,F6.1,2X))
    YEAR=9999   $   NPTS=NRCP
    DO 52 I=1,NRCP
    Y(I)=GAHT(I)
    52  X(I)=FDATE(I)
    CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
    XIIT=10HTIME   $   YTIT=10HGATE HGHT
    XUNIT=7HIN DAYS   $   YUNIT=6HIN FT.   $   TUNIT=4HYEAR
533  READ(DF,528) (NXG(I),NXS(I),I=1,NSCP)
    IF (IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 535
    DO 534 I=1,NSCP
    GAHT(I)=FLUAT(NXG(I))/10.

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534 SPIQ(I)=FLOAT(NXS(I))/10.
    IF (SUBLEVL.NE.5HALL .AND.SUBLEVL.NE.5HSPILL) GO TO 535
    IF (LEVEL.EQ.3) GO TO 30
    IF (LEVEL.EQ.2.AND.IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 30
    GO TO 537
30  WRITE(W,536)
536 FORMAT(/,50X, *--- SPILLWAY CURVE ---*//,2X,*G HGHT*,1X,*SPILL.Q*,
12X,*G HGHT*,1X,*SPILL.Q*,2X,*G HGHT*,1X,*SPILL.Q*,2X,*G HGHT*,1X,
2*SPILL.Q*,2X,*G HGHT*,1X,*SPILL.Q*,2X,*G HGHT*,1X,*SPILL.Q*,2X,
3*G HGHT*,1X,*SPILL.Q*,2X,*G HGHT*,1X,*SPILL.Q*//)
537 WRITE(W,536) (GAHT(I),SPIQ(I),I=1,NSCP)
538 FORMAT(8(1X,F6.1,2X,F6.1,1X))
    YEAR=9999  $  NPTS=NSCP
    DU 54 I=1,NSCP
    Y(I)=GAHT(I)
54  X(I)=SPIQ(I)
    CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
    XIIT=10HSPILLWAY W  $  YIIT=10HGATE HGHT
    XUNIT=6HIN CFS  $  YUNIT=6HIN FT.  $  TUNIT=4HYEAR
535 READ(DF,528) (NXG(I),NXQ(I),I=1,NCCP)
    IF (IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 50
    DU 539 I=1,NCCP
    GAHT(I)=FLOAT(NXG(I))/10.
539 QVOL(I)=FLOAT(NXQ(I))/10.
    IF (SUBLEVL.NE.5HALL .AND.SUBLEVL.NE.5HCAPAC) GO TO 50
    IF (LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 40
    IF (LEVEL.EQ.2.AND.IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 40
    GO TO 541
40  WRITE(W,540)
540 FORMAT(/,50X, *--- CAPACITY CURVE ---*//,1X,*GATE HGHT*,1X,*QVOL*,
12X,*GATE HGHT*,1X,*QVOL*,2X,*GATE HGHT*,1X,*QVOL*,2X,*GATE HGHT*,
21X,*QVOL*,2X,*GATE HGHT*,1X,*QVOL*,2X,*GATE HGHT*,1X,*QVOL*,2X,
3*GATE HGHT*,1X,*QVOL*,2X,*GATE HGHT*,1X,*QVOL*//)
541 WRITE(W,536) (GAHT(I),QVOL(I),I=1,NCCP)
    YEAR=9999  $  NPTS=NCCP
    DU 56 I=1,NCCP
    Y(I)=GAHT(I)
56  X(I)=QVOL(I)
    CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
    XIIT=10HQ VOLUME  $  YIIT=10HGATE HGHT
    XUNIT=7HIN A-FT  $  YUNIT=6HIN FT.  $  TUNIT=4HYEAR
    WRITE(W,542)
542 FORMAT(/)
350 IF (RKEY.EQ.NKEYS) GO TO 400
    GO TO 50
400 IF (NRECORD.EQ.0) IRETRIV=0
C
    RETURN
    END

```

SUBROUTINE STADISC

```

SUBROUTINE STADISC
C
C      RIVER STAGE/DISCHARGE DATA MANIPULATION
C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,SNAME,SURLEVL,
  1XTIT,YTIT
  REAL MOAVG,MOMIN,MOMAX
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SURLEVL,JCONWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
  COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,I RETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
  1NODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAM(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
  2IY(8),ITEMP(7),TZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
  1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,DATE,DATE(150),
  2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
  COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOPT
  COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
  1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
  COMMON/SUR/MNAME(50,3),NMODE(50),NSUR,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
C --- CHECK DATA CATEGORY ---
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.8) DF=14
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) DF=13
  IRETRIV=1
  CALL CATEG
  IF(LFLAG.GT.1) GO TO 350
C --- RETRIEVE ALL RIVER STAGE OR DISCHARGE DATA ---
50 READ(DF,14) IX,(JY(I),I=1,8)
14 FORMAT(A3,7A10,A7)
  IF(EOF(DF).NE.0) RETURN
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 10
  IF(IX.EQ.3HST) GO TO 25
  IF(IX.EQ.3HSTV) GO TO 27
  RETURN
10 IF(IX.EQ.3HSTA) GO TO 25
  IF(IX.EQ.3HSTV) GO TO 27
  RETURN
C --- READ AND WRITE STATION INFORMATION ---
25 IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 50
  DECODE(77,24,IY) IX,(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,
  1GAGO,TYPE,NYRS
24 FORMAT(A3,3A10,A4,F7.2,2A9,F7.3,A5,I3)
  SNAME(1)=NAME(1) $ SNAME(2)=NAME(2)
  SNAME(3)=STNA(1) $ SNAME(4)=STNA(2)
  CALL WSTD
  GO TO 50
C --- READ AND WRITE STAGE-DISCHARGE DATA ---
27 CALL RSTD(DF)
  NMON=12 $ MSTART=1
  CALL STDVAL(W,ICATEG,LEVEL,DISTOT,FLOWH,MAXMO,MAXDAY,FLOWL,MTNMO,
  1MINDAY,NMON,MSTART)
  CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SURLEVL)
  IF(IPR.NE.0) GO TO 50
  IF(IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.FQ.2.OR.IOUT.FQ.4) GO TO 50
  CALL WSTD(S(W,ICATEG,IOUT,NPTS,DISTOT,FLOWH,MAXMO,MAXDAY,FLOWL,
  1MINMO,MINDAY)
  GO TO 50
350 CALL STDSTA
  IF(NRECORD.EQ.0) IRETRIV=0
C
  RETURN
  END

```

## SUBROUTINE STDSTA

```

SUBROUTINE STDSTA
C
C      GET RIVER STAGE/DISCHARGE DATA AT A GAGING STATION
C
      INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,SNAME,SURLEVL,
      XTIT,YTIT
      REAL MOAVG,MOMIN,MOMAX
      COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SURLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
      COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
      COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
      COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
      INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
      2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIX0,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
      3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
      COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
      1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,JA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
      2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPRGC,FDATE(150),ITEK
      COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOPT
      COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
      1,FVALUF(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
      COMMON/SUR/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUR,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
      NRECORD=0      $      KKEY=0
      700 NYEAR=0
      356 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
      14 FORMAT(A3,7A10,A7)
      IF(FOF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 16
      IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 10
      IF(IX.EQ.3HST) GO TO 360
      IF(IX.EQ.3HSTV) GO TO 53
      GO TO 16
      10 IF(IX.EQ.3HSTA) GO TO 360
      IF(IX.EQ.3HSTV) GO TO 53
      16 REWIND DF
      RETURN
C
      --- READ AND WRITE STATION INFORMATION ---
      360 DECODE(77,362,IY) NX,(STNA(1),I=1,3),STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,
      1GAGO,TYPE,NYRS
      362 FORMAT(A3,3A10,A4,F7.2,2A9,F7.3,45,I3)
      IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 361
      ENCODE(6,358,KEY) NX
      358 FORMAT(*DST*,A3)
      GO TO 364
      361 ENCODE(6,363,KEY) NX
      363 FORMAT(*STA*,A3)
      364 CALL CHKFY(IDENT)
      IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 356
      KKEY=KKEY+1
      SNAME(1)=NAME(1)      $      SNAME(2)=NAME(2)
      SNAME(3)=STNA(1)      $      SNAME(4)=STNA(2)
      MTIT(5)=SNAME(1)      $      MTIT(6)=SNAME(2)
      MTIT(7)=SNAME(3)      $      MTIT(8)=SNAME(4)
      IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 51
      XTIT=10HTIME          $      YTIT=10HDISCHARGE
      XUNIT=7HIN DAYS      $      YUNIT=6HIN CFS      $      TUNIT=4HYEAR
      GO TO 52
      51 XTIT=10HTIME          $      YTIT=10HRIV. STAGE
      XUNIT=7HIN DAYS      $      YUNIT=6HIN FT.      $      TUNIT=4HYEAR
      52 IF(LEVFL.EQ.2) GO TO 356
      CALL WSTD
      GO TO 356
C
      --- START MANIPULATING STAGE-DISCHARGE DATA ---
      53 CALL RSTD(DF)
      IF(IDENT.EQ.1) GO TO 600
      IF(NRECORD.EQ.0) GO TO 356
      GO TO 550
      600 CONTINUE
      NMON=12      $      MSTART=1

```

```

C --- START RETRIEVAL ACCORDING TO TIME COMMAND OPTION ---
  GO TO(382,384,386,392,394,400,500),JFLAG
382 CALL STUVAL(W,ICATEG,LEVEL,DISTOT,FLOWH,MAXMU,MAXDAY,FLUWL,
  IMINMU,MINDAY,NMON,MSTART)
  41 NRECORD=NRECORD+1
  CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
  IF(IPR.NE.0) GO TO 67
  IF(IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.EQ.2.OR.IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 67
  CALL WSTDS(W,ICATEG,IOUT,NPTS,DISTOT,FLOWH,MAXMU,MAXDAY,FLUWL,
  IMINMU,MINDAY)
  67 NYEAR=NYEAR+1
  IF(JFLAG.EQ.2.OR.JFLAG.EQ.6) GO TO 550
  IF(JFLAG.EQ.7) GO TO 458
  GO TO 356
C --- RETRIEVE DATA IN CALENDAR YEAR FORMAT ---
384 DECODE(4,385,JSTART) JYEAR
385 FORMAT(14)
  IF(YEAR.NE.JYEAR) GO TO 356
  GO TO 382
C --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A PARTICULAR DATE ---
386 IF(YEAR.NE.JYR1) GO TO 356
  NYEAR=NYEAR+1
  NRECORD=NRECORD+1
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.9)GO TO 640
  WRITE(W,630) X(ND1)
390 FORMAT(/,* THE RIVER DISCHARGE FOR THAT DATE = *,F7.0,*CFS*)
  GO TO 550
394 WRITE(W,650) X(ND1)
395 FORMAT(/,* THE GAGE-STAGE FOR THAT DATE = *,F7.2,*FT.*)
  GO TO 550
C --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A NUMBER OF CALENDAR YEARS ---
392 CALL DYEAR (YEAR,JYD)
  IF(JYD.EQ.0) GO TO 356
  GO TO 382
C --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A PARTICULAR TIME-PERIOD ---
394 IF(YEAR.LT.JYR1) GO TO 356
  IF(YEAR.GT.JYR2) GO TO 550
  IF(JYR2.EQ.JYR1) GO TO 398
  IF(YEAR.EQ.JYR1) GO TO 396
  IF(YEAR.EQ.JYR2) GO TO 397
  N1=1
395 IF (LEAP.EQ.1) N2=366
  IF (LEAP.EQ.0) N2=365
  GO TO 399
396 N1=ND1 $ GO TO 395
397 N1=1 $ N2=ND2 $ GO TO 399
398 N1=ND1 $ N2=ND2
399 NPTS=0
  DO 660 I=N1,N2
  NPTS=NPTS+1
  XX=X(I)
660 X(NPTS)=XX
  NYEAR=NYEAR+1
  NRECORD=NRECORD+1
  CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
  IF (IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.EQ.2.OR.IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 356
  IF (NYEAR.GT.1) GO TO 685
  IF (ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 630
  WRITE(W,670) JSTART,JEND
670 FORMAT(/,40X,*DISCHARGE VALUES (CFS) FOR THAT PERIOD ARE*/

```

```

146X,*FROM *,A6,* TO *,A6)
  GO TO 685
680 WRITE(W,690) JSTART,JEND
690 FORMAT(/,40X,*GAGE-STAGE VALUES (FT) FOR THAT PERIOD ARE*/,
146X,*FROM *,A6,* TO *,A6)
685 WRITE(W,692) YEAR,NPTS
692 FORMAT(/,2X,2I10,/)
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 687
  WRITE(W,686)(X(I),I=1,NPTS)
686 FORMAT(10(2X,F10.0))
  GO TO 356
687 WRITE(W,686)(X(I),I=1,NPTS)
688 FORMAT(10(2X,F10.2))
  GO TO 356
C --- RETRIEVE DATA IN WATER-YEAR FORMAT ---
400 DECODE (4,385,JSTART) JYEAR
  IF(YEAR.NE.JYEAR) GO TO 356
410 IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 433
  IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 76
  WRITE (W,426) YEAR
428 FORMAT(/,45X,*DAILY DISCHARGE FOR WATER YEAR *,14//,38X,
1*COMPUTED DAILY DISCHARGE IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND*)
  GO TO 76
  76 WRITE(W,77) YEAR
  77 FORMAT(/,45X,*DAILY RIVER STAGE FOR WATER YEAR *,14//,36X,*COMPUT
  ED DAILY RIVER STAGE IN FEET ABOVE GAGE ZERO ELEVATION*)
  78 WRITE(W,32)(MU(I),I=10,12),(MU(J),J=1,9)
  32 FORMAT(/,6X,*DAY*,12(5X,43,1X),/)
433 DISTOT=0.  $  NPTS=0
  FLOWL=100000.  $  FLOWH=0.
  M1=0
  DO 441 I=10,12
  M1=M1+1
  DO 436 J=1,31
436 DVALUE(M1,J)=0.
  ND=NDAY(I)
  DO 440 J=1,ND
  NPTS=NPTS+1
  FVALUE(J)=DVALUE(I,J)
  DVALUE(M1,J)=FVALUE(J)
  X(NPTS)=FVALUE(J)
  IF(FVALUE(J).GE.FLOWL) GO TO 446
  FLOWL=FVALUE(J)
  MINDAY=J  $  MINMU=I
446 IF(FVALUE(J).LE.FLOWH) GO TO 448
  FLOWH=FVALUE(J)
  MAXDAY=J  $  MAXMU=I
448 DISTOT=DISTOT+FVALUE(J)
440 MUAVG(I)=MUAVG(I)+FVALUE(J)
  MUAVG(I)=MUAVG(I)/FLOAT(ND)
  CALL RANGE(FVALUE,1,ND,MOMAX(IM),MHIGH,MOMIN(IM),MLOW)
441 CONTINUE
  READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
  IF(EOF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 550
  NDAY(2)=28
  DECODE(77,54,IY) NX,YEAR,(ITEMP(I),I=1,7)
  54 FORMAT(A3,14,7A10)
  CALL LEAPYR(YEAR,LEAP)
  IF(LEAP.EQ.1) NTOT=366
  IF(LEAP.EQ.0) NTOT=365

```

```

      READ(DF,31)(Y(I),I=1,NTOT)
31  FORMAT(8F10.2)
      IF (LEAP.EQ.1) NDAY(2)=29
      IF (LEAP.EQ.0) NDAY(2)=28
      KUUNT=0
      DO 445 I=1,9
      MI=1+3
      DO 442 J=1,31
442  DVALUE(MI,J)=0.
      ND=NDAY(I)
      DO 81 K=1,ND
      KUUNT=KUUNT+1
      81  DVALUE(MI,K)=Y(KUUNT)
445  CONTINUE
      DO 450 I=1,9
      ND=NDAY(I)
      MI=1+3
      DO 456 J=1,ND
      NPIS=NPIS+1
      FVALUE(J)=DVALUE(MI,J)
      X(NPIS)=FVALUE(J)
      IF (FVALUE(J).GE.FLOWL) GO TO 452
      FLOWL=FVALUE(J)
      MINDAY=J $ MINMU=I
452  IF (FVALUE(J).LE.FLOWH) GO TO 454
      FLOWH=FVALUE(J)
      MAXDAY=J $ MAXMU=I
454  DISTOT=DISTOT+FVALUE(J)
456  MUAVG(I)=MUAVG(I)+FVALUE(J)
      MUAVG(I)=MUAVG(I)/FLUAT(ND)
      CALL RANGE(FVALUE,1,ND,MOMAX(I),MHIGH,MOMIN(I),MLOW)
450  CONTINUE
      YEAR=YEAR-1
      GO TO 41
500  CALL DYEAR(YEAR,JYD)
      IF (JYD.EQ.0) GO TO 356
      GO TO 410
458  YEAR=YEAR+1
      CALL DYEAR(YEAR,JYD)
      IF (JYD.EQ.0) GO TO 550
      DO 460 I=10,12
      ND=NDAY(I)
      DO 82 K=1,ND
      KUUNT=KUUNT+1
      82  DVALUE(I,K)=Y(KUUNT)
460  CONTINUE
      GO TO 410
550  IF (KKEY.EQ.NKEYS) GO TO 16
      GO TO 700
C
      END

```



SUBROUTINE RSTD (DF)

```

C      SUBROUTINE RSTD(DF)
C
C          READ STAGE / DISCHARGE DATA
C
      INTFGR DF, YEAR
      COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12), MOMIN(12), MOMAX(12), DVALUE(12,31), NDAY(12)
      1, FVALUE(31), JVAL(24), STAG(150), DISC(150), HVALUE(366,25)
      COMMON/WORK/IN.W, WF1, WF2, WF3, ISET, ILOC, ITIM, IRETRIV, IPRC, IOUTP,
      INODE, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, NAME(4), STNA(3), SNAME(4), LTIT(H),
      2IY(8), ITEMP(7), IZ(2), NX, NY, NZ, FIXQ, NYRS, TYPE, IYEAR(100), CELEV, NCR
      3, IEND, LFAP, TEMP(366)
      COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT, X(366), Y(366), IPOSX(366,3), IPOSY(366,3), MTIT(9)
      1, XTIT, YTIT, YEAR, NPTS, IA(10), NYEAR, NDATA, IDATE, DATF(150), NRECORD,
      2CA(150), CB(150), IPR, IPROC, FDATE(150), ITEK
C
C      DECODE(77, 2R, IY) NX, YEAR, (ITEMP(I), I=1,7)
2R  FORMAT(A3, I4, 7A10)
      CALL LFAPYR(YEAR, LEAP)
      IF(LEAP.EQ.1) NPTS=366
      IF(LEAP.EQ.0) NPTS=365
      READ(DF, 31) (X(I), I=1, NPTS)
31  FORMAT(RF10.2)
      IF(LEAP.EQ.1) NDAY(2)=29
      IF(LEAP.EQ.0) NDAY(2)=28
      DO 32 I=1, 12
      DO 32 J=1, 31
32  DVALUE(I, J)=0.
      KOUNT=0
      DO 34 I=1, 12
      ND=NDAY(I)
      DO 34 J=1, ND
      KOUNT=KOUNT+1
34  DVALUE(I, J)=X(KOUNT)
C
      RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE STDVAL (W, ICATEG, LEVEL, DISTOT, FLOWH, MAXMO, MAXDAY, FLOWL, MINMO, MINDAY, NMQN, MSTART)

SUBROUTINE STDVAL(W,ICATEG,LEVEL,DISTOT,FLOWH,MAXMO,MAXDAY,FLOWL,  
IMINMO,MINDAY,NMQN,MSTART)

C  
C  
C

RETRIEVE AND PROCESS STAGE / DISCHARGE DATA

INTEGER W  
REAL MOAVG,MOMIN,MOMAX  
COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)  
1,FVALUE(3),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)  
COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,LOPT  
COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)  
1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,JA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),NRECORD,  
2CA(150),CR(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITFK

C  
C

IF(LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 33  
IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 57  
WRITE (W,28) YEAR  
28 FORMAT(//,45X,\*DAILY DISCHARGE FOR \*,I4//,32X,\*COMPUTED DAILY DISC  
HARGE IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND\*)  
GO TO 59  
57 WRITE(W,58) YEAR  
58 FORMAT(//,45X,\*DAILY RIVER STAGE FOR \*,I4//,30X,\*COMPUTED DAILY RI  
VER STAGE IN FEET ABOVE GAGE ZERO ELEVATION\*)  
59 WRITE(W,32)(MO(I),I=1,12)  
32 FORMAT(//,6X,\*DAY\*,12(5X,43,1X),/)  
33 DISTOT=0. \$ NPTS=0  
FLOWL=100000. \$ FLOWH=0.  
DO 40 I=1,NMQN  
IM=MSTART+I-1  
ND=NDAY(IM)  
SUM=0.  
DO 36 J=1,ND  
NPTS=NPTS+1  
FVALUE(J)=DVALUE(IM,J)  
X(NPTS)=FVALUE(J)  
IF(FVALUE(J).GE.FLOWL) GO TO 46  
FLOWL=FVALUE(J)  
MINDAY=J \$ MINMO=IM  
46 IF(FVALUE(J).LE.FLOWH) GO TO 48  
FLOWH=FVALUE(J)  
MAXDAY=J \$ MAXMO=IM  
48 DISTOT=DISTOT+FVALUE(J)  
36 SUM=SUM+FVALUE(J)  
MOAVG(IM)=SUM/FLOAT(ND)  
CALL RANGE(FVALUE,1,ND,MOMAX(IM),MHIGH,MOMIN(IM),MLOW)  
40 CONTINUE

C

RETURN  
END

SUBROUTINE WSTDS (W, ICATEG, IOUT, NPTS, DISTOT, FLOWH, MAXMO,  
MAXDAY, FLOWL, MINMO, MINDAY)

```

SUBROUTINE WSTDS(W,ICATEG,IOUT,NPTS,DISTOT,FLOWH,MAXMO,MAXDAY,
IFLOWL,MINMO,MINDAY)
C
C      WRITE STAGE / DISCHARGE DATA AND SUMMARY STATISTICS
C
      INTEGER W
      REAL MOAVG,MOMIN,MOMAX
      COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
      1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
      COMMON/PL01/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IUPT
C
C
      KOUNT=0
      DO 60 J=1,31
      KOUNT=KOUNT+1
      IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 70
      WRITE (W,42) J, (DVALUE(I,J),I=1,12)
42  FORMAT(7X,I2,12(2X,F7.0))
      GO TO 72
      70 WRITE(W,71) J, (DVALUE(I,J),I=1,12)
      71 FORMAT(7X,I2,12(2X,F7.2))
      72 IF(KOUNT.NE.5) GO TO 60
      IF(J.EQ.30) GO TO 60
      WRITE (W,44)
      44 FORMAT(/)
      KOUNT=0
      60 CONTINUE
      IF(IOUT.NE.3) RETURN
      WRITE (W,61)
      61 FORMAT(/,50X,*MONTHLY STATISTICS*)
      IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 90
      WRITE (W,62) (MOAVG(I),I=1,12)
      62 FORMAT(/,5X,*MEAN*,12(2X,F7.0))
      WRITE (W,63) (MOMAX(I),I=1,12)
      63 FORMAT(/,5X,*MAX*,12(2X,F7.0))
      WRITE (W,64) (MOMIN(I),I=1,12)
      64 FORMAT(/,5X,*MIN*,12(2X,F7.0))
      GO TO 99
      90 WRITE(W,92) (MOAVG(I),I=1,12)
      92 FORMAT(/,5X,*MEAN*,12(2X,F7.2))
      WRITE(W,93) (MOMAX(I),I=1,12)
      93 FORMAT(/,5X,*MAX*,12(2X,F7.2))
      WRITE(W,94) (MOMIN(I),I=1,12)
      94 FORMAT(/,5X,*MIN*,12(2X,F7.2))
      99 YAVG=DISTOT/FLOAT(NPTS)
      IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) GO TO 73
      WRITE(W,56) DISTOT,YAVG
      66 FORMAT(/,15X,*TOTAL DISCHARGE FOR YEAR WAS*,F10.0,15X,*MEAN DISCH
      JARGE FOR YEAR WAS *,F7.1)
      WRITE(W,68) FLOWH,MO(MAXMO),MAXDAY,FLOWL,MO(MINMO),MINDAY
      68 FORMAT(/,15X,*HIGHEST DISCHARGE VALUE WAS*,F7.0,*CFS, OCCURRED ON
      1 *,A3,I3/,15X,*LOWEST DISCHARGE VALUE WAS*,F7.0,*CFS, OCCURRED ON
      2 *,A3,I3//)
      RETURN
      73 WRITE(W,74) YAVG
      74 FORMAT(/,45X,*MEAN RIVER STAGE FOR YEAR WAS *,F7.2)
      WRITE(W,75) FLOWH,MO(MAXMO),MAXDAY,FLOWL,MO(MINMO),MINDAY
      75 FORMAT(/,15X,*HIGHEST RIVER STAGE VALUE WAS*,F7.2,*FT. ABOVE GAGE
      1 ZERO ELEVATION, OCCURRED ON *,A3,I3/,15X,*LOWEST RIVER STAGE VALU
      2E WAS*,F7.2,*FT. ABOVE GAGE ZERO ELEVATION, OCCURRED ON *,A3,I3//)
C
      RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE PRECIP

```

SUBROUTINE PRECIP
C
C   PRECIPITATION DATA MANIPULATION
C
  INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,SNAME,SUBLEVL,
  1XIII,YTII
  REAL MOAVG,MUMIN,MOMAX
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/LUCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
  COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JINAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
  COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,IIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
  1NODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGU,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LIT(8),
  2IY(8),IEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIHQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUI,X(366),Y(366),IPUX(366,3),IPUY(366,3),MTII(8)
  1,XIIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
  2NRECORD,CA(150),CE(150),IPR,IPRGC,FDATE(150),ITER
  COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOPT
  COMMON/STATS/MOAVG(12),MUMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
  1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
  COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY

C
  DF=17
  IRETRIV=1
  CALL CATEG
  ITER=0
  IF (LFLAG.GI.1) GO TO 350
C --- RETRIEVE ALL PRECIPITATION DATA ---
  90 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(I),I=1,8)
  14 FORMAT(A2,7A10,A8)
  IF (EOF(DF).NE.0) RETURN
  IF (IX.EQ.2HP5) GO TO 25
  IF (IX.EQ.2HPV) GO TO 35
  RETURN
  25 DECODE(78,24,IY) IX,(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,LATI,LONG,
  1GELEV,TYPE,NYRS
  24 FORMAT(A4,3A10,2X,A4,2A9,A10,A5,I5)
  SNAME(1)=NAME(1)   $   SNAME(2)=NAME(2)
  SNAME(3)=STNA(1)  >   SNAME(4)=STNA(2)

```

```

IF (LEVEL.EQ.2) GO TO 90
CALL PREDAT(W)
WRITE(W,50)
50 FORMAT(/,8X,*DATE*,36X,*PRECIPITATION DATA (0.1 INCH)*,36X,*DAILY
  JTOT*/,7X,6(1H-),1X,90(1H-),3X,9(1H-)//)
GO TO 90
35 DECODE(7H,30,1Y) 1DAY,IMON,IYR,(JVAL(I),I=1,24)
30 FORMAT(3I2,24I3)
IF (ITER.EQ.0) GO TO 36
IF (IMON.EQ.IMONO) GO TO 40
WRITE(W,34) MO(IMONO),MTOT
34 FORMAT(/,45X,*MONTHLY TOTAL FOR *,A3,* IS *,14/)
MTOT=0 $ IMONO=IMON
IF (IYR.EQ.IYRO) GO TO 40
WRITE(W,32) IYR
32 FORMAT(/,10X,*YEAR 19*,12//)
IYRO=IYR
GO TO 40
36 WRITE(W,32) IYR
MTOT=0 $ IMONO=IMON $ IYRO=IYR
40 JTOT=0
DO 42 I=1,24
42 JTOT=JTOT+JVAL(I)
MTOT=MTOT+JTOT
WRITE(W,46) 1DAY,IMON,IYR,(JVAL(I),I=1,24),JTOT
46 FORMAT(7X,3I2,1X,24(1X,13),5X,14)
ITER=ITER+1
GO TO 90
350 CALL PRESTA
IF (NRECORD.EQ.0) IRETRIV=0
RETURN
END

```

## SUBROUTINE PRESTA

```

SUBROUTINE PRESTA
C
C      GET PRECIPITATION DATA FOR ONE PARTICULAR GAGING STATION
C
      INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,SNAME,SUBLEVL,
      1XTIT,YTIT,GFLEV
      REAL MOAVG,MOMIN,MOMAX
      COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
      COMMON/LOCATE/LFLAG,INODE,INAME,NAMST,NUMST,ILAT,ILONG,DIST1,DIST2
      COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,N01,JYR1,N02,JYR2
      COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISFT,ILOC,ITIM,IPETRIV,IPTH,IOUTP,
      1INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
      2IY(P),ITEMP(7),I7(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIX0,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
      3,IEND,LFAP,TEMP(366)
      COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
      1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
      2NRECORD,CA(150),CR(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITFK
      COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOP
      COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),MOAY(12)
      1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
      COMMON/SUB/NNAME(50,3),NNODE(50),NSUB,IKEY(300),NKEYS,KEY
C
      NRECORD=0      $      KKEY=0
650 NYEAR=0
      DO 6 I=1,366
      DO 6 J=1,25
      6 HVALUE(I,J)=0.
      DO 10 I=1,12
      MOAVG(I)=0.
      DO 10 J=1,31
      10 DVALUE(I,J)=0.
356 READ(DF,14) IX,(IY(1),I=1,8)
      14 FORMAT(A2,7A10,AR)
      IF(EOF(DF).NE.0) GO TO 16
      IF(IX.EQ.2HPS) GO TO 360
      IF(IX.EQ.2HPV) GO TO 380
      16 REWIND DF
      RETURN
C --- READ AND WRITE STATION INFORMATION ---
360 DECODE(78,362,IY) NX,(STNA(I),I=1,3),STNO,LATI,LONG,GELEV,TYPE,
      1NYRS
362 FORMAT(A4,3A10,2X,A4,2A9,A10,A5,15)
      ENCODE(6,363,KEY) NX
363 FORMAT(*PS*,A4)
      CALL CHKEY(IDENT)
      IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 356
      KKEY=KKEY+1
      SNAME(1)=10H      $      SNAME(2)=STNA(1)
      SNAME(3)=STNA(2)      $      SNAME(4)=STNA(3)
      MTIT(5)=SNAME(1)      $      MTIT(6)=SNAME(2)

```

```

MTIT(7)=SNAME(3) $ MTIT(8)=SNAME(4)
XTIT=10HTIME $ YTIT=10HRRAINFALL
YUNIT=7HIN INCH $ TUNIT=4HYEAR
IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HHOURL) XUNIT=6HIN HRS
IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HDAILY) XUNIT=7HIN DAYS
IF(IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.EQ.2.OR.IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 356
CALL PREDAT
GO TO 356
C --- GET PRECIPITATION DATA OF ONE PARTICULAR STATION ---
380 IF(IDENT.EQ.0) GO TO 356
DECODE(7H,30,IY) JDATE.(JVAL(I),I=1,24)
30 FORMAT(A6,24I3)
DECODE(6,8,JDATE) IDAY,IMON,IYR
8 FORMAT(3I2)
YEAR=1900+IYR
CALL LEAPYR(YEAR,LEAP)
IF(LEAP.EQ.1) NDAY(2)=29
IF(LEAP.EQ.0) NDAY(2)=28
IF(LEAP.EQ.1) NPTS=366
IF(LEAP.EQ.0) NPTS=365
C --- RETRIEVE DATA ACCORDING TO TIME COMMAND OPTION ---
GO TO (382,384,386,392,394,400,500),JFLAG
382 IF(NRECORD.EQ.0) GO TO 38
IF(IMON.EQ.IMONO) GO TO 40
MOAVG(IMONO)=MTOT $ MTOT=0 $ IMONO=IMON
IF(YEAR.EQ.IYR0) GO TO 40
IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HHOURL) GO TO 25
NPTS=0
DO 48 I=1,12
ND=NDAY(I)
DO 48 J=1,ND
NPTS=NPTS+1
DVALUE(I,J)=DVALUE(I,J)/100.
48 X(NPTS)=DVALUE(I,J)
GO TO 33
25 DO 18 I=1,NPTS
DO 18 J=1,25
18 HVALUE(I,J)=HVALUE(I,J)/100.
33 DO 20 I=1,12
20 MOAVG(I)=MOAVG(I)/100.
NEWYR=YEAR
YEAR=IYR0
IF(JFLAG.EQ.3) GO TO 387
IF(JFLAG.EQ.5) GO TO 393
100 CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
IF(IOUT.EQ.2) GO TO 58
IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HHOURL) GO TO 22
IF(JFLAG.GT.5) GO TO 620
WRITE(W,51)(MO(I),I=1,12)
51 FORMAT(//,7X,*DAY*,12(5X,A3,1X)/)
GO TO 630
620 WRITE(W,51)(MO(I),I=10,12),(MO(J),J=1,9)
630 KOUNT=0
DO 54 J=1,31
KOUNT=KOUNT+1
WRITE(W,52) J,(DVALUE(I,J),I=1,12)
52 FORMAT(7X,12,12(2X,F7.2))
IF(KOUNT.NE.5) GO TO 54
IF(J.EQ.30) GO TO 54
WRITE(W,53)

```

```

53 FORMAT(//)
   KOUNT=0
54 CONTINUE
   WRITE(W,56) (MOAVG(I), I=1,12)
56 FORMAT(//,50X,*MONTHLY SUMMARY*//,2X,*MON.TOT*,12(2X,F7.2)//.1X,
   1130(1H-)//)
   GO TO 58
22 IF(JFLAG.GT.5) GO TO 28
   NPTS=0
   DO 26 I=1,12
   CALL WHRAIN(1,W,IYR,NPTS)
26 CONTINUE
   GO TO 58
28 NPTS=0
   DO 27 I=10,12
   CALL WHRAIN(I,W,IYR,NPTS)
27 CONTINUE
   DO 29 I=1,9
   CALL WHRAIN(I,W,IYR,NPTS)
29 CONTINUE
58 NYEAR=NYEAR+1
39 YEAR=NEWYR
   IF(JFLAG.EQ.2.OR.JFLAG.EQ.6) GO TO 550
   IF(JFLAG.EQ.4.OR.JFLAG.EQ.7) GO TO 458
   IF(IOUT.EQ.2) GO TO 62
   WRITE(W,34) YEAR
34 FORMAT(//,45X,*RAINFALL DATA FOR YEAR *,I4//)
   IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HDAILY) GO TO 60
   WRITE(W,35)
35 FORMAT(2X,*DATE*,34X,*MEASURED HOURLY RAINFALL IN .01 INCH*,47X,
   1*DAILY TOT*//)
   GO TO 62
60 WRITE(W,41)
41 FORMAT(44X,*DAILY TOTAL RAINFALL IN INCH*)
62 IYR=IYR
   IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HHOURL) GO TO 70
   DO 36 I=1,12
   MOAVG(I)=0.
   DO 36 J=1,31
36 DVALUE(I,J)=0.
   GO TO 40
75 DO 76 I=1,366
   DO 76 J=1,25
76 HVALUE(I,J)=0.
   GO TO 40
458 DECODE(4,385,JEND) KYEAR
   IF(YEAR.GT.KYEAR) GO TO 550
   GO TO 139
38 IF(IOUT.EQ.2) GO TO 65
   IF(JFLAG.EQ.3.OR.JFLAG.EQ.5) GO TO 65
   WRITE(W,34) YEAR
   IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HDAILY) GO TO 63
   WRITE(W,35)
   GO TO 65
63 WRITE(W,41)
65 MTOT=0 $ IMON=IMON $ IYR=YEAR
40 JTOT=0
   DO 42 I=1,24
42 JTOT=JTOT+JVAL(I)
   MTOT=MTOT+JTOT

```



```

      IF (SUBLEVL.EQ.5HDAILY) GO TO 46
      CALL DORDER(JDATE,NDT,YEAR)
      DO 44 I=1,24
44  HVALUE(NDT,I)=JVAL(I)
      HVALUE(NDT,25)=JTOT
      GO TO 47
46  DVALUE(IMON,IDAY)=JTOT
47  NRECORD=NRECORD+1
      GO TO 356
C   --- RETRIEVE DATA IN CALENDAR YEAR FORMAT ---
384  DECODE(4,385,JSTART) JYEAR
385  FORMAT(I4)
      IF (YEAR.NE.JYEAR) GO TO 78
      GO TO 382
78  IF (NRECORD.EQ.0) GO TO 356
      GO TO 382
C   --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A PARTICULAR DATE ---
386  IF (YEAR.NE.JYR1) GO TO 78
      GO TO 382
387  IF (SURLEVL.EQ.5HHOURL) GO TO 70
      WRITE(W,710) X(ND1)
710  FORMAT(/,* TOTAL DAILY RAINFALL FOR THAT DATE = *,F5.2,* INCHES*)
      GO TO 550
70  WRITE(W,711) (HVALUE(ND1,I),I=1,25)
711  FORMAT(/,* HOURLY RAINFALL FOR THAT DATE ARE*,5X,24F5.2/,
      1* TOTAL DAILY RAINFALL FOR THAT DATE = *,F5.2,* INCHES*)
      GO TO 550
C   --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A NUMBER OF CALENDAR YEARS ---
392  CALL DYEAR(YEAR,JYD)
      IF (JYD.EQ.0) GO TO 78
      GO TO 382
C   --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A PARTICULAR TIME-PERIOD ---
394  IF (YEAR.LT.JYR1.OR.YEAR.GT.JYR2) GO TO 78
      GO TO 382
393  IF (JYR2.EQ.JYR1) GO TO 398
      IF (YEAR.EQ.JYR1) GO TO 396
      IF (YEAR.EQ.JYR2) GO TO 397
      N1=1
395  IF (LEAP.EQ.1) N2=366
      IF (LEAP.EQ.0) N2=365
      GO TO 399
396  N1=ND1 $ GO TO 395
397  N1=1 $ N2=ND2 $ GO TO 399
398  N1=ND1 $ N2=ND2
399  NPTS=0
      NYEAR=NYEAR+1
      IF (SURLEVL.EQ.5HHOURL) GO TO 730
      DO 720 I=N1,N2
      NPTS=NPTS+1
720  X(NPTS)=X(I)
      CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SURLEVL)
      IF (IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.EQ.2.OR.IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 740
      IF (NYEAR.GT.1) GO TO 725
      WRITE(W,722) JSTART,JEND
722  FORMAT(/,40X,*DAILY RAINFALL (IN INCHES) FROM *,A6,* TO *,A6/)
725  WRITE(W,726) YEAR,NPTS
726  FORMAT(/,2X,2I10,* DAYS*/)
      WRITE(W,728) (X(I),I=1,NPTS)
728  FORMAT(10(2X,F10.2))
      GO TO 740

```

```

730 DO 732 I=N1,N2
    NPTS=NPTS+1
    DO 732 J=1,25
732 HVALUE(NPTS,J)=HVALUE(I,J)
    CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SURLEVL)
    IF(IOUT.EQ.0.OR.IOUT.EQ.2.OR.IOUT.EQ.4) GO TO 356
    IF(NYEAR.GT.1) GO TO 735
    WRITE(W,734) JSTART,JEND
734 FORMAT(/.40X,*HOURLY RAINFALL (IN INCHES) FROM *.A6.* TO *.A6/)
735 WRITE(W,736) YEAR,NPTS
736 FORMAT(/.2X.2I10,* DAYS*/ )
    DO 739 I=1,NPTS
    WRITE(W,738) (HVALUE(I,J),J=1,24)
738 FORMAT(5X,24F5.2)
739 CONTINUE
740 IF(YEAR.EQ.JYR2) GO TO 550
    YEAR=NEWYR
    GO TO 65
C --- RETRIEVE DATA IN WATER YEAR FORMAT ---
400 IF(NRECORD.EQ.0) GO TO 134
    IF(IMON.EQ.IMONO) GO TO 40
    IF(SURLEVL.EQ.5HDAILY) GO TO 133
    WRITE(W,32) MO(IMON),MTOT
    32 FORMAT(/.42X,*MONTHLY TOTAL FOR *.A3.* IS *.I4/)
133 MOAVG(IMONO)=MTOT $ MTOT=0 $ IMONO=IMON
    IF(IMON.EQ.10) GO TO 190
    GO TO 40
190 IF(SURLEVL.EQ.5HHOURL) GO TO 39
    DO 198 I=1,3
    DO 192 J=1,31
192 FVALUE(J)=DVALUE(12,J)
    TEMP=MOAVG(12)
    DO 194 K=1,11
    K12=12-K $ K21=K12+1
    MOAVG(K21)=MOAVG(K12)
    DO 194 J=1,31
194 DVALUE(K21,J)=DVALUE(K12,J)
    DO 196 J=1,31
196 DVALUE(1,J)=FVALUE(J)
    MOAVG(1)=TEMP
198 CONTINUE
    NPTS=0 $ MI=9
    DO 200 I=1,3
    MI=MI+1 $ ND=NDAY(MI)
    DO 200 J=1,ND
    NPTS=NPTS+1
    DVALUE(I,J)=DVALUE(I,J)/100.
200 X(NPTS)=DVALUE(I,J)
    DO 210 I=4,12
    MI=I-3 $ ND=NDAY(MI)
    DO 210 J=1,ND
    NPTS=NPTS+1
    DVALUE(I,J)=DVALUE(I,J)/100.
210 X(NPTS)=DVALUE(I,J)
    DO 220 I=1,12
220 MOAVG(1)=MOAVG(I)/100.
    GO TO 100
134 DECODE(4,385,JSTART) JYEAR
    IF(YEAR.LT.JYFAR) GO TO 356
    IF(NRECORD.NE.0) GO TO 139

```

```
      IF (IMON.LT.10) GO TO 356
139 IF (IOUT.NE.2) GO TO 142
      IF (LEVL.EQ.2) GO TO 65
142 WRITE(W,140) YEAR
140 FORMAT(/,45X,*RAINFALL DATA FOR WATER YEAR *,I4/)
      IF (SUBLEVL.EQ.5HDAILY) GO TO 600
      WRITE(W,35)
      GO TO 65
600 WRITE(W,41)
      GO TO 65
C   --- RETRIEVE DATA FOR A NUMBER OF WATER YEARS ---
500 CALL DYEAR(YEAR,JYD)
      IF (JYD.EQ.0) GO TO 356
      GO TO 400
550 IF (KKEY.EQ.NKEYS) GO TO 16
      GO TO 650
C
      END
```

SUBROUTINE PREDAT

```

SUBROUTINE PREDAT
C
C      WRITE PRECIPITATION DATA
C
      INTEGER W,TYPE,GELEV
      COMMON/WOHN/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
      INODE,STNO,DIST,LAT1,LONG,GAGU,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LIII(6),
      ZIY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FLXQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
      3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
C
C      WRITE(W,5)
      5 FORMAT(/,1X,132(1n-))
      WRITE(W,22)
      22 FORMAT(/,16X,*STATION NAME*,14X,*STAIN NO*,5X,*LATITUDE*,5X,
      1*LONGITUDE*,5X,*ELEVATION(MSL)*,5X,*DATA TYPE*,7X,*NO YEARS*)
      WRITE(W,26) (SNAME(I),I=1,4),STNO,LAT1,LONG,GELEV,TYPE,NYRS
      26 FORMAT(/,2X,4A10,3X,A4,2(5X,A9),5X,A10,*(F1)*,7X,A5,9X,15)
      WRITE(W,5)
C
      RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE WHRAIN (I, W, IYR, NPTS)

```

C      SUBROUTINE WHRAIN(I,W,IYR,NPTS)
      INTEGER W
      COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
1     ,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(360,25)
      COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,LOPT
C
      ND=NDAY(I)
      DO 24 J=1,ND
      NPTS=NPTS+1
      WRITE(W,23) J,I,IYR,(HVALUE(NPTS,K),K=1,25)
23     FORMAT(1X,J12,24F5.2,F6.2)
24     CONTINUE
      WRITE(W,32) MO(I),MOAVG(I)
32     FORMAT(/,42X,*MONTHLY TOTAL FOR *,A3,* IS *,14/)
      RETURN
      END

```

## PROGRAM PROCESS

```

OVERLAY (TEST,2,0)
PROGRAM PROCESS

C
C
C      PROCESS THE RETRIEVED DATA

      INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,YEAR,DATE,SNAME,SUBLEVL,
      IXIIT,YTIT,XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT
      REAL MUAVG,MUMIN,MOMAX
      COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
      COMMON/INFURM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
      COMMON/TIME/JFLAG,JSTART,JEND,JNAME,ND1,JYR1,ND2,JYR2
      COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISE1,ILUC,I11M,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
      INUDE,STNO,DIS1,LAT1,LANG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LT11(8),
      2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FLXQ,NYRS,TYPE,1YEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
      3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
      COMMON/OUTPUT/IOU1,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),M111(8)
      1,XIIT,YIIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,DATE,DATE(150),
      2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITER
      COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IUPT
      COMMON/STADIS/MUAVG(12),MUMIN(12),MOMAX(12),UVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
      1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)
      COMMON/RIVCRO/XDIS(100),YELEV(100),NCROS

C
      IF (IPR.GT.9) GO TO 800
      GO TO (50,50,150,250,350,550,600,650,700),IPR
C --- FREQUENCY ANALYSIS ---
50 XLOW=1000000. $ XHIGH=0. $ NDATA=0
      DO 10 II=1,NYEAR
      CALL DREAD(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
      NDATA=NDATA+NPTS
      CALL RANGE(X,1,NPTS,XHI,IPH,XLI,IPL)
      IF (XLI.LE.XLOW) XLOW=XLI
      IF (XHI.GE.XHIGH) XHIGH=XHI
10 CONTINUE
      REWIND WF1
      DO 20 II=1,NYEAR
      CALL DREAD(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
      CALL CDFPDF(11,XHIGH,XLOW)
20 CONTINUE
      IF (ICATEG.EQ.8) XTIT=10HDISCHARGE
      IF (ICATEG.EQ.9) XTIT=10HGAGE STAGE
      IF (ICATEG.EQ.10) XTIT=10HRAINFALL

```

```

IF(ICATEG.EQ.8)XUNIT=6HIN CFS
IF(ICATEG.EQ.9)XUNIT=6HIN FT.
IF(ICATEG.EQ.10)XUNIT=7HIN INCH
YUNIT=6H      $  TUNIT=4H
IOUT=2
GO TO 1000
C --- THALWEG LEVEL PLOT ---
150 DO 155 I=1,NCR
  READ(WF2,152) NPTS,DIST
152 FORMAT(13,F7.2)
  READ(WF2,154)(XDIS(J),YELEV(J),J=1,NPTS)
154 FORMAT(F6.0,F6.1)
  X(I)=DIST
  CALL XMIN(YELEV,1,NPTS,YLOW,1PMIN)
  Y(I)=YLOW
155 CONTINUE
  IF(IOUT.NE.1.AND.IOUT.NE.3) GO TO 157
  WRITE(W,151)(SNAME(I),I=1,4)
151 FORMAT(/,50X,*THALWEG LEVEL FOR*/,40X,*A10//,35X,*RIVER MILE (MI)
1* ,20X,*BED ELEV. (FT)*/)
  WRITE(W,153)(X(I),Y(I),I=1,NCR)
153 FORMAT(37X,F6.0,29X,F6.1)
157 NPIS=NCR
  CALL DWRITE(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
  XTIT=10HRIVER MILE $  YIT=10MBED ELEV.
  XUNIT=6HIN MI.      $  YUNIT=6HIN FT.      $  TUNIT=4H
  GO TO 1000
C --- CHANGING STAGE FOR A GIVEN DISCHARGE ---
250 CONTINUE
  DECODE(40,251,JCOMWD) NX,NY,FXQ,NZ,(IZ(1),I=1,2)
251 FORMAT(A10,A1,F7.0,A3,A10,A9)
  GO TO 550
252 DO 254 II=1,NYEAR
  X(II)=0.      $  A1=CA(II)      $  B1=CB(II)
  CALL PINV(XX,FXQ,A1,B1,ANEW,BNEW)
  Y(II)=XX
  X(II)=IYEAR(II)
254 CONTINUE
  IF(IOUT.EQ.2) GO TO 265
  WRITE(W,256) FXQ,(MTIT(I),I=4,8)
256 FORMAT(/,15X,*CHANGING RIVER STAGE FOR Q = *,F7.0,* CFS*//,
17X,*A10/)
  WRITE(W,258) GAGO
258 FORMAT(17X,*GAGE-U ELEV. = *,F7.3,* FT(MSL))*//)
  WRITE(W,259)
259 FORMAT(/,20X,*YEAR*,10X,*RIVER-STAGE IN F1*//)
  DO 262 I=1,NYEAR
  IAX=X(I)
  WRITE(W,260) IAX,Y(I)
260 FORMAT(20X,14,13X,F7.2)
262 CONTINUE
  IF(IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 1000
265 YIT=10HRIV. STAGE $  XTIT=10HTIME
  XUNIT=7HIN YEAR $  YUNIT=6HIN FT.      $  TUNIT=4H
  NPIS=NYEAR
  IOUT=2
  GO TO 1000
C --- CUMULATIVE RAINFALL ANALYSIS ---
350 DO 380 N=1,NYEAR
  CALL DREAD(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)

```

```

SUM=0.
DO 352 I=1,NPTS
XX=X(I)+SUM
X(I)=XX
SUM=X(I)
352 CONTINUE
CALL DWRITE(WF2,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
380 CONTINUE
ENDFILE WF2
REWIND WF2
IF (IOUT.EQ.2) GO TO 370
DO 390 N=1,NYEAR
CALL DREAD(WF2,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
DO 353 I=1,12
DO 353 J=1,31
353 DVALUE(I,J)=0.
IF (JFLAG.EQ.0.OR.JFLAG.EQ.7) GO TO 360
WRITE(W,385)
385 FORMAT(1X,130(1H-))
WRITE(W,354) YEAR
354 FORMAT(/,25X,*TABLE OF CUMULATIVE RAINFALL FOR CALENDAR YEAR *,
1I4/)
WRITE(W,385)
IF (LEAP.EQ.1) NDAY(2)=29
IF (LEAP.EQ.0) NDAY(2)=28
NDATA=0
DO 355 I=1,12
ND=NDAY(I)
DO 355 J=1,ND
NDATA=NDATA+1
355 DVALUE(I,J)=X(NDATA)
WRITE(W,356) (MO(I),I=1,12)
356 FORMAT(/,6X,*DAY*,12(5X,A3,1X),/)
359 KUUNT=0
DO 357 J=1,31
KUUNT=KUUNT+1
WRITE(W,358) J,(DVALUE(I,J),I=1,12)
358 FORMAT(7X,12,12(4X,F5.2))
IF (KUUNT.NE.3) GO TO 357
IF (J.EQ.30) GO TO 357
WRITE(W,361)
361 FORMAT(/)
KUUNT=0
357 CONTINUE
WRITE(W,385)
GO TO 390
360 WRITE(W,385)
WRITE(W,362) YEAR
362 FORMAT(/,25X,*TABLE OF CUMULATIVE RAINFALL FOR WATER YEAR *,14/)
WRITE(W,385)
NDATA=0
DO 364 I=10,12
ND=NDAY(I)
K=1-9
DO 364 J=1,ND
NDATA=NDATA+1
364 DVALUE(K,J)=X(NDATA)
YEAR=YEAR+1
CALL LEAPYK(YEAR,LEAP)
IF (LEAP.EQ.1) NDAY(2)=29

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```

      IF (LEAP.EQ.0) NDAY(2)=28
      DO 365 I=1,9
      ND=NDAY(I)
      K=1+J
      DO 365 J=1,ND
      NDATA=NDATA+1
365  DVALUE(K,J)=X(NDATA)
      WRITE(W,356) (MU(I),I=10,12), (MU(J),J=1,9)
      GO TO 359
390  CONTINUE
      REWIND WF2
      GO TO 1000
370  YIIT=10HC.RAINFALL
      GO TO 1000
C    --- REGRESSION ANALYSIS ---
550  DO 555 I1=1,NYEAR
      CALL DREAD(WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
      IYEAR(I1)=YEAR
      DO 553 IJ=1,NPTS
      TEMP=X(IJ)
      X(IJ)=Y(IJ)
553  Y(IJ)=TEMP
      CALL PLSQ(A1,B1,RC,SBAR)
      CA(I1)=A1  CB(I1)=B1
      IF (IPR.NE.6) GO TO 555
      WRITE(W,551) YEAR
551  FORMAT(/,34X,'YEAR = ',14)
      WRITE(W,552) A1,B1,RC,SBAR
552  FORMAT(/,10X,'REGRESSION EQUATION IS*,5X,*U =*,F10.5,*((S).EXP(*,
      IF(7.4,*)))*//,10X,'CORRELATION COEFFICIENT = *,F7.4,10X,'STANDARD ER
      ZRUR = *,F9.6)
      WRITE(WF2,554) A1,B1
554  FORMAT(2F8.4)
555  CONTINUE
      REWIND WF1
      REWIND WF2
      IF (IPR.EQ.4) GO TO 252
      GO TO 1000
C    --- CORRELATION ANALYSIS ---
600  CONTINUE
      GO TO 1000
C    --- DISCHARGE HYDROGRAPH GENERATION ---
650  DO 670 I1=1,NYEAR
      READ(WF2,554) A1,B1
      CALL DREAD(WF1,9,SUBLEVL)
      DO 652 I=1,NPTS
      XX=X(I)
      CALL PEVAL(XX,YY,A1,B1,ANEW,BNEW)
652  X(I)=YY
      CALL DWRITE(WF3,8,SUBLEVL)
      IF (IOUT.EQ.2) GO TO 670
      WRITE(W,660) YEAR,NPTS
660  FORMAT(/,40X,'TABLE OF GENERATED DISCHARGE VALUES*//,40X,
      1*YEAR = *,14,4X,*NO.OF POINTS =*,14//)
      WRITE(W,662) (X(I),I=1,NPTS)
662  FORMAT(10(2X,F10.0))
670  CONTINUE
      REWIND WF1
      REWIND WF2
      ENDFILE WF3

```

```

REWIND WF3
CALL DREAD(WF3,8,SUBLEVL)
CALL DWRITE(WF1,8,SUBLEVL)
ICATEG=9
IF(IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 1000
YUNIT=CIN CFS $ XUNIT=7HIN DAYS $ IUNIT=4HYEAR
X111=10HDISCHARGE $ Y111=10HTIME
C WRITE(W,666)
C 666 FORMAT(//,40X,*PLOT OF GENERATED DISCHARGE VALUES*//)
GO TO 1000
C --- STAGE HYDROGRAPH GENERATION ---
700 DO 730 I1=1,NYEAR
READ(WF2,554) A1,B1
CALL DREAD(WF1,8,SUBLEVL)
DO 702 I=1,NPTS
YY=X(I)
CALL PINV(XX,YY,A1,B1,ANEW,BNEW)
702 X(I)=XX
CALL DWRITE(WF3,9,SUBLEVL)
IF(IOUT.EQ.2) GO TO 730
WRITE(W,710) YEAR,NPTS
710 FORMAT(//,40X,*TABLE OF GENERATED RIVER STAGE VALUES*//,40X,
1*YEAR = *,I4,4X,*NO. OF POINTS =*,I4//)
WRITE(W,712)(X(I),I=1,NPTS)
712 FORMAT(10(2X,F10.2))
730 CONTINUE
REWIND WF1
REWIND WF2
ENDFILE WF3
REWIND WF3
CALL DREAD(WF3,9,SUBLEVL)
CALL DWRITE(WF1,9,SUBLEVL)
ICATEG=9
IF(IOUT.EQ.1) GO TO 1000
YUNIT=6HIN FT. $ XUNIT=7HIN DAYS $ IUNIT=4HYEAR
X111=10HRIV. STAGE $ Y111=10HTIME
C WRITE(W,716) GAGO
C 716 FORMAT(//,40X,*PLOT OF GENERATED VALUES FOR RIVER STAGE*//,50X,
1*(GAGE-U ELEV. = *,F7.3,* F1(MSL))*//)
GO TO 1000
800 IF(IPR.EQ.10) GO TO 810
IF(IPR.EQ.11) GO TO 820
IF(IPR.EQ.12) GO TO 830
IF(IPR.EQ.13) GO TO 810
IF(IPR.EQ.14) GO TO 50
GO TO 1000
C --- FIND MIN. VALUE ---
810 CALL YXMIN(YALOW,MYEAR,IPYMIN)
IF(MYEAR.EQ.1) IPYMIN=IPYMIN+ND1-1
MYEAR=MYEAR+JYK1-1
CALL DCONVRT(MYEAR,IPYMIN,IMU,IDAY)
WRITE(W,812) YALOW,MU(IMU),IDAY,MYEAR
812 FORMAT(//,10X,*THE MINIMUM VALUE IS *,F10.2,
1* WHICH OCCURRED ON *,A3,1X,12,*,*,14)
IF(IPR.EQ.13) GO TO 820
GO TO 1000
C --- FIND MAX. VALUE ---
820 CALL YXMAX(YXHIGH,MYEAR,IPYMAX)
IF(MYEAR.EQ.1) IPYMAX=IPYMAX+ND1-1
MYEAR=MYEAR+JYK1-1

```

```
      CALL DCUNVRT(MYEAK,IPYMAX,IMU,1DAY)
      WRITE(W,822) YXHIGH,MU(IMU),1DAY,MYEAK
822  FORMAT(/,10X,*THE MAXIMUM VALUE IS *,F10.2,
      1* WHICH OCCURRED ON *,A3,1X,12,*,*,14)
      GO TO 1000
C    ---  CALCULATE THE BASIC STATISTICS  ---
830  CALL DSTAT(XLOW,XHIGH,XMEAN,ASIDV)
      WRITE(W,832) XLOW,XHIGH,XMEAN,ASIDV
832  FORMAT(/,10X,*MINIMUM VALUE =*,F10.2,10X,*MAXIMUM VALUE =*,
      1F10.2/,10X,*MEAN VALUE =*,F10.2,10X,*STANDARD DEVIATION =*,
      2F10.2)
1000 CONTINUE
      REWIND WF1
      REWIND WF2
      REWIND WF3
      END
```

SUBROUTINE CDFPDF (MULT, XMAX, XMIN)

```

SUBROUTINE CDFPDF (MULT, XMAX, XMIN)
C
C THIS ROUTINE WILL COMPUTE A DISCRETE PROBABILITY DENSITY FUNCTION
C AND ITS CORRESPONDING CUMULATIVE DENSITY FCN FOR A GIVEN SAMPLE X
C OF SIZE = NDATA.

INTEGER W, WF1, WF2, WF3, STNA, STNO, YEAR, SNAME, XTIT, YTIT, XUNIT, YUNIT
DIMENSION PDFX(50), CDFX(50), V(50), OFEQ(50)
COMMON/WORK/IN, W, WF1, WF2, WF3, JSET, ILOC, ITIM, IPETRTV, IPRC, IOHTP,
INODE, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, NAME(4), STNA(3), SNAME(4), LTIT(8),
2IY(8), ITEMP(7), IZ(2), NX, NY, NZ, FIXQ, NYRS, TYPE, IYEAR(100), GELEV, NCR
3, IEND, LEAP, TEMP(366)
COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT, X(366), Y(366), IPOSX(366,3), IPOSY(366,3), MTIT(8)
1, XTIT, YTIT, YEAR, NPTS, JA(10), NYEAR, NDATA, IDATE, DATE(150),
2NRECORD, CA(150), CB(150), IPR, IPROC, FDATE(150), ITEK
COMMON/PLOT/MO(12), XUNIT, YUNIT, TUNIT, LINES, IOPT

C THE TOTAL RANGE = XMAX - XMIN, IS DIVIDED INTO RN-1 =50 SUBRANGES
C THEN THE FREQUENCY IS COMPUTED CORRESPONDING TO EACH SUBRANGE.
IF (MULT.GT.1) GO TO 400
NR=50
IOPT=0
LINES=NR
XUNIT=YUNIT=5H
RN=NR
RDATA=NDATA
CDF=0.
SUBRAN=(XMAX-XMIN)/(RN-1.)
RL=YMIN-SUBRAN/2.
RLO=RL
DO 3 K=1,NR
3 OFEQ(K)=0.
400 RL=RLO
DO 420 K=1,NR
FEQ=0.
RL=RL+SUBRAN
DO 410 J=1,NPTS
IF (X(J).GE.RL) GO TO 410
IF (X(J).LT.(RL-SUBRAN)) GO TO 410
FEQ=FEQ+1
410 CONTINUE
420 OFEQ(K)=OFEQ(K)+FEQ
IF (MULT.LT.NYEAR) RETURN
RL=RLO
DO 430 K=1,NR
RL=RL+SUBRAN
V(K)=RL-SUBRAN/2.
PDFX(K)=OFEQ(K)/RDATA
CDF=CDF+PDFX(K)
430 CDFX(K)=CDF
IF (IOUT.EQ.2) GO TO 108
IF (IPR.EQ.14) GO TO 450
IF (IPR.EQ.2) GO TO 440
IF (IOUT.NE.4) GO TO 431
REWIND WF1

```

```

WRITE(WF1,436) NR
436 FORMAT(I5)
WRITE(WF1,438) (CDFX(I),I=1,NR)
438 FORMAT(8F10.5)
RETURN
431 WRITE(W,432) MTIT
432 FORMAT(/,33X,*TABLE OF THE COMPUTED CUMULATIVE FREQUENCIES (CDF)*
1//,1X,8A10//,1X,119(1H-)/.26X,*NO.%,22X,*OBS. FREQ.%,19X,*CDF%/,
21X,119(1H-))
WRITE(W,434) (I,OFEQ(I),CDFX(I),I=1,NR)
434 FORMAT(25X,I3,20X,F10.0,15X,F10.5)
GO TO 104
440 IF(IOUT.NE.4) GO TO 441
REWIND WF1
WRITE(WF1,436) NR
WRITE(WF1,438) (PDFX(I),I=1,NR)
RETURN
441 WRITE(W,442) MTIT
442 FORMAT(/,33X,*TABLE OF THE COMPUTED RELATIVE FREQUENCIES (PDF)*//,
11X,8A10//,1X,119(1H-)/.26X,*NO.%,22X,*OBS. FREQ.%,19X,*PDF%/,1X,
2119(1H-))
WRITE(W,434) (I,OFEQ(I),PDFX(I),I=1,NR)
GO TO 104
450 IF(IOUT.NE.4) GO TO 445
REWIND WF1
WRITE(WF1,436) NR
WRITE(WF1,439) (OFEQ(I),CDFX(I),PDFX(I),I=1,NR)
439 FORMAT(F10.0,2F10.5)
RETURN
445 WRITE(6,102) MTIT
102 FORMAT(/,14X,*TABLE OF THE COMPUTED RELATIVE FREQUENCIES (PDF),
1AND THE CUMULATIVE FREQUENCIES (CDF)*//,1X,8A10//,1X,119(1H-)/
/ 5X,*NO.%, 16X, *RANGE%, 17X, *MID-RANGE %, 13X, *OBS. FREQ.%,
314X,*CDF%,16X,*PDF%/,1X,119(1H-))
DO 6 I=1,NR
VL=V(I)-SUBRAN/2.
RV=V(I)+SUBRAN/2.
WRITE(6,103) I,VL,RV, V(I),OFEQ(I),CDFX(I), PDFX(I)
103 FORMAT(5X,I3,5X,*(F10.2,2X,F10.2,2X,*)*,5X,F10.2,12X,F10.0,2X,
12(9X,F10.5))
6 CONTINUE
104 PRINT 105
105 FORMAT ( 1X,119(1H-))
IF(IOUT.EQ.1) RETURN
C READY FOR PLOTTING ACCORDING TO OPTION FLAG.

108 DO 20 K=1,NR
20 X(K)=V(K)
NPTS=NR
IF(IPR.EQ.2) GO TO 326
IF(IPR.EQ.1) GO TO 340
WRITE(6,22)
22 FORMAT(/,* SURRY,THE ONLY OUTPUT OPTION IS "LIST"*)
GO TO 900
326 DO 24 K=1,NR
24 Y(K)=PDFX(K)
YTIT=10HREL. FREQ.
GO TO 900
340 DO 26 K=1,NR
26 Y(K)=CDFX(K)
YTIT=10HCUM. FREQ.
900 WRITE(WF3,910) NR
910 FORMAT(I5)
WRITE(WF3,920) (X(I),Y(I),I=1,NR)
920 FORMAT(F10.0,F10.6)
C
RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE PLSQ (A1, B1, RC, SBAR)

```

SUBROUTINE PLSQ(A1,B1,RC,SBAR)
C
C   LEAST-SQUARES CURVE FITTING OF POWER FUNCTION  $Y=A1*(X**B1)$ 
C
COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTI(8)
1,X1I,Y1I,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,DATE,DATE(150),
2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPRUC,FDATE(150),ITEK
C
SUMX=SUMXX=SUMY=SUMXY=0.
SUMA=SUMB=SUMC=SUMD=0.
EPSI=.01
DO 10 I=1,NPIS
IF(X(I).LT.EPSI) X(I)=EPSI
IF(Y(I).LT.EPSI) Y(I)=EPSI
XLOG=ALOG(X(I))
YLOG=ALOG(Y(I))
SUMX=SUMX+XLOG
SUMY=SUMY+YLOG
SUMXX=SUMXX+XLOG*XLOG
SUMXY=SUMXY+XLOG*YLOG
10 CONTINUE
FN=FLOAT(NPTS)
FX=SUMX/FN      >      FY=SUMY/FN
C
C   DERIVE THE EQUATION
C
B=(SUMXY-FN*FX*FY)/(SUMXX-FN*FX*FX)
B1=B
A=FY-B*FX
A1=EXP(A)
C
C   CALCULATE THE COEFFICIENT OF CORRELATION AND THE STANDARD ERROR
C   OF THE ESTIMATE
C
DO 20 I=1,NPIS
XLOG=ALOG(X(I))
YLOG=ALOG(Y(I))
SUMA=SUMA+(XLOG-FX)*(YLOG-FY)
SUMB=SUMB+(XLOG-FX)**2
SUMC=SUMC+(YLOG-FY)**2
SUMD=SUMD+(YLOG-A-B*XLOG)**2
20 CONTINUE
RC=SUMA/SQRT(SUMB*SUMC)
SBAR=SQRT(SUMD/(FN-1.))
RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE PEVAL (XX, YY, A1, B1, ANEW, BNEW)

```
C
C
C      SUBROUTINE PEVAL (XX,YY,A1,B1,ANEW,BNEW)
      EVALUATE YY FROM XX BY THE POWER FUNCTION  YY=A1*(XX**B1)
      YY=A1*(XX**B1)
      AA1=1./A1  *  BNEW=1./B1
      ANEW=AA1**BNEW
      RETURN
      END
```

SUBROUTINE PINV (XX, YY, A1, B1, ANEW, BNEW)

```
C
C
C
C
SUBROUTINE PINV (XX, YY, A1, B1, ANEW, BNEW)
      EVALUATE XX FROM YY BY THE INVERSE OF THE POWER FUNCTION
      YY=A1*(XX**B1)
      AA1=1./A1  >  BNEW=1./B1
      ANEW=AA1**BNEW
      XX=ANEW*(YY**BNEW)
      RETURN
      END
```



PROGRAM DOUTPUT

```

OVERLAY (TEST,3,0)
PROGRAM DOUTPUT

C
C
C      DISPLAY THE RETRIEVED INFORMATION AND DATA PROCESSING RESULTS

      INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,CONC,CTYP,
1PCEN1,PCEN2,PCEN3,PCEN4,PCEN5,PCEN6,SNAME,SUBLEVL,X11T,Y11T,
2XUNIT,YUNIT,IUNIT
      REAL LATI,LONG,MWSL,MXEL,MOAVG,MUMIN,MOMAX
      COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
COMMON/ELEM/I/CATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
      COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,IIM,IRETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),L11T(8),
2IY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FLAG,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
      COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTI(8)
1,X11T,Y11T,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,DATE,DATE(150),
2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,IUNIT,LINES,IOPT
      COMMON/RIVCRO/XDIS(100),YELEV(100),NCROS
COMMON/STAUIS/MOAVG(12),MUMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),SIAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)

C
      WRITE(W,10)
10  FORMAT(/,* DO YOU WISH THE RESULTS TO BE DISPLAYED ON THE TERMIANI
1X SCREEN?/)
      READ(IN,20) ITEK
20  FORMAT(A3)
      IF(ITEK.EQ.3HNO) GO TO 30
      CALL DPLOTS
      GO TO 50
30  WRITE(W,40)
40  FORMAT(/,* DO YOU WISH THE RESULTS TO BE DISPLAYED BY A LINE PRINT
1ER?/)
      READ(IN,20) ICOM
      IF(ICOM.EQ.3HNO) GO TO 50
      CALL PPLOTS
50  CONTINUE
      END

```

## SUBROUTINE PLOTS

SUBROUTINE PLOTS

C  
C  
C

DISPLAY THE INFORMATION BY A LINE PRINTER

```

INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,CONC,CTYP,
1PCEN1,PCEN2,PCEN3,PCEN4,PCEN5,PCEN6,SNAME,SURLEVL,XTIT,YTIT,
2XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT
REAL LATI, LONG, MWSL, MXFL, MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX
COMMON/INFORM/ICOM,JTEMP(6),KTEMP(5),LTEMP(4),NTEMP(2),ICOMD,IFILE
COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SURLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISFT,ILOC,ITIM,IRETRIV,JPRO,IOUTP,
1NODE,STNO,DIST,LATI, LONG,GAGO,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
2IY(8),ITEMP(7),I7(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIHQ,NYHS,TYPE,IYFAR(100),GELEV,NCR
3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATA,IDATE,DATE(150),
2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK
COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOPT
COMMON/RIVCR0/XDIS(100),YFLEV(100),NCR0S
COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12),MOMIN(12),MOMAX(12),DVALUE(12,31),NDAY(12)
1,FVALUE(31),JVAL(24),STAG(150),DISC(150),HVALUE(366,25)

```

C

```

MOST=NYEAR
IF(MOST.GT.3) MOST=3
XL=YL=100000.
XH=YH=0.
DO 36 NP=1,MOST
CALL DREAD(WF1,ICATEG,SURLEVL)
CALL RANGE(X,1,NPTS,XHI,IPH,XLI,IPL)
CALL RANGE(Y,1,NPTS,YHI,YPH,YLI,IPL)
IF(XLI.LE.XL) XL=XLI
IF(XHI.GE.XH) XH=XHI
IF(YLI.LE.YL) YL=YLI
IF(YHI.GE.YH) YH=YHI

```

36 CONTINUE

```

REWIND WF1
IF(ICATEG.NE.10) GO TO 10
XLOW=XL $ XHIGH=XH
XL=YL $ XH=YH
YL=XLOW $ YH=XHIGH

```

10 CALL AXISTL(ICATEG)

```

DO 40 IPLOT=1,MOST
IF(IPLOT.EQ.1) ISYMBOL=1H*
IF(IPLOT.EQ.2) ISYMBOL=1H+
IF(IPLOT.EQ.3) ISYMBOL=1H0
CALL DREAD(WF1,ICATEG,SURLEVL)
IF(ICATEG.NE.10) GO TO 20
CALL SWITCH

```

20 CALL PLTITL(ICATEG,IPLOT,ISYMBOL)

IF(ICATEG.EQ.9) WRITE(W,39) GAGO

39 FORMAT(/,55X,\*(GAGE-0 ELEV. = \*,F7.3,\*FT(MSL))\*)

CALL MULPLOT(ISYMBOL,IPLOT,MOST,XL,XH,YL,YH)

40 CONTINUE

REWIND WF1

```

IF(ICATEG.EQ.2) GO TO 74
WRITE(W,72)(MTIT(I),I=1,8)

```

72 FORMAT(/,5X,8A10)

GO TO 200

74 WRITE(W,76)(MTIT(I),I=1,8),GAGO

76 FORMAT(/,10X,8A10,8X,\*GAGE-0 FLEV. = \*,F7.3,\* FT(MSL)\*)

200 CONTINUE

C

RETURN

END

SUBROUTINE AXISTL (ICATEG)

```

SUBROUTINE AXISTL(ICATEG)
COMMON/PLOT/MO(12),XUNIT,YUNIT,TUNIT,LINES,IOPT
COMMON/OUTPUT/IOU1,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTI1(8)
1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATE,DATE,DATE(150),
2,NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPRO,DATE(150),ITER
GO TO(100,20,100,100,50,100,100,80,85,90),ICATEG
20 XUNIT=5H(CFS)
   YUNIT=5H(FI.)
   IOPT=0 $ LINES=50
   RETURN
50 XUNIT=5H(FI.)
   YUNIT=5H(FI.)
   IOPT=0 $ LINES=50
   RETURN
80 XUNIT=5H(CFS)
   YUNIT=5H(DAY)
   IOPT=2 $ LINES=NPTS
   RETURN
85 XUNIT=5H(FT.)
   YUNIT=5H(DAY)
   IOPT=2 $ LINES=NPTS
   RETURN
90 XUNIT=5H(IN.)
   YUNIT=5H(DAY)
   XTIT=10HRAINFALL $ YTIT=10HTIME
   IOPT=2 $ LINES=NPTS
100 RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE PLTITL (ICATEG, IPLOT, ISYMBOL)

```

C      SUBROUTINE PLTITL(ICATEG,IPLOT,ISYMBOL)
      INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,YEAR,DATE
      COMMON/WORK/IN,W,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,ITIM,IPETRIV,IPRO,IOUTP,
      INODE,STNO,DIST,LATI,LONG,GAG0,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTIT(8),
      2IY(4),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIXQ,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
      3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
      COMMON/OUTPUT/IOUT,X(366),Y(366),IPOSX(366,3),IPOSY(366,3),MTIT(8)
      1,XTIT,YTIT,YEAR,NPTS,IA(10),NYEAR,NDATE,IDATE,DATE(150),
      2NRECORD,CA(150),CB(150),IPR,IPROC,FDATE(150),ITEK

C      IF(IPR.EQ.1.OR.IPR.EQ.2) GO TO 200
      GO TO(100,20,100,100,50,100,100,80,85,90),ICATEG
20  IF(IPLOT.GT.1) GO TO 24
      WRITE(W,23)
23  FORMAT(///,55X,*STAGE-DISCHARGE PLOT*//)
24  WRITE(W,25) ISYMBOL,YEAR,NPTS
25  FORMAT(45X,A1,* = YEAR *,14,5X,*NO. DATA POINTS = *,I4//)
      RETURN
50  IF(IPLOT.GT.1) GO TO 64
      WRITE(W,63)
63  FORMAT(///,55X,*RIVER CROSS-SECTION*//)
64  WRITE(W,65) ISYMBOL,DATE,NPTS
65  FORMAT(45X,A1,* = DATE *,16,5X,*NO. DATA POINTS = *,I4//)
      RETURN
80  IF(IPLOT.GT.1) GO TO 84
      WRITE(W,83)
83  FORMAT(///,55X,*DISCHARGE-HYDROGRAPH PLOT*//)
84  WRITE(W,25) ISYMBOL,YEAR,NPTS
      RETURN
85  IF(IPLOT.GT.1) GO TO 88
      WRITE(W,86)
86  FORMAT(///,55X,*STAGE-HYDROGRAPH PLOT*//)
88  WRITE(W,25) ISYMBOL,YEAR,NPTS
      RETURN
90  IF(IPLOT.GT.1) GO TO 94
      WRITE(W,92)
92  FORMAT(///,55X,*DAILY RAINFALL PLOT*//)
94  WRITE(W,25) ISYMBOL,YEAR,NPTS
100 RETURN
200 IF(IPR.EQ.2) GO TO 210
      WRITE(W,202)
202 FORMAT(///,52X,*CUMULATIVE FREQUENCY CURVE*//)
      RETURN
210 WRITE(W,212)
212 FORMAT(///,52X,*RELATIVE FREQUENCY HISTOGRAM*//)

C      RETURN
      END

```

SUBROUTINE DPLOTS

SUBROUTINE DPLOTS

C  
C  
C

DISPLAY THE INFORMATION ON A TEKTRONIX SCREEN

```

INTEGER W,WF1,WF2,WF3,DF,STNA,STNO,TYPE,YEAR,DATE,CONC,CTYP,
1PCEN1,PCEN2,PCEN3,PCEN4,PCEN5,PCEN6,SNAME,SUBLEVL,XTIT,YTIT,
2XUNIT,YUNIT,IUNIT
REAL LATI, LONG, MWSL, MXEL, MOAVG, MOMIN, MOMAX
COMMON/INFORM/ICOM, JTEMP(6), KTEMP(5), LTEMP(4), NTEMP(2), ICOMD, IFILE
COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG, LEVEL, SUBLEVL, JCOMWD(4), INWORD, DF
COMMON/WORK/IN, W, WF1, WF2, WF3, ISET, ILOC, ITIM, IRETRIV, IPRU, IOUPT,
1NODE, STNO, DIST, LATI, LONG, GAGO, NAME(4), STNA(3), SNAME(4), LIT(8),
2IY(8), ITEMP(7), IZ(2), NX, NY, NZ, FIXQ, NYRS, TYPE, IYEAR(100), GELEV, NCR
3, IEND, LEAP, TEMP(366)
COMMON/OUTPUT/IOI, X(366), Y(366), IPUSX(366,3), IPUSY(366,3), MTIT(8)
1, XTIT, YTIT, YEAR, NNPTS, IA(10), NYEAR, NDATA, IDATE, DATE(150),
2NRECORD, CA(150), CB(150), IPR, IPRUC, FDATE(150), ITER
COMMON/PLU1/MO(12), XUNIT, YUNIT, IUNIT, LINES, IOPT
COMMON/RIVCRU/XDIS(100), YELEV(100), NCR0S
COMMON/STADIS/MOAVG(12), MOMIN(12), MOMAX(12), DVALUE(12,31), NDAY(12)
1, FVALUE(31), JVAL(24), STAG(150), DISC(150), HVALUE(366,25)
DIMENSION HEADER(10), IOU(100), IOASH(5)
DATA IOASH/96,98,97,99,100/

```

C

```

MUST=NYEAR
IF (MUST.GT.5) MUST=5
IF (IPR.EQ.1.OR.IPR.EQ.2.OR.IPR.EQ.4) MUST=1
IF (IPR.EQ.3) MUST=1
XL=YL=100000.
XM=YH=0.
IF (IPR.EQ.5) WF1=2
DO 36 NP=1, MUST
IF (IPR.EQ.1.OR.IPR.EQ.2.OR.IPR.EQ.4) GO TO 10
IF (IPR.EQ.3) GO TO 10
CALL DREAD(WF1, ICATEG, SUBLEVL)
10 CALL RANGE(X,1, NNPTS, XH1, IPR, XLI, IPL)
CALL RANGE(Y,1, NNPTS, YH1, IPR, YLI, IPL)
IF (XLI.LE.XL) XL=XLI
IF (XH1.GE.XH) XH=XH1
IF (YLI.LE.YL) YL=YLI
IF (YH1.GE.YH) YH=YH1
36 CONTINUE

REWIND WF1
IF (IPR.NE.8.AND.IPR.NE.9) GO TO 40
ITITLE=10H
IITITLE=XTIT
XIIT=YTIT
YIIT=ITITLE
40 CONTINUE
CALL ERASE
CALL BINITT
CALL TERM(3,4096)
CALL SLIMX(250,3995)
CALL SLIMY(250,2500)
CALL TOUTPI(27)
CALL TOUTPI(96)
CALL GETINFO(IPR,HEADER)
CALL TOASCII(HEADER,30,IOU)
CALL CHR5IZ(2)
CALL MOVABS(1415,3020)
CALL HLABEL(30,IOU)
CALL TOASCII(YIIT,10,IOU)
IOU(11)=32
DO 45 I=1,10
II=11-I
IF (IOU(II).NE.32) GO TO 47
45 CONTINUE
II=1
47 CALL TOASCII(YUNIT,10,IOU(II+2))
CALL CHR5IZ(3)

```

```

CALL MOVABS(5,2000)
CALL VLABEL(11+10,IOUT)
CALL TOASCII(XTIT,10,IOUT)
IOUT(11)=32
DO 55 I=1,10
II=11-I
IF (IOUT(II).NE.32) GO TO 57
55 CONTINUE
II=1
57 CALL TOASCII(XUNIT,10,IOUT(II+2))
CALL CHRSLZ(3)
CALL MOVABS(1800,75)
CALL HLABEL(11+11,IOUT)
CALL TOASCII(MTIT,80,IOUT)
CALL MOVABS(20,5)
CALL HLABEL(80,IOUT)
IF (ICATEG.NE.2 .AND. ICATEG.NE.9) GO TO 95
ENCODE (30,85,HEADER) GAG0
85 FORMAT (*GAGE-O ELEV. =* F7.3 * FT(MSL)* )
CALL TOASCII(HEADER,30,IOUT)
CALL MOVABS(3070,5)
CALL HLABEL(30,IOUT)
95 CONTINUE
IF (IPR.EQ.1.OR.IPR.EQ.2.OR.IPR.EQ.4) GO TO 96
IF (IPR.EQ.3) GO TO 96
CALL DREAD (WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
96 CALL NPIS(NNPIS)
CALL DLIMX(XL,XH)
CALL DLIMY(YL,YH)
CALL CHECK (X,Y)
CALL DISPLAY (X,Y)
III=YEAR
IF (TUNIT.EQ.4HDATE) III=IDATE
IF (TUNIT.EQ.4H ) GO TO 120
ENCODE(40,105,HEADER) TUNIT,III,NNPIS
105 FORMAT(A5,16,5X,*NO. DATA POINTS =*,I4)
GO TO 125
120 ENCODE(40,115,HEADER) TUNIT,NNPIS
115 FORMAT(A5,5X,*NO. DATA POINTS =*,I4)
125 CALL TOASCII (HEADER,40,IOUT)
CALL CHRSLZ(3)
CALL MOVABS(1020,2960+18)
CALL DRWABS(1320,2960+18)
CALL MOVABS(1370,2960)
CALL HLABEL(40,IOUT)
IF (MUST.EQ.1) GO TO 300
IYY=2960
DO 250 I=2,MUST
CALL TOUTPT(27)
CALL TOUTPT(1DASH(I))
CALL DREAD (WF1,ICATEG,SUBLEVL)
CALL NPIS(NNPIS)
CALL CPLOT(X,Y)
III=YEAR
IF (TUNIT.EQ.4HDATE) III=IDATE
IF (TUNIT.EQ.4H ) GO TO 130
ENCODE(40,105,HEADER) TUNIT,III,NNPIS
GO TO 135
130 ENCODE(40,115,HEADER) TUNIT,NNPIS
135 CALL TOASCII(HEADER,40,IOUT)
CALL CHRSLZ(3)
IYY=IYY-52
CALL MOVABS(1020,IYY+18)
CALL DRWABS(1320,IYY+18)
CALL MOVABS (1370,IYY)
CALL HLABEL(40,IOUT)
250 CONTINUE
300 CALL MOVABS(0,2600)
CALL TINPUT(1)
CALL ERASE $ CALL ANMODE
CALL TSEND
IF (IPR.EQ.5) WF1=1
RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE GETINFO (IPR, HEADER)

```

SUBROUTINE GETINFO(IPR,HEADER)
  INTEGER DF,SUBLEVL
  COMMON/ELEMT/ICATEG,LEVEL,SUBLEVL,JCOMWD(4),NWORD,DF
  COMMON/WORK/IN,WF1,WF2,WF3,ISET,ILOC,I7IM,I8RETRIV,IPRU,IOUTP,
  INODE,STNO,DI5T,LATI,LONG,GAGU,NAME(4),STNA(3),SNAME(4),LTI(8),
  ZIY(8),ITEMP(7),IZ(2),NX,NY,NZ,FIAG,NYRS,TYPE,IYEAR(100),GELEV,NCR
  3,IEND,LEAP,TEMP(366)
  DIMENSION HEADER(3)
C
  IF(IPR.EQ.5) GO TO 95
  IF(IPR.EQ.1) GO TO 150
  IF(IPR.EQ.2) GO TO 160
  IF(IPR.EQ.3) GO TO 170
  IF(IPR.EQ.4) GO TO 200
  GO TO (100,20,100,100,50,100,70,80,85,90), ICATEG
20 HEADER(1)=10MSTAGE-DISC
  HEADER(2)=10MHARGE PLOT
  HEADER(3)=10M

  RETURN

50 HEADER(1)=10MRIVER CROS
  HEADER(2)=10MS-SECTION
  HEADER(3)=10M
  RETURN

70 IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HRULE ) GO TO 72
  IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HSPIII) GO TO 74
  IF(SUBLEVL.EQ.5HCAPAC) GO TO 76
  GO TO 100

72 HEADER(1)=10MRESERVOIR
  HEADER(2)=10MOPERATN -
  HEADER(3)=10MRULE CURVE
  GO TO 100

74 HEADER(1)=10MRESERV.OPE
  HEADER(2)=10MRATN - SPI
  HEADER(3)=10MLLWAY CURV
  GO TO 100

76 HEADER(1)=10MRESERV.OPE
  HEADER(2)=10MRATN - CAP
  HEADER(3)=10MACILITY CURV
  GO TO 100

80 HEADER(1)=10MDISCHARGE-
  HEADER(2)=10MHYDROGRAPH
  HEADER(3)=10M PLOT
  RETURN

85 HEADER(1)=10MSTAGE-HYDR
  HEADER(2)=10MOGRAPH PLO
  HEADER(3)=10M
  RETURN

90 HEADER(1)=10MDAILY TOTA
  HEADER(2)=10ML RAINFALL
  HEADER(3)=10M PLOT
  RETURN

95 HEADER(1)=10MDAILY COMU
  HEADER(2)=10MLATIVE RAI
  HEADER(3)=10MNFALL PLOT
100 RETURN
150 HEADER(1)=10MCUMULATIVE
  HEADER(2)=10M FREQUENCY
  HEADER(3)=10M CURVE
  RETURN
160 HEADER(1)=10MRELATIVE F
  HEADER(2)=10MFREQUENCY M
  HEADER(3)=10MHISTOGRAM

```

```
      RETURN
170  HEADER(1)=10HTHALWEG LE
      HEADER(2)=10HVEL PLOT
      HEADER(3)=10M
      RETURN
200  ENCODE(30,205,HEADER) FIXQ
205  FORMAT(*CHANGING STAGE FOR Q=*,F6.0,*CFS*)
      RETURN
      END
```



SUBROUTINE TDASCII (IARY, NCHAR, NEW)

```

SUBROUTINE TDASCII(IARY,NCHAR,NEW)
C
  INTEGER X
  DIMENSION ITABL(52),IARY(10),NEW(NCHAR)
  DATA (ITABL(I),I=1,52)/65,66,67,68,69,70,71,72,73,74,75,76,77,78,
1      79,80,81,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,90,48,49,
2      50,51,52,53,54,55,56,57,43,45,42,47,40,41,
3      36,61,32,44,46,34,33,64,63,59/
C
  K=0
  DO 30 I=1,10
    X=IARY(I)
    DO 20 J=1,10
      X=SHIFT(X,6)
      IX=X .AND. 77B
      K=K+1
      NEW(K)=ITABL(IX)
      IF (K .EQ. NCHAR) RETURN
20 CONTINUE
30 CONTINUE
C
  RETURN
  END

```