

Technical Report No. 217  
SIMCOMP VERSION 2.1 USER'S MANUAL  
AND MAINTENANCE DOCUMENT

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GRASSLAND BIOME  
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## ABSTRACT

The SIMCOMP version 2.1 compiler contains a basic subset of the capabilities of the SIMCOMP version 2.0 compiler. The compiler and the generated simulation programs are written in American National Standards Institute (ANSI) FORTRAN and are therefore relatively machine-independent. Section 1 of this document describes the rules for implementing flow oriented continuous system simulations. The structure and operation of the compiler and the generated simulation program are described in Section 2. An example of a simple biological simulation is given and is used throughout this document to illustrate the utilization and maintenance of the compiler.

## INTRODUCTION

SIMCOMP version 2.1 is an abbreviated version of the SIMCOMP version 2.0 continuous system simulation compiler (see Gustafson and Innis 1972, SIMCOMP Version 2.0 User's Manual). The 2.1 version provides the basic capabilities of the 2.0 compiler, but is written entirely in machine-independent American National Standards Institute (ANSI) FORTRAN with the exception of the use of FORTRAN data statements to set the values of dimensioned variables. These basic capabilities include (i) unified parameter declaration for inter-program communication, (ii) capacity of a maximum of 99 state variables and 300 flows or transfers between state variables, (iii) user-defined functions and subroutines, (iv) automatic tabular and/or graphic display of state variables, and (v) tabular display of flow rates.

## 1. USER'S GUIDE

### 1.1 Source Program Section.

The actual simulation program or source section is made up of major blocks or subdivisions. These major blocks are:

1. \*STORAGE--Used for parameter declaration statements for inter-program communication.
2. \*FLOW--Used for declaring and describing flows.
3. \*ROUTINES--Used for declaring user-defined subprograms and functions.

Comment statements indicated by a "C" in column 1 may appear anywhere in the source section. The source section is terminated by the \*END declaration.

Major block subdivisions are separated by the above major block declaration command verbs and must appear in the deck in the above order. All major block declaration command verbs must have an asterisk (\*) in column 1, immediately followed by the particular verb. If a particular block is not required, that entire block may be deleted; however, the remaining blocks must appear in the above order. An example of an entire simulation program follows and is presented to illustrate each of the major blocks in a SIMCOMP 2.1 source section.

```
C...A SIMPLE HERBAGE DYNAMICS MODEL FOR AN ANDROPOGON VIRGINICUS GRASSLAND.
C   COMPARTMENT DEFINITIONS:
C   1   SOURCE PHOTOSYNTHETIC INPUT
C   2   LIVE VEGETATION TOPS
C   3   LIVE VEGETATION ROOTS
C   4   DEAD VEGETATION
C   5   MULCH
C   6   RESPIRATION SINK
C   7   ORGANIC MATTER IN SOIL
C   8   THE AMOUNT OF FLOW FROM X(1) TO X(2)
C   9   THE INTEGRATED FLOW FROM X(1) TO X(2)
C
*STORAGE
COMMON/SPARS/PI, YEAR
COMMON/FPARS/P12A, P12B, P12C, P12D, P23A, P23B, P23C, P23D, P24A, P24B,
P26A, P36A, P36B, P36C, P36D, P45A, P45B, P56A, P56B, P56C
*FLOW
(1,2).
C...GROWTH OF LIVE PLANT TOPS.
F=(P12A+P12B*COS(P12C+2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR))/P12D
IF(F.LT.0.) F=0.
X(8)=F
X(9)=X(9)+F*DT
(2,4).
C...DEATH OF LIVE PLANT TOPS.
F=P24A*EXP(TIME/P24B)
F=F*X(2)
(4,5).
C...TRANSFER OF DEAD VEGETATION TO MULCH.
F=P45A*(1.+SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR-P45B))
F=F*X(4)
(5,7).
F=0.
(3,7).
F=0.
(2,3).
C...TRANSLOCATION OF ABOVE GROUND PLANTS TO ROOTS.
F=0.
IF(X(2).LT.20.) GO TO 5
F=P23A+P23A*SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR-P23B)*P23C
IF(F.LT.0.001) F=0.001
F=F*X(2)*P23D
5 CONTINUE
(2,6).
C...PLANT RESPIRATION.
F=P26A
F=F*X(6)
(4,6).
F=0.
(5,6).
C...DECOMPOSITION OF MULCH.
F=(P56A*(1.+SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR-P56B))*X(4)-P56C*X(5))/X(5)
F=F*X(5)
(3,6).
C...ROOT RESPIRATION.
TEMP=(P36A+P36B*SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR+P36C))
IF(TIME.GT.280.) GO TO 10
F=TEMP
GO TO 15
10 F=TEMP*(365.-TIME)/110.
15 IF(F.LT.0.00036) F=0.00036
F=F+P36D*X(3)
(2,5).
F=0.
*ROUTINES
SUBROUTINE START
READ(1,100) PI, YEAR
READ(1,100) P12A, P12B, P12C, P12D
READ(1,100) P24A, P24B
READ(1,100) P45A, P45B
READ(1,100) P23A, P23B, P23C, P23D
READ(1,100) P26A
READ(1,100) P56A, P56B, P56C
READ(1,100) P36A, P36B, P36C, P36D
READ(1,100) (X(I), I=1,2)
READ(1,100) ISTART, TEND, DT, DTPR, DTFL
100 FORMAT(8F10.0)
RETURN
END
*END
```

*\*STORAGE block.*

The block of statements following the \*STORAGE statement may contain any number of FORTRAN-labeled common statements and associated FORTRAN-type statements. These latter statements may include any of the usual FORTRAN INTEGER, REAL, or LOGICAL declaration statements.

The purpose of the storage block is to provide inter-program communication of a parameter (declared in a labeled common statement) between the routine which computes the flows and all user-declared subroutines or functions. Once a parameter has been declared in the storage block, the parameter may be considered globally defined in all of the user-defined routines and need not be declared by the user in any of his subroutines or functions. The following is an example of a storage block containing two labeled common statements.

```
*STORAGE  
COMMON/SPARS/PI, YEAR  
COMMON/FPARS/P12A, P12B, P12C, P12D, P23A, P23B, P23C, P23D, P24A, P24B,  
P26A, P36A, P36B, P36C, P36D, P45A, P45B, P56A, P56B, P56C
```

SIMCOMP 2.1 reserves variable names as special purpose variables and uses them to control simulation execution (Table 1).

With the exception of the state variables, any variables used in a routine, used in the computation of flows, or declared in the storage block should not begin with the letter "X." A diagnostic is not issued, but erroneous or computationally fatal results may occur. The reserved variables are automatically available for use in computation at any point in the flows or user-defined routines.

Table 1. Reserved variables.

Variable	Default Value	Purpose
TIME	--	Current value of simulated time.
TSTART <sup>a/</sup>	0.	Starting time of simulation.
TEND <sup>a/</sup>	1.	Ending time of simulation
DT <sup>a/</sup>	0.1	Time step for integration.
DTPR <sup>b/</sup>	0.	Time step for tabular printout of state variables.
DTPL <sup>c/</sup>	--	Time step for graphic printout of state variables.
DFTL <sup>b/</sup>	0.	Time step for tabular printout of flows.
X(i) <sup>a/</sup> 1 ≤ i ≤ 99	0.	Values of the state variables.
F	--	Variable containing the value of each flow.

<sup>a/</sup> If the default value of the variable needs to be altered, it must be so altered in the user-defined subroutine START.

<sup>b/</sup> If tabular output of state variables or flows is requested, the values of these variables must be set greater than zero in subroutine START.

<sup>c/</sup> If graphical output of state variables is requested, DTPL is always set by the system to the maximum, either (TEND-TSTART)/99 or DT.





```
*FLOW
(1,2).
C...GROWTH OF LIVE PLANT TOPS.
  F=(P12A*P12B*COS(P12C*2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR))/P12D
  IF(F.LT.0.) F=0.
  X(8)=F
  X(9)=X(9)+F*DT
(2,4).
C...DEATH OF LIVE PLANT TOPS.
  F=P24A*EXP(TIME/P24B)
  F=F*X(2)
(4,5).
C...TRANSFER OF DEAD VEGETATION TO MULCH.
  F=P45A*(1.+SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR-P45B))
  F=F*X(4)
(5,7).
  F=0.
(3,7).
  F=0.
(2,3).
C...TRANSLLOCATION OF ABOVE GROUND PLANTS TO ROOTS.
  F=0.
  IF(X(2).LT.20.) GO TO 5
  F=P23A*P23A*SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR-P23B)*P23C
  IF(F.LT.0.001) F=0.001
  F=F*X(2)*P23D
  5 CONTINUE
(2,6).
C...PLANT RESPIRATION.
  F=P26A
  F=F*X(6)
(4,6).
  F=0.
(5,6).
C...DECOMPOSITION OF MULCH.
  F=(P56A*(1.+SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR-P56B))*X(4)-P56C*X(5))/X(5)
  F=F*X(5)
(3,6).
C...ROOT RESPIRATION.
  TEMP=(P36A*P36B*SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR-P36C))
  IF(TIME.GT.280.) GO TO 10
  F=TEMP
  GO TO 15
  10 F=TEMP*(365.-TIME)/110.
  15 IF(F.LT.0.00036) F=0.00036
  F=F*P36D*X(3)
(2,5).
  F=0.
```

In this example, after all flows have been computed, the flow (5,6). has the effect of multiplying the value of "F" (as defined in that flow) by DT, adding it to X(6), and subtracting it from X(5) at each time step throughout the simulation.

A maximum of 300 flows may be declared in a simulation. The flows are computed in the order in which they appear in the \*FLOWS block. A quantity computed in one flow may be used in the computation of a subsequent flow.



*\*ROUTINES block.*

The \*ROUTINES block contains one or more user-defined FORTRAN subroutines or functions. If no subroutines or functions are used, the \*ROUTINES block may be omitted entirely. User-defined routines are either special purpose routines called by the system at predetermined times or are general purpose routines called by the user during the computation of the flows, or called from within other routines.

The special purpose routines are named START, CYCLE, and FINIS. If provided by the user, subroutine START is called by the system prior to the simulation. This subroutine is typically used to read in initial values for variables declared in the \*STORAGE block and the reserved system variables. Computations which are to be performed only once prior to simulation are to be done here. The standard SIMCOMP 2.1 system provides an input file to the user from which he may read data. This standard input file is logical unit no. 1.

Likewise, if provided by the user, subroutine CYCLE is called by the system prior to the computation of the flows at each time step during the simulation. Subroutine CYCLE is typically used to compute the values of variables declared in the \*STORAGE block which are used in the computation of the flows.

Subroutine FINIS, if provided by the user, is called at the end of simulated time, i.e.,  $TIME = TEND$ . This subroutine is typically used to perform calculations upon the simulated variables and to produce printed reports of these calculations just prior to the termination of the simulation.

If the user desires to print out information during the course of a simulation, in addition to the state variables which are requested for tabular output in the data section, FORTRAN write statements may be included

in any of the flows or user-defined subprograms. The standard SIMCOMP 2.1 system provides access to the system output file via logical unit no. 2.

The following example is a \*ROUTINES block containing only the special purpose routine START. Also shown is the \*END card used to signal the end of the source section.

```
*ROUTINES
  SUBROUTINE START
    READ(1,100) P1, YEAR
    READ(1,100) P12A, P12B, P12C, P12D
    READ(1,100) P24A, P24B
    READ(1,100) P45A, P45B
    READ(1,100) P23A, P23B, P23C, P23D
    READ(1,100) P26A
    READ(1,100) P56A, P56B, P56C
    READ(1,100) P36A, P36B, P36C, P36D
    READ(1,100) (X(I), I=1,9)
    READ(1,100) TSTART, TEND, DT, DTPR, DTFL
  100 FORMAT(8F10.0)
    RETURN
  END
*END
```

Special purpose subroutines may not have an argument list. If general purpose subroutines or functions have argument lists, they should not be so long as to require a continuation statement to specify all of the arguments. All user-defined routines have access to any of the reserved system variables or variables declared in the \*STORAGE block.

1.2 Data Section.

The data section is made up of two parts. The first part is a set of output control directives and is terminated by a card with END. starting in column 1. If no system-generated output is requested, only the END. card should be included; but in both cases, it must be included. The second part is comprised of user's data cards to be read by FORTRAN read statements in the source section. The user's data cards immediately follow the END. card. The following is a sample data section used in conjunction with the sample source section on page 3.

PRINT.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
FLOW.	1	2	2	3					
PLOT.	3	3	4	5					
	2								
	9								
	8								
END.									
3.14159	364.								
3.0	8.6	3.1		1.4					
0.00027	85.								
0.00185	1.56								
0.002	0.7	1.4		4.2					
0.0014									
0.00185	1.56	180.							
0.0005	0.01	2.		1.1					
100.	20.	650.		600.		180.	0.	0.	0.
0.									
1.	365.	1.		10.		10.			

*Output control directives.*

All output control directives contain the following data fields:

command. n1, n2, n3, ..., n14

The command begins in column 1, contains no imbedded blanks, and must end with a period. Legal commands are PRINT., FLOW., PLOT., and END.. The integer constants n1 through n14 are right-justified in fields of five starting in column 11. Not all 14 fields are necessarily used. The card columns of each of the fields are:

<u>Field</u>	<u>Card Columns</u>
command.	1-10
n1	11-15
n2	16-20
n3	21-25
n4	26-30
n5	31-35
n6	36-40
n7	41-45
n8	46-50
n9	51-55
n10	56-60
n11	61-65
n12	66-70
n13	71-75
n14	76-80

The output directives, i.e., PRINT., FLOW., and PLOT., may appear in any order in the first part of the data section.

*PRINT. directives.* Any of the 99 state variables may be requested for tabular output by PRINT. directives. The system, upon recognizing the command PRINT. in columns 1 through 6, scans the numeric fields of five columns each, starting in column no. 11 and ignoring blank fields. All constants encountered in these numeric fields are interpreted as indices of state variables to be printed. As such, the numbers must be in the range 1 through 99. As many PRINT. cards as necessary in order to specify

all of the state variables desired in the output may be included. Following is an example of a PRINT. command requesting state variables 1 through 9 to be printed.

```
PRINT.      1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9
```

The simulation time interval between printouts is controlled by the reserved system variable DTPR.

*FLOW. directives.* The current values for any of the flows declared in the source section may be requested for tabular output with the FLOW. command. The symbols FLOW. must appear in columns 1 through 5. Successive pairs of the numeric fields are then interpreted as the indices of flows to be printed. If any of the pairs of numbers are outside the range of 1 through 99, a diagnostic is issued. If a flow is requested for print but does not exist in the simulation, the request is ignored. Following is an example of a FLOW. command requesting the flows from X(1) to X(2) and from X(2) to X(3) be printed.

```
FLOW.      1  2  2  3
```

As many FLOW. print command cards as are necessary may be included. The simulation time step between flow printouts is controlled by DTFL.

*PLOT. directives.* Printer plots of any state variable through time may be requested with the PLOT. command. The symbols PLOT. must appear in columns 1 through 5. The first numeric field in columns 11 through 15 is interpreted as the total number of plots to be generated. A maximum of 20 plots is allowed. The indices of the state variables in each plot are specified on successive cards, one card per plot. A maximum of five state variables may be included in the first five numeric fields on each of



the successive cards after the initial PLOT. command. The command field on these cards is ignored. As many cards specifying state variables as there were number of plots requested on the initial PLOT. card must be included. The following example requests three plots. The first plot is of state variables X(2), X(3), X(4), and X(5); the second plot is of X(9); and the third plot is of X(8).

```
PLOT.      3
           2   3   4   5
           9
           8
```

*User-supplied input data.*

User-supplied data cards to be read by FORTRAN read statements in the source section may be included following the END. card which terminates the output control cards. The following example shows the data cards which are read in the user-supplied subroutine START in the sample simulation. The END. card which must precede this data is also shown.

END.								
3.14159	364.							
3.0	8.6	3.1	1.4					
0.00027	85.							
0.00185	1.56							
0.002	0.7	1.4	4.2					
0.0014								
0.00185	1.56	180.						
0.0005	0.01	2.	1.1					
100.	20.	650.	600.	180.	0.	0.	0.	
0.								
1.	365.	1.	10.	10.				

### 1.3 Sample Simulation Output.

The next few pages illustrate the output generated by the compiler and execution of the simulation. The output is comprised of

	Page
1. Source listing	16
2. Initial conditions	17
3. Tabular output (partial listing)	18
4. Plot no. 1	19
5. Plot no. 2	20
6. Plot no. 3	21

(Header information superimposed on the graphs normally appears above the graphs in the computer output, time runs down the page.)

```

C...A SIMPLE HERbage DYNAMICS MODEL FOR AN ANDROPOGON VIRGINICUS GRASSLAND.
C   COMPARTMENT DEFINITIONS:
C     1 SOURCE PHOTOSYNTHETIC INPUT
C     2 LIVE VEGETATION TOPS
C     3 LIVE VEGETATION ROOTS
C     4 DEAD VEGETATION
C     5 MULCH
C     6 RESPIRATION SINK
C     7 ORGANIC MATTER IN SOIL
C     8 THE AMOUNT OF FLOW FROM X(1) TO X(2)
C     9 THE INTEGRATED FLOW FROM X(1) TO X(2)
C
*STORAGE
COMMON/SPARS/PI, YEAP
COMMON/FPARS/P12A, P12B, P12C, P12D, P23A, P23B, P23C, P23D, P24A, P24B,
P26A, P36A, P36B, P36C, P36D, P45A, P45B, P56A, P56B, P56C
*FLOW
(1,2).
C...GROWTH OF LIVE PLANT TOPS.
F=(P12A-P12B*COS(P12C*2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAP))/P12D
IF(F.LT.0.) F=0.
X(8)=F
X(9)=X(9)+F*DT
(2,4).
C...DEATH OF LIVE PLANT TOPS.
F=P24A*EXP(TIME/P24B)
F=F*X(2)
(4,5).
C...TRANSFER OF DEAD VEGETATION TO MULCH.
F=P45A*(1.+SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAP-P45B))
F=F*X(4)
(5,7).
F=0.
(3,7).
F=0.
(2,3).
C...TRANSLOCATION OF ABOVE GROUND PLANTS TO ROOTS.
F=0.
IF(X(2).LT.20.) GO TO 5
F=P23A*P23A*SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAP-P23B)*P23C
IF(F.LT.0.001) F=0.001
F=F*X(2)*P23D
5 CONTINUE
(2,6).
C...PLANT RESPIRATION.
F=P26A
F=F*X(6)
(4,6).
F=0.
(5,6).
C...DECOMPOSITION OF MULCH.
F=(P56A*(1.+SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAP-P56B))*X(4)-P56C*X(5))/X(5)
F=F*X(5)
(3,6).
C...ROOT RESPIRATION.
TEMP=(P36A+P36B*SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAP+P36C))
IF(TIME.GT.290.) GO TO 10
F=TEMP
GO TO 15
10 F=TEMP*(365.-TIME)/110.
15 IF(F.LT.0.00036) F=0.00036
F=F+P36D*X(3)
(2,5).
F=0.
*ROUTINES
SURROUTINE START
READ(1,100) PI, YEAP
READ(1,100) P12A, P12B, P12C, P12D
READ(1,100) P24A, P24B
READ(1,100) P45A, P45B
READ(1,100) P23A, P23B, P23C, P23D
READ(1,100) P26A
READ(1,100) P56A, P56B, P56C
READ(1,100) P36A, P36B, P36C, P36D
READ(1,100) (X(I), I=1,9)
READ(1,100) ISTART, IEND, DT, DTPR, DTFL
100 FORMAT(4F10.0)
RETURN
END
*END

```

SIMCOMP VERSION 2.1

INITIAL CONDITIONS

NO. OF STATE VARIABLES..... 7  
REQUESTED FOR PRINT..... 9  
REQUESTED FOR PLOT..... 6  
NO. OF FLOWS..... 11

TSTART..... .1000E+01  
TEND..... .3650E+03  
DT..... .1000E+01  
DTPR..... .1000E+02  
DTPL..... .3676E+01  
DTFL..... .1000E+02

X( 1) = .1000E+03      X( 2) = .2900E+02      X( 3) = .6500E+03      X( 4) = .6000E+03  
X( 5) = .1800E+03      X( 6) = 0.      X( 7) = 0.

SIMCOMP VERSION 2.1

SIMULATION RESULTS

TIME = .10000E+01  
X( 1) = .10000E+03 X( 2) = .20000E+02 X( 3) = .65000E+03 X( 4) = .60000E+03  
X( 5) = .18000E+03 X( 6) = 0. X( 7) = 0. X( 8) = 0.  
X( 9) = 0.

FLWS TIME = .10000E+01 TO .20000E+01  
( 1, 2) = 0.  
( 2, 3) = .84000E-01

TIME = .11000E+02  
X( 1) = .10000E+03 X( 2) = .19446E+02 X( 3) = .58700E+03 X( 4) = .60000E+03  
X( 5) = .18000E+03 X( 6) = .63550E+02 X( 7) = 0. X( 8) = 0.  
X( 9) = 0.

FLWS TIME = .11000E+02 TO .12000E+02  
( 1, 2) = 0.  
( 2, 3) = 0.

TIME = .21000E+02  
X( 1) = .10000E+03 X( 2) = .18150E+02 X( 3) = .53574E+03 X( 4) = .59967E+03  
X( 5) = .18000E+03 X( 6) = .11644E+03 X( 7) = 0. X( 8) = 0.  
X( 9) = 0.

FLWS TIME = .21000E+02 TO .22000E+02  
( 1, 2) = 0.  
( 2, 3) = 0.

TIME = .31000E+02  
X( 1) = .10000E+03 X( 2) = .16174E+02 X( 3) = .49547E+03 X( 4) = .59870E+03  
X( 5) = .18000E+03 X( 6) = .15966E+03 X( 7) = 0. X( 8) = 0.  
X( 9) = 0.

FLWS TIME = .31000E+02 TO .32000E+02  
( 1, 2) = 0.  
( 2, 3) = 0.

TIME = .41000E+02  
X( 1) = .10000E+03 X( 2) = .13650E+02 X( 3) = .46534E+03 X( 4) = .59678E+03  
X( 5) = .18000E+03 X( 6) = .19424E+03 X( 7) = 0. X( 8) = 0.  
X( 9) = 0.

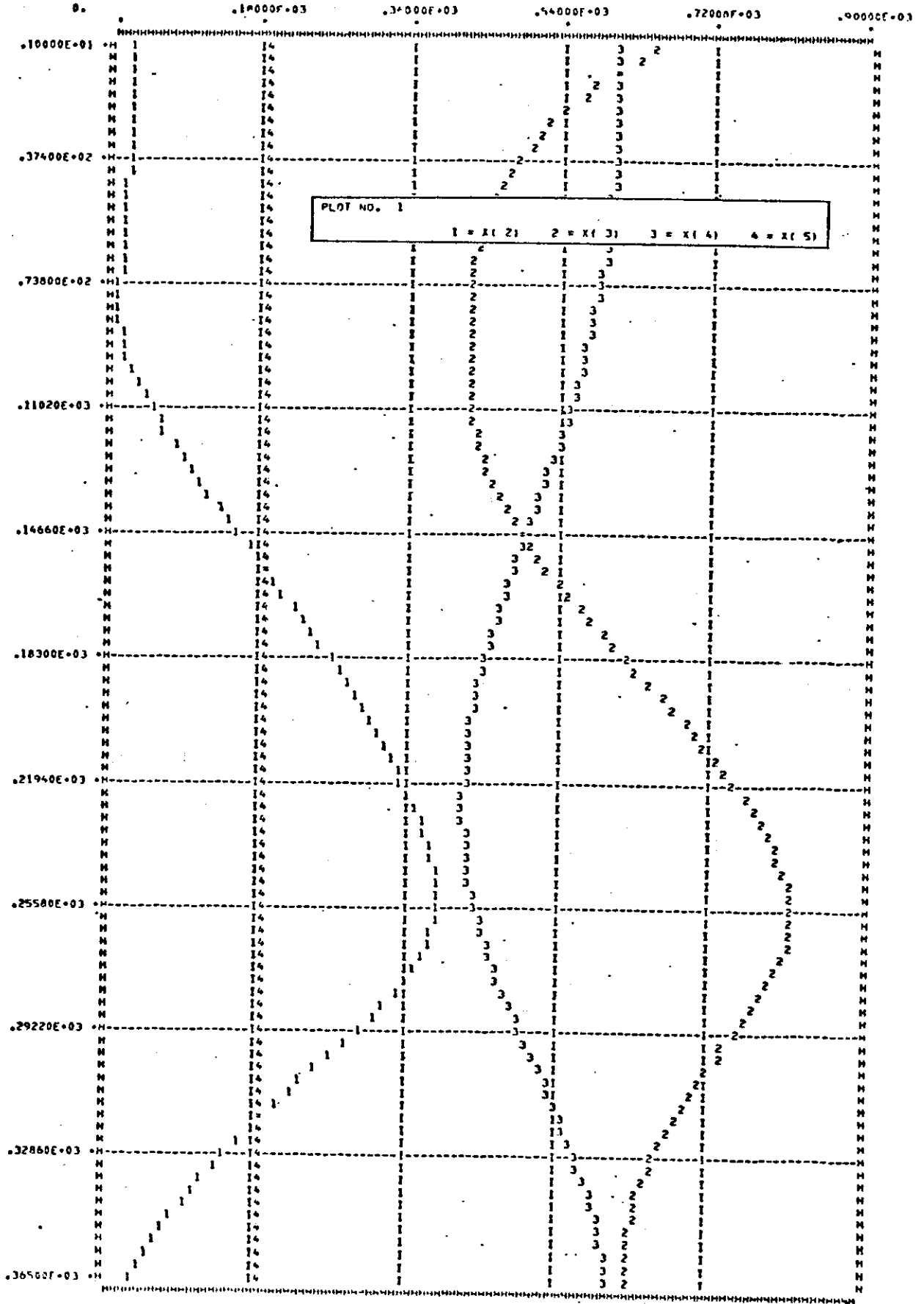
FLWS TIME = .41000E+02 TO .42000E+02  
( 1, 2) = 0.  
( 2, 3) = 0.

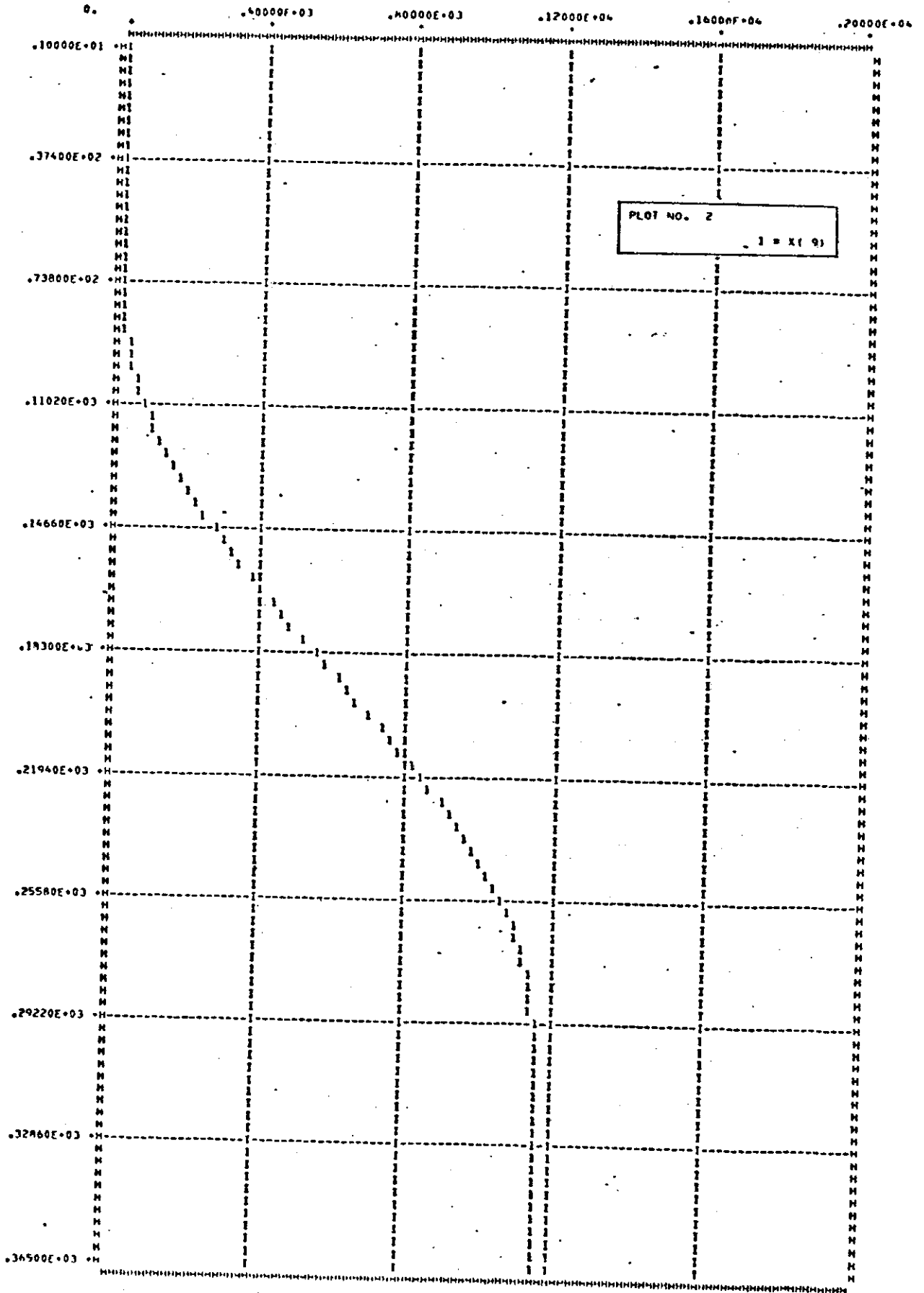
TIME = .51000E+02  
X( 1) = .10000E+03 X( 2) = .10596E+02 X( 3) = .44455E+03 X( 4) = .59365E+03  
X( 5) = .18000E+03 X( 6) = .22110E+03 X( 7) = 0. X( 8) = 0.  
X( 9) = 0.

FLWS TIME = .51000E+02 TO .52000E+02  
( 1, 2) = 0.  
( 2, 3) = 0.

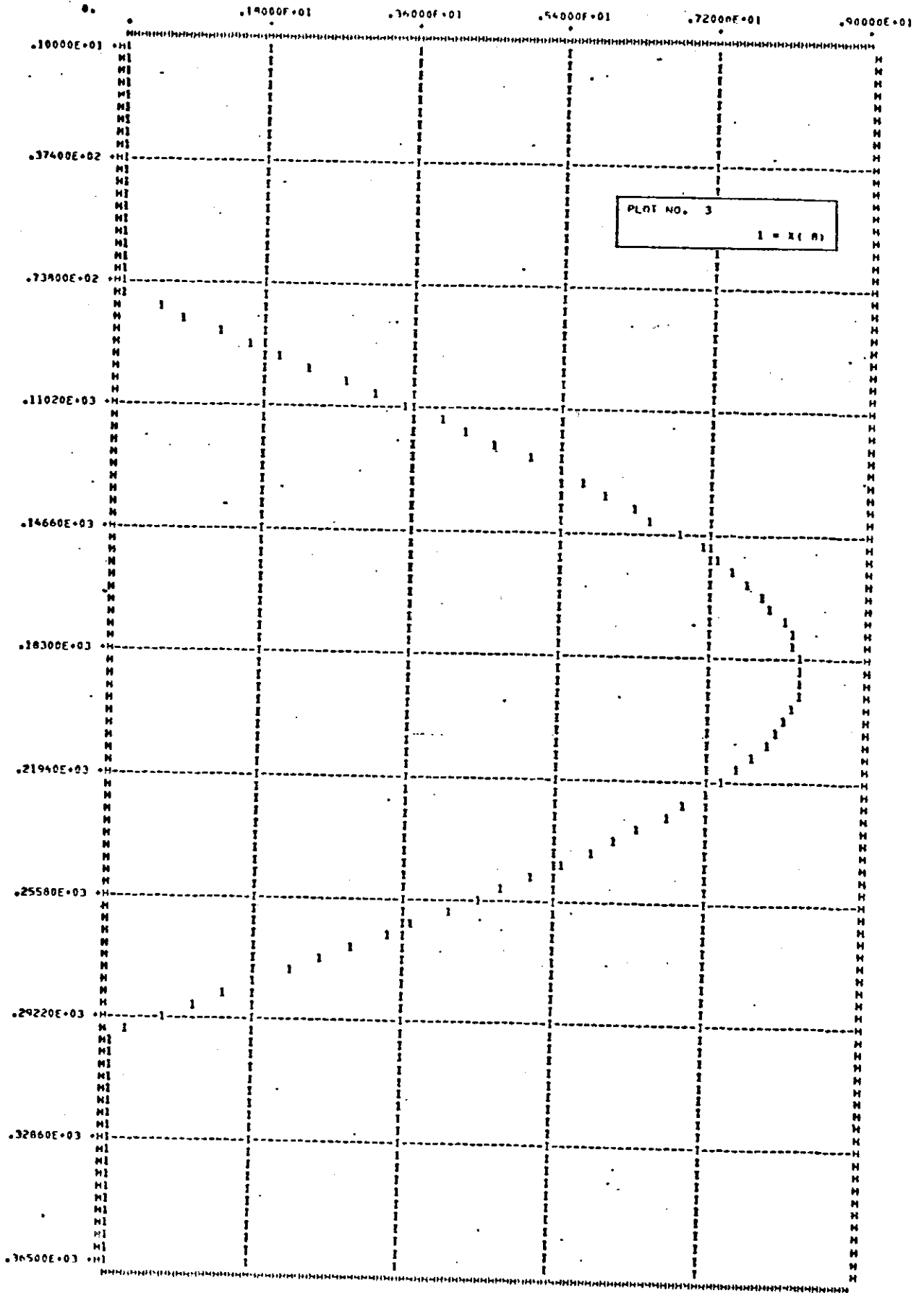
TIME = .61000E+02  
X( 1) = .10000E+03 X( 2) = .74195E+01 X( 3) = .43251E+03 X( 4) = .58909E+03  
X( 5) = .18000E+03 X( 6) = .24097E+03 X( 7) = 0. X( 8) = 0.  
X( 9) = 0.

FLWS TIME = .61000E+02 TO .62000E+02  
( 1, 2) = 0.  
( 2, 3) = 0.









## 2. COMPILER AND SIMULATION PROGRAM OPERATION

The version 2.1 SIMCOMP system is a two-pass compiling system which generates a FORTRAN program that is in turn executed to produce the simulation output. The complete job sequence is diagrammed in Fig. 1 and is explained in the following steps.

1. The SIMCOMP 2.1 compiler (or pre-processor), written in FORTRAN, is compiled by the FORTRAN compiler.
2. The compiled SIMCOMP compiler is executed with the user's source section and auxiliary source statements (file SRCST) as input. The source listing, with diagnostics if errors occur, is printed on output. The generated FORTRAN simulation source program is produced on file SIMPRG.
3. File SIMPRG is compiled by the FORTRAN compiler.
4. The compiled simulation program is executed with the user's data section as input. Tabular and/or graphic simulation results are printed on output.

On most computer systems the first step may be performed only once with the compiled SIMCOMP compiler and the auxiliary source statements remaining resident to the system via disk or tape. The SIMCOMP system is then called in for execution directly.

Likewise, after a simulation has been developed and debugged, the compiled simulation program can be saved and reexecuted with different data sections. This is especially useful if the simulation is sufficiently parameterized to allow for versatile modification of the simulation by way of altering data values. This eliminates the need to perform steps 1 through 3 above.

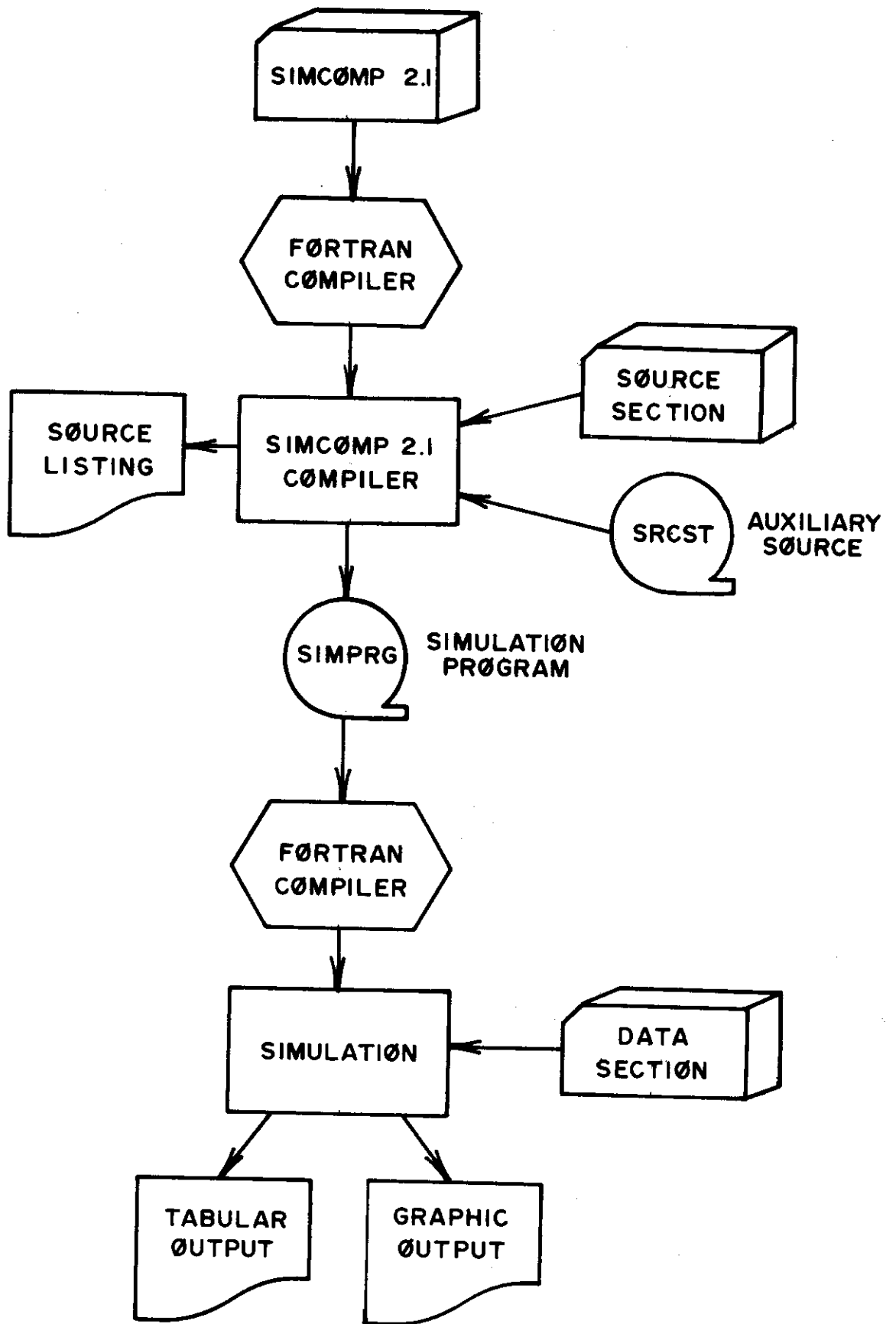


Fig. 1. Complete SIMCOMP 2.1 execution sequence.

The SIMCOMP system requires seven external files for compilation. These files include the standard input/output files and serve the following purposes:

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
INPUT	User source section input.
OUTPUT	Printed output file.
COMST	Temporary (or intermediate) storage of *STORAGE text.
FLOST	Temporary storage of *FLOW text.
TEXST	Temporary storage of *ROUTINES text.
SRCST	Auxiliary source statement input.
SIMPRG	Generated simulation program.

The generated simulation program requires three external files for execution:

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
INPUT	Data section input.
OUTPUT	Printed output file.
PLTSV	Temporary file of generated simulation results used in plot generation.

Time and core requirements will obviously vary for difficult machines. The central processor time requirement (seconds) and the number of central memory 60-bit words on a Control Data Corporation (CDC) 6400 computer used in each of the above four steps for the simulation described previously follow.

<u>Step No.</u>	<u>Time (sec)</u>	<u>Core (words, decimal)</u>
1	3.06	17,920
2	12.25	11,776
3	7.72	17,920
4	6.38	10,048
TOTAL	29.41	17,920 (maximum required)

A rough estimation of the central processor time required for a CDC 6400 computer to perform a SIMCOMP compilation (step 2) is given by

$$t = 8.6 + 0.19 \cdot \text{COM} + 0.23 \cdot \text{FLW} + 0.57 \cdot \text{SUB} + 0.35 \cdot \text{FUN}$$

where

COM = number of statements in \*STORAGE

FLW = number of flows

SUB = number of user-supplied subroutines

FUN = number of user-supplied functions

Although the above core requirements were stated for a 60-bit word length (10 characters internal representation per word) machine, the SIMCOMP compiler and simulation execution programs only require a machine with the capacity of four stored characters per FORTRAN-addressable word. This is, of course, ignoring subsequent loss in arithmetic precision.

## 2.1 Compiler Operation.

The primary features of execution of the SIMCOMP 2.1 compiler are presented in Fig. 2. Next, a complete listing of the compiler program is presented. The relevant code, variable definitions, and descriptions for each of the blocks shown in Fig. 2 are presented on pages 33 through 45. The procedure for generation of error messages is outlined on page 45.

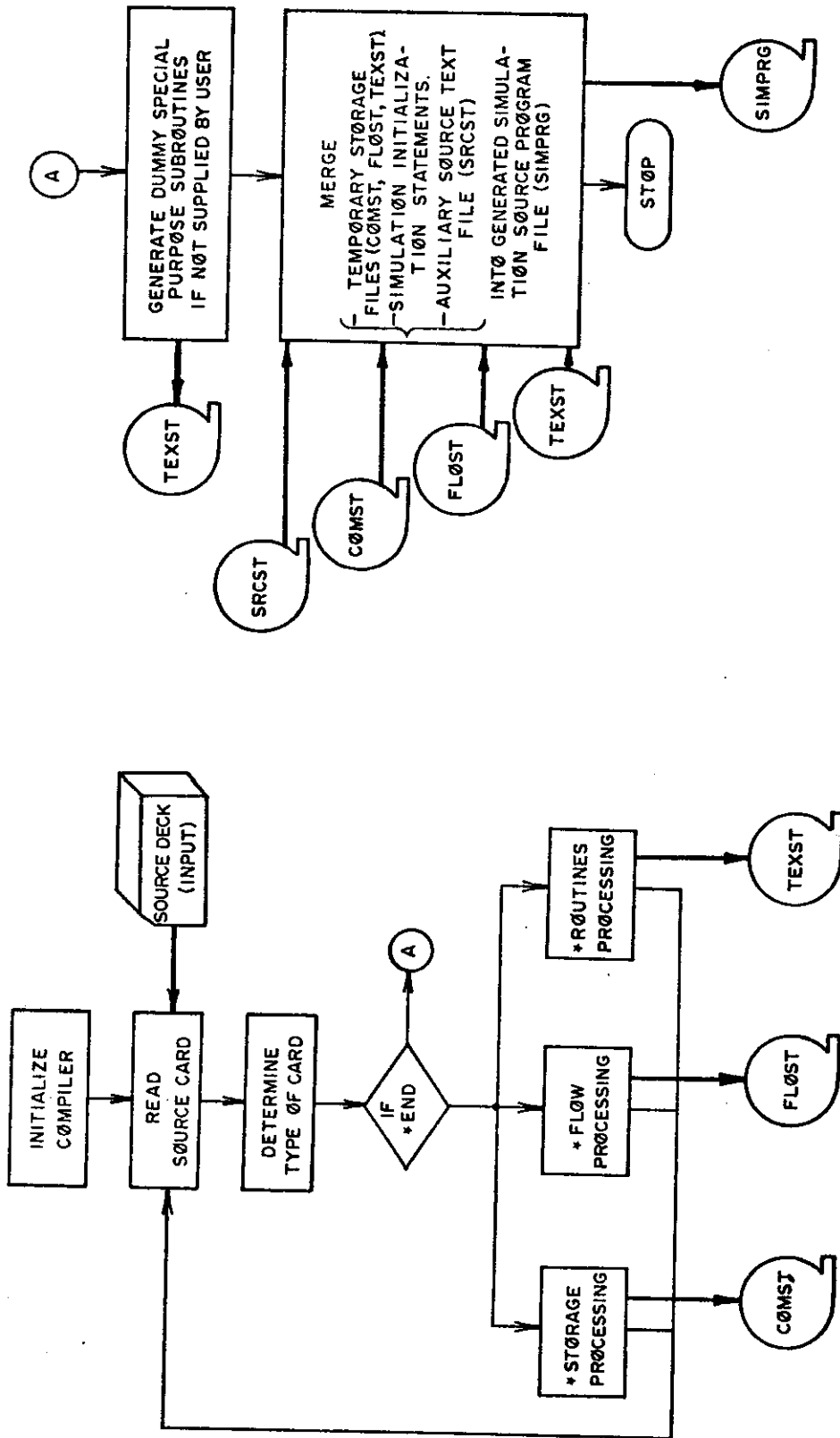


Fig. 2. Flow chart of the SIMCOMP 2.1 compiler.

Listing of the compiler program.

```

00001      PROGRAM SCMP21(INPUT,OUTPUT,COMST,FLOST,TEXT,SR CST,SIMPRG,
00002      -   TAPE1=INPUT,
00003      -   TAPE2=OUTPUT,
00004      -   TAPE3=COMST,
00005      -   TAPE4=FLOST,
00006      -   TAPE5=TEXT,
00007      -   TAPE6=SR CST,
00008      -   TAPE7=SIMPRG)
00009
00010      DIMENSION KARD(80),KEY1(4),KEY2(12),KEY3(10),KEY4(5,3),KEY5(8),
00011      -   IFLW(300),IST(99),IVRB(10),ISUB(3),NUM(2)
00012      INTEGER U1,U2,U3,U4,U5,U6,U7
00013      DATA KEY1/1HS,1HF,1HR,1HE/
00014      DATA KEY2/1H0,1H1,1H2,1H3,1H4,1H5,1H6,1H7,1H8,1H9,1H.,1H)/
00015      DATA KEY3/1HS,1HU,1HR,1HP,1HO,1HU,1HT,1HJ,1HN,1HE/
00016      DATA KEY4/1HS,1HT,1HA,1HR,1HT,1HC,1HY,1HC,1HL,1HE,1HF,1HI,1HN,1HI,
00017      -   1HS/
00018      DATA KEYS/1HF,1HU,1HN,1HC,1HT,1HI,1HO,1HN/
00019      DATA ICEEE/1HC/, ISTAR/1H*/ , ILPAR/1H(/
00020      C.....S I M C O M P   V E R S I O N   2 . 1   -   A P R I L   1 2 ,   1 9 7 2
00021      C   F L O W - O R I E N T E D   C O N T I N U O U S   S Y S T E M   S I M U L A T I O N   C O M P I L E R .   S H O R T E N E D
00022      C   V E R S I O N   O F   S I M C O M P   V E R S I O N   2 . 0   C O M P I L E R .   W R I T T E N   I N   A N S I   ( A M E R I C A N
00023      C   N A T I O N A L   S T A N D A R D S   I N S T I T U T E )   F O R T R A N .
00024      C   ( N O T E   -   T H I S   I S   W I T H   T H E   E X C E P T I O N   O F   T H E   U S E   O F   D A T A   S T A T E M E N T S
00025      C   T O   S E T   V A L U E S   I N   A R R A Y S . )
00026      C   A U T H O R   -   J O N   D .   G U S T A F S O N
00027      C   N A T U R A L   R E S O U R C E S   E C O L O G Y   L A B O R A T O R Y
00028      C   G R A S S L A N D S   B I O M E / U . S . I . R . P .
00029      C   C O L O R A D O   S T A T E   U N I V E R S I T Y
00030      C   F O R T   C O L L I N S ,   C O L O R A D O
00031      C.....EXTERNAL LOGICAL UNIT ASSIGNMENTS.
00032      C
00033      C   NO.   VARIABLE   NAME   PURPOSE
00034      C   1     U1        INPUT  USER SOURCE CARD INPUT..
00035      C   2     U2        OUTPUT PRINTED OUTPUT FILE.
00036      C   3     U3        COMST  TEMPORARY STORAGE OF COMMON STATEMENTS.
00037      C   4     U4        FLOST  TEMPORARY STORAGE OF FLOW TEXT.
00038      C   5     U5        TEXT  TEMPORARY USER-DEFINED SUBROUTINE AND
00039      C   6     U6        SRCST  FUNCTION ROUTINE STORAGE.
00040      C   7     U7        SIMPRG SOURCE TEXT INPUT OF SIMULATION PROGRAM
00041      C   (PRIOR TO INCLUSION OF USER TEXT).
00042      C   COMPLETE COMPILER GENERATED SIMULATION
00043      C   PROGRAM - TO BE COMPILED AND EXECUTED.
00044      C
00045      C   NOTE - ANY OF THE ABOVE LOGICAL UNIT NO.S MAY BE ALTERED BY
00046      C   ALTERING THE FOLLOWING DATA ASSIGNMENTS.
00047      C   DATA U1/1/, U2/2/, U3/3/, U4/4/, U5/5/, U6/6/, U7/7/
00048      C
00049      C.....COMPILER INITIALIZATIONS.
00050      C   WRITE(U2,302)
00051      C   WRITE(U3,316)
00052      C   KODE=1
00053      C   NFLW=0
00054      C   NST=0
00055      C   NU3=3
00056      C   NU4=0
00057      C   NU5=0
00058      C   ISUR(1)=0
00059      C   ISUR(2)=0
00060      C   ISUR(3)=0
00061      C
00062      C
00063      C.....READ THE SOURCE SECTION, CHECK FOR MAJOR BLOCK SUBDIVIDERS AND
00064      C   COMMENT STATEMENTS.
00065      C   20 CONTINUE

```





```
00132          75 DO 80 I=1,2
00133             IF(NUM(I).LE.0.OR.NUM(I).GT.99) GO TO 403
00134          80 CONTINUE
00135      C...INSERT FLOW INDICES IN FLOW REFERENCE STACK.
00136             INDX=NUM(1)*100+NUM(2)
00137             IF(NFLW.LE.0) GO TO 90
00138             DO 85 I=1,NFLW
00139             IF(INDX.EQ.IFLW(I)) GO TO 404
00140          85 CONTINUE
00141          90 NFLW=NFLW+1
00142             IFLW(NFLW)=INDX
00143      C...INSERT STATE VARIABLE INDICES IN STATE VARIABLE STACK.
00144             DO 105 I=1,2
00145             N=NUM(I)
00146             IF(NST.LE.0) GO TO 100
00147             DO 95 J=1,NST
00148             IF(N.EQ.IST(J)) GO TO 105
00149          95 CONTINUE
00150          100 NST=NST+1
00151             IST(NST)=N
00152          105 CONTINUE
00153      C...GENERATE FLOW PREFACE STATEMENTS.
00154             NU4=NU4+2
00155             WRITE(U4,304)
00156             GO TO 20
00157      C
00158      C
00159      C...ROUTINES BLOCK PROCSSING, CHECK FOR SUBROUTINE STATEMENT.
00160          120 IFLG=0
00161             CALL GETVRB(KARD,7,10,IFIN,IVRB)
00162             IF(IFIN.GT.72) GO TO 155
00163             DO 125 I=1,10
00164             IF(IVRB(I).NE.KEY3(I)) GO TO 145
00165          125 CONTINUE
00166             IFLG=1
00167      C...DETERMINE IF SUBROUTINE IS START, CYCLE, OR FINIS.
00168             CALL GETVRB(KARD,IFIN,5,IF,IVRB)
00169             DO 140 I=1,3
00170             DO 130 J=1,5
00171             IF(IVRB(J).NE.KEY4(J,I)) GO TO 140
00172          130 CONTINUE
00173             ISUR(I)=1
00174             GO TO 155
00175          140 CONTINUE
00176             GO TO 155
00177      C...CHECK FOR FUNCTION STATEMENT.
00178          145 DO 150 I=1,8
00179             IF(IVRB(I).NE.KEY5(I)) GO TO 155
00180          150 CONTINUE
00181             IFLG=1
00182      C...SAVE CURRENT SOURCE INPUT CARD ON THE ROUTINE TEXT FILE.
00183          155 NUS=NUS+1
00184             WRITE(U5,300) (KARD(I),I=1,80)
00185             IF(IFLG.LE.0) GO TO 20
00186             REWIND U3
00187             KNT=0
00188          160 KNT=KNT+1
00189             IF(KNT.GT.NU3) GO TO 20
00190             READ(U3,300) (KARD(I),I=1,80)
00191             NUS=NUS+1
00192             WRITE(U5,300) (KARD(I),I=1,80)
00193             GO TO 160
00194      C
00195      C
00196      C...END OF SOURCE ENCOUNTERED.
00197      C...GENERATE SPECIAL PURPOSE DUMMY ROUTINES IF NOT SUPPLIED BY USER.
```







---

Line Number	Comment
50	Listing header is written on ØOUTPUT.
52	The system-supplied common block /XSYS/ containing the simulation control parameters, state variables, and flow, print, and plot system variables is written on file CØMST.
53 to 54	Number of flows (NFLW) and number of state variables (NST) initialized to zero.
55 to 57	Number of unit records (cards) written (NU3, NU4, NU5) on the temporary storage files initialized.
58 to 60	Flags used to signal if special purpose subroutines (ISUB(1) for START, ISUB(2) for CYCLE, and ISUB(3) for FINIS) have been supplied by the user and are initialized to zero (1 = user-supplied, 0 = not supplied).

---



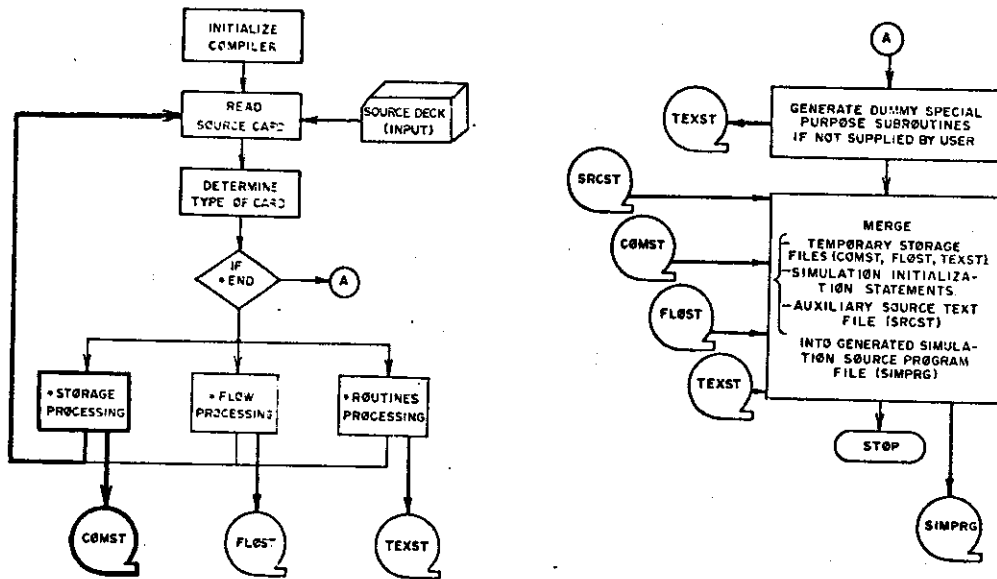
---

Line Number	Comment
66 to 67	Source card is read in (variable KARD(1-80)), with one character per word, left-justified with blank fill, and printed on ØUTPUT.
69	If column 1 contains a "C" the card is assumed to be a comment; branch is taken to statement 20, and the next card is read in.
71	Check is made for an asterisk in column 1. If no asterisk, the card is assumed not to be a major block subdivider.
78 to 81	Source card is assumed to be a major block subdivider, column 2 is checked for a match with S, F, R, or E. Source card produces a diagnostic if no match is found by branching to statement 400 (see page 45).
82 to 83	LØDE = branch code (line 94) for currently scanned source card. KØDE = branch code for previously encountered major block subdivision. Major blocks must appear in the order *STORAGE, *FLOW, *ROUTINE, and *END.
84 to 86	If previous block was *FLOW, then the last flow stored on file FLØST requires a flow termination statement (see page 38).
87 to 89	If an *END card was encountered, branch to merge files (page 43). The current block branch code (KØDE) is reset and a branch is taken to read the next card.
94	If the source card was not a major block subdivider, then a branch to the appropriate block processor is made according to the value of KØDE.

---



\*STORAGE processing.



00095  
00096  
00097  
00098  
00099  
00100

```

C
C
C...*STORAGE BLOCK PROCESSING.
40 NU3=NU3+1
WRITE(U3,300) (KARD(I),I=1,80)
GO TO 20
    
```

SCMP21  
SCMP21  
SCMP21  
SCMP21  
SCMP21

Line Number	Comment
98 to 100	The current source card is contained in the *STORAGE block. The number of records written (variable NU3) on the temporary storage file for *STORAGE cards (file C0MST) is incremented. The source card is written directly to C0MST. A branch is taken to read in the next source card.



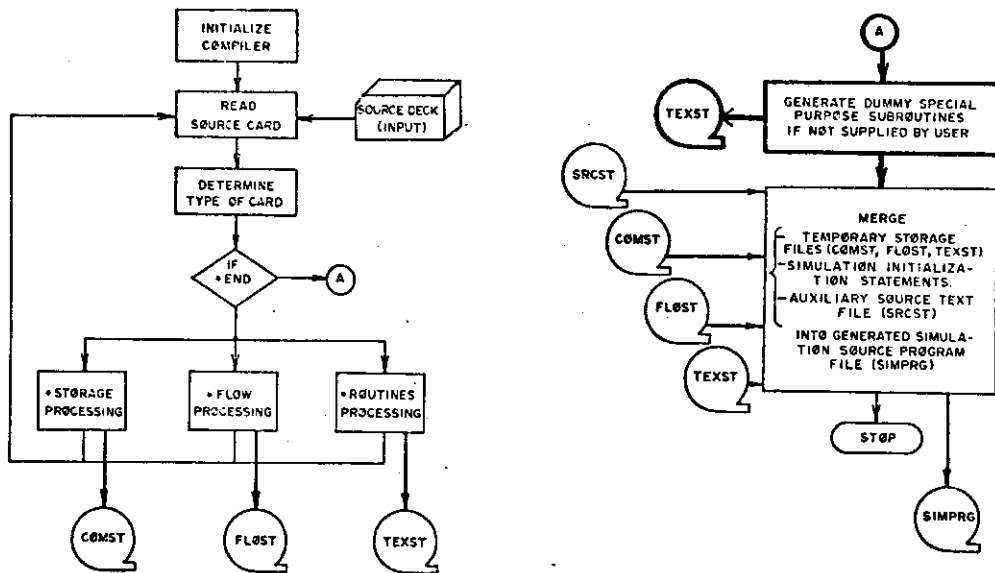
00132	75 DO 80 I=1,2	
00133	IF(NUM(I).LE.0.OR.NUM(I).GT.99) GO TO 403	SCMP21
00134	80 CONTINUE	SCMP21
00135	C...INSERT FLOW INDICES IN FLOW REFERENCE STACK.	SCMP21
00136	INDX=NUM(1)*100+NUM(2)	SCMP21
00137	IF(NFLW.LE.0) GO TO 90	SCMP21
00138	DO 85 I=1,NFLW	SCMP21
00139	IF(INDX.EQ.IFLW(I)) GO TO 404	SCMP21
00140	85 CONTINUE	SCMP21
00141	90 NFLW=NFLW+1	SCMP21
00142	IFLW(NFLW)=INDX	SCMP21
00143	C...INSERT STATE VARIABLE INDICES IN STATE VARIABLE STACK.	SCMP21
00144	DO 105 I=1,2	SCMP21
00145	N=NUM(I)	SCMP21
00146	IF(NST.LE.0) GO TO 100	SCMP21
00147	DO 95 J=1,NST	SCMP21
00148	IF(N.EQ.IST(J)) GO TO 105	SCMP21
00149	95 CONTINUE	SCMP21
00150	100 NST=NST+1	SCMP21
00151	IST(NST)=N	SCMP21
00152	105 CONTINUE	SCMP21
00153	C...GENERATE FLOW PREFACE STATEMENTS.	SCMP21
00154	NU4=NU4+2	SCMP21
00155	WRITE(U4,304)	SCMP21
00156	GO TO 20	SCMP21

Line Number	Comment
104 to 107	If the first character is not a left parenthesis, the current source card is assumed to be user's flow text and is written onto file FLØST. A branch is made to read the next source card.
109 to 112	The current source card is assumed to be a flow declaration. If flows have previously been encountered, a flow termination statement is written on file FLØST.
114 to 134	The flow declaration is parsed, checking for illegal characters. The source compartment index and destination compartment index are stored in NUM(1) and NUM(2), respectively. Branches to 4XX labels produce diagnostics (see page 45).
136 to 142	The flow indices are stored in the flow stack (variable IFLW (1-300)), one flow per entry, as the sum of the source compartment index times 100 and the destination compartment index. A particular flow may not be declared more than once. NFLW is the current number of flows in the stack.
144 to 152	The compartment indices are inserted into the state variable stack (variable IST(1-99)). Replicated state variable indices are not reentered. NST is the number of indices in the stack.
154 to 156	The flow preface statement is written onto file FLØST. A branch is taken to read the next source card. The code supplied by the user in a single flow declaration is prefaced (format no. 304) and terminated (format no. 303) by system-supplied FORTRAN statements, which serves to enter the values of the flows into a flow value stack for integration.





Generation of subroutines not supplied by the user.



```

00015      DATA KEY4/1HS,1HT,1HA,1HR,1HT,1HC,1HY,1HC,1HL,1HE,1HF,1HI,1HN,1HI,
00016      - 1HS/
SCMP21
SCMP21
00194      C
00195      C
00196      C...END OF SOURCE ENCOUNTERED.
00197      C...GENERATE SPECIAL PURPOSE DUMMY ROUTINES IF NOT SUPPLIED BY USER.
SCMP21
SCMP21
00198      165 DO 175 J=1,3
00199          IF (ISUB(I).GE.1) GO TO 175
00200          NUS=NUS+3
00201          WRITE(US,305) (KEY4(J,I),J=1,5)
00202      175 CONTINUE
SCMP21
SCMP21
SCMP21
00284      305 FORMAT(6X,11HSURROUTINE ,5A1,5BX/6X,6HRETURN,6BX/6X,3HEND,71X)
SCMP21

```

Line Number	Comment
198 to 202	Any of the special purpose subroutines not supplied by the user are supplied by the system. For each such routine flagged by variable ISUB(I), a dummy routine containing only a RETURN statement is generated on file TEXTST.









## 2.2 Simulation Program Operation.

A flow chart of the overall simulation program is presented in Fig. 3. Next, a complete listing of the auxiliary source statement file (SRCST) is presented on pages 48 through 57. The cards with asterisks (\*) in columns 1 through 72 (line nos. 68, 208, 220, and 642) indicate the locations where compiler-generated FORTRAN statements are inserted into the text. A complete listing of the generated program including those segments of code inserted by the compiler is presented on pages 58 through 69. The simulation example used in part one were used to generate this listing. The statements *not* containing the identified SRCST along the right side are the statements generated by the compiler from the user's source sections. The relevant code, variable definitions, and operation descriptions for each of the blocks shown in Fig. 3 are presented on pages 70 through 95.

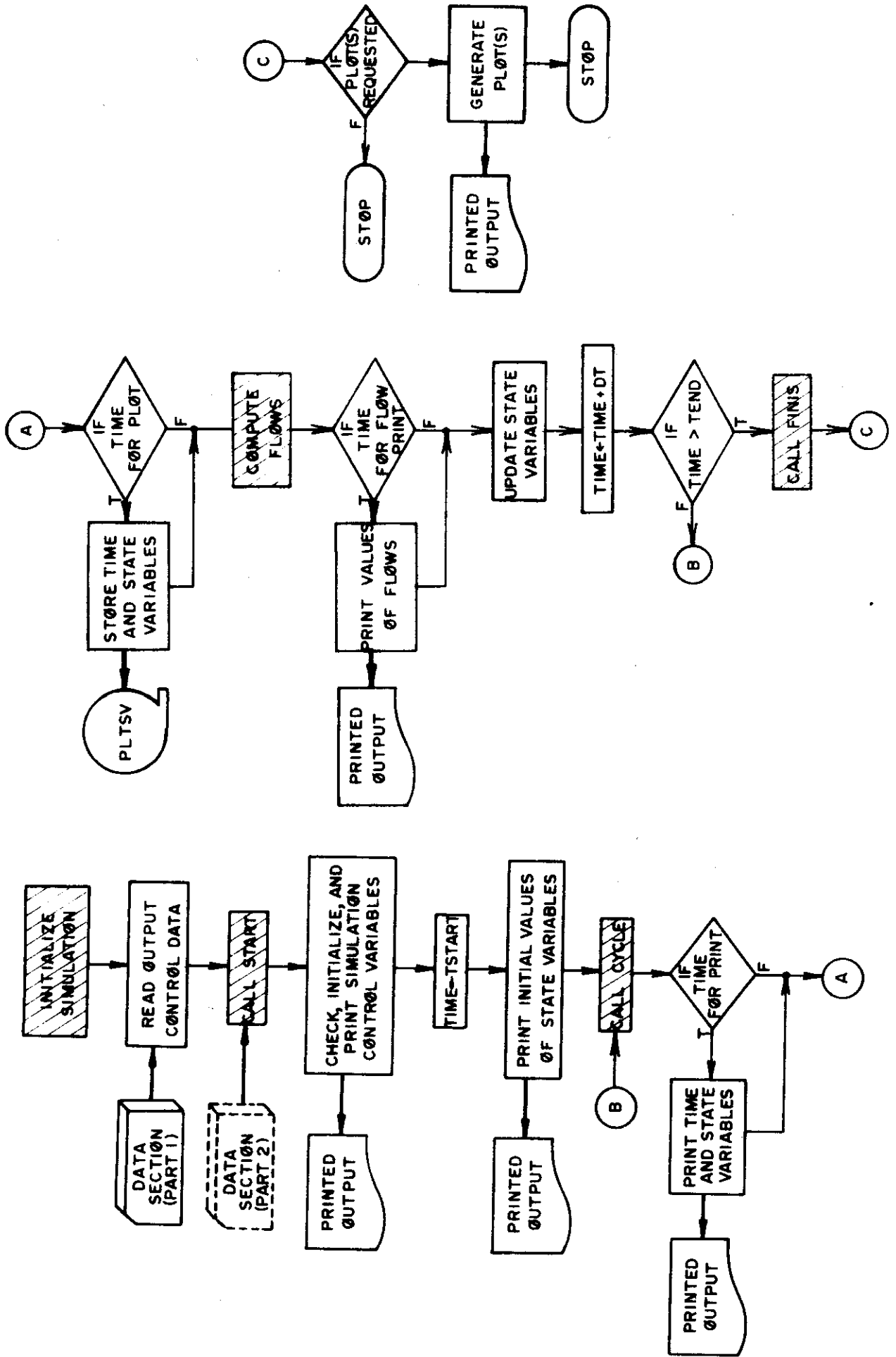


Fig. 3. Flow chart of the generated simulation program.

Listing of auxiliary source file SRCST.

```

00001      PROGRAM SIMEXC(INPUT,OUTPUT,PLTSV,
00002      -   TAPE1=INPUT,
00003      -   TAPE2=OUTPUT,
00004      -   TAPE3=PLTSV)
00005      COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00006      -   XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00007      -   XNPRS(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00008      COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00009      DIMENSION VAL(300)
00010      INTFGR XNF,XFR,XNST,XST,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNPRS,XNLOC
00011      INTEGER U1,U2,U3
00012      C...THIS PROGRAM IS THE SIMULATION EXECUTION CONTROL ROUTINE.
00013      C...EXTERNAL DEVICE FILE ASSIGNMENTS:
00014      C      UNIT NO.  VARIABLE      PURPOSE
00015      C      1          U1          DATA INPUT UNIT.
00016      C      2          U2          OUTPUT UNIT.
00017      C      3          U3          TEMPORARY MASS STORAGE DEVICE USED FOR PLOT
00018      C                                  GENERATION.
00019      C
00020      C      NOTE - ANY OF THESE EXTERNAL I/O UNITS MAY BE REASSIGNED A DIFF-
00021      C      FERENT UNIT NO. BY ALTERING THE FOLLOWING ASSIGNMENTS.
00022      C      DATA U1/1/, U2/2/, U3/3/
00023      C
00024      C...SYSTEM COMMON BLOCK VARIABLE DEFINITIONS:
00025      C      VARIABLE      MODE      PURPOSE
00026      C      TIME          R          CURRENT VALUE OF SIMULATED TIME.
00027      C      TSTART*        R          STARTING TIME OF SIMULATION.
00028      C      TEND*          R          ENDING TIME OF SIMULATION.
00029      C      DT*           R          SOLUTION TIME STEP FOR INTEGRATION.
00030      C      DTPR**        R          TIME STEP BETWEEN PRINT OUTS.
00031      C      DTFL**        R          TIME STEP BETWEEN FLOW PRINT OUTS.
00032      C      DTPL          R          TIME STEP FOR PLOT VALUE STORAGE.
00033      C      X(99)***      R          STATE VARIABLES (MAXIMUM OF 99).
00034      C      XNF           I          NO. OF FLOWS DEFINED (MAXIMUM OF 300).
00035      C      XF(300)       R          CURRENT VALUES OF FLOWS.
00036      C      XFR(300)     I          FLOW REFERENCE TABLE - THE COMPARTMENTAL
00037      C                                  INDICES OF THE K-TH FLOW ARE STORED IN THE
00038      C                                  K-TH ENTRY (I.E. XFR(K)) AS THE SUM OF THE
00039      C                                  FOLLOWING:
00040      C                                  N*10000 - PRINT FLAG.
00041      C                                  I*100   - SOURCE INDEX.
00042      C                                  J       - DESTINATION INDEX.
00043      C      XNST          I          NO. OF STATE VARIABLES USED.
00044      C      XST(99)       I          LIST OF STATE VARIABLE INDICES.
00045      C      XNPR          I          NO. OF STATE VARIABLES TO BE PRINTED.
00046      C      XPR(99)       I          LIST OF STATE VARIABLES TO BE PRINTED.
00047      C      XNPL          I          NO. OF STATE VARIABLES TO BE PLOTTED.
00048      C      XPL(99)       I          LIST OF STATE VARIABLES TO BE PLOTTED.
00049      C      XNPLT         I          NO. OF PLOTS TO BE GENERATED (MAXIMUM OF 20).
00050      C      XNPRS(20)    I          NO. OF VARIABLES PER PLOT (MAXIMUM OF 5).
00051      C      XNLOC(20,5)  I          LOCATION IN LIST OF STATE VARIABLES TO BE
00052      C                                  PLOTTED (I.E. XPL(K)) OF EACH VARIABLE IN
00053      C                                  EACH PLOT.
00054      C      VAL(300)     R          WORKING STORAGE ARRAY USED IN OUTPUT GENERATION
00055      C
00056      C      NOTE:
00057      C      * - USER MUST DEFINE VALUE IN ROUTINE START. IF VALUES NOT
00058      C          SET IN START DEFAULT VALUES ARE:
00059      C          TSTART = 0.
00060      C          TEND   = 1.
00061      C          DT     = 0.1
00062      C      ** - USER MUST DEFINE VALUE IN START IF PRINTING OF STATE
00063      C          VARIABLES OR FLOWS IS REQUESTED.
00064      C      *** - USER MUST DEFINE INITIAL VALUES FOR EACH STATE VARIABLE
00065      C          USED. DEFAULT VALUES ARE ZERO.

```

```
00066 C
00067 C...COMPILER GENERATED INITIALIZATIONS. SRCST
00068 ***** SRCST
00069 C...INITIALIZE SIMULATION CONTROL VARIABLES. SRCST
00070 DATA TSTART/0./ SRCST
00071 DATA TEND/1./ SRCST
00072 DATA DT/0.1/ SRCST
00073 DATA DTPR/0./ SRCST
00074 DATA DTPL/0./ SRCST
00075 DATA DTFL/0./ SRCST
00076 DATA X/99*0./ SRCST
00077 DATA XNPR/0/ SRCST
00078 DATA XNPL/0/ SRCST
00079 DATA XNPLT/0/ SRCST
00080 C...READ OUTPUT CONTROL INFORMATION. SRCST
00081 CALL XINPUT SRCST
00082 C...CALL USER CONTROL INITIALIZATION ROUTINE. SRCST
00083 CALL START SRCST
00084 C...CHECK AND INITIALIZE SIMULATION CONTROL VARIABLES. SRCST
00085 IF(TEND.LE.TSTART) GO TO 100 SRCST
00086 IF(DT.LE.0.) GO TO 101 SRCST
00087 TIME=TSTART SRCST
00088 IF(XNPR.GT.0.AND.DTPR.LE.0.) GO TO 102 SRCST
00089 NPR=0 SRCST
00090 TIMEPR=0. SRCST
00091 IF(XNPR.LE.0) GO TO 15 SRCST
00092 NPR=1 SRCST
00093 TIMEPR=TSTART SRCST
00094 15 NPL=0 SRCST
00095 TIMEPL=0. SRCST
00096 IF(XNPL.LE.0) GO TO 20 SRCST
00097 NPL=1 SRCST
00098 TIMEPL=TSTART SRCST
00099 DTPL=(TEND-TSTART)/99. SRCST
00100 IF(DTPL.LT.DT) DTPL=DT SRCST
00101 20 NFL=0 SRCST
00102 TIMEFL=0. SRCST
00103 IF(DTFL.LE.0.) GO TO 23 SRCST
00104 NFL=1 SRCST
00105 TIMEFL=TIME SRCST
00106 C...OUTPUT SIMULATION CHARACTERISTICS AND CONTROL VARIABLES. SRCST
00107 23 CONTINUE SRCST
00108 WRITE(U2,200) XNST,XNPR,XNPL,XNF SRCST
00109 WRITE(U2,201) TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL SRCST
00110 C...OUTPUT INITIAL VALUES OF STATE VARIABLES. SRCST
00111 DO 10 I=1,XNST SRCST
00112 J=XST(I) SRCST
00113 10 VAL(I)=X(J) SRCST
00114 NLINE=XNST/4+1 SRCST
00115 NKNT=MOD(XNST,4) SRCST
00116 IF(NKNT.NE.0) GO TO 11 SRCST
00117 NLINE=NLINE-1 SRCST
00118 NKNT=4 SRCST
00119 11 J1=1 SRCST
00120 DO 18 I=1,NLINE SRCST
00121 IF(I.EQ.NLINE) GO TO 12 SRCST
00122 J2=J1+3 SRCST
00123 WRITE(U2,202) (XST(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2) SRCST
00124 GO TO 18 SRCST
00125 12 J2=J1+NKNT-1 SRCST
00126 GO TO(13,14,16,17), NKNT SRCST
00127 13 WRITE(U2,212) (XST(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2) SRCST
00128 GO TO 18 SRCST
00129 14 WRITE(U2,211) (XST(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2) SRCST
00130 GO TO 18 SRCST
00131 16 WRITE(U2,210) (XST(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2) SRCST
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00198      207 FORMAT(13H0      TSTART(,E12.5,12H) .GE. TEND(,E12.5,1H))      SRCST
00199      208 FORMAT(9H0      DT(,E12.5,9H) .LE. 0.)      SRCST
00200      209 FOPMAT(44H0      PRINT REQUESTS ENCOUNTERED WHILE DTPR(,E12.5,9H) .      SRCST
00201      -LE. 0.)      SRCST
00202      210 FORMAT(10X,3(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X))      SRCST
00203      211 FORMAT(10X,2(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X))      SRCST
00204      212 FORMAT(10X,2HX(,I2,4H) = ,F12.5,5X)      SRCST
00205      END      SRCST
00206      SUBROUTINE XFLWS      SRCST
00207      COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3      SRCST
00208      *****      SRCST
00209      INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNST,XST,U1,U2,U3      SRCST
00210      INTEGER XN      SRCST
00211      C...THIS SUBROUTINE COMPUTES THE VALUES OF THE FLOWS AND STORES THE      SRCST
00212      C VALUFS IN THE COMPUTED FLOW STACK. THE COMPARTMENTAL INDICES OF      SRCST
00213      C THE K-TH FLOW IN THE COMPUTED FLOW STACK ARE STORED IN THE K-TH      SRCST
00214      C ENTRY OF THE FLOW REFERENCE TABLE AS THE SUM OF THE FOLLOWING      SRCST
00215      C TERMS:      SRCST
00216      C N*10000      FLOW PRINT FLAG (N=0, NO PRINT - N=1, PRINT).      SRCST
00217      C I*100      INDEX OF SOURCE COMPARTMENT.      SRCST
00218      C J      INDEX OF DESTINATION COMPARTMENT.      SRCST
00219      C XN=0      SRCST
00220      *****      SRCST
00221      RETURN      SRCST
00222      END      SRCST
00223      SUBROUTINE XINPUT      SRCST
00224      COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),      SRCST
00225      - XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,      SRCST
00226      - XNPRS(20),XNLOC(20,5)      SRCST
00227      COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3      SRCST
00228      DIMENSION NUM(14)      SRCST
00229      DIMENSION KEY(5)      SRCST
00230      INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNPRS,XNLOC,XNST,XST      SRCST
00231      INTEGER U1,U2,U3      SRCST
00232      C...THIS ROUTINE READS THE INPUT SECTION. EACH CARD ON INPUT IS SCANNED      SRCST
00233      C FOR A COMMAND VERB IN THE FIRST FOUR COLUMNS. UPON RECOGNITION OF      SRCST
00234      C A COMMAND VERB THE REMAINING INFORMATION IS STORED ACCORDINGLY.      SRCST
00235      C ON EACH CARD IN THE OUTPUT CONTROL DATA SECTION THERE IS ASSUMED TO      SRCST
00236      C EXIST 15 FIELDS (POSSIBLY BLANK):      SRCST
00237      C FIELD COLS. FORMAT PURPOSE      SRCST
00238      C COMMAND 1-4 A4 COMMAND VERBS, LEFT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00239      C 1 11-15 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00240      C 2 16-20 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00241      C 3 21-25 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00242      C 4 26-30 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00243      C 5 31-35 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00244      C 6 36-40 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00245      C 7 41-45 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00246      C 8 46-50 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00247      C 9 51-55 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00248      C 10 56-60 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00249      C 11 61-65 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00250      C 12 66-70 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00251      C 13 71-75 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00252      C 14 76-80 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED      SRCST
00253      DATA KEY/4HEND,,4HPRIN,4HFLOW,4HPLOT,4H /      SRCST
00254      10 READ(U1,100) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14)      SRCST
00255      DO 15 I=1,5      SRCST
00256      IF(IVERB.EQ.KEY(I)) GO TO 20      SRCST
00257      15 CONTINUE      SRCST
00258      GO TO 200      SRCST
00259      C...A COMMAND VERB HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED.      SRCST
00260      20 KODE=5      SRCST
00261      IF(I.LT.5) KODE=I      SRCST
00262      GO TO(25,30,50,65,200), KODE      SRCST
00263      C...END.      SRCST

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00330          90 CONTINUE
00331          GO TO 10
00332 C...IF ERRORS OCCURED GENERATE A DIAGNOSTIC.
00333          200 WRITE(U2,102) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00334             WRITE(U2,103)
00335             STOP
00336          201 WRITE(U2,102) IVERR,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00337             WRITE(U2,104)
00338             STOP
00339          202 WRITE(U2,102) IVERR,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00340             WRITE(U2,105)
00341             STOP
00342          203 WRITE(U2,102) IVERR,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00343             WRITE(U2,106)
00344             STOP
00345          100 FORMAT(A4,6X,14I5)
00346          102 FORMAT(33H0*****ERROR IN DATA SECTION INPUT,/10X,A4,6X,14I5)
00347          103 FORMAT(25H          ILLEGAL COMMAND VERR)
00348          104 FORMAT(43H          STATE VARIABLE INDEX .LE. 0 OR .GT. 99)
00349          105 FORMAT(45H          NO. OF PLOTS REQUESTED .LE. 0 OR .GT. 20)
00350          106 FORMAT(122H          COMMAND VERB ENCOUNTERED WHILE PROCESSING PLOT REQ
00351             -UEST, CHECK FOR NO. OF PLOTS REQUESTED .NE. NO. OF SUBSEQUENT CARD
00352             -S)
00353             END
00354             SUBROUTINE XPRINT(VAL)
00355             COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00356             - XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00357             - XNVRS(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00358             COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00359             DIMENSION VAL(300)
00360             INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNST,XST,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNVRS,XNLOC
00361             INTEGER U1,U2,U3
00362 C...THIS ROUTINE PRODUCES PRINTED OUTPUT OF EACH STATE VARIABLE LISTED
00363 C      IN THE PRINT REQUESTS.
00364 C...STORE THE VALUES OF THE STATE VARIABLES TO BE PRINTED IN THE OUTPUT
00365 C      WORKING STORAGE ARRAY.
00366             DO 10 I=1,XNPR
00367                 J=XPR(I)
00368                 10 VAL(I)=X(J)
00369 C...FORMAT AND OUTPUT THE STATE VARIABLE NAMES AND VALUES, FOUR STATE
00270 C      VARIABLES PER LINE.
00371             WRITE(U2,200) TIME
00372             NLINE=XNPR/4+1
00373             NKNT=MOD(XNPR,4)
00374             IF(NKNT.NE.0) GO TO 15
00375             NLINE=NLINE-1
00376             NKNT=4
00377             15 J1=1
00378                 DO 45 I=1,NLINE
00379                     IF(I.EQ.NLINE) GO TO 20
00380                     J2=J1+3
00381                     WRITE(U2,201) (XPR(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2)
00382                     GO TO 45
00383             20 J2=J1+NKNT-1
00384                 GO TO(25,30,35,40), NKNT
00385             25 WRITE(U2,202) (XPR(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2)
00386                 GO TO 45
00387             30 WRITE(U2,203) (XPR(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2)
00388                 GO TO 45
00389             35 WRITE(U2,204) (XPR(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2)
00390                 GO TO 45
00391             40 WRITE(U2,201) (XPR(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2)
00392             45 J1=J1+4
00393             RETURN
00394             200 FORMAT(8H0TIME = ,E12,5)
00395             201 FORMAT(10X,4(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12,5,5X))
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00396      202 FORMAT(10X,2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X)
00397      203 FORMAT(10X,2(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X))
00398      204 FORMAT(10X,3(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X))
00399      END
00400      SUBROUTINE XPLOT(VAL,ISTOP)
00401      COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00402      - XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00403      - XNVRS(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00404      COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00405      DIMENSION VAL(300)
00406      INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNST,XST,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNVRS,XNLOC
00407      INTEGER U1,U2,U3
00408      C...THIS ROUTINE GENERATES ONE RECORD OF PLOT VARIABLE VALUES ON MASS
00409      C STORAGE DEVICE (U3) AT EACH CALL.
00410      C...STORE THE VALUES OF THE STATE VARIABLES TO BE SAVED FOR PLOTTING IN
00411      C THE OUTPUT WORKING STORAGE ARRAY.
00412      DO 10 I=1,XNPL
00413      J=XPL(I)
00414      10 VAL(I)=X(J)
00415      C...FORMAT FOR EACH RECORD:
00416      C WORD NO. VARIABLE PURPOSE
00417      C 1 ISTOP FLAG TO SIGNAL LAST RECORD OF STORED
00418      C OTHERWISE).
00419      C 2 TIME CURRENT SIMULATED TIME.
00420      C 3 THROUGH VAL(I) VALUES OF THE XNPL STATE VARIABLES TO BE
00421      C XNPL+2 PLOTTED.
00422      WRITE(U3) ISTOP,TIME,(VAL(I),I=1,XNPL)
00423      RETURN
00424      END
00425      SUBROUTINE XUNPAK(IV,IP,IF,IT)
00426      C...THIS SUBROUTINE UNPACKS THE INFORMATION STORED IN THE FLOW REFERENCE
00427      C TABLES.
00428      C IV - WORD TO BE UNPACKED.
00429      C IP - FLOW PRINT FLAG.
00430      C IF - INDEX OF SOURCE COMPARTMENT.
00431      C IT - INDEX OF DESTINATION COMPARTMENT.
00432      IP=IV/10000
00433      I=IV-IP*10000
00434      IF=I/100
00435      IT=I-IF*100
00436      RETURN
00437      END
00438      SUBROUTINE XPLGEN
00439      COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00440      - XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00441      - XNVRS(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00442      COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00443      DIMENSION Z(100),XLINE(11),YLINE(6)
00444      INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNST,XST,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNVRS,XNLOC
00445      INTEGER U1,U2,U3
00446      C...THIS ROUTINE GENERATES THE REQUESTED PLOTS UNDER CONTROL OF THE PLOT
00447      C GENERATION VARIABLES. THE INFORMATION FOR PLOTTING IS ON THE
00448      C TEMPORARY MASS STORAGE DEVICE (U3).
00449      DO 35 II=1,XNPLT
00450      XMIN=1.E50
00451      XMAX=-XMIN
00452      YMIN=1.E50
00453      YMAX=-YMIN
00454      C...SEARCH THE PLOT DATA, DETERMINING MAX AND MIN VALUES FOR SCALING.
00455      REWIND U3
00456      20 READ(U3) ISTOP,TIME,(Z(I),I=1,XNPL)
00457      IF(ISTOP.GE.1) GO TO 27
00458      XMIN=AMIN1(XMIN,TIME)
00459      XMAX=AMAX1(XMAX,TIME)
00460      NVARS=XNVRS(II)
00461
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00462          DO 25 I=1,NVARS
00463          LOC=NXLOC(II,I)
00464          ZZ=Z(LOC)
00465          YMIN=AMINI(YMIN,ZZ)
00466          25 YMAX=AMAXI(YMAX,ZZ)
00467          GO TO 20
00468          C...CALCULATE GRAPHICAL SCALING VALUES.
00469          27 CALL XRND(YMIN,YMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
00470          XLINE(1)=XMIN
00471          XLINE(11)=XMAX
00472          XINC=(XMAX-XMIN)/10.
00473          X1ST=XMIN
00474          DO 30 I=2,10
00475          X1ST=X1ST+XINC
00476          30 XLINE(I)=X1ST
00477          YLINE(1)=YMIN
00478          YLINE(6)=YMAX
00479          YINC=(YMAX-YMIN)/5.
00480          Y1ST=YMIN
00481          DO 32 I=2,5
00482          Y1ST=Y1ST+YINC
00483          32 YLINE(I)=Y1ST
00484          C...GENERATE THE PLOT.
00485          REWIND U3
00486          CALL XGRAPH(II,NVARS,XXLOC,XLINE,YLINE,Z,YMIN,YMAX,XXNPL,XPL)
00487          35 CONTINUE
00488          RETURN
00489          END
00490          SUBROUTINE XGRAPH(NPL,NVR,NXLOC,XLINE,YLINE,Z,YMIN,YMAX,NN,NXPL)
00491          COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00492          DIMENSION NXLOC(20,5),XLINE(11),YLINE(6),Z(100),IP(100),JCHAR(5)
00493          DIMENSION NXPL(99)
00494          INTFGR U1,U2,U3
00495          DATA JCHAR/1H1,1H2,1H3,1H4,1H5/
00496          DATA IBLNK/1H /, IDASH/1H-/, IEYEE/1H/, IQUAL/1H=/
00497          C...THIS ROUTINE GENERATES AND OUTPUTS ONE PRINTER PLOT AT EACH CALL.
00498          KNT=0
00499          JNT=0
00500          DO 5 I=1,NVR
00501          J=NXLOC(NPL,I)
00502          5 IP(I)=NXPL(J)
00503          WRITE(U2,300) NPL,(I,IP(I),I=1,NVR)
00504          WRITE(U2,301) (YLINE(I),I=1,6)
00505          C...EACH PASS THROUGH THE FOLLOWING EXPLICIT LOOP (STATEMENT 10 TO
00506          C STATEMENT 40) GENERATES ONE LINE OF THE PRINTED GRAPH ON OUTPUT.
00507          C...READ IN ONE TIME STEP OF PLOTTING DATA.
00508          10 READ(U3) ISTOP,TIME,(Z(I),I=1,NN)
00509          IF(ISTOP.GE.1) GO TO 40
00510          C...INITIALIZE THE OUTPUT CHARACTER STRING (IP) TO CONTAIN BLANKS AND
00511          C GRAPHICAL REFERENCE LINES.
00512          KNT=KNT+1
00513          ICHR=IBLNK
00514          IF(MOD(KNT,10).NE.0) GO TO 15
00515          IF(KNT.EQ.100) GO TO 15
00516          ICHR=IDASH
00517          15 DO 20 I=1,100
00518          IP(I)=ICHR
00519          IF(MOD(I,20).NE.0) GO TO 20
00520          IF(I.EQ.100) GO TO 20
00521          IP(I)=IEYEE
00522          20 CONTINUE
00523          C...INSERT PLOTTING CHARACTERS INTO STRING WHICH REPRESENTS THE PLOTTED
00524          C VARIABLE.
00525          DO 30 I=1,NVR
00526          LOC=NXLOC(NPL,I)
00527          ZZ=Z(LOC)
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00528 C...DETERMINE LOCATION OF PLOTTING CHARACTER IN STRING ACCORDING TO
00529 C VALUE OF DEPENDENT VARIABLE (ZZ) AND SCALING PARAMETERS. SRCST
00530 ZI=1+.99.*(ZZ-YMIN)/(YMAX-YMIN) SRCST
00531 IZ=ZI SRCST
00532 ZJ=IZ SRCST
00533 IF((ZI-7J).GE.0.5) IZ=IZ+1 SRCST
00534 C...STORE PLOTTING CHARACTER IN STRING. SRCST
00535 JP=IP(IZ) SRCST
00536 ICHR=ICHR(I) SRCST
00537 IF(JP.EQ.IBLNK) GO TO 25 SRCST
00538 IF(JP.EQ.IDASH) GO TO 25 SRCST
00539 IF(JP.EQ.IEYEE) GO TO 25 SRCST
00540 IF(JP.EQ.ICHR) GO TO 30 SRCST
00541 ICHR=IQUAL SRCST
00542 25 IP(IZ)=ICHR SRCST
00543 30 CONTINUE SRCST
00544 C...OUTPUT CHARACTER STRING. SRCST
00545 IF(KNT.EQ.1.OR.MOD(KNT,10).EQ.0) GO TO 35 SRCST
00546 WRITE(U2,302) (IP(I),I=1,100) SRCST
00547 GO TO 10 SRCST
00548 35 JNT=JNT+1 SRCST
00549 WRITE(U2,303) XLINE(JNT),(IP(I),I=1,100) SRCST
00550 GO TO 10 SRCST
00551 40 WRITE(U2,304) SRCST
00552 RETURN SRCST
00553 300 FORMAT(12H1 PLOT NO. ,I2//20X,5(I1,5H = X(.I2,1H),4X)) SRCST
00554 301 FORMAT(///13X,E12.5,5(8X,E12.5)/20X,1H+,18X,1H+,4(19X,1H+)/20X, SRCST
00555 - 100(1HH)) SRCST
00556 302 FORMAT(19X,1HH,100A1,1HH) SRCST
00557 303 FORMAT(5X,E12.5,3H +H,100A1,1HH) SRCST
00558 304 FORMAT(20X,100(1HH)) SRCST
00559 END SRCST
00560 SUBROUTINE XRND(ZMIN,ZMAX,RNZMIN,RNZMAX) SRCST
00561 C...GIVEN ZMIN AND ZMAX, THIS SUBROUTINE DETERMINES AN APPROPRIATE SRCST
00562 C SCALING FOR A GRAPH OF A FUNCTION WHOSE VALUES RANGE FROM ZMIN SRCST
00563 C TO ZMAX. SRCST
00564 C RNZMIN AND RNZMAX ARE THE EXTREME VALUES OF THE GRAPH. SRCST
00565 C...THE CASE WHERE ZMIN = ZMAX IS TREATED SEPARATELY. SRCST
00566 IF (ZMIN.NE.ZMAX) GO TO 20 SRCST
00567 IF (ZMAX.NE.0.) GO TO 1 SRCST
00568 RNZMIN = -1. SRCST
00569 RNZMAX = 1. SRCST
00570 GO TO 27 SRCST
00571 C...SCALE Z UNTIL THE FIRST SIGNIFICANT DIGIT IS IN THE THOUSANDS SRCST
00572 C PLACE AND ROUND AT THE DECIMAL PLACE. SRCST
00573 1 Z = ZMAX SRCST
00574 I = 0 SRCST
00575 2 IF (Z.GE.1000.) GO TO 3 SRCST
00576 Z = Z*10. SRCST
00577 I = I-1 SRCST
00578 GO TO 2 SRCST
00579 3 IF (Z.LT.10000.) GO TO 4 SRCST
00580 Z = Z/10. SRCST
00581 I = I+1 SRCST
00582 GO TO 3 SRCST
00583 4 Z = INT(Z+.5) SRCST
00584 C...DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF SIGNIFICANT DIGITS IN Z, TRUNCATE THE SRCST
00585 C LAST ONE, AND USE THIS NUMBER AS A BASIS FOR SETTING THE SRCST
00586 C GRAPH VALUES. SRCST
00587 Z = Z/10. SRCST
00588 I = I+1 SRCST
00589 5 ZRND = INT(Z) SRCST
00590 IF (ZRND.NE.Z) GO TO 6 SRCST
00591 Z = Z/10. SRCST
00592 I = I+1 SRCST
00593 GO TO 5 SRCST

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*Listing of generated simulation program.*

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00001      PROGRAM SIMEXC(INPUT,OUTPUT,PLTSV,
00002      -   TAPE1=INPUT,
00003      -   TAPE2=OUTPUT,
00004      -   TAPE3=PLTSV)
00005      COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00006      -   XFR(700),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00007      -   XNVRS(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00008      COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00009      DIMENSION VAL(300)
00010      INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNST,XST,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNVRS,XNLOC
00011      INTEGER U1,U2,U3
00012      C...THIS PROGRAM IS THE SIMULATION EXECUTION CONTROL ROUTINE.
00013      C...EXTERNAL DEVISE FILE ASSIGNMENTS:
00014      C
00015      C      UNIT NO.  VARIABLE      PURPOSE
00016      C      1.      U1      DATA INPUT UNIT.
00017      C      2.      U2      OUTPUT UNIT.
00018      C      3.      U3      TEMPORARY MASS STORAGE DEVISE USED FOR PLOT
00019      C                      GENERATION.
00020      C
00021      C      NOTE - ANY OF THESE EXTERNAL I/O UNITS MAY BE REASSIGNED A DIF-
00022      C                      FERENT UNIT NO. BY ALTERING THE FOLLOWING ASSIGNMENTS.
00023      C      DATA U1/1/, U2/2/, U3/3/
00024      C
00025      C...SYSTEM COMMON BLOCK VARIABLE DEFINITIONS:
00026      C      VARIABLE      MODE      PURPOSE
00027      C      TIME          R      CURRENT VALUE OF SIMULATED TIME.
00028      C      TSTART*        R      STARTING TIME OF SIMULATION.
00029      C      TEND*          R      ENDING TIME OF SIMULATION.
00030      C      DT*            R      SOLUTION TIME STEP FOR INTEGRATION.
00031      C      DTPR**         R      TIME STEP BETWEEN PRINT OUTS.
00032      C      DTFL**         R      TIME STEP BETWEEN FLOW PRINT OUTS.
00033      C      DTPL          R      TIME STEP FOR PLOT VALUE STORAGE.
00034      C      X(99)***       R      STATE VARIABLES (MAXIMUM OF 99).
00035      C      XNF            I      NO. OF FLOWS DEFINED (MAXIMUM OF 300).
00036      C      XF(300)        R      CURRENT VALUES OF FLOWS.
00037      C      XFR(300)       I      FLOW REFERENCE TABLE - THE COMPARTMENTAL
00038      C                      INDICES OF THE K-TH FLOW ARE STORED IN THE
00039      C                      K-TH ENTRY (I.E. XFR(K)) AS THE SUM OF THE
00040      C                      FOLLOWING:
00041      C                      N*10000 - PRINT FLAG.
00042      C                      I*100   - SOURCE INDEX.
00043      C                      J       - DESTINATION INDEX.
00044      C      XNST          I      NO. OF STATE VARIABLES USED.
00045      C      XST(99)        I      LIST OF STATE VARIABLE INDICES.
00046      C      XNPR           I      NO. OF STATE VARIABLES TO BE PRINTED.
00047      C      XPR(99)        I      LIST OF STATE VARIABLES TO BE PRINTED.
00048      C      XNPL           I      NO. OF STATE VARIABLES TO BE PLOTTED.
00049      C      XPL(99)        I      LIST OF STATE VARIABLES TO BE PLOTTED.
00050      C      XNPLT          I      NO. OF PLOTS TO BE GENERATED (MAXIMUM OF 20).
00051      C      XNVRS(20)     I      NO. OF VARIABLES PER PLOT (MAXIMUM OF 5).
00052      C      XNLOC(20,5)   I      LOCATION IN LIST OF STATE VARIABLES TO BE
00053      C                      PLOTTED (I.E. XPL(K)) OF EACH VARIABLE IN
00054      C                      EACH PLOT.
00055      C      VAL(300)      R      WORKING STORAGE ARRAY USED IN OUTPUT GENERATION
00056      C
00057      C      NOTE:
00058      C      * - USER MUST DEFINE VALUE IN ROUTINE START. IF VALUES NOT
00059      C          SET IN START DEFAULT VALUES ARE:
00060      C          TSTART = 0.
00061      C          TEND   = 1.
00062      C          DT     = 0.1
00063      C      ** - USER MUST DEFINE VALUE IN START IF PRINTING OF STATE
00064      C          VARIABLES OR FLOWS IS REQUESTED.
00065      C      *** - USER MUST DEFINE INITIAL VALUES FOR EACH STATE VARIABLE
00066      C          USED. DEFAULT VALUES ARE ZERO.

```

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00066
00067 C
00068 C...COMPILER GENERATED INITIALIZATIONS. SRCST
00069 DATA XNF/ 11/ SRCST
00070 DATA XFR( 1)/ 102/
00071 DATA XFR( 2)/ 204/
00072 DATA XFR( 3)/ 405/
00073 DATA XFR( 4)/ 507/
00074 DATA XFR( 5)/ 307/
00075 DATA XFR( 6)/ 203/
00076 DATA XFR( 7)/ 206/
00077 DATA XFR( 8)/ 406/
00078 DATA XFR( 9)/ 506/
00079 DATA XFR( 10)/ 306/
00080 DATA XFR( 11)/ 205/
00081 DATA XNST/ 7/
00082 DATA XST( 1)/ 1/
00083 DATA XST( 2)/ 2/
00084 DATA XST( 3)/ 3/
00085 DATA XST( 4)/ 4/
00086 DATA XST( 5)/ 5/
00087 DATA XST( 6)/ 6/
00088 DATA XST( 7)/ 7/
00089 C...INITIALIZE SIMULATION CONTROL VARIABLES. SRCST
00090 DATA TSTART/0./ SRCST
00091 DATA TEND/1./ SRCST
00092 DATA DT/0.1/ SRCST
00093 DATA DTPR/0./ SRCST
00094 DATA DTPL/0./ SRCST
00095 DATA DTFL/0./ SRCST
00096 DATA X/99*0./ SRCST
00097 DATA XNPR/0/ SRCST
00098 DATA XNPL/0/ SRCST
00099 DATA XNPLT/0/ SRCST
00100 C...READ OUTPUT CONTROL INFORMATION. SRCST
00101 CALL XINPUT SRCST
00102 C...CALL USER CONTROL INITIALIZATION ROUTINE. SRCST
00103 CALL START SRCST
00104 C...CHECK AND INITIALIZE SIMULATION CONTROL VARIABLES. SRCST
00105 IF(TEND.LE.TSTART) GO TO 100 SRCST
00106 IF(DT.LE.0.) GO TO 101 SRCST
00107 TIME=TSTART SRCST
00108 IF(XNPR.GT.0.AND.DTPR.LE.0.) GO TO 102 SRCST
00109 NPR=0 SRCST
00110 TIMEPR=0. SRCST
00111 IF(XNPR.LE.0) GO TO 15 SRCST
00112 NPR=1 SRCST
00113 TIMEPR=TSTART SRCST
00114 15 NPL=0 SRCST
00115 TIMEPL=0. SRCST
00116 IF(XNPL.LE.0) GO TO 20 SRCST
00117 NPL=1 SRCST
00118 TIMEPL=TSTART SRCST
00119 DTPL=(TEND-TSTART)/99. SRCST
00120 IF(DTPL.LT.DT) DTPL=DT SRCST
00121 20 NFL=0 SRCST
00122 TIMEFFL=0. SRCST
00123 IF(DTFL.LE.0.) GO TO 23 SRCST
00124 NFL=1 SRCST
00125 TIMEFFL=TIME SRCST
00126 C...OUTPUT SIMULATION CHARACTERISTICS AND CONTROL VARIABLES. SRCST
00127 23 CONTINUE SRCST
00128 WRITE(U2,200) XNST,XNPR,XNPL,XNF SRCST
00129 WRITE(U2,201) TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL SRCST
00130 C...OUTPUT INITIAL VALUES OF STATE VARIABLES. SRCST
00131 DO 10 I=1,XNST SRCST
J=XST(I) SRCST
```





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00198      101 WRITE(U2,206)
00199          WRITE(U2,208) DT
00200          STOP
00201      102 WRITE(U2,206)
00202          WRITE(U2,209)
00203          STOP
00204      200 FORMAT(20H1SIMCOMP VERSION 2.1,15X,18HINITIAL CONDITIONS///13X,
00205          - 37HNO. OF STATE VARIABLES.....I2/16X,34HREQUESTED FO
00206      -R PRINT.....I2/16X,34HREQUESTED FOR PLOT.....
00207          -.,I2//13X,37HNO. OF FLOWS.....I3)
00208      201 FORMAT(///20X,20HTSTART.....,E12.5/20X,20HTEND.....
00209          -.....,E12.5/20X,20HDT.....,E12.5/20X,20HDTPR.....
00210          -.....,E12.5/20X,20HDTPL.....,E12.5/20X,20HDTFL.....
00211          -.....,E12.5//)
00212      202 FORMAT(10X,4(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X))
00213      203 FORMAT(20H0 FLOWS TIME = ,E12.5,8H TO ,E12.5)
00214      204 FORMAT(10X,1H(,I2,1H,,I2,4H) = ,E12.5)
00215      205 FORMAT(20H1SIMCOMP VERSION 2.1,15X,18HSIMULATION RESULTS,/)
00216      206 FORMAT(42H0****ILLEGAL CONDITION - PARAMETER VALUES)
00217      207 FORMAT(13H0 TSTART(,E12.5,12H) .GE. TEND(,E12.5,1H))
00218      208 FORMAT(9H0 DT(,E12.5,9H) .LE. 0.)
00219      209 FORMAT(44H0 PRINT REQUESTS ENCOUNTERED WHILE DTPR(,E12.5,9H) .
00220          -LE. 0.)
00221      210 FORMAT(10X,3(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X))
00222      211 FORMAT(10X,2(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X))
00223      212 FORMAT(10X,2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X)
00224          END
00225          SUBROUTINE XFLWS
00226              COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00227              COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00228          - XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00229          - XNVR(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00230              COMMON/SPARS/PI,YEAR
00231              COMMON/FPARS/P12A,P12B,P12C,P12D,P23A,P23B,P23C,P23D,P24A,P24B,
00232          - P26A,P36A,P36B,P36C,P36D,P45A,P45B,P56A,P56B,P56C
00233              INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNST,XST,U1,U2,U3
00234              INTEGER XN
00235      C...THIS SUBROUTINE COMPUTES THE VALUES OF THE FLOWS AND STORES THE
00236      C VALUES IN THE COMPUTED FLOW STACK. THE COMPARTMENTAL INDICES OF
00237      C THE K-TH FLOW IN THE COMPUTED FLOW STACK ARE STORED IN THE K-TH
00238      C ENTRY OF THE FLOW REFERENCE TABLE AS THE SUM OF THE FOLLOWING
00239      C TERMS:
00240      C          N*10000          FLOW PRINT FLAG (N=0, NO PRINT - N=1, PRINT).
00241      C          I*100          INDEX OF SOURCE COMPARTMENT.
00242      C          J          INDEX OF DESTINATION COMPARTMENT.
00243      C          XN=0
00244      C          XN=XN+1
00245      C          F=0.
00246      C          F=(P12A+P12B*COS(P12C+2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR))/P12D
00247      C          IF(F.LT.0.) F=0.
00248      C          X(8)=F
00249      C          X(9)=X(9)+F*DT
00250      C          XF(XN)=F
00251      C          XN=XN+1
00252      C          F=0.
00253      C          F=P24A*EXP(TIME/P24B)
00254      C          F=F*X(2)
00255      C          XF(XN)=F
00256      C          XN=XN+1
00257      C          F=0.
00258      C          F=P45A*(1.+SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR-P45B))
00259      C          F=F*X(4)
00260      C          XF(XN)=F
00261      C          XN=XN+1
00262      C          F=0.
00263      C          F=0.

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```
00330 C 7 41-45 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00331 C 8 46-50 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00332 C 9 51-55 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00333 C 10 56-60 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00334 C 11 61-65 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00335 C 12 66-70 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00336 C 13 71-75 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00337 C 14 76-80 I5 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00338 DATA KEY/4HEND.,4HPRIN,4HFLOW,4HPLOT,4H / SRCST
00339 10 READ(U1,100) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14) SRCST
00340 DO 15 I=1,5 SRCST
00341 IF(IVERB.EQ.KEY(I)) GO TO 20 SRCST
00342 15 CONTINUE SRCST
00343 GO TO 200 SRCST
00344 C...A COMMAND VERB HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED. SRCST
00345 20 KODE=5 SRCST
00346 IF(I.LT.5) KODE=I SRCST
00347 GO TO(25,30,50,65,200), KODE SRCST
00348 C...END. SRCST
00349 25 RETURN SRCST
00350 C...PRINT. SRCST
00351 C STORE THE INDICES OF THE STATE VARIABLES REQUESTED FOR PRINTING SRCST
00352 C (NUM(I)) IN THE PRINT STACK (XPR(XNPR)). SRCST
00353 30 DO 45 I=1,14 SRCST
00354 C INDICES .LE. 0 ARE ASSUMED A BLANK AND ARE IGNORED. SRCST
00355 IF(NUM(I).LE.0) GO TO 45 SRCST
00356 C INDICES .GT. 99 PRODUCE A DIAGNOSTIC. REPETITIOUS REQUESTS ARE SRCST
00357 C IGNORED. SRCST
00358 IF(NUM(I).GT.99) GO TO 201 SRCST
00359 IF(XNPR.LE.0) GO TO 40 SRCST
00360 DO 35 J=1,XNPR SRCST
00361 IF(NUM(I).EQ.XPR(J)) GO TO 45 SRCST
00362 35 CONTINUE SRCST
00363 40 XNPR=XNPR+1 SRCST
00364 XPR(XNPR)=NUM(I) SRCST
00365 45 CONTINUE SRCST
00366 GO TO 10 SRCST
00367 C...FLOW. SRCST
00368 C SET THE FLOW PRINT FLAG FOR THE K-TH FLOW IN THE FLOW REFERENCE SRCST
00369 C TABLE (XFR(K)) FOR EACH PAIR OF INDICES IN THE RANGE 1 THROUGH 99 SRCST
00370 C (NUM(I)) AND NUM(J)) FOR WHICH A CORRESPONDING ENTRY EXISTS IN THE SRCST
00371 C FLOW REFERENCE TABLE. SRCST
00372 50 DO 60 I=1,13,2 SRCST
00373 J=I+1 SRCST
00374 IF(NUM(I).LE.0.AND.NUM(J).LE.0) GO TO 60 SRCST
00375 IF(NUM(I).LE.0.OR.NUM(I).GT.99) GO TO 201 SRCST
00376 IF(NUM(J).LE.0.OR.NUM(J).GT.99) GO TO 201 SRCST
00377 DO 55 K=1,XNF SRCST
00378 INFO=XFR(K) SRCST
00379 CALL XUNPAK(INFO,IP,I1,I2) SRCST
00380 IF(NUM(I).NE.I1.OR.NUM(J).NE.I2) GO TO 55 SRCST
00381 IF(IP.EQ.1) GO TO 60 SRCST
00382 XFR(K)=XFR(K)+10000 SRCST
00383 GO TO 60 SRCST
00384 55 CONTINUE SRCST
00385 60 CONTINUE SRCST
00386 GO TO 10 SRCST
00387 C...PLOT. SRCST
00388 C RETRIEVE THE NUMBER OF PLOTS REQUESTED (XNPLT) FROM THE PLOT CARD. SRCST
00389 C FIRST NUMERIC FIELD. SRCST
00390 65 XNPLT=NUM(1) SRCST
00391 IF(XNPLT.LE.0.OR.XNPLT.GT.20) GO TO 202 SRCST
00392 C THE NEXT (XNPLT) CAPDS ARE READ, ONE CARD PER PLOT, WITH THE FIRST SRCST
00393 C FIVE NUMERIC FIELDS INTERPRETED AS THE INDICES OF UP TO FIVE STATE SRCST
00394 C VARIABLES TO APPEAR IN EACH PLOT. SRCST
00395 DO 90 I=1,XNPLT SRCST
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00396          READ(U1,100) IVERB,(NUM(J),J=1,14)
00397          DO 68 J=1,3
00398          IF(IVERB.EQ.KEY(J)) GO TO 203
00399      68 CONTINUE
00400          XNVR5(I)=0
00401          DO 85 J=1,5
00402          IF(NUM(J).LE.0) GO TO 85
00403          IF(NUM(J).GT.99) GO TO 201
00404          XNVR5(I)=XNVR5(I)+1
00405          K=XNVR5(I)
00406          IF(XNPL.LE.0) GO TO 75
00407          DO 70 L=1,XNPL
00408          IF(NUM(J).EQ.XPL(L)) GO TO 80
00409      70 CONTINUE
00410      75 XNPL=XNPL+1
00411          XPL(XNPL)=NUM(J)
00412          L=XNPL
00413      80 XNLOC(I,K)=L
00414      85 CONTINUE
00415      90 CONTINUE
00416          GO TO 10
00417      C...IF ERRORS OCCURED GENERATE A DIAGNOSTIC.
00418      200 WRITE(U2,102) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00419          WRITE(U2,103)
00420          STOP
00421      201 WRITE(U2,102) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00422          WRITE(U2,104)
00423          STOP
00424      202 WRITE(U2,102) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00425          WRITE(U2,105)
00426          STOP
00427      203 WRITE(U2,102) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00428          WRITE(U2,106)
00429          STOP
00430      100 FORMAT(A4,6X,14I5)
00431      102 FORMAT(33H0*****ERROR IN DATA SECTION INPUT,/10X,A4,6X,14I5)
00432      103 FORMAT(25H          ILLEGAL COMMAND VERR)
00433      104 FORMAT(43H          STATE VARIABLE INDEX .LE. 0 OR .GT. 99)
00434      105 FORMAT(45H          NO. OF PLOTS REQUESTED .LE. 0 OR .GT. 20)
00435      106 FORMAT(122H         COMMAND VERB ENCOUNTERED WHILE PROCESSING PLOT REQ
00436          -UEST. CHECK FOR NO. OF PLOTS REQUESTED .NE. NO. OF SUBSEQUENT CARD
00437          -S)
00438          END
00439          SUBROUTINE XPRINT(VAL)
00440          COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00441          - XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00442          - XNVR5(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00443          COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00444          DIMENSION VAL(300)
00445          INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNST,XST,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNVR5,XNLOC
00446          INTEGER U1,U2,U3
00447      C...THIS ROUTINE PRODUCES PRINTED OUTPUT OF EACH STATE VARIABLE LISTED
00448      C    IN THE PRINT REQUESTS.
00449      C...STORE THE VALUES OF THE STATE VARIABLES TO BE PRINTED IN THE OUTPUT
00450      C    WORKING STORAGE ARRAY.
00451          DO 10 I=1,XNPR
00452              J=XPR(I)
00453              10 VAL(I)=X(J)
00454      C...FORMAT AND OUTPUT THE STATE VARIABLE NAMES AND VALUES, FOUR STATE
00455      C    VARIABLES PER LINE.
00456          WRITE(U2,200) TIME
00457          NLINE=XNPR/4+1
00458          NKNT=MOD(XNPR,4)
00459          IF(NKNT.NE.0) GO TO 15
00460          NLINE=NLINE-1
00461          NKNT=4
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00462      15 J1=1
00463      DO 45 I=1,NLINE
00464      IF(I.EQ.NLINE) GO TO 20
00465      J2=J1+3
00466      WRITE(U2,201) (XPR(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2)
00467      GO TO 45
00468      20 J2=J1+NKNT-1
00469      GO TO(25,30,35,40), NKNT
00470      25 WRITE(U2,202) (XPR(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2)
00471      GO TO 45
00472      30 WRITE(U2,203) (XPR(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2)
00473      GO TO 45
00474      35 WRITE(U2,204) (XPR(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2)
00475      GO TO 45
00476      40 WRITE(U2,201) (XPR(J),VAL(J),J=J1,J2)
00477      45 J1=J1+4
00478      RETURN
00479      200 FORMAT(RHOTIME = ,E12.5)
00480      201 FORMAT(10X,4(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X))
00481      202 FORMAT(10X,2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X)
00482      203 FORMAT(10X,2(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X))
00483      204 FORMAT(10X,3(2HX(,I2,4H) = ,E12.5,5X))
00484      END
00485      SUBROUTINE XPLOT(VAL,ISTOP)
00486      COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00487      - XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00488      - XNVR(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00489      COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00490      DIMENSION VAL(300)
00491      INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNST,XST,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNVR,XNLOC
00492      INTEGER U1,U2,U3
00493      C...THIS ROUTINE GENERATES ONE RECORD OF PLOT VARIABLE VALUES ON MASS
00494      C STORAGE DEVICE (U3) AT EACH CALL.
00495      C...STORE THE VALUES OF THE STATE VARIABLES TO BE SAVED FOR PLOTTING IN
00496      C THE OUTPUT WORKING STORAGE ARRAY.
00497      DO 10 I=1,XNPL
00498      J=XPL(I)
00499      10 VAL(I)=X(J)
00500      C...FORMAT FOR EACH RECORD:
00501      C      WORD NO.      VARIABLE      PURPOSE
00502      C      1      ISTOP      FLAG TO SIGNAL LAST RECORD OF STORED
00503      C      OTHERWISE).
00504      C      2      TIME      CURRENT SIMULATED TIME.
00505      C      3 THROUGH      VAL(I)      VALUES OF THE XNPL STATE VARIABLES TO BE
00506      C      XNPL+2      PLOTTED.
00507      C      WRITE(U3) ISTOP,TIME,(VAL(I),I=1,XNPL)
00508      C      RETURN
00509      C      END
00510      C      SUBROUTINE XUNPAK(IV,IP,IF,IT)
00511      C...THIS SUBROUTINE UNPACKS THE INFORMATION STORED IN THE FLOW REFERENCE
00512      C TABLES.
00513      C      IV      -      WORD TO BE UNPACKED.
00514      C      IP      -      FLOW PRINT FLAG.
00515      C      IF      -      INDEX OF SOURCE COMPARTMENT.
00516      C      IT      -      INDEX OF DESTINATION COMPARTMENT.
00517      C      IP=IV/10000
00518      C      I=IV-IP*10000
00519      C      IF=I/100
00520      C      IT=I-IF*100
00521      C      RETURN
00522      C      END
00523      C      SUBROUTINE XPLGEN
00524      C      COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00525      C      - XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00526      C      - XNVR(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00527

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00528          COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00529          DIMENSION Z(100),XLINE(11),YLINE(6)
00530          INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNST,XST,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNVR,XNLOC
00531          INTEGFR U1,U2,U3
00532          C...THIS ROUTINE GENERATES THE REQUESTED PLOTS UNDFR CONTROL OF THE PLOT
00533          C      GENERATION VARIABLES. THE INFORMATION FOR PLOTTING IS ON THE
00534          C      TEMPORARY MASS STORAGE DEVISE (U3).
00535          DO 35 I1=1,XNPLT
00536             XMIN=1.F50
00537             XMAX=-XMIN
00538             YMIN=1.F50
00539             YMAX=-YMIN
00540          C...SEARCH THE PLOT DATA. DETERMINING MAX AND MIN VALUES FOR SCALING.
00541          REWIND U3
00542          20 READ(U3) ISTOP,TIME,(Z(I),I=1,XNPL)
00543             IF(ISTOP.GE.1) GO TO 27
00544             XMIN=AMINI(XMIN,TIME)
00545             XMAX=AMAX1(XMAX,TIME)
00546             NVAR=XNVR(I)
00547             DO 25 I=1,NVAR
00548                LOC=XNLOC(I,I)
00549                ZZ=7(LOC)
00550                YMIN=AMINI(YMIN,ZZ)
00551          25 YMAX=AMAX1(YMAX,ZZ)
00552             GO TO 20
00553          C...CALCULATE GRAPHICAL SCALING VALUES.
00554          27 CALL XRND(YMIN,YMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
00555             XLINE(1)=XMIN
00556             XLINE(11)=XMAX
00557             XINC=(XMAX-XMIN)/10.
00558             X1ST=XMIN
00559             DO 30 I=2,10
00560                X1ST=X1ST+XINC
00561          30 XLINE(I)=X1ST
00562             YLINE(1)=YMIN
00563             YLINE(6)=YMAX
00564             YINC=(YMAX-YMIN)/5.
00565             Y1ST=YMIN
00566             DO 32 I=2,5
00567                Y1ST=Y1ST+YINC
00568          32 YLINE(I)=Y1ST
00569          C...GENERATE THE PLOT.
00570          REWIND U3
00571          CALL XGRAPH(I1,NVAR,XNLOC,XLINE,YLINE,Z,YMIN,YMAX,XNPL,XPL)
00572          35 CONTINUE
00573          RETURN
00574          END
00575          SURROUTINE XGRAPH(NPL,NVR,NXLOC,XLINE,YLINE,Z,YMIN,YMAX,NN,NXPL)
00576          COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00577          DIMENSION NXLOC(20,5),XLINE(11),YLINE(6),Z(100),IP(100),JCHAR(5)
00578          DIMENSION NXPL(99)
00579          INTEGER U1,U2,U3
00580          DATA JCHAR/1H1,1H2,1H3,1H4,1H5/
00581          DATA 1BLNK/1H /, 1DASH/1H-/, 1EYEE/1H!/, 1EQUAL/1H=/
00582          C...THIS ROUTINE GENERATES AND OUTPUTS ONE PRINTER PLOT AT EACH CALL.
00583          KNT=0
00584          JNT=0
00585          DO 5 I=1,NVR
00586             J=NXLOC(NPL,I)
00587          5 IP(I)=NXPL(J)
00588             WRITE(U2,300) NPL,(I,IP(I),I=1,NVR)
00589             WRITE(U2,301) (YLINE(I),I=1,6)
00590          C...EACH PASS THROUGH THE FOLLOWING EXPLICIT LOOP (STATEMENT 10 TO
00591          C      STATEMENT 40) GENERATES ONE LINE OF THE PRINTED GRAPH ON OUTPUT.
00592          C...READ IN ONE TIME STEP OF PLOTTING DATA.
00593          10 READ(U3) ISTOP,TIME,(Z(I),I=1,NN)

```



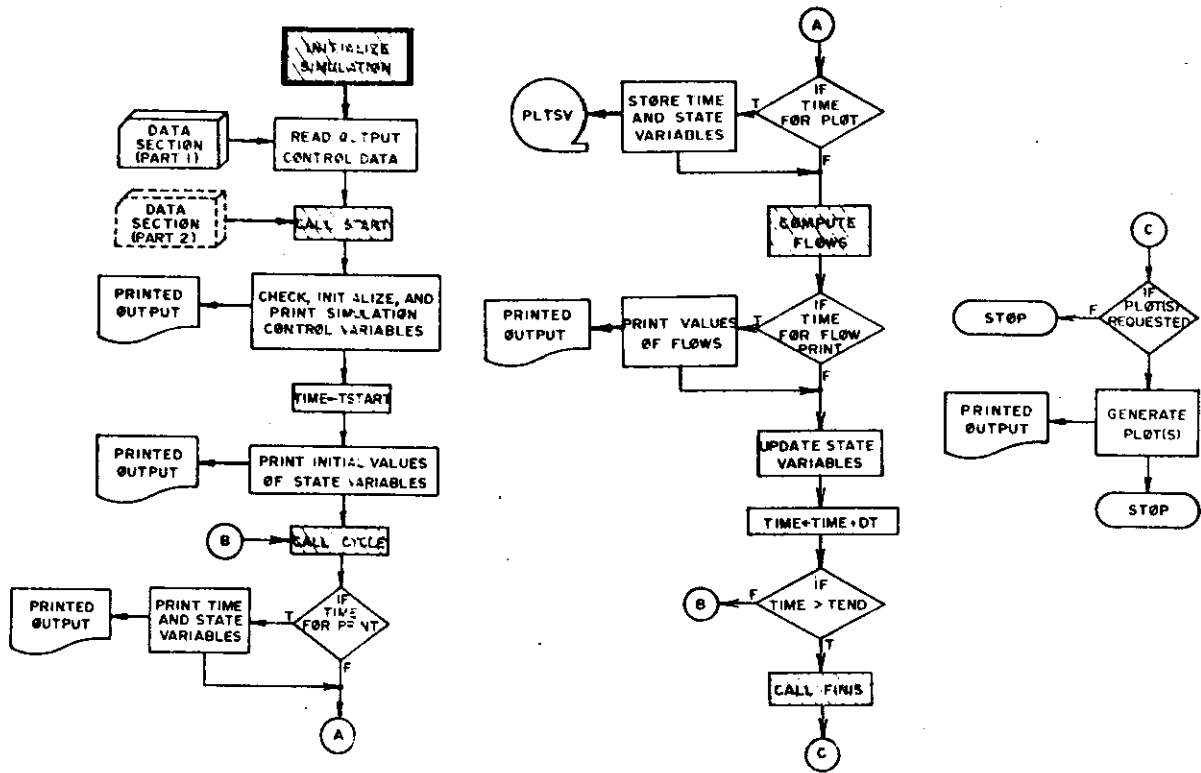




```
00726      END
00727      SUBROUTINE START
00728      COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00729      -   XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00730      -   XNVRS(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00731      COMMON/SPARS/PI,YEAR
00732      COMMON/FPARS/P12A,P12B,P12C,P12D,P23A,P23B,P23C,P23D,P24A,P24B,
00733      -   P26A,P36A,P36B,P36C,P36D,P45A,P45B,P56A,P56B,P56C
00734      READ(1,100) PI,YEAR
00735      READ(1,100) P12A,P12B,P12C,P12D
00736      READ(1,100) P24A,P24B
00737      READ(1,100) P45A,P45B
00738      READ(1,100) P23A,P23B,P23C,P23D
00739      READ(1,100) P26A
00740      READ(1,100) P56A,P56B,P56C
00741      READ(1,100) P36A,P36B,P36C,P36D
00742      READ(1,100) (X(I),I=1,9)
00743      READ(1,100) TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTFL
00744      100 FORMAT(AF10.0)
00745      RETURN
00746      END
00747      SUBROUTINE CYCLE
00748      RETURN
00749      END
00750      SUBROUTINE FINIS
00751      RETURN
00752      END
```

SRCST

Initialize simulation.



00005  
00006  
00007

```

COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
- XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
- XNVR(20),XNLOC(20,5)
    
```

SRCST  
SRCST  
SRCST

00010

```

INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNST,XST,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNVR,XNLOC
    
```

SRCST

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00098

C  
C...COMPILE GENERATED INITIALIZATIONS.

DATA XNF/ 11/  
DATA XFR( 1)/ 102/  
DATA XFR( 2)/ 204/  
DATA XFR( 3)/ 405/  
DATA XFR( 4)/ 507/  
DATA XFR( 5)/ 307/  
DATA XFR( 6)/ 203/  
DATA XFR( 7)/ 206/  
DATA XFR( 8)/ 406/  
DATA XFR( 9)/ 506/  
DATA XFR( 10)/ 306/  
DATA XFR( 11)/ 205/  
DATA XNST/ 7/  
DATA XST( 1)/ 1/  
DATA XST( 2)/ 2/  
DATA XST( 3)/ 3/  
DATA XST( 4)/ 4/  
DATA XST( 5)/ 5/  
DATA XST( 6)/ 6/  
DATA XST( 7)/ 7/

C...INITIALIZE SIMULATION CONTROL VARIABLES.

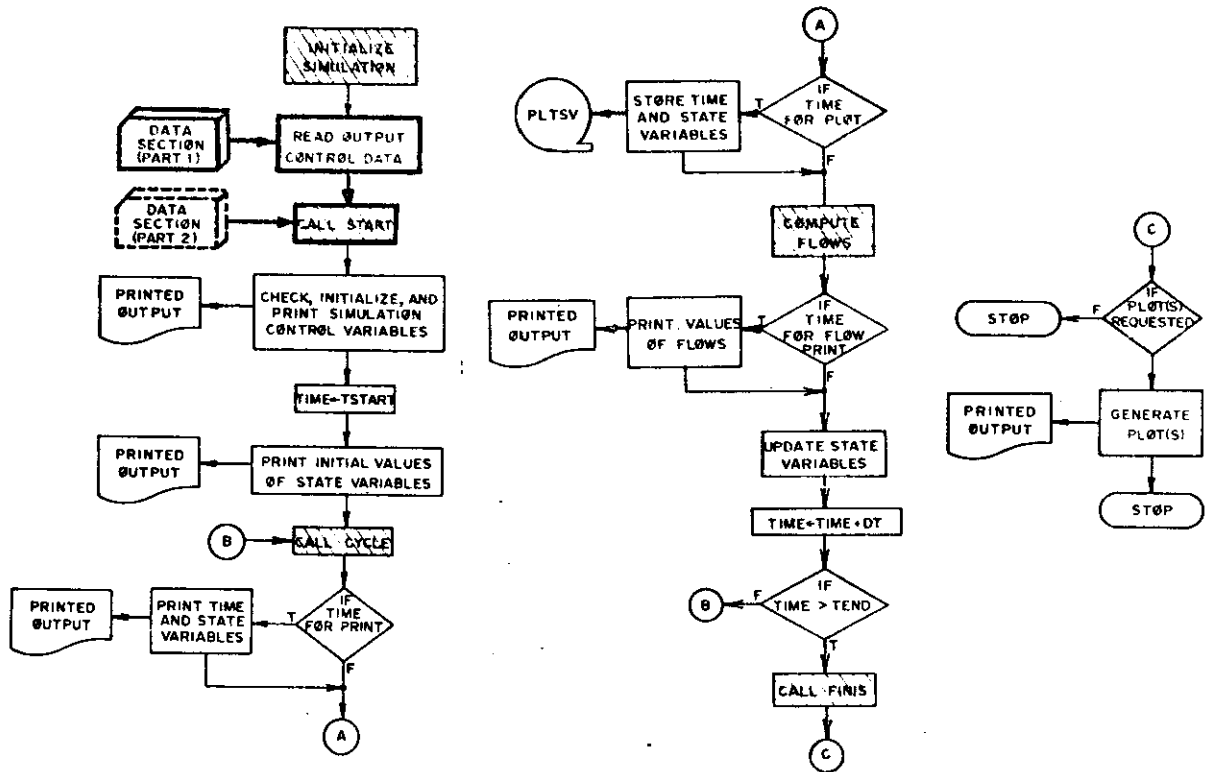
DATA TSTART/0./  
DATA TEND/1./  
DATA DT/0.1/  
DATA DTPR/0./  
DATA DTPL/0./  
DATA DTFL/0./  
DATA X/99\*0./  
DATA XNPR/0/  
DATA XNPL/0/  
DATA XNPLT/0/

SRCST  
SRCST

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SRCST

Line Number	Comment
68 to 79	XNF is the number of flows defined. Each element of array XFR(I) contains the quantity $100 \cdot M + N$ where M = source compartment index N = destination compartment index Line 73 contains the information that the fifth row is from X(3) to X(7).
80 to 87	XNST is the number of state variables referred to in flow declarations. XST(I) contains the index of the I--the state variable. In general if no state variables are used, they need not be state variable indices 1 through n.
89 to 95	The system-defined variables are assigned their default values. These values may be altered by reading in new values in subroutine START.
96 to 98	The number of state variables to be printed and plotted, and the number of requested plots are initialized to zero.

Read output control cards and call START.



```

00099      C...READ OUTPUT CONTROL INFORMATION.                SRCST
00100          CALL XINPUT                                     SRCST
00101      C...CALL USER CONTROL INITIALIZATION ROUTINE.       SRCST
00102          CALL START                                      SRCST
    
```

```

00308      SUBROUTINE XINPUT                                     SRCST
00309      COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTP,L,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300), SRCST
00310      - XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT, SRCST
00311      - XNVR(20),XNLOC(20,5)                                 SRCST
00312      COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3                                   SRCST
00313      DIMENSION NUM(14)                                     SRCST
00314      DIMENSION KEY(5)                                     SRCST
00315      INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNVR,XNLOC,XNST,XST SRCST
00316      INTEGER U1,U2,U3                                     SRCST
00317      C...THIS ROUTINE READS THE INPUT SECTION. EACH CARD ON INPUT IS SCANNED SRCST
00318      C FOR A COMMAND VERB IN THE FIRST FOUR COLUMNS. UPON RECOGNITION OF SRCST
00319      C A COMMAND VERB THE REMAINING INFORMATION IS STORED ACCORDINGLY. SRCST
00320      C ON EACH CARD IN THE OUTPUT CONTROL DATA SECTION THERE IS ASSUMED TO SRCST
00321      C EXIST 15 FIELDS (POSSIBLY BLANK): SRCST
00322      C FIELD COLS. FORMAT PURPOSE SRCST
00323      C COMMAND 1-4 A4 COMMAND VERBS, LEFT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00324      C 1 11-15 15 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00325      C 2 16-20 15 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00326      C 3 21-25 15 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00327      C 4 26-30 15 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00328      C 5 31-35 15 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00329      C 6 36-40 15 INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
    
```

```

00330 C      7      41-45      15      INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00331 C      8      46-50      15      INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00332 C      9      51-55      15      INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00333 C     10      56-60      15      INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00334 C     11      61-65      15      INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00335 C     12      66-70      15      INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00336 C     13      71-75      15      INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00337 C     14      76-80      15      INTEGER, RIGHT JUSTIFIED SRCST
00338 DATA KEY/4HEND.,4HPRIN,4HFLOW,4HPLOT,4H / SRCST
00339 10 READ(U1,100) IVERR,(NUM(I),I=1,14) SRCST
00340 DO 15 I=1,5 SRCST
00341 IF(IVERR.EQ.KEY(I)) GO TO 20 SRCST
00342 15 CONTINUE SRCST
00343 GO TO 200 SRCST
00344 C...A COMMAND VERR HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED. SRCST
00345 20 KODE=5 SRCST
00346 IF(I.LT.5) KODE=I SRCST
00347 GO TO(25,30,50,65,200), KODE SRCST
00348 C...END. SRCST
00349 25 RETURN SRCST
00350 C...PRINT. SRCST
00351 C STORE THE INDICES OF THE STATE VARIABLES REQUESTED FOR PRINTING SRCST
00352 C (NUM(I)) IN THE PRINT STACK (XPR(XNPR)). SRCST
00353 30 DO 45 I=1,14 SRCST
00354 C INDICES .LE. 0 ARE ASSUMED A BLANK AND ARE IGNORED. SRCST
00355 IF(NUM(I).LE.0) GO TO 45 SRCST
00356 C INDICES .GT. 99 PRODUCE A DIAGNOSTIC. REPETITIOUS REQUESTS ARE SRCST
00357 C IGNORED. SRCST
00358 IF(NUM(I).GT.99) GO TO 201 SRCST
00359 IF(XNPR.LE.0) GO TO 40 SRCST
00360 DO 35 J=1,XNPR SRCST
00361 IF(NUM(I).EQ.XPR(J)) GO TO 45 SRCST
00362 35 CONTINUE SRCST
00363 40 XNPR=XNPR+1 SRCST
00364 XPR(XNPR)=NUM(I) SRCST
00365 45 CONTINUE SRCST
00366 GO TO 10 SRCST
00367 C...FLOW. SRCST
00368 C SET THE FLOW PRINT FLAG FOR THE K-TH FLOW IN THE FLOW REFERENCE SRCST
00369 C TABLE (XFR(K)) FOR EACH PAIR OF INDICES IN THE RANGE 1 THROUGH 99 SRCST
00370 C (NUM(I) AND NUM(J)) FOR WHICH A CORRESPONDING ENTRY EXISTS IN THE SRCST
00371 C FLOW REFERENCE TABLE. SRCST
00372 50 DO 60 I=1,13,2 SRCST
00373 J=I+1 SRCST
00374 IF(NUM(I).LE.0.AND.NUM(J).LE.0) GO TO 60 SRCST
00375 IF(NUM(I).LE.0.OR.NUM(I).GT.99) GO TO 201 SRCST
00376 IF(NUM(J).LE.0.OR.NUM(J).GT.99) GO TO 201 SRCST
00377 DO 55 K=1,XNF SRCST
00378 INFO=XFR(K) SRCST
00379 CALL XNPAK(INFO,IP,I1,I2) SRCST
00380 IF(NUM(I).NE.I1.OR.NUM(J).NE.I2) GO TO 55 SRCST
00381 IF(IP.EQ.1) GO TO 60 SRCST
00382 XFR(K)=XFR(K)+10000 SRCST
00383 GO TO 60 SRCST
00384 55 CONTINUE SRCST
00385 60 CONTINUE SRCST
00386 GO TO 10 SRCST
00387 C...PLOT. SRCST
00388 C RETRIEVE THE NUMBER OF PLOTS REQUESTED (XNPLT) FROM THE PLOT CARD, SRCST
00389 C FIRST NUMERIC FIELD. SRCST
00390 65 XNPLT=NUM(1) SRCST
00391 IF(XNPLT.LE.0.OR.XNPLT.GT.20) GO TO 202 SRCST
00392 C THE NEXT (XNPLT) CARDS ARE READ, ONE CARD PER PLOT, WITH THE FIRST SRCST
00393 C FIVE NUMERIC FIELDS INTERPRETED AS THE INDICES OF UP TO FIVE STATE SRCST
00394 C VARIABLES TO APPEAR IN EACH PLOT. SRCST
00395 DO 90 I=1,XNPLT SRCST
00396 READ(U1,100) IVERR,(NUM(J),J=1,14) SRCST
00397 DO 68 J=1,3 SRCST
00398 IF(IVERR.EQ.KEY(J)) GO TO 203 SRCST

```

```

00399      68 CONTINUE
00400          XNVRS(I)=0
00401          DO 85 J=1,5
00402              IF(NUM(J).LE.0) GO TO 85
00403              IF(NUM(J).GT.99) GO TO 201
00404              XNVRS(I)=XNVRS(I)+1
00405              K=XNVRS(I)
00406              IF(XNPL.LE.0) GO TO 75
00407              DO 70 L=1,XNPL
00408                  IF(NUM(J).EQ.XPL(L)) GO TO 80
00409      70 CONTINUE
00410      75 XNPL=XNPL+1
00411          XPL(XNPL)=NUM(J)
00412          L=XNPL
00413      80 XNLOC(I,K)=L
00414      85 CONTINUE
00415      90 CONTINUE
00416          GO TO 10
00417 C...IF ERRORS OCCURED GENERATE A DIAGNOSTIC.
00418      200 WRITE(U2,102) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00419          WRITE(U2,103)
00420          STOP
00421      201 WRITE(U2,102) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00422          WRITE(U2,104)
00423          STOP
00424      202 WRITE(U2,102) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00425          WRITE(U2,105)
00426          STOP
00427      203 WRITE(U2,102) IVERB,(NUM(I),I=1,14)
00428          WRITE(U2,106)
00429          STOP
00430      100 FORMAT(A4,6X,14I5)
00431      102 FORMAT(33H0****ERROR IN DATA SECTION INPUT,/10X,A4,6X,14I5)
00432      103 FORMAT(25H          ILLFGAL COMMAND VERR)
00433      104 FORMAT(43H          STATE VARIABLE INDEX .LE. 0 OR .GT. 99)
00434      105 FORMAT(45H          NO. OF PLOTS REQUESTED .LE. 0 OR .GT. 20)
00435      106 FORMAT(122H          COMMAND VERB ENCOUNTERED WHILE PROCESSING PLOT REQ
00436          -UEST. CHECK FOR NO. OF PLOTS REQUESTED .NE. NO. OF SUBSEQUENT CARD
00437          -S)
00438          END

```

```

00511      SUBROUTINE XUNPAK(IV,IP,IF,IT)
00512 C...THIS SUBROUTINE UNPACKS THE INFORMATION STORED IN THE FLOW REFERENCE
00513 C      TABLES.
00514 C          IV      -      WORD TO BE UNPACKED.
00515 C          IP      -      FLOW PRINT FLAG.
00516 C          IF      -      INDEX OF SOURCE COMPARTMENT.
00517 C          IT      -      INDEX OF DESTINATION COMPARTMENT.
00518          IP=IV/10000
00519          I=IV-IP*10000
00520          IF=I/100
00521          IT=I-IF*100
00522          RETURN
00523          END

```

```

00727      SUBROUTINE START
00728      COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300),
00729      - XFR(300),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT,
00730      - XNVRS(20),XNLOC(20,5)
00731      COMMON/SPARS/PI,YEAR
00732      COMMON/FPARS/P12A,P12B,P12C,P12D,P23A,P23B,P23C,P23D,P24A,P24B,
00733      - P26A,P36A,P36B,P36C,P36D,P45A,P45B,P56A,P56B,P56C
00734      READ(1,100) PI,YEAR
00735      READ(1,100) P12A,P12B,P12C,P12D
00736      READ(1,100) P24A,P24B
00737      READ(1,100) P45A,P45B
00738      READ(1,100) P23A,P23B,P23C,P23D
00739      READ(1,100) P26A
00740      READ(1,100) P56A,P56B,P56C
00741      READ(1,100) P36A,P36B,P36C,P36D
00742      READ(1,100) (X(I),I=1,9)
00743      READ(1,100) TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTFL
00744      100 FORMAT(RF10.0)
00745      RETURN
00746      END

```

Line Number	Comment														
100 339 to 343 418 to 420	The command verb and 14 numeric fields are read in. The command verb is checked for a match with the list of legal command verbs and I is set as an index to the command verb encountered.														
	<table><thead><tr><th><u>IVERB</u></th><th><u>I</u></th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>END.</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>PRINT.</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>FLØW.</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>PLØT.</td><td>4</td></tr><tr><td>blank</td><td>5 (illegal)</td></tr><tr><td>other</td><td>illegal</td></tr></tbody></table>	<u>IVERB</u>	<u>I</u>	END.	1	PRINT.	2	FLØW.	3	PLØT.	4	blank	5 (illegal)	other	illegal
<u>IVERB</u>	<u>I</u>														
END.	1														
PRINT.	2														
FLØW.	3														
PLØT.	4														
blank	5 (illegal)														
other	illegal														
	Only the first four characters are checked. If a non-existent or blank command is encountered a diagnostic is issued and the program is terminated.														
345 to 347	KØDE is set to I and control is transferred to the section of the subroutine responsible for the particular verb encountered.														
349	An END. command signals the end of output control commands and control is returned to the main program.														
353 to 366	All values for the numeric fields NUM(I), I = 1, ..., 14 within the range $1 \leq \text{NUM}(I) \leq 99$ are inserted in the state variable print stack XPR. The stated number of state variables requested for printing is XNPR.														
372 to 386 511 to 523	Each of the 7 consecutive pairs of values for NUM are checked to be in the range 1 through 99. Each pair of values in NUM are checked for a match with the flow indices contained in array XFR which are retrieved for the check by routine XUNPAK. If a match is found a print indicator flag of 1000 is added to the value of XFR(I). For example if the flow (3-7) declared in the source program was requested for printing then XFR(5) would contain $10000 + 100 \cdot 3 + 7 = 10307$ .														
390 to 391	The first numeric field on the PLØT request is assumed to contain the number of plots requested and must be in the range $1 \leq \text{XNPLT} \leq 20$ .														

---

---

Line  
Number

Comment

---

395 to 416 The next XNPLT data cards are read in and processed one at a time. The command verb portion of the cards must not contain the recognizable commands END., PRINT., or FLOW. This feature alerts the user if the number of cards following the PLOT. card is less than the number of plots requested on the plot card. The first five numeric fields on each card are checked to be in the range 1 through 99. Values less than or equal to zero are assumed blank and are ignored. The following variable definitions pertain to the operation of the 85 loop (line nos. 401 to 414).

Variable

Description

NUM(J)

Value of the Jth numerics field.

XNVRS(I)

The number of variables to be plotted in the Ith graph.

XNPL

The total number of different state-variables to be plotted in all graphs.

XPL(L)

The index of the Lth state variable to be plotted.

XNLØC(I,K)

The location in array XPL containing the index of the Kth state variable to be plotted in the Ith graph.

102

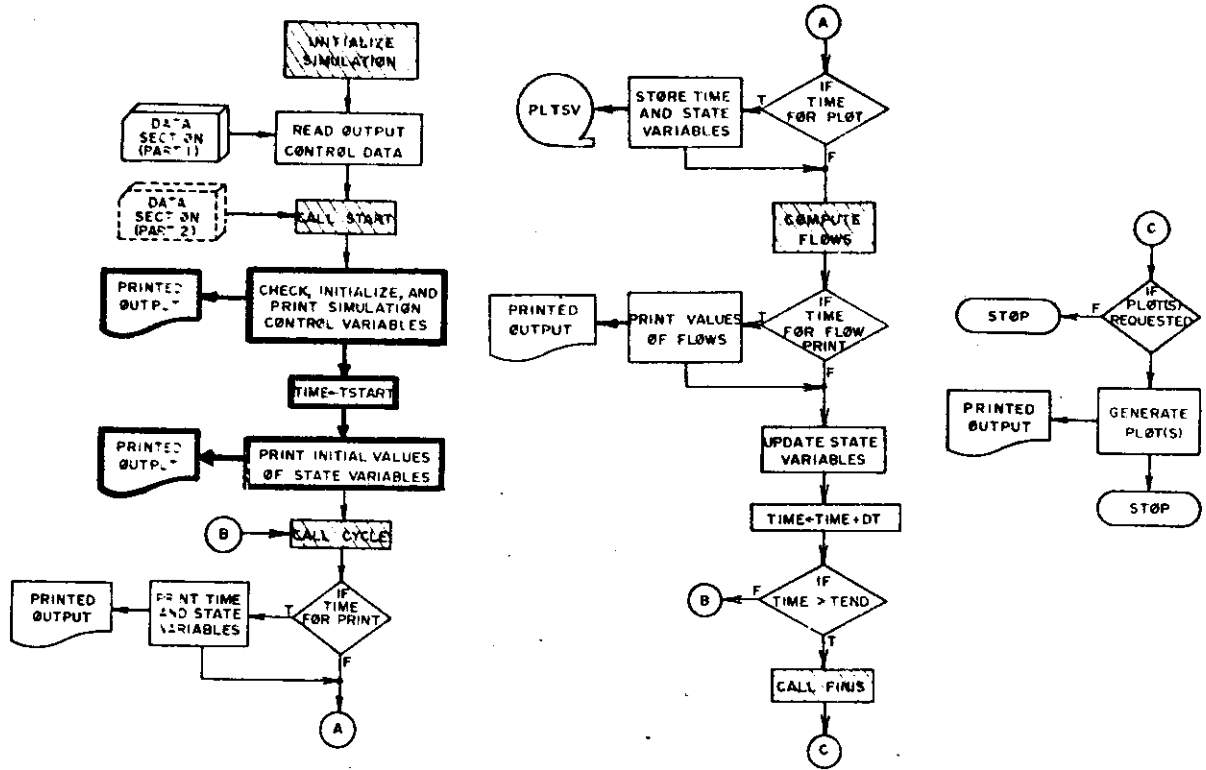
727 to 746

Subroutine START was written by the user and included in the generated program by the compiler. The three common blocks were inserted into the routine by the compiler. The common blocks SPARS and FPARS were provided by the user in the \*STORAGE block in the source program. The purpose of subroutine START is to read in values of the user's parameters, the initial values of the state variables X(1) through X(9), and to change the values of the reserved system control variables from their default values. If subroutine START had not been provided by the user a dummy START routine would have been supplied by the compiler.

---



Check and output initialized system variables.



```

00005 COMMON/XSYS/TIME,TSTART,TEND,DT,DTPR,DTPL,DTFL,X(99),XNF,XF(300), SRCST
00006 - XFR(700),XNST,XST(99),XNPR,XPR(99),XNPL,XPL(99),XNPLT, SRCST
00007 - XNVRS(20),XNLOC(20,5) SRCST
00008 COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3 SRCST
00009 DIMENSION VAL(300) SRCST
00010 INTEGER XNF,XFR,XNST,XST,XNPR,XPR,XNPL,XPL,XNPLT,XNVRS,XNLOC SRCST
00011 INTEGER U1,U2,U3 SRCST

00103 C...CHECK AND INITIALIZE SIMULATION CONTROL VARIABLES. SRCST
00104 IF(TEND.LE.TSTART) GO TO 100 SRCST
00105 IF(DT.LE.0.) GO TO 101 SRCST
00106 TIME=TSTART SRCST
00107 IF(XNPR.GT.0.AND.DTPR.LE.0.) GO TO 102 SRCST
00108 NPR=0 SRCST
00109 TIMEPR=0. SRCST
00110 IF(XNPR.LE.0) GO TO 15 SRCST
00111 NPR=1 SRCST
00112 TIMEPR=TSTART SRCST
00113 15 NPL=0 SRCST
00114 TIMEPL=0. SRCST
00115 IF(XNPL.LE.0) GO TO 20 SRCST
00116 NPL=1 SRCST
00117 TIMEPL=TSTART SRCST
00118 DTPL=(TEND-TSTART)/99. SRCST
00119 IF(DTPL.LT.DT) DTPL=DT SRCST
00120 20 NFL=0 SRCST
00121 TIMEFL=0. SRCST
00122 IF(DTFL.LE.0.) GO TO 23 SRCST
00123 NFL=1 SRCST
00124 TIMEFL=TIME SRCST

```

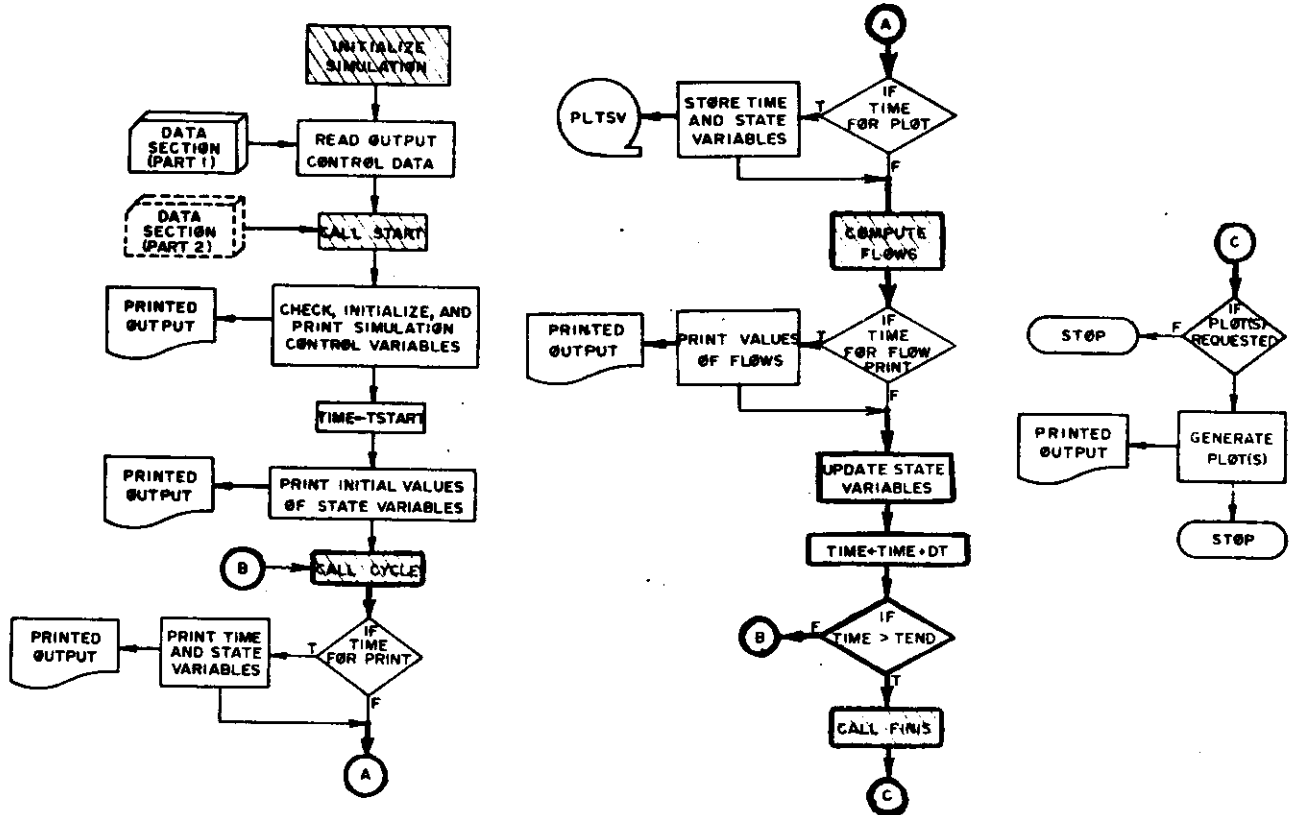


---

Line Number	Comment
104 to 107	The system control variables TSTART, TEND, DT, and DTPR are checked for legal values. An illegal condition generates a diagnostic and terminates the program. TIME is set equal to TSTART.
108 to 112	If PRINT. requests were processed and DTPR > 0 then the print flag NPR is set to one and the time of first print, TIMEPR is set to TSTART.
113 to 119	If PLOT. requests were processed then the plot flag NPL is set to one and the time for the first record of state variables to be plotted, TIMEPL is set to TSTART. DTPL is set to the maximum of (TEND - TSTART)/99 and DT.
120 to 124	If FLOW. printing requests were processed, then set the flow print flag NFL to one and set the time of flow printing TIMEFL to TSTART.
126 to 154	The values of the system control variables and the initial values of the state variables are printed on output.

---

Solve system of flow equations.



The collection of highlighted blocks in the above flow charts are the parts of the program directly related to the computation of the flows and the solution of the continuous system of difference or differential equations. The three conditional branches which have been passed over at this time provide for (i) the printing of tabular output, (ii) saving of values for plotting, and (iii) the printing of values of the flows. These segments are treated separately on pages 85, 87, and 89.

```

00005 COMMON/XSYS/ TIME, TSTART, TEND, DT, DTPR, DTPL, DTFL, X(99), XNF, XF(300), SRCST
00006 - XFR(300), XNST, XST(99), XNPR, XPR(99), XNPL, XPL(99), XNPLT, SRCST
00007 - XNVR(20), XNLOC(20,5) SRCST
00008 COMMON/XUNIT/ U1, U2, U3 SRCST
00009 DIMENSION VAL(300) SRCST
00010 INTEGER XNF, XFR, XNST, XST, XNPR, XPR, XNPL, XPL, XNPLT, XNVR, XNLOC SRCST
00011 INTEGER U1, U2, U3 SRCST
    
```





Line Number	Comment
157 747 to 749	Subroutine CYCLE is called prior to each execution of the simulation loop. The simulation loop is executed once for each time step DT from TSTART to TEND. Subroutine CYCLE in general is provided by the user in the *ROUTINES block. Since our example did not include the use of cycle the compiler provided a dummy routine to satisfy the call statement at line 157.
166 225 to 307	The values of the flows are computed in routine XFLWS. Most of the coding in XFLWS was generated by the compiler using the flow definitions provided by the user in the *FLOW block. A specific example how a single flow is computed and stored follows.
269 to 277	The sixth flow contained in the source program is represented by the coding in lines 269 through 277. The original source statements follow.

```
(2,3).  
C...TRANSLLOCATION OF ABOVE GROUND PLANTS TO ROOTS.  
  F=0.  
  IF(X(2).LT.20.) GO TO 5  
  F=P23A+P23A*SIN(2.*PI*(TIME-1.)/YEAR-P23B)+P23C  
  IF(F.LT.0.001) F=0.001  
  F=F*X(2)*P23D  
  5 CONTINUE
```

The compiler upon encountering the flow declaration (2,3). generated an entry into the array XFR(6) = 203 at line 74 of the generated program. Lines 269, 270, and 277 were generated by the compiler. XN is incremented by one. Since this is the sixth flow XN = 6. F is set to zero. Lines 271 through 276 were copies from the source statements and are the code which the user used to compute the value of F, the sixth flow. At line 277 the most recent value of F is entered into the array of computed flows XF(6). The above procedure is performed for each flow declared by the user. Therefore, at the completion of routine XFLWS the first 11 elements of array XF contains the values of the 11 flows defined by the user.

171 to 181  
511 to 523

The DO loop beginning at line no. 171 is executed XNF times, where XNF is the number of flows in the simulation. XFR(I) contains the packed indices of the source and destination compartments of the Ith flow. Subroutine XUNPAK retrieves the indices of the two state variables as I1 and I2. IP is the flow print flag used to determine if the Ith flow had been requested for printing. The description of flow printing is on page 89. Since I1 is the source compartment, the value of the Ith flow XF(I) is multiplied by DT and the product is subtracted iteratively from X(I1). Similarly this product is added iteratively to X(I2).

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Line Number	Comment
184 to 186	TIME is updated by the increment DT. If TIME is greater than TEND an exit is taken from the simulation loop. Otherwise, control is transferred to statement 25 and the simulation loop is reexecuted.

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Line Number	Comment
162 to 164	If the plot request flag NPL is set and TIME is greater than or equal to TIMEPL then the routine which stores the requested values for later plotting, XPLØT, is called. The next time for the storing of plot value TIMEPL is updated by DTPL.
497 to 499	Array XPL contains the indices of the XNPL in number state variables which were requested for plotting. VAL(I) contains the value of the Ith state variable to be plotted.
508	One unformatted record of information XNPL + 2 words long is written onto file PLTSV which is logical unit number U3. The value of ISTØP is normally zero. The last set of values written is flagged by setting ISTØP to one in the last call to XPLØT.

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Line Number	Comment
167 to 169	If the flow print request flag NFL is greater than zero and TIME is greater than or equal to TIMEFL, then a time header for the flow information to be printed is written.
175 178 to 180	The indices of the state variables (I1 and I2) of the Ith flow are unpacked. The flow print request indicator IP is also unpacked by routine XUNPAK. If flow printing has been requested (NFL > 0), the time for printing has been reached (TIME ≤ TIMEPL), and the Ith flow was requested for printing (IP > 0) then the Ith flow is printed on output.
182 to 183	If flow printing occurred the next time of flow printing TIMEFL is updated by DTFL.

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00551      25 YMAX=AMAX1(YMAX,ZZ)
00552      GO TO 20
00553      C...CALCULATE GRAPHICAL SCALING VALUES.
00554      27 CALL XRND(YMIN,YMAX,YMIN,YMAX)
00555          XLINE(1)=XMIN
00556          XLINE(11)=XMAX
00557          XINC=(XMAX-XMIN)/10.
00558          XIST=XMIN
00559          DO 30 I=2,10
00560              XIST=XIST+XINC
00561      30 XLINE(I)=XIST
00562          YLINE(1)=YMIN
00563          YLINE(6)=YMAX
00564          YINC=(YMAX-YMIN)/5.
00565          YIST=YMIN
00566          DO 32 I=2,5
00567              YIST=YIST+YINC
00568      32 YLINE(I)=YIST
00569      C...GENERATE THE PLOT.
00570          REWIND U3
00571          CALL XGRAPH(II,NVARS,XNLOC,XLINE,YLINE,Z,YMIN,YMAX,XXPL,XPL)
00572      35 CONTINUE
00573          RETURN
00574          END

00575      SUBROUTINE XGRAPH(NPL,NVR,NXLOC,XLINE,YLINE,Z,YMIN,YMAX,NN,NXPL)
00576      COMMON/XUNT/U1,U2,U3
00577      DIMENSION NXLOC(20,5),XLINE(11),YLINE(6),Z(100),IP(100),JCHAR(5)
00578      DIMENSION NXPL(99)
00579      INTEGER U1,U2,U3
00580      DATA JCHAR/1H1,1H2,1H3,1H4,1H5/
00581      DATA IBLNK/1H /, IDASH/1H-/, IEYEE/1H/, IQUAL/1H=/
00582      C...THIS ROUTINE GENERATES AND OUTPUTS ONE PRINTER PLOT AT EACH CALL.
00583          KNT=0
00584          JNT=0
00585          DO 5 I=1,NVR
00586              J=NXLOC(NPL,I)
00587          5 IP(I)=NXPL(J)
00588              WRITE(U2,300) NPL,(I,IP(I),I=1,NVR)
00589              WRITE(U2,301) (YLINE(I),I=1,6)
00590      C...EACH PASS THROUGH THE FOLLOWING EXPLICIT LOOP (STATEMENT 10 TO
00591      C STATEMENT 40) GENERATES ONE LINE OF THE PRINTED GRAPH ON OUTPUT.
00592      C...READ IN ONE TIME STEP OF PLOTTING DATA.
00593      10 READ(U3) ISTOP,TIME,(Z(I),I=1,NN)
00594          IF(ISTOP.GE.1) GO TO 40
00595      C...INITIALIZE THE OUTPUT CHARACTER STRING (IP) TO CONTAIN BLANKS AND
00596      C GRAPHICAL REFERENCE LINES.
00597          KNT=KNT+1
00598          ICHR=IBLNK
00599          IF(MOD(KNT,10).NE.0) GO TO 15
00600          IF(KNT.EQ.100) GO TO 15
00601          ICHR=IDASH
00602      15 DO 20 I=1,100
00603              IP(I)=ICHR
00604              IF(MOD(I,20).NE.0) GO TO 20
00605              IF(I.EQ.100) GO TO 20
00606              IP(I)=IEYEE
00607      20 CONTINUE
00608      C...INSERT PLOTTING CHARACTERS INTO STRING WHICH REPRESENTS THE PLOTTED
00609      C VARIABLE.
00610          DO 30 I=1,NVR
00611              LOC=NXLOC(NPL,I)
00612              ZZ=Z(LOC)
00613      C...DETERMINE LOCATION OF PLOTTING CHARACTER IN STRING ACCORDING TO
00614      C VALUE OF DEPENDENT VARIABLE (ZZ) AND SCALING PARAMETERS.
00615          ZI=1+.99*(ZZ-YMIN)/(YMAX-YMIN)
00616          IZ=ZI
00617          ZJ=IZ
00618          IF((ZI-ZJ).GE.0.5) IZ=IZ+1

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00686 C...IN THE GENERAL CASE THE DIFFERENCE, ZMAX-ZMIN, IS TRUNCATED TO
00687 C THE FIRST SIGNIFICANT DIGIT AND ENLARGED IF NECESSARY TO
00688 C ENCOMPASS THE ENTIRE RANGE, ZMIN TO ZMAX. SRCST
00689 C 20 VAR = ZMAX-ZMIN SRCST
00690 I = 0. SRCST
00691 21 IF (VAR.GE.1.) GO TO 22 SRCST
00692 VAR = VAR*10. SRCST
00693 I = I-1 SRCST
00694 GO TO 21 SRCST
00695 22 IF (VAR.LT.10.) GO TO 23 SRCST
00696 VAR = VAR/10. SRCST
00697 I = I+1 SRCST
00698 GO TO 22 SRCST
00699 23 RNVAR = INT(VAR) SRCST
00700 IF (RNVAR.EQ.VAR) GO TO 24 SRCST
00701 IF (VAR.GT.0.) RNVAR=RNVAR+1. SRCST
00702 IF (VAR.LT.0.) RNVAR=RNVAR-1. SRCST
00703 C...TRUNCATE ZMIN AT THE SAME DECIMAL PLACE AS THE DIFFERENCE, SRCST
00704 C ZMAX-ZMIN, WAS TRUNCATED AND LOWER THIS VALUE IF NECESSARY SRCST
00705 C TO INSURE THAT IT IS LESS THAN ZMIN. THIS VALUE IS USED FOR SRCST
00706 C RNZMIN AND THE TRUNCATED DIFFERENCE, RNVAR, IS ADDED TO SRCST
00707 C OBTAIN RNZMAX (RNVAR IS ENLARGED IF NECESSARY TO INSURE SRCST
00708 C INCLUSION OF THE ENTIRE INTERVAL). SRCST
00709 24 Z = ZMIN*10.**(-I) SRCST
00710 ZZ = ZMAX*10.**(-I) SRCST
00711 ZRND = INT(Z) SRCST
00712 IF (VAR.LT.0) GO TO 25 SRCST
00713 IF (Z.GE.0.) RNZMIN=ZRND SRCST
00714 IF (Z.LT.0.) RNZMIN=ZRND-1. SRCST
00715 IF (RNZMIN+RNVAR.LT.ZZ) RNVAR=RNVAR+1. SRCST
00716 GO TO 26 SRCST
00717 25 IF (Z.GT.0.) RNZMIN=ZRND+1. SRCST
00718 IF (Z.LE.0.) RNZMIN=ZRND SRCST
00719 IF (RNZMIN+RNVAR.GT.ZZ) RNVAR=RNVAR-1. SRCST
00720 26 RNZMAX = RNZMIN+RNVAR SRCST
00721 C...RESTORE THE NUMBERS TO THE ORIGINAL MAGNITUDE SRCST
00722 RNZMIN = RNZMIN*10.**I SRCST
00723 RNZMAX = RNZMAX*10.**I SRCST
00724 27 CONTINUE SRCST
00725 RETURN SRCST

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Line Number	Comment
535 to 572	The DØ loop starting at line 535 is executed once for each plot requested. II is the number of the current plot. For each plot the data is read in two passes. The first pass on lines 542 through 552 scans the data to determine the minimum and maximum values for all variables in the IIth plot. The values to be written out at each grid reference line are computed in lines 554 through 568. The second pass through the data is made within routine XGRAPH which is called once for each plot to be generated from line 571.

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Line Number	Comment
554 645 to 725	Routine XRND is called which, when given the minimum and maximum values of the dependent variables returns appropriately rounded values for minimum and maximum suitable for use as the extreme values for the plot.
585 to 589	An index of the state variables plotted in the NPLth plot and the character which represents each state variable in the plot is written. IP(I) currently contains the index of the Ith state variable to be plotted and is only used here has temporary working storage.
593 to 594	One record of data is read in. If ISTOP is greater than or equal to one, the currently read record is the last and an exit from the graphing loop is taken. Each pass through the loop reads in one time-record of data and produces one printed line of graphical output. The independent variable, TIME, runs down the printed paper.
597 to 607	The graphical output line IP is initialized to contain blanks and graphical reference lines. KNT is the current output line number. Every tenth line down the page is a reference line and is filled with dashes. Every 20th character in the line is a reference line and contains an "I."
610 to 628	The DO 30 loop inserts into the output line the appropriate character at the appropriate location in the line for each of the NVR variables to be plotted in the current graph. NXLOC(NPL,I) is the location in the data record Z of the value of the Ith variable in the NPLth plot. The value of the variable ZZ is scaled to produce a character position in the output line IZ. Grid lines and blanks are replaced by the character. If two or more different characters representing plotted variables is stored, then an equal sign is inserted in the line.
630 to 635	The graphical output line is printed. If the current line is a reference line. The value of the reference line is printed in the left hand margin.

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LITERATURE CITED

Gustafson, J. D., and G. Innis. 1972. SIMCOMP version 2.0 user's manual. U.S. IBP Grassland Biome Tech. Rep. No. 138. Colorado State Univ., Fort Collins. 62 p.